



JOSHUA,
JUDGES,
RUTH,
I. SAMUEL, II. SAMUEL,
I. KINGS, II. KINGS.

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THE BOOKS
OF
JOSHUA, JUDGES, RUTH, I. AND II. SAMUEL,
I. AND II. KINGS.

THE COMMON VERSION REVISED
WITH
AN INTRODUCTION AND OCCASIONAL NOTES.
BY
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TO THE READER.

In this volume is given the history of the occupation of Palestine by the Hebrews, from their entrance into it under Joshua to their subjugation and dispersion in foreign lands by the Assyrian and Babylonian conquests. It is complete in itself, and in many aspects is the most interesting and instructive part of the history of that remarkable race. The Introduction treats of the value of these books as a part of Divine revelation; of the grounds for the extermination of the idolatrous races and its necessity; of the composition of these books, the authorship, sources, and dates.

The revised version is made in the familiar words of the common English version, where that truly expresses the meaning of the sacred writer's language. That version is justly admired for "the rhythmic beauty of its periods, and the instinctive art with which the style rises and falls with the subject." I trust it will be found that these characteristics are not lost in the numerous corrections necessarily made.

Explanatory notes are added only where it seemed necessary for the right understanding of the text; and these are required more in the later than in the earlier portions of the history.

On the alleged contradiction between vv. 3, 4 and v. 12 of the eighth chapter of Joshua, see page xxiii. of the Introduction.

T. J. CONANT.

December, 1883.



INTRODUCTION.

§ 1.

Value of the historical books of the Old Testament. Their place in the Divine Canon.

This volume contains the following historical books:—Joshua, Judges, Ruth, first and second Samuel, first and second Kings. In these books is given the history of the conquest and occupation of Palestine by the Hebrews, from their entrance into the land of Canaan under Joshua, to their subjugation and dispersion in other lands by the Assyrian and Babylonian conquests. The history is therefore complete in itself. It records, in broad outlines as well as in minute details, all the varying fortunes of the people, till the extinction of their nationality, and the overthrow of their national institutions. It covers a period of about eight and a half centuries.

The book of Joshua takes up the narrative where it was left near the close of Deuteronomy. (See Deut. 31 : 1-8.) The new era in the sacred history, commencing with the call of Abraham (Gen. 12 : 1), is here resumed; and the development of the Divine purpose, in connection with the history of his posterity, is thenceforward the great theme of the Hebrew Scriptures.

It may be well, at this point, to trace the unity of design pervading these sacred writings.

1. They reveal, in the book of Genesis, God's relation to the universe as its creator, and its rightful proprietor and sovereign.
2. They then record the early history and the universal corruption of mankind, and the manifestation of God's righteous abhorrence of evil in the destruction of the guilty race.

3. They relate the history of the new race of man, till it becomes manifest that this signal lesson is without effect; that the tendency to evil is innate and universal, with no power of self-renovation.

4. They then record the initiatory steps for the renovation of man, and for perpetuating the knowledge and worship of the true God.

5. Thenceforward they are occupied with the history of the individual race, through which this Divine purpose was to be effected.

6. In the fullness of time, and after a protracted period of probation, in which its necessity was fully shown, this purpose was accomplished in the coming of the DIVINE DELIVERER.

This singleness of purpose, and continuity of plan, are seen running through all these sacred Scriptures. All else is incidental, and subsidiary to the main design. Without this prolonged test of man's inability for self-renovation, the history of the Divine government would have been fragmentary, incomplete, and unsatisfying.

The value of these books, in themselves and in their organic connection with other parts of the Scriptures, may be briefly summarized as follows:—

1. Confirmation of sacred story, of a Supreme and overruling Power in all its successive stages; in the calling of Abraham and the promises to him and his posterity; in their predicted bondage in Egypt, and deliverance therefrom; in their conquest of the promised land, and occupation of its whole extent under Solomon's reign (Gen. 15 : 18, compared with 1 Kings 4 : 21); in their removal from it, and dispersion among other peoples; in their predicted restoration to it, that in them might be fulfilled the promised coming of the great Deliverer; in their rejection of him, and rejection by him; in their predicted sifting among the nations taking root in none (Amos 9 : 9), witnessing to this day to the truth of Scriptural history and of Scriptural prophecy. For another history like this, so interwoven with the highest destinies of the human race, the records of all nations would be searched in vain.

2. Continuity of the Divine purpose in human redemption. See the final remarks at the end of second Kings.

3. Illustration in one people of the Divine dealings with all, by influences of the same nature, differing only in degree and the methods employed.

4. Failure of mental illumination, knowledge, and culture, to restrain, or properly direct, the inherent tendencies to evil.

In harmony with the teachings of these Divine books are the teachings of God in nature. All inquiry into the nature of man and springs of

human action, and observation of Divine providence, concur in showing that God seeks the recovery of fallen man to rectitude and his favor. (2 Peter 3 : 9.) To this end he employs every means consistent with human freedom and personal accountability. In no age, and in no people, has he "left himself without witness." (Acts 14 : 17.) If men would act in accordance with the requirements of their own nature, and with the obvious teachings of Divine providence, as in the common concerns of life, they could not miss the right way. Daily experience teaches what are the conditions of individual welfare, and of the well-being of communities. Thoughtful and observing men find in these facts of experience the natural laws under which they live. They accept them as the laws of their own being, to be strictly obeyed or the penalty suffered. It is no less certain, that if men would give heed to the light that is in them, and that shines around them in nature and Providence, they would rise above the seen and temporal to the unseen and eternal. "That which may be known of God is manifest in them ; for God manifested it to them." (Rom. 1 : 19.) They who seek after God, following the light given them, do not seek him in vain.

It follows, that God's government is the same over all the races of men. He governs all by the same motives, addressed to the intelligence and the moral nature of man. The powers of observation, of reflection, of reasoning, and of volition and purpose, are given to all. The rule of law is : Use them aright, or incur the penalty. For the complete development of the Divine economy of redemption, it was necessary that the power of law should be fully tested under circumstances the most favorable. For this end a people was set apart, whose origin, and the traditions of whose history, peculiarly fitted them for the purpose. Their origin they traced from one who was Divinely called from an idolatrous race to be a worshipper of the true God, and received from him the prophetic promise that in his posterity all nations should be blessed. By the favor of that God they were delivered from an oppressive bondage, and were brought with many manifestations of his presence and power into the possession of their ancestral inheritance. All this they owed to the only true God, the Maker of heaven and earth, before whom all the gods of the nations were vanity and a lie.

In the land of their inheritance they were still under his protection and guidance. Divine teachers were appointed them, who made known his will. Prophets were sent to warn them of the fatal consequences of disobedience, and show the bright destiny that awaited them if faithful to their allegiance. Well might the prophet say : "What could have been done more to my vineyard, that I have not done in it?" (Isaiah 5 : 4.)

The attentive reader will find many instructive lessons in the books of Kings. The inefficacy of law, under the most favorable conditions, to restrain the innate tendencies to evil, was fully tested and proved. No nobler mission, or weightier responsibilities, could be intrusted to any people. They were a spectacle to the idolatrous nations around them ; and through them, as representatives of the true God, was to be determined the choice between Jehovah and idol-gods. But the service of a holy and righteous God, salutary as were all its religious and moral requirements, imposed restraints not willingly borne. That of idol-gods interposed no such barriers. It required no purity of spirit, or purity of life ; no denial of self, no restraint of the appetites and passions ; these found unrestricted indulgence in the impure rites of idol-worship. The same innate tendencies, which had corrupted the neighboring nations, drew them also away from the service of a pure and holy God. The Apostle Paul, in a few pregnant words, sums up the whole : "What the law could not do, in that it was weak through the flesh." (Rom. 8 : 3.)

The dispensation of law, in its relation to the plan of redemption, is thus brought to a close. See the concluding remarks at the end of second Kings.

§ 2.

Subjugation and Occupation of the Promised Land.

THE people had now come to the banks of the Jordan ; and Joshua is directed to pass over with them, and take possession of their inheritance. The language of Jehovah (Josh. 1 : 3, 4) is in substance a repetition of the promise made to Abraham, as recorded in Gen. 15 : 18. He there says : "To thy seed I give this land, from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the river Euphrates."* That the promise was made cannot be questioned, without denying the truth of the record in both of these passages. Its validity cannot be doubted, without questioning the right of the Creator and Supreme Ruler to govern the world which he has made, and to prescribe and enforce the conditions on which its possession may be held and enjoyed. That he may rightfully dispossess those who refuse allegiance to him, who disregard his authority and reject him as their lawgiver, is as certain as that he created and governs all, and determined the bounds of

* "These are the terms of this Divine deed of gift. The subsequent history of the Israelites, taken in connection with it, is an instructive commentary on the relation of human action to the declared purpose of God." The writer's note on Gen. 15 : 18.

their habitation.* (Acts 17 : 16.) On the part of the Israelites, there could be no question of their right, and of their duty. "They took possession of the land, because God bade them do so." (*Speaker's Commentary.*) They were in turn dispossessed of their inheritance, when they had shown themselves unworthy of it.

Extermination of the Idolatrous Races.

The grounds of this are to be sought,—*first*, in the purpose of God in giving this land to Abraham and his descendants; *second*, in the character of the inhabitants, and in the obstacles it opposed to the attainment of that end.

Centuries before, Divine wisdom had made choice of this favored region as the abode of his people, among whom his name and worship should be perpetuated. In calling Abraham to this land, and giving it to him and his posterity, God claimed and exercised his right so to give it. That he might certify the gift to all, and himself as the giver, he recorded his name upon it. For Abraham, on his entrance into the land under Divine direction, and at his first halting-place, nearly in the geographical centre of the country, erected an altar to Jehovah. (Gen. 12 : 7.) Wherever he halted for a time in his subsequent journeyings, and fixed his temporary abode, he "built there an altar to Jehovah, and called on the name of Jehovah." (Ch. 12 : 8.) See chs. 13 : 4, 18 ; 21 : 33.† A like record is given of Isaac (26 : 25), and of Jacob (33 : 20). Thus the land was dotted with Jehovah's altars, and he was not left without witness there. Though idolatry was prevalent in the land, it had not yet taken deep root overshadowing with its baneful and corrupting influence the land and its inhabitants as in later times. This is clearly shown in the history of the three patriarchs. There is no indication of molestation from it in their worship of Jehovah, or of hindrance in their journeyings from place to place, and in their free intercourse with the people. Abraham was a recognized prince among the natives of the land. (Ch. 23 : 6.) He was confederate with ancestors of the Amorites (14 : 13); and he was in covenant with one of the kings of the Philistines (21 : 32), in whose land he was made free to dwell where he pleased (20 : 15), and where he abode for a long time (21 : 34). The covenant was renewed with Isaac (26 : 28, 29); and in both cases, the Philistine

* Its duration, in time and in extent. (*Meyer, on the passage.*)

† "Every place where he dwelt became a temple of the Eternal God. Thus his life was a witness to that faith in the One God, which is the groundwork of the civilization of our age, and is diffusing its blessings around the world." The writer's note on Gen. 12 : 6, 7.

king acknowledged the favor of Jehovah as the cause of their temporal prosperity, and as a reason for seeking and maintaining amicable relations with them. (21 : 22 ; 26 : 28.) Such was then the feeling towards them, on the part of the inhabitants of the land. "Arise," said God to Abraham, "walk through the land, in its length and in its breadth." (Ch. 13 : 17.) All was his and for his use, though a stranger in it.

Centuries had now passed, and all was changed. The germs of idolatry had reached their complete development. They had effaced every vestige of Jehovah's name and worship, and in place of them were the worst abominations of heathenism. The iniquity of the Amorites (representing all) was now full;* in other words, they had "filled up the measure of their fathers," and were fitting objects of the Divine displeasure, as an example and a warning.

The Israelites, when they entered into the land of their inheritance, were confronted by forms of heathenism, the most corrupting and debasing to humanity, and dishonoring to God. What originally was adoration of the powers of nature, disowning nature's God, had by its own inherent degeneracy become a worship of vice, in its most odious and revolting forms. Where once stood the altar of Jehovah, now rose the temple of the goddess of unchastity.† Her temples were numerous, and scattered over the whole country. She is mentioned as worshipped at Zidon (1 Kings 11 : 33); by the Philistines (1 Sam. 31 : 10); on the east of the Jordan (at Ashteroth-Karnaim,‡ Gen. 14 : 5); and her sculptured images were found there by Mr. Porter among the ruins of ancient cities, showing the wide prevalence of her worship. So numerous were her votaries, that her temples were thronged; and her worship, of which lewdness was the distinguishing characteristic, was maintained from the wages of unchastity. The service required of woman in these temples of impurity, if she would win the favor of the goddess, was the sacrifice of her virtue. Even of maidens this sacrifice was required in many temples, before they were permitted to marry.

* See Gen. 15 : 16, and the writer's note:—"Is not yet full. . . . This is the key to many of the dark ways of Providence, as regards individuals as well as nations; and all human history is the illustration of this Divine forbearance and delayed but sure justice."

† Ashtoreth, the supreme female divinity and goddess of licentiousness, as Baal was the supreme male divinity. See the writer's note on Gen. 14 : 5, fifth paragraph, and on Judges 2 : 13.

‡ So-called by anticipation, as were Beth-el and Ai in Gen. 13 : 3, though neither was so named till long after (Gen. 18 : 19; Josh. 8 : 28).

A special class of devotees of her temples bore the distinctive appellation of the *Consecrated* ;* namely, to the impure service of the goddess, to the support of whose worship their guilty gains were devoted. Under the same appellation was included also the class of male devotees of the idol-temples, described by the Apostle in Rom. 1 : 27

Baal, the supreme male divinity of the idolatrous races, was among them the natural rival and antagonist of Jehovah. The worship of Jehovah and that of Baal were in direct competition. Each claimed to be the supreme deity. Neither could be acknowledged as such without subverting the other. "If Jehovah be God, follow him ; and if Baal, then follow him." (1 Kings 18 : 21.) There was no third choice. One or the other must be God. Had the Israelites carried out the instructions given them, this antagonism would have been put at rest. But through their disobedience and negligence Baal was left to contest the supremacy with Jehovah ; and the fascinations of his worship were a snare to the people, withdrawing them from the service of the true God.

The origin of this debasing and corrupting worship, in the adoration of the sun and moon as representing the imparting and the receptive powers of nature, is referred to in the following lines of Job, ch. 31 : 26-28 :—

- 26 If I saw the sun, how it shined,
 And the moon walking in majesty;
- 27 And my heart in secret was beguiled,
 And my hand my mouth hath kissed ;
- 28 This, too, were a crime to be judged,
 For I should have been false to God on high.

From the deification of the powers of nature, as active and generative, or passive and susceptive, arose the distinction of male and female divinities. These were fashioned after the ideas and passions of their votaries, and came to be worshipped in every form of sensuality and obscenity. Such, for example, was the worship of the Phallus, as symbol of nature's procreative power. Such, too, was the worship of Ashera, a female idol, the goddess of concupiscence, represented by significant wooden images or pillars ; and hence her image or pillar, erected for her worship, is often meant by this word, as in Judges 6 : 25, 26. Her worship was naturally

V. 27. It was customary to kiss the idol, as a form of adoration. (1 Kings 19 : 18 ; Hos. 13 : 2.) In the case of remote objects, as the sun and moon, the hand touched the mouth, and waved to them a kiss in token of homage. The writer's note on Job 31 : 27.

* "The name, and the custom on which it was founded, only partially reveal the fearful corruption of religion and morals wherever idolatry prevailed." The writer's note on Gen. 39 : 21, 22.

associated with that of Baal, as in this passage. The word *grove* or its plural, in the common version, is a mistranslation of the Hebrew word.* The name Ashera, or its plural, should be retained in the version; meaning either the goddess herself as in 2 Kings 21 : 7, "a carved image of Ashera," or more commonly the pillars reared to her, the disgusting emblems of her obscene rites. The pillar was a straight upright trunk of a tree stripped bare, standing where it grew, or set in the ground. Some suppose the idol to have been the same as Ashtoreth, and worshipped under this name with Phallic emblems and rites. In Israel alone, as we are told in 1 Kings 18 : 19, her prophets numbered four hundred; showing how widespread was this foulest of the abominations of heathenism.† It is maintained by some distinguished Hebraists, that the Hebrew word translated *idol* in 1 Kings 15 : 13, literally meaning *something horrid, monstrous*, was applied to a Phallus-statue erected to Ashera by the dowager-queen Maachah.‡ See notes on the Hebrew text.

Besides the more strictly national idols, whose temples and worship overspread the land, there were also local ones. Famous among these was Dagon, the fish-god of the Philistines. See 1 Sam. 5 : 1-4, and the writer's note. Reference is made to his worship in Gaza (Judges 16 : 21-23), and his temple at Ashdod is expressly mentioned in 1 Sam. 5 : 2, and 1 Chron. 10 : 10. That he was also worshipped elsewhere is implied in the name Beth-Dagon (House of Dagon) in southern Judea, Josh. 15 : 41, and in Asher, Josh. 19 : 27. Long after, the kindred female idol Derceto, partly human, partly fish, still had her temples at Ashkelon. The spirit of the conflict, waged between the true and the false religions, is shown by the triumph of Dagon's votaries in his imagined victory over the untruthful representative of Jehovah's power. See Judges 16 : 23, 24, and the writer's note on the 89th page.

Rimmon, an idol of the Syrians of Damascus, is mentioned in 2 Kings 5 : 18. His worship is thought by some to have been "a relic of the ancient tree-worship," which prevailed in Palestine. Others suppose him to have been the Sun-god of the Syrians. See the article RIMMON in Smith's Dictionary of the Bible, and in Kitto's Cyclopaedia of Biblical Literature.

* Except in two passages, Gen. 21 : 33, and 1 Sam. 22 : 6 (margin), where a different Hebrew word is used.

† See the article ASHERA, in Smith's Dictionary of the Bible.

‡ Fürst, Hebrew Lexicon:—"a horror, terror, monstrosity; then the name of a Phallus-statue for the idol Ashera."—Bähr, in Lange's Commentary, says that this word "means horrendum, and no doubt refers to a Phallus-image, which was something terrible and detestable to the Hebrews."—See also the article IDOL, IMAGE, 4, in Smith's Dictionary of the Bible.

Chemosh, the idol-god and supreme deity of the Moabites. See 1 Kings 11 : 7, and the writer's note on the passage.*

Moloch, more properly written Molech,† the idol-god of the Ammonites, was one of the chief divinities of the Phenicians and the Canaanites. He is rightly stigmatized as "the abomination of the Ammonites." (1 Kings 11 : 5.) No milder term could be applied to this monstrous outgrowth of heathenism. His rites were shocking to every instinct of humanity. Wherever his name is mentioned, it is connected with the sacrifice of children. (Lev. 20 : 2-5.) Infant children were offered up to him by fire. Fathers and mothers could propitiate the idol, only by passing their children through the flames. That this was literally required as a propitiatory sacrifice to appease the idol, and not a purification by passing unharmed between the fires, is shown by many allusions to it. In Deut. 12 : 31, the writer says of the idolatrous nations of Canaan : "Every abomination to Jehovah which he hates have they done to their gods; for even their sons and their daughters they have burned in the fire to their gods." "They have built the high places of Tophet, . . . to burn their sons and their daughters in the fire." (Jer. 7 : 31.) "He (Ahaz) made his son pass through the fire, according to the abominations of the heathen." (2 Kings 16 : 3.) The same sacrifices were offered to Baal. "They have built also the high places of Baal, to burn their sons with fire for burnt-offerings to Baal." (Jer. 19 : 5.) The idol Chemosh of the Moabites was propitiated by the same inhuman rites. When the Moabite king saw that the battle was against him, "he took his eldest son, who would have reigned in his stead, and offered him for a burnt-offering upon the wall." 2 Kings 3 : 27, and the writer's note.

Thus it is seen that this favored land, chosen of God to perpetuate his name and worship, and hallowed by his altars, was now wrested from its purpose, and his altars everywhere supplanted by those of false gods. Idolatry, with its polluting and de-humanizing rites, had taken such hold of the popular mind, infusing its poison into all the relations and conditions of life, from infancy to age, that nothing short of extirpation would uproot and totally destroy the deadly evil. This was expressly commanded. In Numbers 33 : 51-53, we read : "When ye have passed over the Jordan,

* "He seems to have been widely worshipped in Western Asia. His name occurs frequently on the 'Moabite Stone.' Car-Chemish, 'the fort of Chemosh,' a great city of the northern Hittites, must have been under his protection."—*Speaker's Commentary*.

† As in Lev. 18 : 21, and 20 : 2, 3, 4, 5; 1 Kings 11 : 7; 2 Kings 23 : 10; Jer. 32 : 35. He is also named Milcom, 1 Kings 11 : 5, 33, and 2 Kings 23 : 13, and may be meant by the possibly mis-pointed Malkam (their king), Jer. 49 : 1.—See the note on 1 Kings 11 : 5.

then shall ye drive out all the inhabitants of the land from before you, and destroy all their images of stone, and all their molten images shall ye destroy, and take away all their high places ; and ye shall take possession of the land, and shall dwell therein ; for I have given you the land to possess it." In v. 55 we find the ground for this mandate, and its imperative necessity : "But if ye will not drive out the inhabitants of the land from before you, then will they whom ye let remain of them be pricks in your eyes, and thorns in your sides, and they will vex you in the land wherein ye dwell. And it shall come to pass, that as I thought to do unto them, I will do unto you." More explicitly it is said (Deut. 20 : 16-18) : "Of the cities of these peoples . . . thou shalt save alive nothing that has breath, but thou shalt utterly destroy them ; to the end that they may not teach you to do after all their abominations which they have done unto their gods."

So effectually did Divine wisdom provide against contamination from all the multiform idolatries that had usurped the place of Jehovah's worship. It is enough that God commanded it, and had the right to command it. But it was no arbitrary mandate. Its justice is clearly manifest from what has already been said. Its wisdom is no less evident, as the necessary means of the highest good, both to that age and to all succeeding ones. It has been well said by one who will not be suspected of bigotry or fanaticism,* that "The Israelites' sword, in its bloodiest executions, wrought a work of mercy for all the countries of the earth to the very end of the world. . . . They preserved unhurt the seed of eternal life, and were the ministers of blessing to all other nations. . . . Let us but think what might have been our fate, and the fate of every other nation under heaven at this hour, had the sword of the Israelites done its work more sparingly." And on the other hand, how different would it have been with them, and how changed would have been the current of human history, had they been more faithful to the duty Divinely enjoined on them ! The light that now shines so brilliantly from the pages of the few faithful and obedient ones, would have had no dark margin of unbelief, disobedience, and chastisement.

Was then the Divine purpose frustrated, and without effect ? Far from it. The inefficacy of law, to elevate and direct aright the evil tendencies of our nature, was fully proved. The richest treasures of Divine song, and

* Dr. Thomas Arnold, of Rugby. *Sermons*, vi. 35-37, quoted by Dean Stanley, Lectures on the Jewish Church, Lect. XI., pp. 283-285.

of prophetic vision, were the product of this period ; and these have become the light and glory of christian civilization, in the most advanced stage of intellectual culture.

§ 3.

Composition of these Books.

As in some other portions of the Old Testament, the writers of these books are not mentioned by name. The authority of a book claimed to be Divine does not depend on the individual writer *. Its credibility, as an historical narrative, is determined by those tests which historical criticism applies to such compositions. These writings have borne, unshaken, the most searching application of these tests. The narration is a simple statement of facts, everywhere consistent with itself, without exaggeration or repression, free from partiality or prejudice in dealing with persons and their acts, recording the frailties alike of the high and the low, the monarch and the subject, the most honored and those of least account, with the same freedom and impartiality.

These books have always formed a part of the Scriptures of the Old Testament, called in the New Testament "the Oracles of God" (Rom. 3 : 2), "the Scriptures" (Mat. 21 : 42), "the holy Scriptures" (Rom. 1 : 2 ; 2 Tim. 3 : 15). That they were familiar to writers of the New Testament is shown by frequent references to incidents which they record. See, for example, Heb. 11 : 30-38.

The book of Joshua bears evidence on its pages of having been committed to writing by an eye-witness and actor in the scenes narrated, or compiled from contemporaneous documents by a later hand. In either case, its historical fidelity is fully assured. The natural supposition is, that the one whose name it bears was responsible, either personally or by those who acted by his direction and authority, for the record of his words and acts. The book consists of three main divisions : *first*, the conquest of the country ; *second*, partition of it among the several tribes ; *third*, the farewell words of Joshua. In all these he himself was foremost ; every movement was made under his leadership and by his authority. Of preëminent

* "The authority of a writing, claimed to be Divine, does not in any case rest on the particular writer or human instrumentality, but on the Divine attestation given to it; and this attestation can be given, as in many cases it has been, to writings which have come to us anonymously, and of which the particular writer can not be determined with certainty." Introduction to the writer's revised version of Genesis, § 2, foot-note.

importance among them was the distribution to the different tribes of their several shares in the conquered territory. On this depended the peaceful and unmolested occupation by each, of the portion thus guaranteed to it for all future time. Inseparably interwoven with it was the whole subsequent political as well as religious life and history of the Jewish people. We have the testimony of the eminent geographer, Carl Ritter, that the descriptions of these boundaries, on which so much depended, are found to be accurate in the most minute particulars. See Dr. Hackett's addition to the article *JOSHUA*, Book or, in Smith's Dictionary of the Bible.

The occasional addition of the words, "unto this day," indicates an interval of time between the occurrence narrated and the record of it, but not necessarily a long one. For example, it is said of Rahab (ch. 6 : 25), "She dwells in Israel unto this day." A considerable lapse of time may be intended in 4 : 9 and 7 : 26; as also in 8 : 28, 29; 9 : 27; 10 : 27; 14 : 14; 15 : 63. But such incidental explanations, though of a later date, do not affect the character of the narrative; nor does the use of a later name of a place, as in 14 : 14, 15, or the explanation of an earlier one, as in 15 : 8.

There is no discrepancy, as has been alleged, between what is said of heathen nations yet unsubdued in ch. 23 : 4, 7, and 12, and the statements in chs. 21 : 43-45, and 11 : 16, 17, 23. On the contrary, it is clearly shown by the records of the book, that God had fulfilled on his part all his promises, reiterated in Josh. 1 : 2-6. He had not failed his people, when obedient to him, in their conflicts with their enemies. None had been able to stand before them. The country had been overrun.* He had given them the whole land; and for the time they dwelt in it unmolested, for "the fear of them and the dread of them" had fallen on all their enemies, who dared not molest them while Joshua lived. The failure on their part, to carry into effect what was required of them and was necessary to their full success, is one of many illustrations of the relation of human action to the declared purpose of God. The promised gift of the whole land, deferred for the time and fulfilled under Solomon's reign (1 Kings 4 : 21, and the writer's note), was again and finally forfeited through their unbelief and disobedience.

Assuming the year 1500 (or 1490) before Christ to be nearly the date of the Exodus, the passage of the Jordan forty years later would be about

* "There is no doubt that Joshua, during the first years of the entrance into Canaan, subdued the country on every side, and received the submission of all the Canaanites whose lives were spared. It is very possible that in the first terror of surprise the Philistines, and even the men of Sidon and the rest of the Phœnicians, may have paid homage."—Ewald, *History of Israel*, Vol. II., p. 258.

1460 (or 1450) before Christ. The war of subjugation is estimated to have continued from five to seven years. The transactions recorded in the book, as nearly as can be ascertained from the few imperfect data, are supposed by some to cover a period of about twenty-five to thirty years. Another estimate limits it to seventeen, and still another to thirteen years.* The first estimate is probably nearest the truth.

The theories of the book, founded on arbitrary dissection of Elohistic and Jehovistic documents (see the writer's Introduction to his revised version of Genesis, § 3, 2d and 4th paragraphs), may be found in Smith's Dictionary of the Bible, article PENTATEUCH, p. 2410 and ff. (Am. ed.) and in Lange's Bible-work, Introduction to JOSHUA, § 2. These theories are well characterized by Dr. Bliss in his note, pp. 13, 14. He adds (p. 14) with just severity: "That one should gravely split a verse in numerous passages, so as to refer the various fragments to their respective authors, and should be obliged to do it to save his theory, is to most minds slaughtering the theory at its birth."

§ 4.

Book of the Judges.

We learn from the book of Joshua (ch. 23 : 4, 7, 12), that at his death the subjugation of the land was not fully effected. In v. 12 he speaks of "the remnant of these nations, these that remain among you"; with the warning in v. 7, "that ye come not among these nations, these that remain among you." These he had already distributed by lot; for in v. 4 he says: "See, I have divided to you by lot these nations that remain, to be an inheritance for your tribes." They were to go on, therefore, and complete the subjugation of them, with the assurance that "Jehovah your God, he will thrust them out from before you, and drive them from your presence, and ye shall possess their land." (V. 5.)

At this point the book of Judges takes up the thread of narrative. It naturally begins with a brief summary of what might be necessary to make the connection; the summary ending at ch. 2 : 8-10 with the death and burial of Joshua, and introducing the main narrative with the significant words, "and all that generation were gathered to their fathers, and there arose another generation after them which knew not Jehovah, nor yet the

* See the computations from existing data, in Smith's Dictionary of the Bible, article CHRONOLOGY, III., C.; Speaker's Commentary, p. 7; and Lange's Bible-work, JOSHUA, p. 19.

works which he had wrought for Israel." This is the key-note to all that follows.*

The book consists of three main divisions. First, chs. 1—2 : 10, introductory summary.—Second, chs. 2 : 11—16, varying fortunes of the several tribes under the jurisdiction of the Judges.—Third, chs. 17—21, an appendix, relating two remarkable occurrences of that period ; the introduction of image-worship under Jehovah's name, and the unnatural and destructive conflict with the tribe of Benjamin.

The book is irregular in its structure. It is not a consecutive narration of events, in their order and mutual relations. It is rather a series of leading occurrences of the time, characteristic of that unsettled and turbulent period. It bears throughout the stamp of genuine and authentic history. It was evidently drawn from contemporaneous records of the events narrated, and is mainly composed of them. They have the glow and animation, and the minuteness of detail, that mark an actor in the scenes described, or an interested and diligent observer. The compiler selected from them those which were most adapted to the purpose of these books, to show God's truthfulness and fidelity to his promises, his forbearance, and his readiness to forgive and restore the repentant.

The want of union among the tribes for mutual defense, and their animosities among themselves, are attributed to the want of a common ruler, with power to unite all, to compel obedience, and to suppress disorders. The statement several times repeated, "In those days there was no king in Israel" (chs. 17 : 6; 18 : 1; 19 : 1), with the addition in ch. 21 : 25, "every man did that which was right in his own eyes", showed the necessity of such a ruler. This necessity led to the choice of a king by Samuel, in obedience to the command of Moses in Deut. 17 : 15. The statement also shows that the date of the compilation was near that time. See the full view of the subject in Lange's Introduction to the book, § 2.†

§ 5.

The Book of Ruth.

IN this beautiful pastoral we have a domestic history, belonging to the age of the Judges, and giving us occasional glimpses of the peculiar manners and customs of the time and place. At what date in the history of

* There seems to be no sufficient ground for the assumption, that chs. 1-2 : 5 and the concluding chapters of Joshua belong to one and the same book, as claimed in the Speaker's Commentary, p. 116, and note A, p. 123.

† The writer in the Speaker's Commentary claims a much later date. But he bases it on his own doubtful understanding of the words, "captivity of the land" (ch. 18 : 30), which are better explained by others.

the Judges the incidents of the story occurred, and in what district of the country, we are not told and there is no clue to either.

It was at a time when there was peace with Moab ; for there the exiled family sought refuge from the famine in their own land. It was also a time of peaceful prosperity in their home. When Naomi returned, after ten years' absence, she found the people engaged in rural occupations. A kinsman of her deceased husband, a man of princely wealth, was gathering in his harvests, and enjoying undisturbed the fruits of his husbandry.

Some of the usages described here were of very ancient date. The levirate marriage, for example, ch. 4 : 5-8, was in use long before the time of Moses, who only regulated its observance, and in some degree mitigated its hardships. See Genesis 38 : 8, and the writer's note on the passage. Compare Mat. 22 : 24; Mark 12 : 19; and Luke 20 : 28.

This charming eastern pastoral vindicates its claim to a place in the Canon of Scripture, by its simple and lovely pictures of the family relation, and of domestic and social life. Nowhere else in the Old Testament are the tender ties of kindred, of the maternal and filial relations, so exquisitely portrayed. Where else shall we find such truth and sincerity of unselfish maternal love, such purity and fervor of filial devotion?

Ruth the Moabitess, trained from childhood in heathen ideas and habits, was drawn by the example and teachings of Naomi to a belief and trust in the true God. When tenderly besought to return to the shelter of the maternal home, the ardor of her faith and love broke forth in the passionate appeal, "Entreat me not to leave thee ; thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God." Well did she merit the beautiful and primitive benediction of Boaz : "Jehovah recompense thy work ; and a full reward be given thee of Jehovah God of Israel, under whose wings thou art come to trust."

Her name appears among the ancestors of our Lord, in the closing verses. The quotation in the genealogy by Matthew (ch. 1 : 4-6), is a recognition of the book as belonging to the Hebrew Scriptures ; for only here is the record of David's descent from Ruth. The Divine purpose of salvation for all the races of men, as is well said by Dr. Hackett,* "was significantly foreshadowed in the Savior's lineage, derived from gentile ancestors as well as Jewish."

The incidents of the story belong to the age of the Judges. According to the testimony of Jerome, it originally followed that book in the Jewish canon, as it does in the Septuagint Greek version and in the Latin Vulgate.

* Article RUTH, Book of, Smith's Bible Dictionary (Am. ed.).

In our Hebrew Bibles it is reckoned one of the *Megilloth* (Canticles, Ruth, Lamentations, Ecclesiastes, Esther), commonly printed among the Hagiographa at the end of the Bible. The second edition of the Bomberg Hebrew Bible printed in 1521, now lying before me, has the *Megilloth* next after the Pentateuch.

At what time the narrative was committed to writing is uncertain. The appended genealogy decides nothing. See the note at the end of the book.

§ 6.

The Books of Samuel.

THE history of the nation is here resumed from the end of the sixteenth chapter of the book of the Judges. It carries forward the history of the people under theocratic rule, and under the change to a monarchical government. See the closing paragraph of § 4.

The contents of these books may be summarily grouped under three divisions. First, restoration by Samuel of the theocratic rule from its depressed condition under former judges, and the founding of the Israelitish kingdom, 1 Sam. chs. 1—7. Second, history of Saul and his kingdom, 1 Sam. chs. 8—31. Third, history of the kingdom under the government of David, 2 Sam. chs. 2—25.

That these books were a part of the original Canon of Scripture has never been questioned. They are authentic history, drawn from original and contemporaneous records. Such records are frequently mentioned by name. Among them are "the book of Samuel the seer", "the book of Nathan the prophet", "the book of Gad the seer", mentioned in 1 Chron. 29 : 29, and 2 Chron. 9 : 29; "the Chronicles of king David", mentioned in 1 Chron. 27 : 24; "the book of Shemaiah the prophet", "of Iddo the seer concerning genealogies", mentioned in 2 Chron. 12 : 15. To these were added two special officers of the king; namely, the recorder (2 Sam. 8 : 16), the king's annalist, whose business it was to record the events of his reign, and the king's scribe (2 Sam. 8 : 17; 2 Kings 12 : 10), the royal secretary, to write the king's commands and edicts, and do other services of the pen as the second reference shows.

From these numerous original sources the narrative was compiled in its present form. There are intimations of a later date than that of the occurrences narrated. It is said in 1 Sam. 6 : 18, that "the great stone whereon they set down the ark . . . is a witness unto this day." The

same expression occurs elsewhere, as in chs. 5 : 5 ; 30 : 25. From the language in ch. 27 : 6, "has belonged to the kings of Judah to this day," it may be inferred that the history was compiled after the division of the kingdom at the end of Solomon's reign.

It was the object of the historian to trace the course of events, remarkable and instructive in themselves, which placed on the throne the most illustrious of Israel's kings. Hence much was passed over, as not essential to this purpose. Of the earlier years of Saul's reign no note is made (except his one exploit, 1 Sam. 11 : 4-11), till from a young man (ch. 9 : 2) he had become mature in years, with a son already grown to manhood (ch. 13 : 2, 3). The fortunes of the kingdom meanwhile had greatly changed, as may be seen by comparing ch. 11 : 8 with 13 : 2, 19-22. There is a chasm in the narrative, which after an interval of some years is resumed in the thirteenth chapter.

Much difficulty has been found in attempting to reconcile the statements in chs. 11 : 14 ff. and 13 : 8 compared with 10 : 8, and taken in connection with chs. 8 and 11 : 14. The full statement of the case is given in Lange's Bible-work, pp. 11 and 12.

The solution is to be sought in the fact, elsewhere observable, that characteristic incidents are not always set down in the natural order of occurrence. Another difficulty lies in the extreme brevity of the narrative, neglecting the needful connecting links.*

The translation of ch. 13 : 1, 2 follows what is regarded as the true reading of the Hebrew text.

My theory of this difficult passage is as follows. The period of Saul's entire reign is meant in the first verse, including its incipient stage over his own little tribe of Benjamin. His reign "over Israel" (all Israel) is the subject of the second verse. After two years he formed a regular standing army of disciplined troops, in place of the rude untrained mass

* Such a case occurs in the eighth chapter of Joshua. It is claimed that there is a contradiction between the two statements in vv. 3, 4, and that in v. 12. But the explanation given by Masius, and by Roscmüller, doubtless states the case truly. Tho 30,000 were the men sent away by night (v. 3); and the men placed in ambush were the 5,000 mentioned in v. 12. That there should be an ambuscade behind the city was commanded them from the first; and they were not to go far from the city, but all were to be ready for any duty (v. 4).

The difficulty lies in the lack of details in describing a complicated military manœuvre, the principal feature repeated as that on which all depended. According to v. 11 the main army ("all the people") were massed on the high ground north of the city, with a deep chasm intervening. Toward the south-west, according to Dr. Robinson, there are other small ravines, "in which the ambuscade might easily have been concealed." *Biblical Researches in Palestine*. Vol. II., p. 313.

occasionally called out in an emergency. My reasons are the following :— After Saul's anointing there was an interval, how long is not said, of contemptuous distrust and disloyalty, ch. 10 : 27. At this stage there were not even the externals of royalty ; for Saul was following the oxen from the field, when tidings were brought him of the attack on Jabesh-gilead, ch. 11 : 4, 5. After his rescue of Jabesh-gilead, and apparently as the result of the confidence thus inspired, the kingdom was renewed, ch. 11 : 14, 15. At the call of Samuel, “all the people went to Gilgal, and there they made Saul king before Jehovah.” All the people made him king. He thus became king over all Israel ; and there is a significance in the wording of the first clause of ch. 13 : 2, “Saul had reigned two years over Israel,” which does not otherwisc appear.

If I have not cleared up the difficulty, I have failed in what many have attempted and no one has succeeded.

The second book of Samuel is the history of David's long and prosperous reign. The political condition of the country, at its commencement, may be inferred from the closing paragraphs of the preceding book. Under his administration it soon regained its political independence, and many of the neighboring states became tributary. Moreover, he made ample provision for the religious and moral elevation of the people. From the lowest stage of rudeness and barbarism they were raised to culture and refinement. The ordinances of Moses for the public services of religion were now, and for the first time, fully carried into effect. To the inspiration of his genius, under the guidance of the Holy Spirit, and to the influence of his example more than to that of any other, we owe that treasury of Divine song, the Book of Psalms. So attractive became the services of the sanctuary, and so widely diffused was the knowledge of the Divine law, that the people were weaned from idolatry, and not a trace of it appears in the history of his reign.

§ 7.

The Books of Kings.

THAT these books were a part of the original Canon of Scripture has never been questioned. As was said of the Books of Samuel, they are authentic history, drawn from the original and contemporaneous records referred to in the third paragraph of § 6. To these are to be added, “the book of the acts of Solomon,” mentioned in 1 Kings 11 : 41 ; “the book

of the *Chronicles of the kings of Israel*," mentioned in 1 Kings 14 : 19 ; "the book of the *Chronicles of the kings of Judah*," mentioned in 1 Kings 14 : 29.

From these original records the compiler has drawn the materials of a consecutive and well-digested narrative. The arrangement is chronological ; at the same time exhibiting the mutual relations of simultaneous events, wherever such occur.

The prophets were accustomed to record occurrences of general national concern, as well as those bearing directly on the religious interests of the people. They are sometimes more full than in the strictly historical books. Compare the references in the notes on 2 Kings chs. 18—21, and on ch. 25 : 1-26.

The composition of these books, in their present form, could not be earlier than B. C. 561, the date of the latest occurrence recorded in them, 2 Kings 25 : 27-30. They are composed in great part of the original records ; but by whom is not known with certainty. According to Jewish tradition, the prophet Jeremiah was the author. This is confirmed by many internal evidences, which are fully stated in Smith's Bible Dictionary, article *Kings, FIRST AND SECOND BOOKS OF*, III. Bähr's objections, Lange's Bible-work, Introduction § 1, I think are obviated in the above article. See also the Speaker's Commentary, Introduction § 4.

The leading object of all these historical books is kept steadily in view. The religious aspects of the history are never lost sight of. Whatever tends to the advancement of the true religion, to establish and perpetuate the knowledge and worship of the true God, is made matter of permanent record, as well as all that is of a contrary tendency. The great conflict of the ages, between the one true religion and all false ones, between the recognition of the One God, the Self-existent and Eternal, and countless gods of human devising, is here brought to the direct issue, "choose ye whom ye will serve." Under no circumstances more favorable to a fair decision could this alternative be offered. Its failure showed clearly the inefficacy of law, under the most favoring conditions, to restrain or properly direct the evil tendencies of man's nature ; and it points forward to the ultimate end and purpose of all Revelation, the coming of the great Deliverer. See the final remarks at the end of second Kings.

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THE BOOK OF JOSHUA.

¹ AND it came to pass, after the death of Moses the servant of Jehovah, that Jehovah spoke to Joshua the son of Nun,
² Moses' minister, saying: Moses my servant is dead. And now arise, pass over this Jordan, thou and all this people, unto the land which I give to them, to the children of Israel.
³ Every place that the sole of your foot shall tread upon have
⁴ I given to you, as I said to Moses. From the wilderness and this Lebanon, and unto the great river, the river Euphrates, all the land of the Hittites, and unto the great
⁵ sea at the going down of the sun, shall be your border. No man shall be able to stand before thee all the days of thy life. As I was with Moses, so will I be with thee. I will
⁶ not fail thee, nor forsake thee. Be strong and of good courage. For thou shalt cause this people to possess the land,
⁷ which I have sworn to their fathers to give them. Only be thou strong and very courageous; take heed that thou mayest do according to all the law, which Moses my servant commanded thee. Turn not from it right or left, that
⁸ thou mayest prosper whithersoever thou goest. This book of the law shall not depart out of thy mouth; and thou shalt meditate thereon day and night, that thou mayest take heed to do according to all that is written therein; for then thou shalt make thy way prosperous, and then thou shalt have
⁹ good success. Have not I commanded thee? Be strong and of good courage; be not afraid, nor be thou faint-hearted; for Jehovah thy God is with thee whithersoever thou goest.
¹⁰ Then Joshua commanded the officers of the people, say-
¹¹ ing: Pass through the midst of the camp, and command the people, saying: Prepare provision for you; for within three

days ye shall pass over this Jordan, to go in to possess the land, which Jehovah your God gives you to possess it.

¹² And to the Reubenites, and to the Gadites, and to the half tribe of Manasseh, spoke Joshua, saying : Remember the word which Moses the servant of Jehovah commanded you, saying : Jehovah your God gives you rest, and has given to you this land. Your wives, your little ones, and your herds shall remain in the land which Moses gave you beyond the Jordan. But ye shall pass over armed before your brethren, all the strong men of war, and help them ; until Jehovah shall give rest to your brethren, as to you, and they also shall possess the land which Jehovah your God gives to them. And ye shall return to the land of your possession, and shall possess it, which Moses Jehovah's servant gave you beyond the Jordan toward the sunrising.

¹⁶ And they answered Joshua, saying : All that thou hast commanded us we will do, and whithersoever thou shalt send us, we will go. As in all things we hearkened to Moses, so will we hearken to thee. Only let Jehovah thy God be with thee, as he was with Moses. Whosoever shall rebel against thy commandment, and will not hearken to thy words in all that thou commandest him, he shall be put to death. Only be strong and of good courage.

¹ AND Joshua the son of Nun sent from Shittim two men to spy secretly, saying : Go view the land, and Jericho. And they went ; and they came into the house of a harlot, and her name was Rahab ; and they lodged there. And it was told the king of Jericho, saying : Behold, men came in hither to-night of the children of Israel to search out the land. And the king of Jericho sent to Rahab, saying : Bring forth the men that are come to thee, who entered into thy house ; for ⁴ they are come to search out all the land. And the woman took the two men, and hid them ; and she said : Yea, the

VV. 14, 15. *Beyond the Jordan,—the other side of it,—may mean either side ; namely, the west as in Moses' petition, Deut. 3 : 25, or the east as in Judg. 5 : 17 ; in both these cases meaning the side opposite to the speaker. But it may mean the side occupied by the speaker, as in Josh. 1 : 14, 15. (The writer's note on Isa. 9 : 1.)*

⁵ men came to me, and I knew not whence they were. And the gate was about to be shut when it was dark, and the men went out. Whither the men went, I know not. Pursue after ⁶ them quickly ; for ye will overtake them. Now she had brought them up to the roof of the house, and hid them in the stalks of flax, which she had laid in order upon the roof.

⁷ And the men pursued after them on the way to the Jordan by the fords. And when those who pursued after them were gone out, they shut the gate.

⁸ And they had not yet lain down ; and she came up to them ⁹ upon the roof. And she said to the men : I know that Jehovah has given you the land, and that the dread of you is fallen upon us, and that all the inhabitants of the land faint ¹⁰ because of you. For we have heard how Jehovah dried up the waters of the Red sea before you, when ye came out of Egypt ; and what ye did to the two kings of the Amorites, that were beyond the Jordan, to Sihon and to Og, whom ye

¹¹ utterly destroyed. And when we heard it, our hearts did melt, and there remained no more spirit in any man, because of you ; for Jehovah your God, he is God in the heavens

¹² above, and on the earth beneath. And now, I pray you, swear to me by Jehovah, since I have dealt kindly with you, that ye will also deal kindly with my father's house, and give

¹³ me a token of truth ; and save alive my father, and my mother, and my brethren, and my sisters, and all that they

¹⁴ have, and deliver our souls from death. And the men said to her : Our life for yours, if ye betray not this our business.

And it shall be, when Jehovah gives us the land, that we ¹⁵ will deal kindly and truly with thee. And she let them down by a cord through the window. For her house was in

¹⁶ a recess on the town wall, and she dwelt upon the wall. And she said to them : Get you to the mountain, lest the pursuers meet you. And hide yourselves there three days, until the

¹⁷ pursuers return ; and afterward may ye go your way. And the men said to her : We are free from this thine oath which

¹⁸ thou hast made us swear. Behold, when we come into the land, thou shalt bind this line of scarlet thread in the window

by which thou didst let us down ; and thy father, and thy mother, and thy brethren, and all thy father's household, thou
¹⁹ shalt gather to thee into the house. And it shall be, that who-soever shall go forth out of the doors of thy house into the street, his blood be upon his head, and we guiltless. And whosoever shall be with thee in the house, his blood be on
²⁰ our head, if any hand shall be upon him. And if thou betray this our business, then we are free from thine oath which
²¹ thou hast made us swear. And she said : According to your words, so be it. And she sent them away, and they departed.
²² And she bound the scarlet line in the window. And they went, and came to the mountain, and abode there three days, until the pursuers returned. And the pursuers sought in all the way, but found them not.
²³ And the two men returned, and came down from the mountain, and passed over, and came to Joshua the son of
²⁴ Nun, and told him all that befell them. And they said to Joshua : Jehovah has given the whole land into our hands ; yea, and all the inhabitants of the land do faint because of us.

¹ AND Joshua rose early in the morning ; and they removed from Shittim, and came to the Jordan, he and all the children
² of Israel, and lodged there before they passed over. And it came to pass after three days, that the officers passed through
³ the midst of the camp ; and they commanded the people, saying : When ye see the ark of the covenant of Jehovah your God, and the priests the Levites bearing it, then ye shall re-
⁴ move from your place, and go after it. Yet there shall be a space between you and it, about two thousand cubits by measure. Come not near to it, that ye may know the way by which ye must go ; for ye have not passed this way here-
⁵ tofore. And Joshua said to the people : Sanctify yourselves ;
⁶ for to morrow Jehovah will do wonders among you. And Joshua spoke to the priests, saying : Take up the ark of the covenant, and pass over before the people. And they took up the ark of the covenant, and went before the people.

⁷ And Jehovah said to Joshua : This day will I begin to magnify thee in the sight of all Israel ; that they may know ⁸ that as I was with Moses, so I will be with thee. And thou shalt command the priests that bear the ark of the covenant, saying : When ye are come to the brink of the water of the Jordan, ye shall stand still in the Jordan.

⁹ And Joshua said to the children of Israel : Come hither, ¹⁰ and hear the words of Jehovah your God. And Joshua said : Hereby shall ye know that a living God is among you, and that he will certainly drive out from before you the Canaanites, and the Hittites, and the Hivites, and the Perizzites, and the Girgashites, and the Amorites, and the Jebusites.

¹¹ Behold, the ark of the covenant of the Lord of all the earth ¹² passes over before you in the Jordan. And now take for you twelve men out of the tribes of Israel, out of every ¹³ tribe a man. And it shall be, as soon as the soles of the feet of the priests that bear the ark of Jehovah, the Lord of all the earth, shall rest in the waters of the Jordan, that the waters of the Jordan shall be cut off, the waters coming down from above, and they shall stand in one heap.

¹⁴ And it came to pass, when the people removed from their tents, to pass over the Jordan, and the priests bearing the ark of the covenant before the people ; and as they that bore the ark were come to the Jordan, and the feet of the priests bearing the ark were dipped in the brim of the water, (for the Jordan ¹⁶ is full over all its banks all the time of harvest,) that the waters coming down from above stood still ; they rose up in one heap very far away by Adam, the city that is beside Zaretan ; and those coming down toward the sea of the plain, the salt sea, were wholly cut off. And the people passed ¹⁷ over right against Jericho. And the priests bearing the ark of the covenant of Jehovah stood firm on dry ground in the midst of the Jordan. And all Israel passed over on dry ground, until all the people had quite passed over the Jordan.

¹ And it came to pass, when all the people had quite passed ² over the Jordan, that Jehovah spoke to Joshua, saying : Take

V. 16. *The plain.* See the description in the writer's notes on Genesis. p. 79.

for you twelve men out of the people, out of every tribe a man.
³ And command ye them, saying : Take for you hence out of the midst of the Jordan, out of the place where the priests' feet stood firm, twelve stones, and bring them over with you, and lay them down in the lodging place, where ye
⁴ shall lodge this night. And Joshua called the twelve men, whom he had appointed of the children of Israel, out of every
⁵ tribe a man. And Joshua said to them : Pass over before the ark of Jehovah your God into the midst of the Jordan, and take up each one a stone upon his shoulder, according to the
⁶ number of the tribes of the children of Israel. That this may be a sign among you. When your children shall ask in time to
⁷ come, saying : What mean ye by these stones ? Then shall ye say to them, that the waters of the Jordan were cut off before the ark of the covenant of Jehovah ; when it passed through the Jordan, the waters of the Jordan were cut off. And these stones shall be for a memorial to the children of
⁸ Israel for ever. And the children of Israel did so as Joshua commanded. And they took up twelve stones out of the midst of the Jordan, as Jehovah spoke to Joshua, according to the number of the tribes of the children of Israel, and brought them over with them to the place where they lodged,
⁹ and laid them down there. And Joshua set up twelve stones in the midst of the Jordan, in the place where the feet of the priests bearing the ark of the covenant stood ; and they are there unto this day.
¹⁰ And the priests bearing the ark stood in the midst of the Jordan, until every thing was finished that Jehovah commanded Joshua to speak to the people, according to all that Moses commanded Joshua ; and the people hasted and passed
¹¹ over. And it came to pass, when all the people had quite passed over, that the ark of Jehovah passed over, and the
¹² priests before the people. And the children of Reuben, and the children of Gad, and the half tribe of Manasseh, passed over armed before the children of Israel, as Moses spoke to
¹³ them. About forty thousand prepared for war passed over before Jehovah for battle, to the plains of Jericho.

¹⁴ On that day Jehovah magnified Joshua in the sight of all Israel ; and they feared him, as they feared Moses, all the days of his life. And Jehovah spoke to Joshua, saying : ¹⁵ Command the priests bearing the ark of the testimony, that ¹⁶ they come up out of the Jordan. And Joshua commanded ¹⁷ the priests, saying : Come up out of the Jordan. And it came to pass, when the priests bearing the ark of the covenant of Jehovah were come up out of the midst of the Jordan, and the soles of the priests' feet were lifted up to the dry land, that the waters of the Jordan returned to their place, and flowed over all its banks, as before.

¹⁸ And the people came up out of the Jordan on the tenth of the first month, and encamped in Gilgal, on the eastern border of Jericho. And those twelve stones, which they took ²⁰ out of the Jordan, did Joshua set up in Gilgal. And he spoke to the children of Israel, saying : When your children shall ask their fathers in time to come, saying : What mean these ²² stones ? Then ye shall let your children know, saying : Is-²³ rael passed over this Jordan on dry land. Because Jehovah your God dried up the waters of the Jordan before you, until ye had passed over ; as Jehovah your God did to the Red sea, ²⁴ which he dried up before us, until we had gone over ; that all the peoples of the earth may know the hand of Jehovah, how strong it is ; that ye may fear Jehovah your God for ever.

¹ AND it came to pass, when all the kings of the Amorites, which were beyond the Jordan westward, and all the kings of the Canaanites, which were by the sea, heard that Jehovah had dried up the waters of the Jordan before the children of Israel, until we had passed over, that their heart melted, neither was their spirit in them any more, before the children of Israel.

² At that time Jehovah said to Joshua : Make thee sharp knives, and circumcise again the children of Israel the second

V. 16. Or, ark of the law.

V. 2. Or, knives of stone.

³ time. And Joshua made him sharp knives, and circumcised
⁴ the children of Israel at the hill of the foreskins. And this is
the cause why Joshua did circumcise. All the people that
came out of Egypt, the males, all the men of war, died in the
⁵ wilderness by the way, when they came out of Egypt. For
all the people that came out were circumcised ; but all the
people that were born in the wilderness, by the way when
⁶ they came forth out of Egypt, were not circumcised. For
the children of Israel went forty years in the wilderness, till
all the people that were men of war, which came out of
Egypt, were consumed, because they obeyed not the voice of
Jehovah ; to whom Jehovah swore that he would not show
them the land, which Jehovah had sworn to their fathers to
⁷ give us, a land flowing with milk and honey. And their
children he raised up in their stead. Them Joshua circum-
cised ; for they were uncircumcised, because they did not
⁸ circumcise them by the way. And it came to pass when all
the people had done circumcising, that they abode in their
⁹ places in the camp till they were whole. And Jehovah said
to Joshua : This day have I rolled off the reproach of Egypt
from you. And the name of the place is called Gilgal unto
this day.
¹⁰ And the children of Israel encamped in Gilgal ; and they
kept the passover on the fourteenth day of the month at
¹¹ evening in the plains of Jericho. And they ate of the pro-
duce of the land, on the morrow after the passover, unleav-
ened cakes, and parched grain, on that very day.
¹² And the manna ceased from the morrow after they had
eaten of the produce of the land ; nor had the children of
Israel manna any more, and they ate of the fruit of the land
of Canaan that year.
¹³ And it came to pass when Joshua was by Jericho, that he
lifted up his eyes and looked, and behold, there stood a man
over against him with his sword drawn in his hand. And
Joshua went to him, and said to him : Art thou for us, or for

V. 4. *When they came out of Egypt; extending to their entrance into Canaan.*

V. 9. *Gilgal; a rolling away.*

¹⁴ our adversaries? And he said, Nay; for as prince of Jehovah's host am I now come. And Joshua fell on his face to the earth and worshipped, and said to him: What says my ¹⁵ lord to his servant? And the prince of Jehovah's host said to Joshua: Loose thy shoe from off thy foot; for the place whereon thou standest is holy. And Joshua did so.

¹ (Now Jericho shutting [the gates] and fast shut up against the children of Israel, none went out, and none came in.)
² And Jehovah said to Joshua: See, I have given into thy hand Jericho, and her king, and the strong men of war.
³ And ye shall encompass the city, all the men of war, round
⁴ about the city once. Thus shalt thou do six days. And seven priests shall bear before the ark seven jubilee trumpets; and the seventh day ye shall encompass the city seven times, and
⁵ the priests shall blow with the trumpets. And it shall come to pass, that when they make a long blast with the jubilee horn, when ye hear the sound of the trumpet, all the people shall shout with a great shout; and the wall of the city shall fall down flat, and the people shall go up every man straight before him.

⁶ And Joshua the son of Nun called the priests, and said to them: Take up the ark of the covenant; and let seven priests bear seven trumpets of jubilee horns before the ark
⁷ of Jehovah. And they said to the people: Pass on, and encompass the city, and let him that is armed pass on before the ark of Jehovah.

⁸ And it came to pass, when Joshua had spoken to the people, that the seven priests bearing the seven jubilee trumpets passed on before Jehovah, and blew with the trumpets; and the ark of the covenant of Jehovah followed
⁹ them. And the armed men went before the priests that blew with the trumpets, and the rearward went after the ark, continually blowing with the trumpets. And Joshua had commanded the people, saying: Ye shall not shout, nor make your voice heard, nor shall any word proceed out of your

V. 4. *Jubilee trumpet*; so called from its proclaiming the year of jubilee (Lev. 25: 9, 10.)
—*Or, alarm trumpet.*

mouth, until the day I bid you shout ; then shall ye shout.

¹¹ So the ark of Jehovah encompassed the city round about it once ; and they came into the camp, and lodged in the camp.

¹² And Joshua rose early in the morning, and the priests ¹³ took up the ark of Jehovah. And the seven priests bearing the seven jubilee trumpets before the ark of Jehovah went on blowing continually with the trumpets, and the armed men went before them. The rearward came after the ark of ¹⁴ Jehovah, continually blowing with the trumpets. And the second day they encompassed the city once, and returned into the camp. So did they six days.

¹⁵ And it came to pass on the seventh day, that they rose early at the dawning of the day, and encompassed the city in this manner seven times ; only on that day they encompassed ¹⁶ the city seven times. And it came to pass at the seventh time, when the priests blew with the trumpets, Joshua said to the people, Shout ; for Jehovah has given you the city.

¹⁷ And the city shall be accursed, it and all that are therein, to Jehovah. Only Rahab the harlot shall live, she and all that are with her in the house, because she hid the messengers ¹⁸ that we sent. Only do ye beware of the accursed thing, lest ye make accursed and take of the accursed thing, and make ¹⁹ the camp of Israel accursed, and bring evil upon it. And all the silver, and gold, and vessels of brass and iron, are consecrated to Jehovah ; they shall come into Jehovah's ²⁰ treasury. So the people shouted, and they blew with the trumpets. And it came to pass, when the people heard the sound of the trumpet, and the people shouted with a great

V. 17. *Accursed.* Or, devoted ; namely, to Jehovah. For the law respecting a “devoted thing,” see Lev. 27 : 29, “shall surely be put to death.” Hence, in accordance with that law, it is here said (v. 21), “they utterly destroyed.”

The application of this law in all its rigor, here and in the following chapters, was a necessity. It was inseparable from the Divine plan for perpetuating the knowledge of the true God, and all its beneficent influences on the destinies of the race. He had committed this trust to a people peculiarly susceptible, and for that reason the better adapted to his purpose ; and with what ultimate results to the human race we see around us in every Christian land. But this peculiar susceptibility made it the more needful to remove all the contaminating influences of idolatry. Nothing short of extermination would do this. Had it been effected by a flood as of old, or by earthquakes or volcanic fires, the Divine justice would not have been questioned. In employing the agency of his people he impressed on them, and on the generations following, the magnitude of the evils they were commanded to extirpate.

shout, that the wall fell down flat, so that the people went up into the city, every man straight before him : and they
²¹ took the city. And they utterly destroyed all that was in the city, both man and woman, young and old, and ox, and sheep, and ass, with the edge of the sword.

²² And Joshua had said to the two men that spied out the land : Go into the house of the harlot, and bring out thence the woman, and all that she has, as ye have sworn to her.
²³ And the young men that were spies came, and brought out Rahab, and her father, and her mother, and her brethren, and all that she had ; and they brought out all her kindred, and
²⁴ placed them without the camp of Israel. And they burned the city with fire, and all that was therein. Only the silver, and the gold, and the vessels of brass and of iron, they put
²⁵ into the treasury of the house of Jehovah. And Joshua saved Rahab the harlot alive, and her father's house, and all that she had ; and she dwelt in Israel unto this day ; because she hid the messengers, which Joshua sent to spy out Jericho.

²⁶ And Joshua adjured them at that time, saying : Cursed be the man before Jehovah, that shall rise up and build this city Jericho. With his firstborn he shall lay the foundation thereof, and with his youngestborn shall he set up the gates thereof.
²⁷ So Jehovah was with Joshua ; and his fame was in all the land.

¹ AND the children of Israel committed a trespass in the accursed thing. For Achan, the son of Carmi, the son of Zabdi, the son of Zerah, of the tribe of Judah, took of the accursed thing ; and the anger of Jehovah was kindled against the children of Israel.

² And Joshua sent men from Jericho to Ai, which is beside Beth-aven, on the east side of Beth-el, and said to them : Go up and view the land. And the men went up and viewed
³ Ai. And they returned to Joshua, and said to him : Let not

V. 26. *With his firstborn* ; as the price of his sacrilegious undertaking. With the death of his firstborn he should pay the penalty of its beginning, and with that of his youngestborn the penalty of its completion.

all the people go up. Let about two or three thousand men go up and smite Ai. Make not all the people labor thither ;
⁴ for they are but few. And there went up thither of the people about three thousand men ; and they fled before the
⁵ men of Ai. And the men of Ai smote of them about thirty and six men. And they chased them before the gate to the stone-pits, and smote them at the steep descent. Wherefore the hearts of the people melted, and became as water.

⁶ And Joshua rent his clothes, and fell upon his face to the earth before the ark of Jehovah until the evening, he and the
⁷ elders of Israel, and cast dust upon their heads. And Joshua said : Alas, O Lord Jehovah, wherefore hast thou at all brought this people over the Jordan, to deliver us into the hand of the Amorites, to destroy us ? Would we had been content, and
⁸ dwelt beyond the Jordan ! Beseech thee, Lord, what shall I say, after Israel has turned their backs before their enemies !
⁹ And the Canaanites and all the inhabitants of the land will hear, and will environ us round, and cut off our name from the earth. And what wilt thou do to thy great name ?

⁩ And Jehovah said to Joshua : Get thee up ; wherefore
⁪ art thou fallen thus upon thy face ? Israel has sinned ; and they have also transgressed my covenant which I commanded them ; and have even taken of the accursed thing, and have also stolen, and dissembled also, and they have put it even among
⁫ their own effects. And the children of Israel could not stand before their enemies ; they will turn their backs before their enemies, for they are accursed. I will no more be with you,
⁬ except ye destroy the accursed thing from among you. Stand up, sanctify the people, and say : Sanctify yourselves for the morrow. For thus says Jehovah God of Israel : An accursed thing is in the midst of thee, O Israel. Thou canst not stand before thine enemies, until ye put away the accursed thing
⁭ from among you. In the morning ye shall be brought according to your tribes. And it shall be, that the tribe which Jehovah takes shall come by families ; and the family which Jehovah shall take shall come by households ; and the house-

¹⁵ hold which Jehovah shall take shall come man by man. And it shall be, that he that is taken with the accursed thing shall be burned with fire, he and all that are his, because he has transgressed the covenant of Jehovah, and because he has wrought folly in Israel.

¹⁶ And Joshua rose up early in the morning, and brought Israel by their tribes; and the tribe of Judah was taken.

¹⁷ And he brought the family of Judah; and he took the family of the Zarhites; and he brought the family of the Zarhites man

¹⁸ by man; and Zabdi was taken. And he brought his household man by man; and Achan, the son of Carmi, the son of Zabdi, the son of Zerah, of the tribe of Judah, was taken.

¹⁹ And Joshua said to Achan: My son, give, I pray thee, honor to Jehovah, God of Israel, and make confession to him; and tell me now what thou hast done; hide it not from

²⁰ me. And Achan answered Joshua, and said: Truly, I have sinned against Jehovah God of Israel, and thus and thus

²¹ have I done. I saw among the spoils a goodly Babylonish garment, and two hundred shekels of silver, and a wedge of gold of fifty shekels weight, and I coveted them, and took them; and, behold, they are hid in the earth in the midst of my tent, and the silver under it.

²² And Joshua sent messengers, and they ran to the tent; and, behold, it was hid in his tent, and the silver under it.

²³ And they took them from the midst of the tent, and brought them to Joshua, and to all the children of Israel, and laid

²⁴ them out before Jehovah. And Joshua took Achan the son of Zerah, and the silver, and the garment, and the wedge of gold, and his sons, and his daughters, and his oxen, and his asses, and his sheep, and his tent, and all that was his, and all Israel with him; and they brought them to the valley of

²⁵ Achor. And Joshua said: Why hast thou troubled us? Jehovah trouble thee this day! And all Israel stoned him with stones. And they burned them with fire, after they had

²⁶ stoned them with stones. And they raised over him a great heap of stones, unto this day. So Jehovah turned from the

fierceness of his anger. Wherefore the name of that place was called Valley of Achor, unto this day.

¹ And Jehovah said to Joshua : Fear not, nor be thou faint-hearted. Take all the people of war with thee, and arise, go up to Ai. See, I have given into thy hand the king of Ai, ² and his people, and his city, and his land. And thou shalt do to Ai and her king as thou didst to Jericho and her king ; only the spoil thereof, and the cattle thereof, shall ye take a prey for yourselves. Lay an ambush for the city behind it.

³ And Joshua arose, and all the people of war, to go up to Ai. And Joshua chose out thirty thousand men, strong men ⁴ of war, and sent them away by night. And he commanded them, saying : Behold, ye are to lie in ambush against the city, behind the city ; go not very far from the city, and be ⁵ ye all ready. And I, and all the people that are with me, will approach to the city. And it shall be, when they come out ⁶ against us, as at the first, that we will flee before them. And they will come out after us, till we have drawn them from the city. For they will say : They flee before us, as at the ⁷ first ; therefore we will flee before them. And ye shall rise up from the ambush, and seize upon the city ; and Jehovah ⁸ your God will deliver it into your hand. And it shall be, when ye have taken the city, that ye shall set the city on fire. According to the commandment of Jehovah shall ye do. See, I have commanded you.

⁹ And Joshua sent them forth ; and they went to lie in ambush, and abode between Beth-el and Ai, on the west side of ¹⁰ Ai. And Joshua lodged that night among the people. And Joshua rose up early in the morning, and mustered the people, and went up, he and the elders of Israel, before the people ¹¹ to Ai. And all the people of war that were with him, went up, and drew nigh, and came before the city, and encamped on the north side of Ai. And the valley was between them ¹² and Ai. And he took about five thousand men, and set them in ambush between Beth-el and Ai, on the west side of the

¹³ city. And they set the people, all the host that was on the north of the city, and their liers in wait on the west of the city. And Joshua went that night into the midst of the valley.

¹⁴ And it came to pass, when the king of Ai saw it, that the men of the city hasted and rose up early, and went out against Israel to battle, he and all his people, at the appointed place, before the plain. And he knew not that there was an ¹⁵ ambush against him behind the city. And Joshua and all Israel were smitten before them, and fled by the way of the ¹⁶ wilderness. And all the people that were in Ai were called together to pursue after them ; and they pursued after Joshua, ¹⁷ and were drawn away from the city. And not a man was left in Ai or Beth-el, that went not out after Israel ; and they left the city open, and pursued after Israel.

¹⁸ And Jehovah said to Joshua : Stretch out the spear that is in thy hand toward Ai ; for I will give it into thy hand. And Joshua stretched out the spear that was in his hand toward ¹⁹ the city. And the ambush arose quickly out of their place, and they ran as soon as he stretched out his hand ; and they entered into the city, and took it, and hasted and set the ²⁰ city on fire. And the men of Ai looked behind them, and saw, and, behold, the smoke of the city rose up to heaven, and they had no strength to flee this way or that way ; and the people that fled to the wilderness turned back upon the ²¹ pursuers. And when Joshua and all Israel saw that the ambush had taken the city, and that the smoke of the city rose ²² up, they turned again, and slew the men of Ai. And the others issued out of the city against them, so they were in the midst of Israel, some on this side, and some on that side. And they smote them, so that they left none of them surviving or escaped. And the king of Ai they took alive, and brought him to Joshua.

²⁴ And it came to pass, when Israel had made an end of slaying all the inhabitants of Ai in the field, in the wilderness wherein they pursued them, and they were all fallen on the edge of the sword until they were consumed, that all the Is-

raelites returned to Ai, and smote it with the edge of the
²⁵ sword. And all that fell that day, both men and women,
²⁶ were twelve thousand, all the men of Ai. And Joshua drew
not back his hand, wherewith he stretched out the spear, until
²⁷ he had utterly destroyed all the inhabitants of Ai. Only the
cattle and the spoil of that city Israel took to themselves for
a prey, according to the word of Jehovah which he com-
²⁸ manded Joshua. And Joshua burned Ai, and made it a
²⁹ heap for ever, a desolation unto this day. And the king of
Ai he hanged on the tree until eventide. And as soon as the
sun was down, Joshua gave command and they took down
his carcass from the tree, and cast it at the entering of the
gate of the city, and raised thereon a great heap of stones,
unto this day.

³⁰ And Joshua built an altar to Jehovah God of Israel on
³¹ mount Ebal ; as Moses the servant of Jehovah commanded
the children of Israel, as it is written in the book of the law
of Moses, an altar of whole stones, over which no man has
lifted up any iron ; and they offered thereon burnt offerings
³² to Jehovah, and sacrificed peace offerings. And he wrote
there upon the stones a copy of the law of Moses which he
wrote in the presence of the children of Israel.

³³ And all Israel, and their elders, and officers, and their
judges, stood on this side and on that side of the ark before
the priests the Levites, bearing the ark of the covenant of
Jehovah, as well the stranger as the native-born ; half of
them over against mount Gerizim, and the half of them over
against mount Ebal ; as Moses the servant of Jehovah had
commanded before, that they should bless the people of Is-
³⁴ rael. And afterward he read all the words of the law, the
blessings and the cursings, according to all that is written in
³⁵ the book of the law. There was not a word of all that Moses
commanded, which Joshua read not before all the congrega-
tion of Israel, with the women, and the little ones, and the
strangers that walked among them.

¹ And it came to pass, when all the kings which were on this side of the Jordan, on the hills and in the low country, and on all the coast of the great sea toward Lebanon, the Hittite, and the Amorite, the Canaanite, the Perizzite, the Hivite,
² and the Jebusite, heard thereof; that they gathered themselves together, to fight with Joshua and with Israel, with one accord

³ And the inhabitants of Gibeon heard what Joshua had
⁴ done to Jericho and to Ai. They also dealt craftily, and went and made as if they journeyed, and took old sacks upon their asses, and wine-skins, old, and rent, and patched;
⁵ and old shoes and clouted on their feet, and old garments on them; and all the bread of their provision was dry and
⁶ mouldy. And they went to Joshua to the camp at Gilgal, and said to him, and to the men of Israel: We are come from
⁷ a far country; and now make ye a league with us. And the men of Israel said to the Hivites: Perhaps ye dwell among
⁸ us; and how shall we make a league with you? And they said to Joshua, we are thy servants. And Joshua said to
⁹ them, who are ye? And from whence come ye? And they said to him: From a very far country thy servants are come, for the name of Jehovah thy God. For we have heard the
¹⁰ fame of him, and all that he did in Egypt; and all that he did to the two kings of the Amorites, that were beyond the Jordan, to Sihon king of Heshbon, and to Og king of Ba-
¹¹ shan, who was at Ashtaroth. And our elders and all the inhabitants of our country said to us: Take provision in your hand for the journey, and go to meet them, and say to them, we are your servants; and now make ye a league with us.
¹² This our bread we took hot for our provision out of our houses on the day we came forth to go to you; but now, behold, it
¹³ is dry, and it is mouldy. And these wine-skins, which we filled, were new; behold, they are rent. And these our garments and our shoes are become old by reason of the very
¹⁴ long journey. And the men took of their provisions, and

V. 4. *Wine-skins.* See the writer's note on Gen. 21: 14.

¹⁶ asked not counsel at the mouth of Jehovah. And Joshua made peace with them, and made a league with them, to let them live ; and the princes of the congregation swore to them.

¹⁶ And it came to pass at the end of three days after they had made a league with them, that they heard they were their

¹⁷ neighbors, and were dwelling among them. And the children of Israel journeyed, and came to their cities on the third day.

Now their cities were Gibeon, and Chephirah, and Beeroth,
¹⁸ and Kirjath-jearim. And the children of Israel smote them not, because the princes of the congregation had sworn to them by Jehovah God of Israel. And all the congregation

¹⁹ murmured against the princes. And all the princes said to all the congregation : We have sworn to them by Jehovah

²⁰ God of Israel ; and now we may not touch them. This we will do to them, and let them live, lest wrath be upon us, be-

²¹ cause of the oath which we have sworn to them. And the princes said to them : Let them live. And they became hewers of wood and drawers of water to all the congregation ; as the princes had told them.

²² And Joshua called them ; and he said to them : Wherefore have ye beguiled us, saying, We are very far from you, when

²³ ye are dwelling among us ? And now ye are cursed ; and there shall none of you be freed from being a bondman, and hewers of wood and drawers of water for the house of my

²⁴ God. And they answered Joshua, and said : Because it was certainly told thy servants, how that Jehovah thy God com-manded his servant Moses to give you all the land, and to destroy all the inhabitants of the land from before you, we were sore afraid of our lives because of you, and have done

²⁵ this thing. And now, behold, we are in thy hand ; as is good

²⁶ and right in thine eyes to do to us, do. And so did he to them ; and he delivered them out of the hand of the children

²⁷ of Israel, and they slew them not. And Joshua made them that day hewers of wood and drawers of water for the con-gregation, and for the altar of Jehovah, unto this day, in the place which he should choose.

- ¹ And it came to pass, when Adoni-zedek king of Jerusalem heard that Joshua had taken Ai and destroyed it ; as he did to Jericho and her king, he did to Ai and her king ; and that the inhabitants of Gibeon had made peace with Israel, and
² were among them ; that they greatly feared, because Gibeon was a great city, as one of the royal cities, and because it was greater than Ai, and all the men thereof were mighty.
³ And Adoni-zedek king of Jerusalem sent to Hoham king of Hebron, and to Piram king of Jarmuth, and to Japhia king
⁴ of Lachish, and to Debir king of Eglon, saying : Come up to me, and help me, and we will smite Gibeon ; for it has made
⁵ peace with Joshua and with the children of Israel. And five kings of the Amorites, the king of Jerusalem, the king of Hebron, the king of Jarmuth, the king of Lachish, the king of Eglon, assembled, and went up, they and all their hosts, and encamped before Gibeon, and made war against it.
⁶ And the men of Gibeon sent to Joshua to the camp, to Gilgal, saying : Slacken not thy hand from thy servants ; come up to us quickly, and save us, and help us. For all the kings of the Amorites that dwell in the mountains are gathered
⁷ together against us. And Joshua went up from Gilgal, he and all the people of war with him, and all the strong men of war.
⁸ And Jehovah said to Joshua : Fear them not, for I have given them into thy hand ; there shall not a man of them
⁹ stand before thee. And Joshua came against them suddenly.
¹⁰ All the night he went up from Gilgal. And Jehovah discomfited them before Israel ; and he smote them with a great slaughter at Gibeon, and chased them along the way that goes up to Beth-horon, and smote them unto Azekah, and unto
¹¹ Makkedah. And it came to pass, as they fled before Israel, they were at the descent from Beth-horon. And Jehovah cast down great stones from heaven upon them unto Azekah, and they died. More were they who died by hailstones than they whom the children of Israel slew with the sword.
¹² Then spoke Joshua to Jehovah, in the day when Jehovah

delivered up the Amorites before the children of Israel ; and he said in the sight of Israel :

Sun, stand thou still on Gibeon,
And thou moon, in the valley of Ajalon.
13 And the sun stood still, and the moon stayed,
Until the people were avenged on their enemies.

Is it not written in the book of the righteous ?

14 And the sun stood still in mid-heaven ;
And hasted not to go down for a whole day.
And no day was like that before it or after it,
That Jehovah hearkened to the voice of a man.
For Jehovah fought for Israel.

15 And Joshua returned, and all Israel with him, to the camp,
16 to Gilgal. And those five kings fled, and hid themselves in
17 the cave at Makkedah. And it was told Joshua, saying : The
18 five kings are found hid in the cave at Makkedah. And
Joshua said : Roll great stones to the mouth of the cave, and set
19 men over it to keep them. And do ye stay not ; pursue after
your enemies, and smite them in the rear ; suffer them not to
enter into their cities, for Jehovah your God has given them
20 into your hand. And it came to pass, when Joshua and the
children of Israel had made an end of smiting them with a
very great slaughter till they were consumed, and those of
21 them that escaped had entered into the fenced cities ; that all
the people returned to the camp to Joshua at Makkedah in
peace ; none sharpened his tongue against any of the children

VV. 12-14. These verses contain a quotation from the *book of the righteous*, “book of Jasher” in the common version ; poetic records of the deeds and words of those who were eminent in the annals of the nation. See 2 Sam. 1:18. They are conceived in the boldly figurative manner of Oriental poetry ; such as we see in David’s description of his victory over his enemies, ascribing it to Jehovah’s direct interposition by tempest and earthquake. (Ps. 18:7-15). Nothing here said exceeds the boldness of the figures thereto used ; for example, “the earth shook and quaked,”—“the foundations of the mountains trembled and were shaken,” “the foundations of the world were laid bare.” To the Hebrew mind these were greater marvels than the arrest of sun and moon, regarded by him as comparatively small, revolving round the much larger earth.

Divested of their bold poetical imagery, the words state a plain matter of fact. In the heat and enthusiasm of the conflict, and anger for the defeat of all his enemies, Joshua commands sun and moon to stand still and wait till it be accomplished. The poet describes the effect of his words as it appeared to the busy actors in the scene, to whom the stirring and shifting events of the day made it seem unnaturally prolonged. Virtually it was so ; for it was by the special favor of Jehovah, who “fought for Israel,” that the day did not end till all was accomplished.

The words were understood in this poetical and figurative sense by the celebrated Jewish scholar Maimonides in the twelfth century ; and it is now regarded by Hebrew scholars as the true interpretation of the passage.

²² of Israel. And Joshua said : Open the mouth of the cave,
²³ and bring out to me those five kings out of the cave. And they did so, and brought out to him those five kings out of the cave ; the king of Jerusalem, the king of Hebron, the king of Jarmuth, the king of Lachish, the king of Eglon.

²⁴ And it came to pass, when they brought out those kings to Joshua, that Joshua called all the men of Israel, and he said to the leaders of the men of war that went with him : Come near, put your feet on the necks of these kings. And they

²⁵ came near, and put their feet on their necks. And Joshua said to them : Fear not nor be faint-hearted, be strong and of good courage ; for thus will the Lord do to all your enemies

²⁶ against whom ye fight. And afterward Joshua smote them, and slew them, and hanged them on five trees ; and they

²⁷ were hanging on the trees until the evening. And it came to pass at the time of the going down of the sun, that Joshua commanded, and they took them down from the trees, and cast them into the cave wherein they hid themselves, and laid great stones on the cave's mouth, unto this very day.

²⁸ And that day Joshua took Makkedah, and smote it with the edge of the sword ; and the king thereof he destroyed, them and all the souls that were therein ; he left none remaining. And he did to the king of Makkedah as he did to the

²⁹ king of Jericho. And Joshua passed from Makkedah, and all Israel with him, to Libnah, and he fought with Libnah.

³⁰ And Jehovah gave it also into the hand of Israel, and the king thereof, and he smote it with the edge of the sword, and all the souls that were therein ; he left none remaining in it. And he did to the king thereof as he did to the king of Jericho.

³¹ And Joshua passed from Libnah, and all Israel with him, to Lachish, and encamped against it, and fought against it :

³² and Jehovah gave Lachish into the hand of Israel. And he took it on the second day, and smote it with the edge of the sword, and all the souls that were therein, according to all that he did to Libnah.

³³ Then Horam king of Gezer came up to help Lachish ; and

Joshua smote him and his people, until he left him none remaining.

³⁴ And from Lachish Joshua passed to Eglon, and all Israel with him ; and they encamped against it, and fought against it. And they took it on that day, and smote it with the edge of the sword ; and all the souls that were therein he utterly destroyed that day, according to all that he had done to Lachish. And Joshua went up from Eglon, and all Israel with him, to Hebron, and fought against it. And they took it, and smote it with the edge of the sword, and the king thereof, and all the cities thereof, and all the souls that were therein ; he left none remaining, according to all that he had done to Eglon ; and he destroyed it utterly, and all the souls that were therein.

³⁸ And Joshua returned, and all Israel with him, to Debir, and fought against it. And he took it, and the king thereof, and all the cities thereof. And they smote them with the edge of the sword, and utterly destroyed all the souls that were therein ; he left none remaining. As he had done to Hebron, so he did to Debir and to the king thereof, and as he did to Libnah and to her king.

⁴⁰ And Joshua smote all the land, the hill country, and the south, and the low country, and the declivities, and all their kings ; he left none remaining, and utterly destroyed all that had breath, as Jehovah God of Israel commanded. And Joshua smote them from Kadesh-barnea even unto Gaza, and ⁴² all the land of Goshen even unto Gibeon. And all these kings and their land did Joshua take at one time ; for Jehovah God of Israel fought for Israel. And Joshua returned, and all Israel with him, to the camp at Gilgal.

¹ AND it came to pass, when Jabin king of Hazor heard it, that he sent to Jobab king of Madon, and to the king of Shimron, and to the king of Achshaph, and to the kings that were on the north in the mountains, and on the plain south of Chinneroth, and in the low country, and on the heights of Dor westward, to the Canaanite on the east and

on the west, and the Amorite, and the Hittite, and the Perizite, and the Jebusite in the mountains, and to the Hivite at
⁴ the foot of Hermon in the land of Mizpeh. And they went out, they and all their hosts with them, much people, even as the sand that is on the sea shore for multitude, and horses
⁵ and chariots very many. And all these kings met together, and they came and encamped together at the waters of Merom, to fight with Israel.

⁶ And Jehovah said to Joshua : Be not afraid because of them ; for to-morrow about this time will I deliver up all of them slain before Israel. Thou shalt hough their horses, and
⁷ burn their chariots with fire. And Joshua, and all the people of war with him, came upon them suddenly by the waters of
⁸ Merom ; and they fell upon them. And Jehovah gave them into the hand of Israel ; and they smote them, and chased them unto great Zidon, and unto Misrephoth-maim, and unto the valley of Mizpeh eastward ; and they smote them, until
⁹ they left them none remaining. And Joshua did to them as Jehovah said to him ; he houghed their horses, and burnt their chariots with fire.

⁩¹⁰ And Joshua turned back at that time, and took Hazor, and smote the king thereof with the sword ; for Hazor was formerly the head of all those kingdoms. And they smote all the souls that were therein with the edge of the sword, utterly destroying them ; there was not any left that had breath ; and
⁪¹¹ Hazor he burned with fire. And all the cities of those kings, and all their kings, did Joshua take. And he smote them with the edge of the sword, utterly destroying them, as Moses the servant of Jehovah commanded. But as for the cities that stood on their hill, Israel burned none of them, save
⁫¹² Hazor only ; that did Joshua burn. And all the spoil of these cities, and the cattle, the children of Israel took as a prey for themselves ; but every man they smote with the edge of the sword, until they had destroyed them ; nor left they any that had breath.

⁬¹³ As Jehovah commanded Moses his servant, so Moses com-

V. 15. See Deut. 20 : 16, and 9 : 21.

manded Joshua ; and so did Joshua. He left nothing undone
¹⁶ of all that Jehovah commanded Moses. And Joshua took all that land ; the hills, and all the south country, and all the land of Goshen, and the low country, and the plain, and the
¹⁷ mountain of Israel, and its lowland ; from the bald mountain, that goes up to Seir, unto Baal-gad in the valley of Lebanon at the foot of mount Hermon. And all their kings he took, and smote them, and slew them.

¹⁸ A long time Joshua made war with all those kings. There
¹⁹ was not a city that submitted to the children of Israel, save
²⁰ the Hivites inhabiting Gibeon ; all they took in battle. For it was of Jehovah to strengthen their heart, that they should come against Israel in battle, that he might destroy them utterly ; that they might have no favor, but that he might destroy them, as Jehovah commanded Moses.

²¹ And at that time came Joshua, and cut off the Anakim from the mountains, from Hebron, from Debir, from Anab, and from all the mountains of Judah, and from all the mountains of Israel. Joshua destroyed them utterly with their
²² cities. There was none left of the Anakim in the land of the children of Israel. They remained only in Gaza, in Gath,
²³ and in Ashdod. And Joshua took the whole land, according to all that Jehovah said to Moses ; and Joshua gave it for an inheritance to Israel according to their divisions, by their tribes. And the land rested from war.

¹ AND these are the kings of the land, which the children of Israel smote, and possessed their land beyond the Jordan toward the rising of the sun, from the river Arnon unto
² mount Hermon, and all the plain on the east. Sihon king of the Amorites, who dwelt in Heshbon, ruling from Aroer

V. 16. *The plain ; of the Jordan and the Dead Sea, as in 3 : 16, and elsewhere.*

V. 23. *Gave it for an inheritance to Israel.* See Gen. 13 : 14, 15. "Lift up now thine eyes and look, from the place where thou art, northward, and southward, and eastward, and westward. For the whole land which thou seest, to thee will I give it, and to thy seed forever." This promise to Abraham was renewed in a covenant, solemnly confirmed in the most impressive form known to the ancient world. (Gen. 15 : 9-21.) His seed inherited the promise, and with it the title to the land conveyed by it. The land is therefore properly called their inheritance.

which is on the bank of the river Arnon and in the midst of the river, and over half Gilead unto the river Jabbok, the
³ border of the children of Ammon ; and over the plain to the sea of Chinneroth on the east, and unto the sea of the plain, the salt sea, on the east, the way to Beth-jeshimoth ; and on
⁴ the south under the declivities of Pisgah ; and the border of Og king of Bashan, of the remnant of the giants, who dwelt
⁵ at Ashtaroth and at Edrei. And he reigned in mount Hermon, and in Saleah, and in all Bashan, unto the border of the Geshurites and the Maachathites, and half Gilead, the border
⁶ of Sihon king of Heshbon. Them did Moses the servant of Jehovah and the children of Israel smite. And Moses the servant of Jehovah gave it for a possession to the Reubenites, and the Gadites, and the half tribe of Manasseh.

⁷ And these are the kings of the land which Joshua and the children of Israel smote beyond the Jordan on the west, from Baal-gad in the valley of Lebanon even unto the bald mountain that goes up to Seir. And Joshua gave it to the tribes of Israel for a possession according to their
⁸ divisions ; in the hill country, and in the lowland, and in the plain, and in the declivities, and in the wilderness, and in the south country ; the Hittites, the Amorites, and the Canaanites, the Perizzites, the Hivites, and the Jebusites : —

⁹ The king of Jericho, one ; the king of Ai, which is beside
¹⁰ Beth-el, one ; the king of Jerusalem, one ; the king of
¹¹ Hebron, one ; the king of Jarmuth, one ; the king of Lachish,
¹² one ; the king of Eglon, one ; the king of Gezer, one ;
¹³ the king of Debir, one ; the king of Geder, one ; the king of
¹⁴ Hormah, one ; the king of Arad, one ; the king of Libnah,
¹⁵ one ; the king of Adullam one ; the king of Makkedah, one ;
¹⁶ the king of Beth-el, one ; the king of Tappuah, one ; the
¹⁷ king of Hepher, one ; the king of Aphek, one ; the
¹⁸ king of Lasharon, one ; the king of Madon, one ; the king
¹⁹ of Hazor, one ; the king of Shimron-meron, one ; the
²⁰ king of Aehshaph, one ; the king of Taanaach, one ; the
²¹ king of Megiddo, one ; the king of Kedesh, one ; the king
²² of Jokneam on Carmel, one ; the king of Dor, on the height

²³ of Dor, one ; the king of the nations at Gilgal, one ; the king
²⁴ of Tirzah, one. All the kings thirty and one.

¹ AND Joshua was old, far gone in years. And Jehovah said to him : Thou art old, far gone in years, and there yet
² remains very much land to be possessed. This is the land that yet remains : all the circuits of the Philistines, and all
³ Geshuri ; from Sihor, which is before Egypt, even unto the border of Ekron northward, shall be counted to the Canaanite ; five lords of the Philistines ; the Gazathites, and the Ashdithites, the Eshkalonites, the Gittites, and the Ekonites,
⁴ and the Avites ; on the south, all the land of the Canaanites, and Mearah that belongs to the Sidonians, unto Aphek, to the
⁵ borders of the Amorites ; and the land of the Giblites, and all Lebanon toward the sunrising, from Baal-gad at the foot
⁶ of mount Hermon unto the entering into Hamath. All the inhabitants of the hill country from Lebanon unto Misrephoth-maim, all the Sidonians, them will I drive out before the children of Israel ; only divide thou it by lot to the Israelites
⁷ for an inheritance, as I have commanded thee. And now divide this land for an inheritance unto the nine tribes, and
⁸ the half tribe of Manasseh ; with him the Reubenites and the Gadites have received their inheritance, which Moses gave them beyond the Jordan on the east, even as Moses the
⁹ servant of Jehovah gave to them ; from Aroer, that is on the bank of the river Arnon, and the city that is in the midst of
¹⁰ the river, and all the plain of Medeba unto Dibon ; and all the cities of Sihon king of the Amorites, who reigned in
¹¹ Heshbon, unto the border of the children of Ammon ; and Gilead, and the border of the Geshurites and Maachathites,
¹² and all mount Hermon, and all Bashan unto Saleah : all the kingdom of Og in Bashan, who reigned in Ashtaroth and in Edrei ; he remained of the remnant of the giants : and
¹³ Moses smote them, and drove them out. And the children of Israel did not drive out the Geshurites and the Maacha-

thites ; and the Geshurites and the Maachathites dwelt among
¹⁴ the Israelites, unto this day. Only to the tribe of Levi he gave no inheritance ; the sacrifices of Jehovah God of Israel are their inheritance, as he said to them.

¹⁵ And Moses gave to the tribe of the children of Reuben according to their families. And their border was from Aroer, which is on the bank of the river Arnon, and the city that is in the midst of the river, and all the plain by Medeba ;
¹⁷ Heshbon, and all her cities that are in the plain ; Dibon, and
¹⁸ Bamoth-baal, and Beth-baal-meon, and Jahaza, and Kedemoth, and Mephaath, and Kirjathaim, and Sibmah, and
²⁰ Zareth-shahar on the mount of the valley, and Beth-peor, and
²¹ the declivities of Pisgah, and Beth-jeshimoth, and all the cities of the plain, and all the kingdom of Sihon king of the Amorites, who reigned in Heshbon, whom Moses smote, him and the princes of Midian, Evi, and Rekem, and Zur, and
²² Hur, and Reba, princes of Sihon, inhabiting the land. And Balaam the son of Beor, the soothsayer, the children of Israel slew with the sword, among their slain.

²³ And the border of the children of Reuben was the Jordan, and what borders it. This was the inheritance of the children of Reuben after their families, the cities and their villages.
²⁴ And Moses gave to the tribe of Gad, to the children of Gad, according to their families. And their border was Jazer, and all the cities of Gilead, and half the land of the children of
²⁶ Ammon, unto Aroer which is before Rabbah ; and from Heshbon unto Ramath-mizpeh, and Betonim ; and from
²⁷ Mahanaim unto the border of Debir ; and in the valley, Betharam, and Beth-nimrah, and Succoth, and Zaphon, the rest of the kingdom of Sihon king of Heshbon, the Jordan and what borders it unto the edge of the sea of Chinnereth
²⁸ beyond the Jordan on the east. This is the inheritance of the children of Gad after their families, the cities, and their villages.

²⁹ And Moses gave to the half tribe of Manasseh ; and it became [the possession] of the half tribe, the children of
³⁰ Manasseh by their families. And their border was from

Mahanaim, all Bashan, all the kingdom of Og king of Bashan, and all the villages of Jair, which are in Bashan, threescore ³¹ cities ; and half Gilead, and Ashtaroth, and Edrei, cities of the kingdom of Og in Bashan, came to the children of Machir the son of Manasseh, to the half of the children of Machir by ³² their families. These are what Moses gave for inheritance in the plains of Moab, beyond the Jordan, on ³³ the east. And to the tribe of Levi Moses gave no inheritance. Jehovah God of Israel, he was their inheritance, as he said to them.

¹ AND these are what the children of Israel were made to inherit in the land of Canaan ; which Eleazar the priest, and Joshua the son of Nun, and the heads of the fathers of the tribes of the children of Israel, gave for inheritance to them ; ² their apportionment by lot, to the nine tribes and the half ³ tribe, as Jehovah commanded by the hand of Moses. For Moses had given the inheritance of two tribes and a half tribe beyond the Jordan ; and to the Levites he gave no inheritance among them. For the children of Joseph were two tribes, Manasseh and Ephraim. And they gave no portion to the Levites in the land, save cities to dwell in, with their ⁵ suburbs for their cattle and for their substance. As Jehovah commanded Moses, so the children of Israel did, and they divided the land.

⁶ And the children of Judah came to Joshua in Gilgal ; and Caleb the son of Jephunneh the Kenezite said to him : Thou knowest the thing that Jehovah said to Moses the man of ⁷ God concerning me and thee in Kadesh-barnea. Forty years old was I when Moses the servant of Jehovah sent me from Kadesh-barnea to spy out the land ; and I brought him word ⁸ again as it was in my heart. And my brethren that went up with me made the heart of the people melt ; but I wholly ⁹ followed Jehovah my God. And Moses swore on that day, saying : Surely the land whereon thy foot has trodden shall

VV. 6-8. See Num. 13:1-14:8, and 14:30.

V. 9. See Deut. 1:36.

be thy inheritance, and thy children's for ever ; for thou hast
¹⁰ wholly followed Jehovah my God. And now, behold, Jehovah has kept me alive, as he said, these forty and five years, since Jehovah spoke this word to Moses, while Israel wandered in the wilderness ; and now, lo, I am this day four-
¹¹ score and five years old. Still am I strong this day as in the day that Moses sent me. As my strength was then so is my strength now, for war and to go out and to come in.
¹² And now give me this mountain, of which Jehovah spoke in that day. For thou heardest in that day that the Anakim were there, and great, fenced cities ; if so be Jehovah is with
¹³ me, then I shall drive them out, as Jehovah said. And Joshua blessed him ; and he gave Hebron to Caleb the son
¹⁴ of Jephunneh for an inheritance. Therefore Hebron became the inheritance of Caleb the son of Jephunneh the Kenezite unto this day, because he wholly followed Jehovah God of
¹⁵ Israel. And the name of Hebron before was city of Arba. He was the greatest man among the Anakim. And the land had rest from war.

¹ And there was the lot of the tribe of the children of Judah by their families ; toward the border of Edom the wilderness
² of Zin southward, at the extreme south. And their south border was from the end of the salt sea, from the tongue that
³ turns southward. And it went out to the south side of the ascent to Aerabbim, and passed along to Zin, and went up on the south side of Kadesh-barnea, and passed along to Hezron,
⁴ and went up to Adar, and turned toward Karka ; and it passed over to Azmon, and went out to the river of Egypt ; and the terminations of the border were at the sea ; this
⁵ shall be your south border. And the east border was the salt sea, unto the end of the Jordan. And the border on the northern side was from the tongue of the sea at the
⁶ mouth of the Jordan. And the border went up to Beth-hoglah, and passed along northwardly to Beth-arabah. And

V. 12. *If so be.* See Num. 14:8.

V. 15. *City of Arba;* Kirjath-arba.

- the border went up to the stone of Bohan the son of Reuben.
- ⁷ And the border went up toward Debir from the valley of Achor, and turning northward toward Gilgal, that is over against the ascent of Adummim, which is on the south side of the river. And the border passed toward the waters of En-shemesh, and the terminations thereof were at En-rogel.
- ⁸ And the border went up by the valley of the son of Hinnom unto the south side of the Jebusite ; the same is Jerusalem. And the border went up to the top of the mountain that lies before the valley of Hinnom westward, which is at the end
- ⁹ of the valley of the giants northward ; and the border stretched from the top of the hill to the fountain of the water of Nephtoah, and went out to the cities of mount Ephron ; and the border stretched to Baalah, which is Kirjath-jearim ;
- ¹⁰ and the border turned from Baalah westward to mount Seir, and passed along to the northern side of mount Jearim, which is Chesalon, and went down to Beth-shemesh, and passed on
- ¹¹ to Timnah. And the border went out to the northern side of Ekron. And the border stretched to Shicron, and passed along to mount Baalah, and went out to Jabneel ; and the
- ¹² terminations of the border were at the sea. And the west border was to the great sea, and what borders it. This is the border of the children of Judah round about, according to their families.
- ¹³ And to Caleb the son of Jephunneh he gave a portion among the children of Judah, according to the command of Jehovah to Joshua, the city of Arba the father of Anak,
- ¹⁴ which is Hebron. And Caleb drove thence the three sons of Anak, Sheshai, and Ahiman, and Talmai, the children of
- ¹⁵ Anak. And he went up thence to the inhabitants of Debir. And the name of Debir before was Kirjath-sephier.
- ¹⁶ And Caleb said : He that smites Kirjath-sephier, and takes
- ¹⁷ it, to him will I give Achsah my daughter to wife. And Othniel, the son of Kenaz the brother of Caleb, took it ; and
- ¹⁸ he gave him Achsah his daughter to wife. And it came to pass, when she had come, that she moved him to ask of her

father a field. And she alighted from the ass ; and Caleb said to her, what wouldest thou ? And she answered : Give me a present. For thou hast given me a south land ; give me also springs of water. And he gave her the upper springs, and the nether springs. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children of Judah according to their families.

And the cities from the extremity of the tribe of the children of Judah to the border of Edom in the south, were Kabzeel, and Eder, and Jagur, and Kinah, and Dimonah, and Adadah, and Kedesh, and Hazor, and Ithman, Ziph, and Telem, and Bealoth, and Hazor-hadattah, and Kerioth-hezron, whicht is Hazor, Amman, and Shema, and Moladah, and Hazar-gaddah, and Heshmon, and Beth-palet, and Hazar-shual, and Beersheba, and Bizjothjah, Baalah, and Iim, and Azem, and El-tolad, and Chesil, and Hormah, and Ziklag, and Madmannah, and Sansannah, and Lebaoth, and Shilhim, and Ain, and Rimmon ; all the cities twenty and nine, with their villages.

And in the low country, Eshtaol, and Zoreah, and Ashmah, and Zanoah, and En-gannim, Tappuah, and Enam, Jarmuth, and Adullam, Socoh, and Azekah, and Sharaim, and Adithaim, and Gederah, and Gederothaim, fourteen cities with their villages ; Zenan, and Hadashah, and Migdal-gad, and Dilean, and Mizpeh, and Joktheel, Lachish, and Bozkath, and Egion, and Cabbon, and Lahnam, and Kithlish, and Gederoth, Beth-dagon, and Naamah, and Makkedah, sixteen cities with their villages ; Libnah, and Ether, and Ashan, and Jiphtah, and Ashnah, and Nezib, and Keilah, and Achzib, and Marreshah, nine cities with their villages ; Ekron with her daughters and her villages ; from Ekron and to the sea, all that was near Ashdod, with their villages ; Ashdod, her daughters and her villages ; Gaza, her daughters and her villages, unto the river of Egypt and the great sea, and what borders it.

And in the mountains, Shamir, and Jattir, and Socoh, and Dannah, and Kirjath-sannah, which is Debir, and Anab, and

V. 45. *Daughters of a city were small towns in its vicinity, dependent on it and subject to its jurisdiction.*

⁵¹ Eshtemoh, and Aanim, and Goshen, and Holon, and Giloh,
⁵² eleven cities with their villages ; Arab, and Dumah, and
⁵³ Eshean, and Janum, and Beth-tappuah, and Aphekah,
⁵⁴ and Huntah, and Kirjath-arba which is Hebron, and Zior,
⁵⁵ nine cities with their villages ; Maon, Carmel, and Ziph, and
⁵⁶ Juttah, and Jezreel, and Jokdeam, and Zanoah, Cain,
⁵⁸ Gibeah, and Timnah, ten cities with their villages ; Halhul,
⁵⁹ Beth-zur, and Gedor, and Maarath, and Beth-anoth, and
⁶⁰ Eltekon, six cities with their villages ; Kirjath-baal which
 is Kirjath-jearim, and Rabbah, two cities with their vil-
 lages.

⁶¹ In the wilderness, Beth-arabah, Middin, and Secacah, and
⁶² Nibshan, and the city of Salt, and En-gedi, six cities with
 their villages.

⁶³ As for the Jebusites the inhabitants of Jerusalem, the
 children of Judah could not drive them out. And the
 Jebusites dwelt with the children of Judah at Jerusalem
 unto this day.

¹ And the lot fell to the children of Joseph from the Jordan
 by Jericho ; at the waters of Jericho on the east, to the wil-
 derness that goes up from Jericho on the mountain of Beth-el ;
² and it went out from Beth-el to Luz, and passed along unto
³ the border of the Archite to Ataroth ; and it went down west-
 ward to the border of the Japhletites, unto the border of Beth-
 horon the lower, and unto Gezer ; and their terminations
⁴ were at the sea. And the children of Joseph, Manasseh
 and Ephraim, took it for their possession.

⁵ And the border of the children of Ephraim according to
 their families, the border of their inheritance on the east side
⁶ was Ataroth-addar, unto Beth-horon the upper ; and the
 border went out toward the sea to Michmethah on the north ;
 and the border turned eastward unto Taanath-shiloh, and
⁷ passed by it eastward to Janohah ; and it went down from
 Janohah to Ataroth and Naarath, and came to Jericho, and
⁸ went out at the Jordan. From Tappuah the border went
 out westward unto the river Kanah ; and its terminations

were at the sea. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the
⁹ children of Ephraim by their families ; and the cities set apart for the children of Ephraim in the midst of the inheritance of the children of Manasseh, all the cities with their
¹⁰ villages. And they did not drive out the Canaanites that dwelt in Gezer ; and the Canaanites dwelt among the Ephraimites unto this day, and became tributary servants.

¹ There was a lot for the tribe of Manasseh, for he was the firstborn of Joseph ; for Machir the firstborn of Manasseh, the father of Gilead ; because he was a man of war, therefore he had Gilead and Bashan. There was also for the rest of the children of Manasseh by their families ; for the children of Abiezer, and for the children of Helek, and for the children of Asriel, and for the children of Shechem, and for the children of Hepher, and for the children of Shemida ; these were the male children of Manasseh the son of Joseph by their families.

³ And Zelophehad, the son of Hepher, the son of Gilead, the son of Machir, the son of Manasseh, had no sons, but daughters. And these are the names of his daughters ;

⁴ Mahlah, and Noah, Hoglah, Milcah, and Tirzah. And they came near before Eleazar the priest, and before Joshua the son of Nun, and before the princes, saying : Jehovah commanded Moses to give us an inheritance among our brethren. And he gave them, according to the command of Jehovah,
⁵ an inheritance among the brethren of their father. And there fell to Manasseh ten portions, besides the land of Gilead and
⁶ Bashan, which was beyond the Jordan ; because the daughters of Manasseh had an inheritance among his sons ; and the rest of Manasseh's sons had the land of Gilead.

⁷ And the border of Manasseh was from Asher to Michmethah, that lies before Shechem ; and the border went along toward the right hand unto the inhabitants of En-tappuah.

⁸ Now Manasseh had the land of Tappuah ; and Tappuah on the border of Manasseh belonged to the children of Ephraim.

⁹ And the border went down to the river Kanah, southward of the river. These were cities of Ephraim among the cities of

Manasseh. The border of Manasseh was on the north side ¹⁰ of the river, and its terminations were at the sea. Southward it was Ephraim's, and northward it was Manasseh's, and the sea was his border ; and they touched upon Asher ¹¹ on the north, and Issachar on the east. And Manasseh had in Issachar and in Asher Beth-shean and her daughters, and Ibleam and her daughters, and the inhabitants of Dor and her daughters, and the inhabitants of Endor and her daughters, and the inhabitants of Taanach and her daughters, and the inhabitants of Megiddo and her daughters, the three ¹² heights. And the children of Manasseh could not take possession of these cities ; and it was the will of the Canaanites ¹³ to dwell in that land. And it came to pass, when the children of Israel became strong, that they made the Canaanites tributary, and did not utterly dispossess them.

¹⁴ And the children of Joseph spoke to Joshua, saying : Why hast thou given me one lot and one portion to inherit, seeing I am a great people, forasmuch as Jehovah has blessed me ¹⁵ hitherto ? And Joshua answered them : If thou art a great people, get thee up to the woodland, and cut down for thyself there in the land of the Perizzites and of the giants, if ¹⁶ mount Ephraim is too narrow for thee. And the children of Joseph said : The mountain is not enough for us ; and all the Canaanites that dwell in the valley-land have chariots of iron, they who are of Beth-shean and her daughters, and they who ¹⁷ are of the valley of Jezreel. And Joshua spoke to the house of Joseph, to Ephraim and to Manasseh, saying : Thou art a great people, and hast great power ; thou shalt not have one ¹⁸ lot. But a mountain shall be thine ; for it is a wood, and thou shalt cut it down, and the farthest ends of it shall be thine. For thou shalt drive out the Canaanites, because they have iron chariots, and because they are strong.

¹ AND all the congregation of the children of Israel assembled together at Shiloh, and set up the tabernacle of the congre-

V. 11. *Daughters.* See the note on 15 : 45.

V. 18. *Farthest ends.* Or, outgoings ; namely, outrunners, mountain spurs.

² gation there. And the land was subdued before them. And there remained among the children of Israel seven tribes,
³ which had not yet received their inheritance. And Joshua said to the children of Israel : How long do ye show yourselves slack to go in to possess the land, which Jehovah God
⁴ of your fathers has given you ? Choose for you three men for each tribe, and I will send them. And they shall rise up and go through the land, and describe it according to their
⁵ inheritance, and shall come again to me. And they shall divide it into seven parts. Judah shall abide in his border on the south, and the house of Joseph shall abide in their
⁶ border on the north. And ye shall describe the land in seven parts, and bring it hither to me ; and I will cast lots for you
⁷ here before Jehovah our God. For the Levites have no part among you ; for the priesthood of Jehovah is their inheritance. And Gad, and Reuben, and the half tribe of Manasseh, have received their inheritance beyond the Jordan on the east, which Moses the servant of Jehovah gave them.

⁸ And the men arose, and went away. And Joshua charged them that went to describe the land, saying : Go and walk through the land, and describe it, and come again to me ; and
⁹ I will here cast lots for you before Jehovah in Shiloh. And the men went and passed through the land, and described it by cities into seven parts in a book ; and they came again to
¹⁰ Joshua, to the camp at Shiloh. And Joshua cast lots for them in Shiloh before Jehovah ; and there Joshua distributed the land to the children of Israel, according to their divisions.

¹¹ And there came up the lot of the tribe of the children of Benjamin according to their families. And the border of their lot came forth between the children of Judah and the
¹² children of Joseph. And their border on the north side was from the Jordan ; and the border went up to the side of Jericho on the north, and went up on the mountain westward ; and the extremities thereof were at the wilderness
¹³ of Beth-aven. And the border passed over from thence toward Luz, to the south side of Luz, which is Beth-el. And the border went down to Ataroth-addar, on the

- mountain that is on the south side of the lower Beth-horon.
- ¹⁴ And the border was stretched onward, and turned toward the west side southward from the mountain that is before Beth-horon on the south ; and its extremities were at Kir-jath-baal, which is Kirjath-jearim, a city of the children of
- ¹⁵ Judah. This was the west side. And the south was from the end of Kirjath-jearim. And the border went out westerly, and went out to the fountain of water of Nephtoah ;
- ¹⁶ and the border went down to the end of the mountain that is before the valley of the son of Hinnom, which is in the valley of the giants on the north, and went down to the valley of Hinnom, to the south side of the Jebusites, and went
- ¹⁷ down to En-rogel. And it extended northerly, and went out to En-shemesh, and went out toward Geliloth, which is over against the ascent of Adummim, and went down to the stone
- ¹⁸ of Bohan the son of Reuben. And it passed along toward the side over against Arabah northward, and went down to
- ¹⁹ Arabah. And the border passed along to the side of Beth-hoglah northward. And the extremities of the border were at the north tongue of the salt sea at the south end of the
- ²⁰ Jordan. This was the south border. And the Jordan was its border on the east side. This was the inheritance of the children of Benjamin, by the borders thereof round about, according to their families.
- ²¹ And the cities of the tribe of the children of Benjamin, according to their families, were Jericho, and Beth-hoglah,
- ²² and Emeq-Keziz, and Beth-arabah, and Zemaraim, and Beth-
- ²³ el, and Avim, and Parah, and Ophrah, and Chephar-haam-monai, and Ophni, and Gaba, twelve cities with their villages ;
- ²⁵ Gibeon, and Ramah, and Beeroth, and Mizpeh, and Chephirah,
- ²⁶ and Mozah, and Rekem, and Irpeel, and Taralah, and Zelah, Eleph, and Jebusite which is Jerusalem, Gibeath, Kirjath, fourteen cities with their villages. This is the inheritance of the children of Benjamin, according to their families.
- ¹ And the second lot came out for Simeon, for the tribe of the children of Simeon, according to their families ; and their inheritance was within the inheritance of the children of

² Judah. And they had in their inheritance, Beer-sheba, and
³ Sheba, and Moladah, and Hazar-shual, and Balah, and Azem,
⁴ and Eltolad, and Bethul, and Hormah, and Ziklag, and Beth-
⁵ marcaboth, and Hazar-susah, and Beth-lebaoth, and Sharuhem,
⁶ thirteen cities and their villages ; Ain, Remmon, and Ether,
⁷ and Ashan, four cities and their villages ; and all the villages
that were round about these cities to Baalath-beer, Ramath-
negeb. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children
⁸ of Simeon, according to their families. Out of the portion
of the children of Judah was the inheritance of the children
of Simeon. For the part of the children of Judah was too
much for them ; therefore the children of Simeon inherited
within their inheritance.

¹⁰ And the third lot came up for the children of Zebulun, ac-
cording to their families. And the border of their inheritance
¹¹ was unto Sarid. And their border went up toward the west,
and Maralah, and reached to Dabbasheth, and reached to the
¹² river that is before Jokneam. And it turned from Sarid
eastward toward the sunrising unto the border of Chisloth-
tabor, and went out to Daberath, and went up to Japhia.
¹³ And from thence it passed on easterly toward the sunrising
to Gittah-hepher, to Ittah-kazin, and went out to Remmon,
¹⁴ that extends to Neah. And the border turned around it on
the north side to Haumathon ; and the extremities thereof
¹⁵ were in the valley of Jiphthah-el ; and Kattath, and Nahallal,
and Shimron, and Idalah, and Beth-lehem ; twelve cities with
¹⁶ their villages. This is the inheritance of the children of
Zebulun according to their families, these cities with their
villages.

¹⁷ The fourth lot came out for Issachar, for the children of
¹⁸ Issachar according to their families. And their border was
¹⁹ toward Jezreel, and Chesulloth, and Shunem, and Haphraim,
²⁰ and Shihon, and Anaharath, and Rabbith, and Kishion, and
²¹ Abez, and Remeth, and En-gannim, and Eu-haddah, and
²² Beth-pazzez. And the border reached to Tabor, and Sha-
hazimah, and Beth-shemesh ; and the extremities of their
border were at the Jordan ; sixteen cities with their villages.

- ²³ This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children of Issachar, according to their families, the cities with their villages.
- ²⁴ And the fifth lot came out for the tribe of the children of ²⁵ Asher, according to their families. And their border was ²⁶ Helkath, and Hali, and Beten, and Achshaph, and Alammelech, and Amad, and Mishal ; and it reached to Carmel ²⁷ westward, and to Shihor-libnath. And it turned toward the sunrising to Beth-dagon, and reached to Zebulun, and to the valley of Jiphthah-el toward the north of Beth-emek and ²⁸ Neiel, and went out to Cabul on the left, and Hebron, and ²⁹ Rehob, and Hammon, and Kanah, unto great Zidon. And the border turned to Ramah, and unto the Tyrian-fortress. And the border turned to Hosah ; and the extremities there-³⁰ of at the sea from the tract toward Achzib ; and Ummah, and Aphek, and Rehob ; twenty and two cities with their villages.
- ³¹ This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children of Asher, according to their families, these cities with their villages.
- ³² The sixth lot came out for the children of Naphtali, for the ³³ children of Naphtali according to their families. And their border was from Heleph, from the oak by Zaanannim, and Adami-nekeb, and Jabneel, unto Lakum ; and the extremities ³⁴ thereof were at the Jordan ; and the border turned westward to Aznoth-tabor, and went out from thence to Hukkok, and reached to Zebulun on the south, and reached to Asher on the west, and to Judah upon the Jordan toward the sunris-³⁵ ing. And the fenced cities were Ziddim, Zer, and Hammath, ³⁶ Rakkath, and Chinnereth, and Adamah, and Ramah, and ³⁷ Hazor, and Kedesh, and Edrei, and En-hazor, and Iron, and ³⁸ Migdal-el, Horem, and Beth-anath, and Beth-shemesh ; nine-³⁹ teen cities with their villages. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children of Naphtali, according to their families, the cities with their villages.
- ⁴⁰ The seventh lot came out for the tribe of the children of ⁴¹ Dan, according to their families. And the border of their ⁴² inheritance was Zorah, and Eshtaol, and Ir-shemesh, and

V. 29. *Tyrian-fortress.* See 2 Sam. 24:7, "stronghold of Tyre."

V. 33. *The oak; oak forest.*

⁴³ Shaalabbin, and Aijalon, and Jethlah, and Elon, and Thimmathah, and Ekron, and Eltekeh, and Gibbethon, and Baalath, ⁴⁴ and Jehud, and Bene-berak, and Gath-rimmon, and ⁴⁵ Me-jarkon, and Rakkon, with the border before Japho. And the border of the children of Dan went out from them. And the children of Dan went up to fight against Leshem, and took it, and smote it with the edge of the sword, and possessed it, and dwelt therein. And they called Leshem ⁴⁶ Dan, after the name of Dan their father. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children of Dan, according to their families, these cities with their villages.

⁴⁷ When they had made an end of dividing the land for inheritance by its boundaries, the children of Israel gave an ⁴⁸ inheritance among them to Joshua the son of Nun. According to the word of Jehovah they gave him the city which he asked, Timnath-serah in mount Ephraim. And he built the ⁴⁹ city, and dwelt therem. These are the inheritances, which Eleazar the priest, and Joshua the son of Nun, and the heads of the fathers of the tribes of the children of Israel, divided for an inheritance by lot in Shiloh before Jehovah, at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And they made an end of dividing the country.

¹ AND Jehovah spoke to Joshua, saying: Speak to the children of Israel, saying: Appoint for you cities of refuge, ² whereof I spoke to you by the hand of Moses; that the slayer that kills any person unawares, unwittingly, may flee thither; and they shall be to you a refuge from the avenger ³ of blood. And when he that flees to one of these cities shall stand at the entrance of the gate of the city, and shall declare his cause in the ears of the elders of that city, they shall take him to them into the city, and give him a place, that he may ⁴ dwell among them. And if the avenger of blood pursue after him, then they shall not deliver up the slayer into his hand; because he smote his neighbor unwittingly, and hated

⁶ him not beforetime. And he shall dwell in that city, until he stand before the congregation for judgment, until the death of the high priest that shall be in those days. Then shall the slayer return, and come to his own city and to his own house, to the city from whence he fled.

⁷ And they consecrated Kedesh in Galilee on mount Naphtali, and Shechem on mount Ephraim, and Kirjath-arba, which is ⁸ Hebron, in the hill country of Judah. And beyond the Jordan by Jericho eastward, they appointed Bezer in the wilderness upon the plain, out of the tribe of Reuben, and Ramoth in Gilead out of the tribe of Gad, and Golan in Bashan out ⁹ of the tribe of Manasseh. These were the cities assigned for all the children of Israel, and for the stranger that sojourns among them ; that whosoever kills any person unawares may flee thither, and not die by the hand of the avenger of blood, until he has stood before the congregation.

¹ AND the heads of the fathers of the Levites came near to Eleazar the priest, and to Joshua the son of Nun, and to the heads of the fathers of the tribes of the children of Israel, ² and spoke to them at Shiloh in the land of Canaan, saying : Jehovah commanded by the hand of Moses to give us cities ³ to dwell in, with the suburbs thereof for our cattle. And the children of Israel gave to the Levites out of their inheritance, at the command of Jehovah, these cities and their suburbs. ⁴ And the lot came out for the families of the Kohathites. And the children of Aaron the priest, of the Levites, had by lot out of the tribe of Judah, and out of the tribe of Simeon, ⁵ and out of the tribe of Benjamin, thirteen cities. And the rest of the children of Kohath had by lot out of the families of the tribe of Ephraim, and out of the tribe of Dan, and ⁶ out of the half tribe of Manasseh, ten cities. And the children of Gershon had by lot out of the families of the tribe of Issachar, and out of the tribe of Asher, and out of the tribe of Naphtali, and out of the half tribe of Manasseh in ⁷ Bashan, thirteen cities. The children of Merari, by their families had out of the tribe of Reuben, and out of the tribe

⁸ of Gad, and out of the tribe of Zebulun, twelve cities. And the children of Israel gave by lot to the Levites these cities with their suburbs, as Jehovah commanded by the hand of Moses.

⁹ And they gave out of the tribe of the children of Judah, and out of the tribe of the children of Simeon, these cities ¹⁰ which were called by name. And it came to the children of Aaron, of the families of the Kohathites, of the children of ¹¹ Levi, for theirs was the first lot ; and they gave them the city of Arba the father of Anak, which is Hebron, in the hill country of Judah, with the suburbs thereof round about it. ¹² But the field of the city, and the villages thereof, gave they to Caleb the son of Jephunneh for his possession.

¹³ And to the children of Aaron the priest they gave Hebron with her suburbs, a city of refuge for the slayer, and Libnah ¹⁴ with her suburbs, and Jattir with her suburbs, and Eshtemoa ¹⁵ with her suburbs, and Holon with her suburbs, and Debir ¹⁶ with her suburbs, and Ain with her suburbs, and Juttah with her suburbs, and Beth-shemesh with her suburbs : nine cities ¹⁷ out of these two tribes. And out of the tribe of Benjamin, ¹⁸ Gibeon with her suburbs, Geba with her suburbs, Anathoth with her suburbs, and Almon with her suburbs ; four cities. ¹⁹ All the cities of the children of Aaron, the priests, were thirteen cities with their suburbs.

²⁰ And the families of the children of Kohath, the Levites, the rest of the children of Kohath, they had the cities of their ²¹ lot out of the tribe of Ephraim. And they gave them Shechem with her suburbs on mount Ephraim, a city of refuge ²² for the slayer, and Gezer with her suburbs, and Kibzaim with her suburbs, and Beth-horon with her suburbs ; four cities. ²³ And out of the tribe of Dan, Eltekeh with her suburbs, Gibbethon with her suburbs, Aijalon with her suburbs, Gath-rimmon ²⁵ with her suburbs ; four cities. And out of the half tribe of Manasseh, Taanach with her suburbs, and Gath-rimmon ²⁶ with her suburbs ; two cities. All the cities were ten, with their suburbs, for the families of the rest of the children of Kohath.

- ²⁷ And to the children of Gershon, of the families of the Levites, out of the half tribe of Manasseh [they gave] Golan in Bashan with her suburbs, a city of refuge for the slayer.
- ²⁸ and Beesliterah with her suburbs ; two cities. And out of the tribe of Issachar, Kishon with her suburbs, Dabareh with
- ²⁹ her suburbs, Jarmuth with her suburbs, En-gannim with her
- ³⁰ suburbs ; four cities. And out of the tribe of Asher, Mishal
- ³¹ with her suburbs, Abdon with her suburbs, Helkath with her
- ³² suburbs, and Rehob with her suburbs ; four cities. And out of the tribe of Naphtali, Kedesh in Galilee with her suburbs, a city of refuge for the slayer, and Hammoth-dor with her
- ³³ suburbs, and Kartan with her suburbs ; three cities. All the cities of the Gershonites, by their families, were thirteen cities with their suburbs.
- ³⁴ And to the families of the children of Merari the rest of the Levites, out of the tribe of Zebulun, Jokneam with her
- ³⁵ suburbs, Kartah with her suburbs, Dimnah with her suburbs,
- ³⁶ Nahalal with her suburbs ; four cities. And out of the tribe of Reuben, Bezer with her suburbs, and Jahazah with her
- ³⁷ suburbs, Kedemoth with her suburbs, and Mephaath with her
- ³⁸ suburbs ; four cities. And out of the tribe of Gad, Ramoth in Gilead with her suburbs, a city of refuge for the slayer,
- ³⁹ and Mahanaim with her suburbs, Heshbon with her suburbs,
- ⁴⁰ Jazer with her suburbs ; four cities in all. All the cities for the children of Merari by their families, the rest of the families of the Levites, were by their lot twelve cities. All the cities of the Levites, within the possession of the children of
- ⁴¹ Israel, were forty and eight cities with their suburbs. These cities were every one with their suburbs round about them ; thus were all these cities.
- ⁴³ And Jehovah gave to Israel all the land which he had sworn to give to their fathers ; and they possessed it, and
- ⁴⁴ dwelt therein. And Jehovah gave them rest round about, according to all that he had sworn to their fathers. And there stood not a man of all their enemies before them ; Je-

⁴⁵ hovah delivered all their enemies into their hands. There failed not ought of any good thing which Jehovah had spoken to the house of Israel ; all came to pass.

- ¹ THEN Joshua called the Reubenites, and the Gadites, and
² the half tribe of Manasseh, and said to them : Ye have kept
all that Moses the servant of Jehovah commanded you, and
³ have obeyed my voice in all that I commanded you. Ye
have not left your brethren these many days unto this day,
but have kept the charge, the commandment of Jehovah
⁴ your God. And now Jehovah your God has given rest to
your brethren, as he spoke to them. And now return ye,
and go to your tents, to the land of your possession, which
Moses the servant of Jehovah gave you beyond the Jordan.
⁵ Only take diligent heed to do the commandment and the law,
which Moses the servant of Jehovah commanded you, to love
Jehovah your God, and to walk in all his ways, and to keep
his commandments, and to cleave to him, and to serve him
⁶ with all your heart and with all your soul. And Joshua
blessed them, and let them go ; and they went to their tents.
⁷ And to the half of the tribe of Manasseh Moses had given
[possession] in Bashan ; and to the half thereof Joshua gave
it among their brethren beyond the Jordan westward. And
also when Joshua let them go to their tents, he blessed them.
⁸ And he spoke to them, saying : Return with much riches to
your tents, and with very much cattle, with silver, and with
gold, and with brass, and with iron, and with raiment in great
abundance. Divide the spoil of your enemies with your
brethren.
⁹ And the children of Reuben, and the children of Gad, and
the half tribe of Manasseh returned, and departed from the
children of Israel, from Shiloh which is in the land of Ca-
naan, to go to the land of Gilead, to the land of their posses-
sion, wherein they took possessions according to the word of
¹⁰ Jehovah by the hand of Moses. And they came to the bor-
ders of the Jordan, that are in the land of Canaan. And

the children of Reuben, and the children of Gad, and the half tribe of Manasseh built there an altar by the Jordan, an altar great in appearance.

- ¹¹ And the children of Israel heard say : Behold, the children of Reuben, and the children of Gad, and the half tribe of Manasseh have built an altar over against the land of Canaan, in the borders of the Jordan, opposite the children of Israel.
- ¹² And when the children of Israel heard it, the whole congregation of the children of Israel gathered themselves together
- ¹³ at Shiloh, to go up an army against them. And the children of Israel sent to the children of Reuben, and to the children of Gad, and to the half tribe of Manasseh into the land of
- ¹⁴ Gilead, Phinehas the son of Eleazar the priest ; and with him ten princes, a prince for each ancestral house of all the tribes of Israel ; and they were heads each one of them of their ancestral houses, of the thousands of Israel.
- ¹⁵ And they came to the children of Reuben, and to the children of Gad, and to the half tribe of Manasseh, into the
- ¹⁶ land of Gilead, and they spoke with them, saying : Thus say all the congregation of Jehovah : What trespass is this that ye have trespassed against the God of Israel, to turn away this day from following Jehovah, in that ye have built for
- ¹⁷ you an altar, to rebel this day against Jehovah ? Is the iniquity of Peor too little for us, from which we are not cleansed to this day, and the plague was upon the congregation of Je-
- ¹⁸ hovah, that ye should turn away this day from following Jehovah ? And it will be, that to day ye rebel against Jehovah, and to morrow he will be wroth with the whole congre-
- ¹⁹ gation of Israel. But, if the land of your possession is unclean, pass over to the land of Jehovah's possession, wherein dwells the tabernacle of Jehovah, and take possession among us. And rebel not against Jehovah, nor rebel against us, in building you an altar, besides the altar of Jehovah our God.
- ²⁰ Did not Achan the son of Zerah commit a trespass in the accursed thing, and wrath was on all the congregation of Israel ? And he perished not alone in his iniquity.

²¹ And the children of Reuben, and the children of Gad, and the half tribe of Manasseh answered, and spoke to the heads ²² of the thousands of Israel: God, God Jehovah, God, God Jehovah, he knows, and Israel he shall know. If it be in rebellion, or if in transgression against Jehovah, (save us not ²³ this day,) that we have built us an altar to turn from following Jehovah, or if to offer thereon burnt offering or meat offering, or if to make peace offerings thereon, let Jehovah ²⁴ himself require it; and if we have not done it from fear, for a cause, saying, in time to come your children will speak to our children, saying, what have ye to do with Jehovah God ²⁵ of Israel? For Jehovah has made the Jordan a border between us and you, ye children of Reuben, and children of Gad; ye have no part in Jehovah. And your children will ²⁶ make our children cease from fearing Jehovah. And we said: Let us now prepare to build us an altar, not for burnt ²⁷ offering, nor for sacrifice; but that it may be a witness between us and you and our generations after us, that we do the service of Jehovah before him with our burnt offerings, and with our sacrifices, and with our peace offerings; that your children may not say to our children in time to come, ²⁸ Ye have no part in Jehovah. And we said, if it be that they shall so say to us and to our generations in time to come, then we may say: Behold the pattern of the altar of Jehovah, which our fathers made, not for burnt offerings, nor for ²⁹ sacrifices; but it is a witness between us and you. Far be it from us, that we should rebel against Jehovah, and turn this day from following Jehovah, to build an altar for burnt offerings, for meat offerings, and for sacrifices, besides the altar of Jehovah our God that is before his tabernacle.

³⁰ And Phinehas the priest, and the princes of the congregation and heads of the thousands of Israel which were with him, heard the words that the children of Reuben and the children of Gad and the children of Manasseh spoke; and it ³¹ was good in their sight. And Phinehas, the son of Eleazar the priest, said to the children of Reuben, and to the children of Gad, and to the children of Manasseh: This day we per-

ceive that Jehovah is among us, because ye have not committed this trespass against Jehovah ; now ye have delivered the children of Israel out of the hand of Jehovah.

- ³² And Phinchas, the son of Eleazar the priest, and the princes, returned from the children of Reuben, and from the children of Gad, out of the land of Gilead, into the land of Canaan, to the children of Israel, and brought back word to ³³ them. And the thing was good in the sight of the children of Israel. And the children of Israel blessed God, and no longer purposed to go up an army against them, to lay waste the land wherein the children of Reuben and Gad dwelt. ³⁴ And the children of Reuben and the children of Gad called the altar, A witness between us that Jehovah is God.

¹ AND it came to pass, many years after Jehovah had given rest to Israel from all their enemies round about, and Joshua ² was old, far gone in years ; that Joshua called all Israel, their elders, and their heads, and their judges, and their officers, ³ and said to them : I am old, far gone in years. And ye have seen all that Jehovah your God has done to all these nations because of you ; for Jehovah your God is he that fought for ⁴ you. See, I have divided to you by lot these nations that remain, to be an inheritance for your tribes, from the Jordan, and all the nations that I have cut off, and the great sea at ⁵ the going down of the sun. And Jehovah your God, he will thrust them out from before you, and drive them from your presence ; and ye shall possess their land, as Jehovah ⁶ your God has promised to you. Be ye therefore very steadfast, to keep and to do all that is written in the book of the law of Moses, that ye turn not aside therefrom to the right ⁷ hand or to the left ; that ye come not among these nations, these that remain among you ; nor make mention of the name of their gods, nor cause to swear by them, nor serve them, ⁸ nor bow yourselves to them ; but cleave unto Jehovah your ⁹ God, as ye have done to this day. And Jehovah has driven out from before you great nations and strong ; and as for you, ¹⁰ no man has been able to stand before you to this day. One

man of you shall chase a thousand ; for Jehovah your God,
¹¹ he it is that fights for you, as he has promised you. And take good heed to yourselves, that ye love Jehovah your God.
¹² For if ye do in any manner go back, and cleave to the remnant of these nations, these that remain with you, and shall make marriages with them, and go in with them, and they
¹³ with you ; know assuredly that Jehovah your God will no more drive out these nations from your presence ; but they will be snares and traps to you, and scourges in your sides, and thorns in your eyes, until ye perish out of this good land
¹⁴ which Jehovah your God has given you. And, behold, this day I am going the way of all the earth ; and ye know in all your hearts and in all your souls, that not one thing has failed of all the good things which Jehovah your God spoke concerning you ; all are come to pass to you, not one thing has
¹⁵ failed thereof. And it shall come to pass, that as all good things are come upon you, which Jehovah your God has spoken to you ; so will Jehovah bring upon you every evil thing, until he shall have destroyed you off from this good
¹⁶ land which Jehovah your God gave to you. When ye transgress the covenant of Jehovah your God, which he commanded you, and go and serve other gods, and bow yourselves to them ; then will the anger of Jehovah be kindled against you, and ye shall perish quickly off the good land which he gave to you.

¹ AND Joshua gathered all the tribes of Israel to Shechem ; and he called the elders of Israel, and their heads, and their judges, and their officers, and they presented themselves before God. And Joshua said to all the people : Thus says Jehovah God of Israel, your fathers dwelt beyond the river in old time, Terah the father of Abraham and the father of
³ Nahor ; and they served other gods. And I took your father Abraham from beyond the river, and led him throughout all the land of Canaan, and multiplied his seed, and gave
⁴ him Isaac. And to Isaac I gave Jacob and Esau ; and to

Esau I gave mount Seir, to possess it ; and Jacob and his
5 children went down into Egypt. And I sent Moses and
Aaron, and I smote Egypt, in that which I did in the midst
6 of them ; and afterward I brought you out. And I brought
your fathers out of Egypt. And ye came to the sea ; and
the Egyptians pursued after your fathers, with chariots and
7 horsemen, unto the Red sea. And they cried to Jehovah ;
and he put darkness between you and the Egyptians, and
brought the sea upon them, and covered them ; and your
eyes have seen what I have done in Egypt. And ye dwelt
8 in the wilderness a long season. And I brought you into the
land of the Amorites, who dwelt beyond the Jordan. And
they fought with you, and I gave them into your hand, that
ye might possess their land ; and I destroyed them from before
9 you. And Balak the son of Zippor, king of Moab, rose up
and warred against Israel ; and he sent and called Balaam the
10 son of Beor to curse you. And I would not hearken to Ba-
laam, and he still blessed you ; and I delivered you out of his
11 hand. And ye passed over the Jordan, and came to Jericho.
And the inhabitants of Jericho fought against you ; the Am-
orites, and the Perizzites, and the Canaanites, and the Hittites,
and the Girgashites, the Hivites, and the Jebusites ; and I
12 delivered them into your hand. And I sent before you the
hornets ; which drove them out from before you, the two
kings of the Amorites ; not with thy sword, nor with thy bow.
13 And I gave you a land on which ye labored not, and cities
which ye built not, and ye dwell in them ; of vineyards and
oliveyards which ye planted not do ye eat.
14 And now fear Jehovah, and serve him in sincerity and in
truth ; and put away the gods which your fathers served be-
15 yond the river, and in Egypt, and serve ye Jehovah. And
if it seem evil to you to serve Jehovah, choose for you this
day whom ye will serve ; whether the gods which your fathers
served, that were beyond the river, or the gods of the Amor-
ites, in whose land ye dwell ; but as for me and my house,
we will serve Jehovah.

V. 12. *The hornets* ; metaphorically descriptive of the terror and panic which preceded the advance of the Israelites.

¹⁶ And the people answered and said: Far be it from us that
¹⁷ we should forsake Jehovah, to serve other gods. For Jehovah our God, he it is that brought us up and our fathers out of the land of Egypt, from the house of bondage, and who did those great signs in our sight, and preserved us in all the way wherein we went, and among all the people through
¹⁸ whom we passed. And Jehovah drove out from before us all the peoples, and the Amorites which dwelt in the land; we will also serve Jehovah, for he is our God.

¹⁹ And Joshua said to the people: Ye cannot serve Jehovah. For he is a holy God; he is a jealous God; he will not forgive your transgressions nor your sins. If ye forsake Jehovah, and serve strange gods, then he will turn and do you hurt, and consume you, after that he has done you good.

²¹ And the people said to Joshua: Nay; for we will serve Jehovah. And Joshua said to the people: Ye are witnesses against yourselves, that ye have chosen for you Jehovah, to
²³ serve him. And they said: We are witnesses. And now put away the strange gods which are among you, and incline
²⁴ your heart to Jehovah God of Israel. And the people said to Joshua: Jehovah our God will we serve, and his voice
²⁵ will we obey. And Joshua made a covenant with the people that day, and set them a statute and an ordinance in Shechem.

²⁶ And Joshua wrote these words in the book of the law of God; and he took a great stone, and set it up there under
²⁷ an oak, that was by the sanctuary of Jehovah. And Joshua said to all the people: Behold, this stone shall be for a witness against us; for it has heard all the words of Jehovah which he has spoken with us, and shall be for a witness
²⁸ against you, lest ye deny your God. And Joshua let the people depart, every man to his inheritance.

²⁹ And it came to pass after these things, that Joshua the son of Nun, the servant of Jehovah, died, being a hundred
³⁰ and ten years old. And they buried him in the border of his inheritance in Timnath-serah, which is in mount Ephraim,
³¹ on the north side of mount Gaash. And Israel served Jehovah all the days of Joshua, and all the days of the elders

that long outlived Joshua, and who had known all the works of Jehovah, that he had done for Israel.

³² And the bones of Joseph, which the children of Israel brought up out of Egypt, buried they in Shechem, in a part of the field which Jacob bought of the sons of Hamor, the father of Shechem, for a hundred kesitas; and it became the

³³ inheritance of the children of Joseph. And Eleazar the son of Aaron died. And they buried him in Gibeah [the city] of Phinehas his son, which was given him in mount Ephraim.

V. 32. *Kesitas.* See the writer's note on Gen. 33:19.

BOOK OF THE JUDGES.

¹ AND it came to pass after the death of Joshua, that the children of Israel inquired of Jehovah, saying: Who shall first go up for us against the Canaanites, to fight against them? And Jehovah said: Judah shall go up. Behold, I have given the land into his hand. And Judah said to Simeon his brother: Go up with me into my lot, and let us fight against the Canaanites; and I also will go with thee into thy lot. And Simeon went with him. And Judah went up; and Jehovah gave the Canaanites and the Perizzites into their hand; and they smote of them in Bezek ten thousand men. And they found Adoni-bezek in Bezek; and they fought against him, and they smote the Canaanites and the Perizzites. And Adoni-bezek fled. And they pursued after him, and caught him; and they cut off his thumbs and his great toes. And Adoni-bezek said: Threescore and ten kings, having their thumbs and their great toes cut off, gathered [food] under my table. As I have done, so God has requited me. And they brought him to Jerusalem, and there he died. And the children of Judah fought against Jerusalem. And they took it, and smote it with the edge of the sword, and set the city on fire.

⁹ And afterward the children of Judah went down to fight against the Canaanites, that dwelt in the hill country, and in ¹⁰ the south, and in the lowland. And Judah went against the Canaanites that dwelt in Hebron; and the name of Hebron formerly was city of Arba; and they smote Sheshai, ¹¹ and Ahiman, and Talmai. And from thence he went against the inhabitants of Debir; and the name of Debir formerly ¹² was Kirjath-sepher. And Caleb said: He that smites Kirjath-

sepher, and takes it, to him will I give Achsah my daughter
¹³ to wife. And Othniel, the son of Kenaz, Caleb's younger brother, took it. And he gave him Achsah his daughter to
¹⁴ wife. And it came to pass, when she had come, that she moved him to ask of her father the field. And she alighted from the ass; and Caleb said to her, What wouldest thou?
¹⁵ And she said to him: Give me a present. For thou hast given me a south land; give me also springs of water. And Caleb gave her the upper springs and the nether springs.
¹⁶ And the children of the Kenite, Moses' father in law, went up out of the city of palm trees with the children of Judah into the wilderness of Judah, which lies in the south of Arad.
¹⁷ And they went and dwelt among the people. And Judah went with Simeon his brother, and they smote the Canaanites that inhabited Zephath, and utterly destroyed it. And the
¹⁸ name of the city was called Hormah. And Judah took Gaza with the border thereof, and Ashkelon with the border
¹⁹ thereof, and Ekron with the border thereof. And Jehovah was with Judah; and he took possession of the hill country; for he could not drive out the inhabitants of the valley, be-
²⁰ cause they had chariots of iron. And they gave Hebron to Caleb, as Moses said; and he drove out thence the three sons of Anak.
²¹ And the children of Benjamin did not drive out the Jebusites that inhabited Jerusalem; and the Jebusites dwell with the children of Benjamin in Jerusalem unto this day.
²² And the house of Joseph, they also went up to Beth-el;
²³ and Jehovah was with them. And the house of Joseph sent to spy out Beth-el. And the name of the city formerly was
²⁴ Luz. And the watchers saw a man come forth out of the city. And they said to him: Show us, we pray thee, the entrance into the city, and we will deal kindly with thee.
²⁵ And he showed them the entrance into the city. And they smote the city with the edge of the sword; and they let the
²⁶ man go and all his family. And the man went into the land of the Hittites. And he built a city, and called its name Luz. That is its name to this day.

- ²⁷ Nor did Manasseh get possession of Beth-shean and her daughters, nor Taanach and her daughters, nor [drive out] the inhabitants of Dor and her daughters, nor the inhabitants of Ibleam and her daughters, nor the inhabitants of Megiddo and her daughters. And it was the will of the
- ²⁸ Canaanites to dwell in that land. And it came to pass, when Israel was strong, that they put the Canaanites to tribute, and did not utterly drive them out.
- ²⁹ Nor did Ephraim drive out the Canaanites that dwelt in Gezer; and the Canaanites dwelt in Gezer among them.
- ³⁰ Nor did Zebulun drive out the inhabitants of Kitron, nor the inhabitants of Nahalol; and the Canaanites dwelt among them, and became tributary.
- ³¹ Nor did Asher drive out the inhabitants of Accho, nor the inhabitants of Zidon, and Ahlab, and Achzib, and Helbah,
- ³² and Aphik, and Rehob. And the Asherites dwelt among the Canaanites, the inhabitants of the land; for they did not drive them out.
- ³³ Nor did Naphtali drive out the inhabitants of Beth-shemesh, nor the inhabitants of Beth-anath; and he dwelt among the Canaanites, the inhabitants of the land. And the inhabitants of Beth-shemesh and of Beth-anath became tributary to them.
- ³⁴ And the Amorites crowded the children of Dan into the hill country; for they would not suffer them to come down to the
- ³⁵ valley. And it was the will of the Amorites to dwell in mount Heres, in Aijalon, and in Shaalbim. And the hand of the house of Joseph was heavy, and they became tributary.
- ³⁶ And the border of the Amorites was from the ascent to Akrabbim, from Sela, and upward.
- ¹ AND an angel of Jehovah came up from Gilgal to Bochim, and said: I made you go up out of Egypt, and have brought you unto the land which I had sworn to your fathers; and I
- ² said, I will never break my covenant with you. And ye shall make no league with the inhabitants of this land; ye shall throw down their altars; and ye have not obeyed my voice.

- ³ What is this that ye have done? And I have also said: I will not thrust them out from before you; but they shall be your adversaries, and their gods shall be a snare to you.
- ⁴ And it came to pass, when the angel of Jehovah had spoken these words to all the children of Israel, that the people lifted ⁵ up their voice, and wept. And they called the name of that place Bochim. And they sacrificed there to Jehovah.
- ⁶ And Joshua let the people go; and the children of Israel ⁷ went every man to his inheritance, to possess the land. And the people served Jehovah all the days of Joshua, and all the days of the elders that long outlived Joshua, who saw all the ⁸ great works of Jehovah, that he wrought for Israel. And Joshua the son of Nun, the servant of Jehovah, died, being ⁹ a hundred and ten years old. And they buried him in the border of his inheritance in Timnath-heres, in the mount of ¹⁰ Ephraim, on the north side of mount Gaash. And also all that generation were gathered to their fathers; and there arose another generation after them, which knew not Jehovah, nor yet the works which he had wrought for Israel.
- ¹¹ And the children of Israel did evil in the sight of Jehovah, ¹² and served the Baals. And they forsook Jehovah, the God of their fathers, who brought them out of the land of Egypt, and went after other gods, of the gods of the peoples that were round about them, and bowed themselves unto them, ¹³ and provoked Jehovah to anger. And they forsook Jehovah, and served Baal and the Ashtoreths.
- ¹⁴ And the anger of Jehovah burned against Israel; and he gave them into the hand of plunderers that plundered them, and he sold them into the hand of their enemies round about, ¹⁵ and they could no longer stand before their enemies. Whithersoever they went out, the hand of Jehovah was against

V. 5. *Bochim; Weepers.*

V. 11. *Baals.* There were many temples of Baal, the supreme male divinity of those idolatrous nations; and he was worshipped under various local designations, and diversities of character and attributes. *Baalim*, in our common version, is the Hebrew plural of Baal.

V. 13. Ashtoreth was the supreme female divinity of those nations. She was the goddess of licentiousness as well as of good fortune; and her numerous temples were thronged with her votaries. For Baal and Ashtoreth see the writer's note on Gen. 14:5.

them for evil; as Jehovah had said, and as Jehovah had sworn to them. And they were greatly distressed.

¹⁶ And Jehovah raised up judges; and they rescued them from the hand of those that plundered them. And to their judges also they hearkened not; for they went adulterously after other gods, and bowed themselves to them; they turned quickly from the way which their fathers walked in, obeying the commandments of Jehovah; not so did they. And when Jehovah raised them up judges, then Jehovah was with the judge, and rescued them from the hand of their enemies all the days of the judge. For Jehovah had compassion, because of their groanings on account of those that oppressed them, and afflicted them. And it came to pass, when the judge was dead, that they returned, and corrupted themselves more than did their fathers, in going after other gods to serve them, and to bow down to them. They ceased not from their own doings, nor from their stubborn way.

²⁰ And the anger of Jehovah burned against Israel. And he said: Because this people have transgressed my covenant which I commanded their fathers, and have not hearkened to my voice; I also will no more drive out any from before them, of the nations which Joshua left when he died; that by them I may prove Israel, whether they will keep the way of Jehovah to walk therein, as their fathers kept it, or not. ²³ And Jehovah let those nations remain, without speedily driving them out; nor did he give them into the hand of Joshua.

¹ AND these are the nations which Jehovah let remain, to prove Israel by them, as many [of Israel] as had not known ² all the wars of Canaan; only that the generations of the children of Israel might get knowledge, to teach them war, them ³ only who knew it not before: [Namely], five lords of the Philistines, and all the Canaanites, and the Sidonians, and the Hivites that dwelt in mount Lebanon, from mount Baal-hermon unto the entering in of Hamath. And they were for proving Israel by them, to know whether they would hearken

unto the commandments of Jehovah, which he commanded their fathers by the hand of Moses.

⁵ And the children of Israel dwelt in the midst of the Canaanites, the Hittites, and the Amorites, and the Perizzites,

⁶ and the Hivites, and the Jebusites. And they took their daughters to be their wives, and gave their daughters to their

⁷ sons, and served their gods. And the children of Israel did evil in the sight of Jehovah, and forgot Jehovah their God, and served the Baals and the Asheras.

⁸ And the anger of Jehovah burned against Israel. And he sold them into the hand of Chushan-rishathaim king of Mesopotamia ; and the children of Israel served Chushan-risha-

⁹ thaim eight years. And the children of Israel cried unto Jehovah. And Jehovah raised up a deliverer to the chil-

children of Israel, who delivered them, Othniel the son of Kenaz,

¹⁰ Caleb's younger brother. And the Spirit of Jehovah was upon him, and he judged Israel. And he went out to war ; and Jehovah gave Chushan-rishathaim king of Mesopotamia into his hand, and his hand prevailed against Chushan-risha-

¹¹ thain. And the land had rest forty years ; and Othniel the son of Kenaz died.

¹² And the children of Israel did evil again in the sight of Jehovah, and Jehovah strengthened Eglon the king of Moab against Israel, because they had done evil in the sight of

¹³ Jehovah. And he gathered to him the children of Ammon and Amalek, and went and smote Israel, and took possession

¹⁴ of the city of palm trees. And the children of Israel served

¹⁵ Eglon the king of Moab eighteen years. And the children of Israel cried unto Jehovah. And Jehovah raised them up a deliverer, Ehud the son of Gera, a Benjamite, a man left-handed.

And by him the children of Israel sent a present to Eglon

¹⁶ the king of Moab. And Ehud made him a dagger which had two edges, of a cubit's length ; and he girded it under his

V. 7. *Ashera was a female idol, the goddess of concupiscence, represented and worshipped in the form of wooden images or pillars.*

V. 12. *Strengthened. See Joshua 11:20.*

¹⁷ raiment upon his right thigh. And he brought the present to Eglon king of Moab. And Eglon was a very fat man.
¹⁸ And when he had made an end of offering the present, he
¹⁹ sent away the people that bore the present. And he himself turned back from the graven images that were by Gilgal, and said: I have a secret message for thee, O king. And he said: Silence! And all that stood by him went out from him.
²⁰ And Ehud came in to him; and he was sitting in a cool upper chamber, which he had for himself alone. And Ehud said: I have a message from God to thee. And he rose up
²¹ from the seat. And Ehud put forth his left hand, and took the dagger from his right thigh, and thrust it into his bowels.
²² And the haft also went in after the blade, and the fat closed upon the blade; for he did not draw the dagger out of his
²³ bowels, and it came out behind. And Ehud went out on the balcony, and shut the doors of the upper chamber upon him,
²⁴ and locked them. And he went out. And his servants came in and saw, and behold, the doors of the upper chamber were locked; and they said: Surely he covers his feet in his cool
²⁵ inner chamber. And they waited till they were ashamed; and, behold, he opened not the doors of the chamber. And they took the key, and opened them; and, behold, their lord
²⁶ was fallen down dead on the earth. And Ehud escaped while they delayed; and he passed beyond the graven images, and
²⁷ escaped to Seirath. And it came to pass, when he was come, that he blew a trumpet in the mountain of Ephraim, and the children of Israel went down with him from the mount, and
²⁸ he before them. And he said to them: Haste after me; for Jehovah has delivered your enemies the Moabites into your hand. And they went down after him, and seized the fords of the Jordan toward Moab, and suffered not a man to pass
²⁹ over. And they smote of Moab at that time about ten thousand men, all robust, and all men of war; and there escaped
³⁰ not a man. And Moab was subdued that day under the hand of Israel. And the land had rest fourscore years.
³¹ And after him was Shamgar the son of Anath; and he smote of the Philistines six hundred men with an oxgoad. And he also delivered Israel.

¹ AND the children of Israel again did evil in the sight of ² Jehovah ; and Ehud was dead. And Jehovah sold them into the hand of Jabin king of Canaan, who reigned in Hazor ; and the captain of his host was Sisera, and he dwelt in ³ Harosheth of the Gentiles. And the children of Israel cried unto Jehovah. For he had nine hundred chariots of iron ; and twenty years he violently oppressed the children of Israel. ⁴ And Deborah, a prophetess, the wife of Lapidoth, she ⁵ judged Israel at that time. And she dwelt under the palm tree of Deborah, between Ramah and Beth-el on mount Ephraim. And the children of Israel came up to her for judgment. ⁶ And she sent and called Barak the son of Abinoam out of Kedesh-naphtali. And she said to him : Has not Jehovah God of Israel commanded ? Go and draw toward mount Tabor, and take with thee ten thousand men of the children ⁷ of Naphtali and of the children of Zebulun ? And I will draw unto thee, to the river Kishon, Sisera the captain of Jabin's army, with his chariots and his multitude ; and I will ⁸ give him into thy hand. And Barak said to her : If thou wilt go with me, then I will go ; and if thou wilt not go with ⁹ me, I will not go. And she said : I will surely go with thee. But yet thine honor will not be on the way that thou goest ; for Jehovah will sell Sisera into the hand of a woman. And Deborah arose, and went with Barak to Kedesh. ¹⁰ And Barak called together Zebulun and Naphtali to Kedesh ; and there went up ten thousand men at his feet, ¹¹ and Deborah went up with him. Now Heber the Kenite had severed himself from the Kenites, of the children of Hobab the father in law of Moses ; and he pitched his tent ¹² unto the oak of Zaanaim, which is by Kedesh. And they made known to Sisera that Barak the son of Abinoam was ¹³ gone up to mount Tabor. And Sisera called together all his chariots, nine hundred chariots of iron, and all the people that were with him, from Harosheth of the Gentiles unto the ¹⁴ river of Kishon. And Deborah said to Barak : Up ; for this is the day in which Jehovah has given Sisera into thy hand.

Is not Jehovah gone out before thee? And Barak went down from mount Tabor, and ten thousand men after him.

¹⁵ And Jehovah discomfited Sisera, and all his chariots, and all his host, with the edge of the sword before Barak. And Sisera alighted down off his chariot, and fled away on his feet. And Barak pursued after the chariots, and after the host, unto Harosheth of the Gentiles. And all the host of Sisera fell by the edge of the sword; there was not even a man left. And Sisera fled away on his feet to the tent of Jael the wife of Heber the Kenite. For there was peace between Jabin the king of Hazor and the house of Heber the Kenite.

¹⁸ And Jael went out to meet Sisera, and said to him: Turn aside, my lord, turn aside to me; fear not. And he turned aside to her into the tent, and she covered him with the carpet. And he said to her: Give me, I pray thee, a little water to drink; for I am thirsty. And she opened the skin ¹⁹ of milk, and gave him drink, and covered him. And he said to her: Stand in the door of the tent, and if any man shall come and inquire of thee, and say: Is there any one here?

²¹ thou shalt say, No one. And Jael, Heber's wife, took the tent-pin, and put the hammer in her hand, and came softly to him, and smote the pin into his temples, and it went down into the ground. And he was in a deep sleep and weary; and ²² he died. And, behold, Barak was pursuing Sisera. And Jael came out to meet him; and she said to him: Go, and I will show thee the man whom thou seekest. And he came in to her, and, behold, Sisera fallen dead, and the pin in his ²³ temples. And God subdued on that day Jabin the king of ²⁴ Canaan before the children of Israel. And the hand of the children of Israel grew more and more heavy against Jabin the king of Canaan, until they destroyed Jabin king of Canaan.

V. 19. *Skin of milk.* See the writer's note on Gen. 21:14.

V. 21. *Jael, Heber's wife.* There is no reason to doubt that she, notwithstanding the course taken by her husband (ch. 4:11, 12), remained faithful to the cause of God's people. This was her motive for the act hero described, and the ground of the commendation bestowed on it in ch. 5:24. Neither the act itself, nor Deborah's approval, is to be judged by the rules of our higher civilization.

1 THEN sang Deborah and Barak the son of Abinoam on that day, saying:—

2 That leaders in Israel led on,
That the people freely gave themselves,
 Bless ye Jehovah!

3 Hear, ye kings; give ear, ye princes;
I, to Jehovah will I sing;
Will sing praise to Jehovah, God of Israel.

4 Jehovah, when thou wentest forth out of Seir,
When thou didst march from the field of Edom,
Earth trembled, yea the heavens dropped,
Yea the clouds dropped water.

5 The mountains quaked before Jehovah—
That Sinai before Jehovah, God of Israel.

6 In the days of Shamgar, the son of Anath,
In the days of Jael, the highways had rest,
And travelers went through by-paths.

7 They ceased, a ruler in Israel, they ceased,
Until that I, Deborah, arose,
That I arose, a mother in Israel.

8 They chose new gods;
Then was war in the gates;
Was there seen a shield or a spear,
Among forty thousand in Israel?

9 My heart is toward the commanders of Israel;
To them of the people that freely gave themselves.
 Bless ye Jehovah!

10 Ye that ride on white asses,
Ye that sit on carpetings,
And ye that walk by the way,
Think thereon;

11 Of the shout of those parting the spoil with water-drawers—
There will they rehearse Jehovah's righteous acts,
The righteous acts of his rule in Israel.
Then came they down to the gates, the people of Jehovah.

12 Awake, awake, Deborah;
Awake, awake, utter a song;
Arise, Barak, and lead thy captured captive,
Thou son of Abinoam!

13 Then came down a remnant of the nobles, a people;
Jehovah came down to me among the valiant;
14 Out of Ephraim, their seat in Amalek,
After thee, Benjamin, among thy peoples;

- Out of Machir came down commanders,
And out of Zebulun those holding the musterer's staff.
15 And my chiefs in Issachar were with Deborah;
And Issachar, the strength of Barak,
Rushed at his feet into the valley.
- By the streams of Reuben
Great were the resolves of heart.
16 Why abodest thou among the sheep-folds,
To hear the bleatings of the flocks?
By the streams of Reuben
Great were the searchings of heart.
- 17 Gillead abode beyond the Jordan;
And Dan, why sojourns he in ships?
Asher sat by the sea-shore,
And abode in his havens.
- 18 Zebulun, a people that scorned its life, unto death,
And Naphtali, in the high places of the field.
- 19 There came kings—they fought;
Then fought the kings of Canaan,
At Taanach, by the waters of Megiddo;
Spoil of silver they took not away.
- 20 From heaven they fought;
The stars in their courses fought against Sisera.
21 The river Kishon swept them away,
That ancient river, the river Kishon.
O my soul, thou shalt tread down the strong!
22 Then stamped the horses' hoofs
In the rush, the rush of their mighty ones.
- 23 Curse ye Meroz, said the angel of Jehovah;
Curse ye bitterly the inhabitants thereof;
Because they came not to the help of Jehovah,
To the help of Jehovah against the mighty.
- 24 Blessed above women be Jael,
The wife of Heber the Kenite;
Blessed shall she be above women in the tent.
25 He asked water, she gave him milk;
She brought curdled milk in a lordly dish.
26 She stretched out her hand to the nail,
And her right hand to the workmen's hammer;
And she smote Sisera, she smote through his head,
And she crushed and pierced through his temples.
27 At her feet he bowed, he fell, he lay;
At her feet he bowed, he fell;
Where he bowed, there he fell down slain.
- 28 The mother of Sisera looked out at the window,
And cried through the lattice:—
Why is his chariot so long in coming?

Why tarry the wheels of his chariots?
 29 Her wise princesses answered,
 Yea, she returned answer to herself :—
 30 Have they not sped, divided the prey?
 A damsel, two damsels, to every man ;
 A prey of dyed garments to Sisera,
 A prey of dyed garments of embroidery ;
 A dyed garment of double embroidery,
 For the neck of the spoiler.
 31 So let all thine enemies perish, O Jehovah !
 But they that love him are as the sun,
 When he goes forth in his might.¹

And the land had rest forty years.

- 1 AND the children of Israel did evil in the sight of Jehovah ; and Jehovah gave them into the hand of Midian seven years.
 2 And the hand of Midian prevailed against Israel. Because of the Midianites, the children of Israel made for themselves the dens which are in the mountains, and the caves, and the
 3 strongholds. And so it was, when Israel had sown, that the Midianites came up and the Amalekites, and the sons of the
 4 cast they came up, against them. And they encamped against them, and destroyed the produce of the earth, till thou comest to Gaza ; and they left no sustenance in Israel, neither
 5 sheep, nor ox, nor ass. For they came up with their cattle and their tents ; and they came as locusts for multitude. They and their camels were without number ; and they came
 6 into the land to destroy it. And Israel was greatly enfeebled

¹ This sublime ode, commemorating the greatest of the many victories won in Jehovah's name, had a lasting influence on the spirit of the people, and of the national literature. See, for example, the 68th Psalm in the writer's revised version, and his remarks there, and in its republication in Dr. Schaff's edition of Lange's volume on the Psalms.—V. 4. Seir—Edom. Compare Deut. 32 : 2.—V. 10 includes all ranks. *That ride on white asses*, men of princely rank, nobles ; *that sit on carpetings*, the wealthy, they that live luxuriously ; *that walk by the way*, that go on foot, the common people.—V. 11. Even the water-drawers, as they divide the spoils at the fountains, will there recount the deeds of Jehovah.—*Then came they down to the gates* ; from the mountain retreats (ch. 6 : 2) to their towns, now freed from the vanquished enemy.—VV. 15, 16. *Great resolves* ; that came to nothing.—*Searchings of heart* ; showing that they were not wholly indifferent to the call of duty, but they could not forego the ease and security of their pastoral life.—V. 20. *They fought from heaven*, etc. A poetic and figurative conception of deliverance wrought from on high.—V. 23. *Meroz*. A place mentioned only here ; nothing more is known of it.—V. 25. *The nail*. The iron pin, sharpened at the point, to which the tent-cord was fastened.—V. 30. *Have they not sped?* Or, as some translate, “Shall they not speed?” But the same tense is properly rendered as past, in the two next preceding clauses ; and I prefer not to change the familiar phraseology of the common version.

because of the Midianites. And the children of Israel cried unto Jehovah.

7 And it came to pass, when the children of Israel cried unto

8 Jehovah on account of the Midianites, that Jehovah sent a prophet to the children of Israel, and said to them: Thus says Jehovah God of Israel. I brought you up from Egypt,

9 and I brought you forth out of the house of bondage. And I delivered you out of the hand of the Egyptians, and out of the hand of all that oppressed you, and drove them out from

10 before you, and gave you their land. And I said to you: I, Jehovah, am your God; fear not the gods of the Amorites, in whose land ye dwell. And ye have not obeyed my voice.

11 And there came an angel of Jehovah, and sat under the oak which was in Ophrah, that belonged to Joash the Abiezrite; and Gideon his son was threshing wheat by the wine-

12 press, to hide it from the Midianites. And the angel of Jehovah appeared to him, and said to him: Jehovah is with

13 thee, thou mighty man of valor. And Gideon said to him: Beseech thee my Lord, if Jehovah be with us, why has all this befallen us? And where are all his wonders of which our fathers told us, saying: Did not Jehovah bring us up from Egypt? And now Jehovah has forsaken us, and given

14 us into the grasp of the Midianites. And Jehovah turned to him, and said: Go in this thy might, and thou shalt save Israel from the grasp of the Midianites. Have not I sent

15 thee? And he said to him: Beseech thee my Lord, where-with shall I save Israel? Behold, my family is the feeblest

16 in Manasseh, and I am the least in my father's house. And Jehovah said to him: Surely I will be with thee, and thou

17 shalt smite the Midianites as one man. And he said to him: If now I have found grace in thy sight, then show me a sign

18 that thou talkest with me. Depart not hence, I pray thee, until I come to thee, and bring forth my present, and set it before thee. And he said, I will tarry until thou comest

19 again. And Gideon went in, and made ready a kid of the goats, and unleavened cakes of an ephah of flour. The flesh he put in the basket, and he put the broth in the pot, and

- ²⁰ brought it out to him under the oak, and presented it. And the angel of God said to him: Take the flesh and the unleavened cakes, and lay them upon this rock, and pour out the broth. And he did so.
- ²¹ And the angel of Jehovah put forth the end of the staff that was in his hand, and touched the flesh and the unleavened cakes; and there rose up fire out of the rock, and consumed the flesh and the unleavened cakes. And the angel
- ²² of Jehovah departed out of his sight. And Gideon saw that he was an angel of Jehovah. And Gideon said: Alas, O Lord Jehovah; for therefore have I seen an angel of Jehovah face to face. And Jehovah said to him: Peace be to thee; fear not, thou shalt not die. And Gideon built an altar there unto Jehovah; and he called it Jehovah-shalom. Unto this day it is yet at Ophrah of the Abi-ezrites.
- ²⁵ And it came to pass on the same night, that Jehovah said to him: Take the young bullock, which is thy father's, and the second bullock of seven years old, and throw down the altar of Baal that is thy father's, and cut down the Ashera that is by it. And build an altar to Jehovah thy God upon the top of this rock, with the wood laid in order, and take the second bullock, and offer a burnt sacrifice with the wood of the Ashera which thou shalt cut down. And Gideon took ten men of his servants, and did as Jehovah had said to him. And as from fear of his father's house, and of the men of the city, he could not do it by day, he did it by night.
- ²⁸ And the men of the city rose early in the morning, and behold, the altar of Baal was cast down, and the Ashera was cut down that was by it, and the second bullock was offered on the altar that was built. And they said one to another: Who has done this thing? And they searched and made inquiry; and they said: Gideon the son of Joash has done this thing. And the men of the city said to Joash: Bring out

V. 22. *For therefore*; namely, for the reason implied in the despairing exclamation "Alas," and plainly indicated in the next verse. See the writer's note on Gen. 16:13, 14.

V. 24. *Shalom*, peace. *Jehovah-shalom*, Jehovah gives peace; alluding to the words, "peace be to thee," in v. 23.

V. 25. *Ashera*. See the note on ch. 9:7.

thy son, that he may die ; because he has cast down the altar of Baal, and because he has cut down the Ashera that was
³¹ by it. And Joash said to all that stood by him : Will ye strive for Baal ? Or will ye save him ? He that will strive for him, let him be put to death after the morrow. If he be a god, let him strive for himself, because one has cast down
³² his altar. And on that day he called him Jerubbaal, saying : Let Baal strive with him, because he has thrown down his altar.

³³ And all the Midianites and the Amalekites, and the sons of the east, were gathered together, and went over, and encamped in the valley of Jezreel. And the Spirit of Jehovah entered into Gideon. And he blew a trumpet, and Abi-ezer
³⁴ was gathered after him. And he sent messengers throughout all Manasseh, and he also was gathered after him. And he sent messengers to Asher, and to Zebulun, and to Naphtali, and they came up to meet them.

³⁵ And Gideon said to God : If thou wilt save Israel by my hand, as thou hast said ; behold, I lay a fleece of wool in the threshing-floor ; if dew be on the fleece only, and dryness on all the ground, then shall I know that thou wilt save Israel
³⁶ by my hand, as thou hast said. And it was so. For he rose up early on the morrow, and pressed the fleece together, and wrung out the dew from the fleece, a bowl full of water.

³⁷ And Gideon said to God : Let not thine anger burn against me, and I will speak but this once. Let me make trial, I pray thee, but this once with the fleece ; let it now be dry only on the fleece, and on all the ground let there be dew.

³⁸ And God did so that night. And it was dry on the fleece only, and there was dew on all the ground.

¹ And Jerubbaal, who is Gideon, rose up early, and all the people that were with him, and encamped by the fountain Harod. And the camp of the Midianites was on the north
² side of him, by the hill of Moreh, in the valley. And Jehovah said to Gideon : The people that are with thee are too

V. 32. *He called him.* Or, he was called.

many for me to give the Midianites into their hand, lest Israel vaunt themselves against me, saying : My own hand has saved
me. Now then, proclaim in the ears of the people, and say : Whosoever is fearful and timid, let him return and go back from mount Gilead. And there returned of the people twenty and two thousand ; and there remained ten thousand.
⁴ And Jehovah said to Gideon : The people are yet too many. Bring them down to the water, and I will try them for thee there. And it shall be, that of whom I say to thee, this shall go with thee, the same shall go with thee ; and of whomsoever I say to thee, this shall not go with thee, the same shall
⁵ not go. And he brought the people down to the water. And Jehovah said to Gideon : Every one that laps of the water with his tongue, as a dog laps, him shalt thou set by himself, and also every one that bows down upon his knees
⁶ to drink. And the number of them that lapped, with their hand to their mouth, were three hundred men ; and all the rest of the people bowed down upon their knees to drink
⁷ water. And Jehovah said to Gideon : By the three hundred men that lapped will I save you, and give the Midianites into thy hand. And let all the people go, every man to his place.
⁸ And the people took provision in their hand, and their trumpets ; and he sent all the men of Israel every man to his tent, and retained those three hundred men. And the camp of Midian was beneath him in the valley.
⁹ And it came to pass on the same night, that Jehovah said to him : Arise, get thee down into the camp ; for I have given
¹⁰ it into thy hand. But if thou fearest to go down, go thou
¹¹ with Phurah thy servant down to the camp. And thou shalt hear what they say ; and afterward shall thy hands be strengthened to go down to the camp. Then went he down, he and Phurah his servant, to the outside of the armed men that
¹² were in the camp. And the Midianites and the Amalekites, and all the sons of the east, lay along in the valley like locusts for multitude ; and their camels were without number, as the
¹³ sand on the sea shore for multitude. And Gideon came ; and behold, a man was telling a dream to his fellow. And

he said : Behold, I dreamed a dream ; and, lo, a cake of barley bread roiled itself into the camp of Midian, and came to the tent, and smote it that it fell, and overturned it, that the ¹⁴ tent lay along. And his fellow answered and said : This is no other than the sword of Gideon the son of Joash, a man of Israel. God has given Midian, and all the camp into his hand.

¹⁵ And it was so, when Gideon heard the telling of the dream, and the interpretation of it, that he worshipped, and returned into the camp of Israel, and said : Arise, for Jehovah has ¹⁶ given into your hand the camp of Midian. And he divided the three hundred men into three companies ; and he put a trumpet in every man's hand, and empty pitchers, and lamps ¹⁷ within the pitchers. And he said to them : Look on me, and do likewise ; and, behold, when I come to the outside of the ¹⁸ camp, it shall be that, as I do, so shall ye do. When I blow with a trumpet, I and all that are with me, then blow ye the trumpets also on every side of all the camp, and say : For Jehovah, and for Gideon.

¹⁹ And Gideon, and the hundred men that were with him, came to the outside of the camp at the beginning of the middle night-watch ; and they had but just set the watch. And they blew the trumpets, and broke the pitchers that were ²⁰ in their hands. And the three companies blew the trumpets, and broke the pitchers, and held the lamps in their left hands, and the trumpets in their right hands to blow with ; and they ²¹ cried : The sword of Jehovah, and of Gideon. And they stood every man in his place round about the camp ; and all ²² the host ran, and cried out, and fled. And the three hundred blew the trumpets, and Jehovah set every man's sword against his fellow, throughout all the host. And the host fled to Beth-shittah in Zererath, and to the border of Abel-meho-²³ lah, by Tabbath. And the men of Israel came together, out of Naphtali, and out of Asher, and out of all Manasseh, and pursued after the Midianites.

V. 19. *The tent.* The chief tent in the encampment, that of the chief in command.

²⁴ And Gideon sent messengers through all mount Ephraim, saying : Come down against the Midianites, and take from them the waters unto Beth-barah and the Jordan. And all the men of Ephraim came together, and took the waters unto
²⁵ Beth-barah and the Jordan. And they took two princes of Midian, Oreb and Zeeb. And they slew Oreb upon the rock Oreb, and Zeeb they slew at the winepress of Zeeb, and pursued Midian. And they brought the heads of Oreb and Zeeb to Gideon beyond the Jordan.

¹ AND the men of Ephraim said to him : What is this thou hast done to us, that thou calledst us not, when thou wentest to fight with the Midianites ? And they did chide with him
² sharply. And he said to them : What have I done now in comparison with you ? Are not the gleanings of Ephraim
³ better than the vintage of Abi-ezer ? God has given into your hand the princes of Midian, Oreb and Zeeb ; and what was I able to do in comparison with you ? And their anger abated toward him, when he said that.

⁴ And Gideon came to the Jordan and passed over, he and the three hundred men that were with him ; faint, and pursuing.
⁵ And he said to the men of Succoth : Give, I pray you, loaves of bread to the people that follow me ; for they are faint, and I am pursuing after Zebah and Zalmunna, kings of
⁶ Midian. And the princes of Succoth said : Are the hands of Zebah and Zalmunna now in thy hand, that we should give
⁷ bread to thine army ? And Gideon said : Therefore when Jehovah has given Zebah and Zalmunna into my hand, then I will tear your flesh with the thorns of the wilderness, and
⁸ with briars. And he went up thence to Penuel, and spoke to them likewise. And the men of Penuel answered him as
⁹ the men of Succoth had answered. And he spoke also to the men of Penuel, saying : When I come again in peace, I will break down this tower.

¹⁰ Now Zebah and Zalmunna were in Karkor, and their hosts with them, about fifteen thousand, all that were left of all the host of the sons of the east. And the fallen were a hundred

¹¹ and twenty thousand men that drew the sword. And Gideon went up by the way of the dwellers in tents on the east of Nobah and Jogbehah, and smote the camp, while the camp ¹² was secure. And Zebah and Zalmunna fled, and he pursued after them, and took the two kings of Midian, Zebah and Zalmunna, and put all the camp in fear.

¹³ And Gideon the son of Joash returned from the battle, ¹⁴ from the ascent of Heres. And he caught a young man of the men of Succoth, and inquired of him. And he described to him the princes of Succoth, and the elders thereof, three-¹⁵ score and seventeen men. And he came to the men of Succoth, and said : Behold Zebah and Zalmunna, wherewith ye upbraided me, saying : Are the hands of Zebah and Zalmunna now in thy hand, that we should give bread to thy ¹⁶ men that are weary ? And he took the elders of the city, and thorns of the wilderness, and briars, and with them he ¹⁷ taught the men of Succoth. And he beat down the tower of Penuel, and slew the men of the city.

¹⁸ And he said to Zebah and Zalmunna : What manner of men were they whom ye slew at Tabor ? And they answered : As thou art, so were they ; each in form like the children of ¹⁹ a king. And he said : They were my brothers, the sons of my mother. As Jehovah lives, if ye had saved them alive ²⁰ I would not slay you. And he said to Jether his firstborn : Rise up, slay them. But the youth drew not his sword ; for ²¹ he feared, because he was yet a youth. And Zebah and Zalmunna said : Rise thou, and fall upon us ; for as the man is, so is his strength. And Gideon arose, and slew Zebah and Zalmunna. And he took away the crescents that were on their camels' necks.

²² And the men of Israel said to Gideon : Rule thou over us, both thou, and thy son, and thy son's son also. For thou ²³ hast saved us from the hand of Midian. And Gideon said to them : I will not rule over you, nor shall my son rule over you ; Jehovah shall rule over you.

V. 16. *He taught the men of Succoth.* Gave them a lesson ; as in the margin of the writer's revised version of the Book of Proverbs, and the explanatory note.

- 24 And Gideon said to them : I would make a request of you ;
that ye would give me every man the earrings of his prey.
(For they had golden earrings ; for they were Ishmaelites).
- 25 And they answered : We will willingly give them. And they
spread out a mantle, and cast therein every man the earrings
- 26 of his prey. And the weight of the golden earrings, which
he requested, was a thousand and seven hundred shekels of
gold ; besides crescents, and ear-drops, and purple garments
that were on the kings of Midian, and besides the collars that
- 27 were about their camels' necks. And Gideon made an ephod
thereof, and put it in his city, in Ophrah. And all Israel went
thither adulterously after it ; and it became a snare to Gideon,
and to his house.
- 28 And Midian was subdued before the children of Israel, and
they lifted up their heads no more. And the land had rest
forty years in the days of Gideon.
- 29 And Jerubbaal the son of Joash went and dwelt in his
- 30 own house. And Gideon had threescore and ten sons, that
- 31 came forth from his loins ; for he had many wives. And his
concubine that was in Shechem, she also bare him a son, and
he called his name Abimelech.
- 32 And Gideon the son of Joash died in a good old age, and
was buried in the sepulchre of Joash his father, in Ophrah of
- 33 the Abi-ezrites. And it came to pass, as soon as Gideon was
dead, that the children of Israel turned again, and went adul-
- 34 terously after the Baals, and made Baal-berith their god. And
the children of Israel remembered not Jehovah their God,
who had delivered them out of the hand of all their enemies
- 35 on every side. Nor showed they kindness to the house of
Jerubbaal-Gideon, according to all the goodness which he
had shown to Israel.

1 AND Abimelech, the son of Jerubbaal, went to Shechem to
the brothers of his mother, and spoke to them, and to all the

V. 24. *They had golden earrings :* namely, the enemies, from whom the spoils were taken.

V. 27. *Ephod.* The high-priest's official garment, assumed by Gideon without warrant,
withdrawing the people from the place selected by Jehovah for his worship.

V. 33. *Baal-berith ; lord of covenants.*

2 family of the house of his mother's father, saying : Speak, I
 pray you, in the ears of all the men of Shechem : Which is
 better for you, that all the sons of Jerubbaal, threescore and
 ten persons, reign over you, or that one reign over you ?
 3 And remember that I am your bone and your flesh. And the
 brothers of his mother spoke of him in the ears of all the
 men of Shechem all these words. And their heart inclined
 4 after Abimelech ; for they said : He is our brother. And
 they gave him threescore and ten pieces of silver out of the
 house of Baal-berith. And Abimelech hired therewith vain
 5 and reckless persons, who followed him. And he came to
 his father's house at Ophrah, and slew his brothers, the sons
 of Jerubbaal, threescore and ten persons, upon one stone ;
 and there was left Jotham, the youngest son of Jerubbaal,
 6 for he hid himself. And all the men of Shechem came to-
 gether, and all the dwellers in the castle, and went and made
 Abimelech king, by the monument-oak that was in Shechem.
 7 And it was made known to Jotham. And he went, and
 stood on the top of mount Gerizim, and lifted up his voice,
 and cried aloud, and said to them : Hearken to me, ye men
 8 of Shechem, that God may hearken to you. The trees would
 needs go forth to anoint a king over them. And they said to
 9 the olive tree : Reign thou over us. And the olive tree said
 to them : Should I forsake my fatness, wherewith by me they
 10 honor God and man, and go to wave over the trees ? And
 11 the trees said to the fig tree : Come thou, reign over us. And
 the fig tree said to them : Should I forsake my sweetness, and
 12 my good fruit, and go to wave over the trees ? And the trees
 13 said to the vine : Come thou, reign over us. And the vine
 said to them : Should I forsake my new wine, which cheers
 14 god and man, and go to wave over the trees ? And all the
 15 trees said to the bramble : Come thou, reign over us. And
 the bramble said to the trees : If in truth ye anoint me king

V. 8. *Would ne ds go* : possessed with the idea, that they could not do without a king, and must needs get one.—The peculiar and expressivo form of the Hebrew is overlooked in the common English version.

V. 9. *Wherewith in me*. Or, [I] in whom.

V. 13. *Cheers god and man*. An idol god is meant.

over you, come, take refuge in my shadow ; and if not, let fire come out of the bramble, and devour the cedars of Lebanon. And now, if ye have done truly and uprightly, in that ye have made Abimelech king, and if ye have dealt well with Jerubbaal and with his house, and have done to him according to the desert of his hands ; (for that my father fought for you, and cast his life from him, and delivered you out of the hand of Midian ; and ye have risen up against my father's house this day, and have slain his sons, threescore and ten persons, upon one stone, and have made Abimelech, the son of his maid-servant, king over the men of Shechem, because he is your brother;) if ye then have dealt truly and uprightly with Jerubbaal and with his house this day, then rejoice ye in Abimelech, and let him also rejoice in you ; and if not, let fire come out from Abimelech, and devour the men of Shechem, and the dwellers in the castle, and let fire come out from the men of Shechem, and from the dwellers in the castle, and devour Abimelech. And Jotham ran away, and fled, and went to Beer, and dwelt there, for fear of Abimelech his brother.

23 And Abimelech reigned three years over Israel. And God sent an evil spirit between Abimelech and the men of Shechem. And the men of Shechem dealt treacherously with Abimelech ; that the violence done to the threescore and ten sons of Jerubbaal might come, and their blood be laid, upon Abimelech their brother, who slew them, and upon the men of Shechem, who strengthened his hands to slay his brothers.

25 And the men of Shechem set liers-in-wait for him in the tops of the mountains ; and they robbed all that passed by them on the way. And it was told Abimelech.

26 And Gaal, the son of Ebed, came with his brothers, and passed over to Shechem. And the men of Shechem confided in him. And they went out into the fields, and gathered their vineyards, and trod the grapes, and held merry festivals, and went into the house of their god, and ate and

²⁸ drank, and cursed Abimelech. And Gaal, the son of Ebed, said : Who is Abimelech, and who is Shechem, that we should serve him? Is not he the son of Jerubbaal, and Zebul his officer? Serve the men of Hamor the father of Shechem ; ²⁹ and wherefore should we serve him? And would that this people were under my hand! Then would I remove Abimelech. And he said to Abimelech : Increase thine army, and come out.

³⁰ And Zebul the prefect of the city heard the words of Gaal ³¹ the son of Ebed, and his anger was kindled. And he sent messengers to Abimelech deceitfully, saying : Behold, Gaal the son of Ebed and his brothers are come to Shechem ; and, ³² behold, they are stirring up the city against thee. And now rise up by night, thou and the people that are with thee, and ³³ lie in wait in the field. And it shall be, that in the morning, at the rising of the sun, thou shalt rise early, and fall upon the city. And, behold, he and the people that are with him, will come out against thee, and thou mayest do to him as thy hand shall find.

³⁴ And Abimelech rose up, and all the people that were him, by night, and they lay in wait against Shechem, in four companies. And Gaal, the son of Ebed, went out, and stood at the entrance of the gate of the city. And Abimelech rose up, ³⁶ and the people that were with him, from the ambush. And Gaal saw the people; and he said to Zebul : Behold, there come people down from the tops of the mountains. And Zebul said to him : The shadow of the mountains thou seest ³⁷ as men. And Gaal spoke again and said : See, there come people down from the height of the land, and one company ³⁸ come along by the magicians-oak. And Zebul said to him : Where is now thy mouth, wherewith thou saidst : Who is Abimelech, that we should serve him? Is not this the people that thou hast despised? Go forth now, I pray, and fight ³⁹ with him. And Gaal went out before the men of Shechem, ⁴⁰ and fought with Abimelech. And Abimelech pursued after him, and he fled before him. And many fell down slain, ⁴¹ even unto the entrance of the gate. And Abimelech re-

maimed at Arumah. And Zebul thrust out Gaal and his
 42 brothers, that they should not dwell in Shechem. And it
 came to pass on the morrow, that the people went out into
 43 the fields; and it was told to Abimelech. And he took the
 people, and divided them into three companies, and lay in
 wait in the field. And he looked, and, behold, the people
 coming forth out of the city; and he rose up against them,
 44 and smote them. And Abimelech, and the company that
 was with him, spread out, and stood at the entrance of the
 gate of the city; and two companies spread out against all
 45 that were in the fields, and smote them. And Abimelech
 fought against the city all that day; and he took the city,
 and slew the people that were in it, and destroyed the city,
 and sowed it with salt.

46 And all the men of the tower of Shechem heard it. And
 47 they entered into a hold of the house of the god Berith. And
 it was told Abimelech, that all the men of the tower of She-
 48 chem were gathered together. And Abimelech went up to
 mount Zalmon, he and all the people that were with him; and
 Abimelech took an axe in his hand, and cut down a
 bough from the trees, and took it up, and laid it on his shoul-
 der, and said to the people that were with him: What ye
 49 have seen me do, make haste, and do as I have done. And
 all the people likewise cut down every man his bough, and
 went after Abimelech, and put them to the hold, and set the
 hold on fire over them. And all the men of the tower of
 Shechem also died, about a thousand men and women.

50 And Abimelech went to Thebez; and he encamped against
 51 Thebez, and took it. And there was a strong tower within
 the city. And all the men and women fled thither, and all
 they of the city, and shut it behind them, and went up to the
 52 roof of the tower. And Abimelech came to the tower, and
 fought against it. And he went near to the door of the tower,

V. 46. *The god Berith*: god of covenants, and therefore they sought asylum there.—A *hold*. It is not certain what part of the temple is meant. It was a place of refuge (1 Sam. 19: 6, "high place"), partly owing to its position, and partly to the sanctity of the temple, which Abimelech disregarded.

⁵³ to burn it with fire. And a certain woman cast a piece of a millstone upon Abimelech's head, and broke his skull. And he called hastily to the servant that bore his armor, and said to him: Draw thy sword, and slay me, that they may not say of me: A woman slew him. And his servant thrust him through, and he died. And the men of Israel saw that Abimelech was dead; and they went every man to his place. ⁵⁶ And God requited the evil of Abimelech, which he did to his father, in slaying his seventy brothers. And all the evil of the men of Shechem did God return upon their heads; and upon them came the curse of Jotham the son of Jerubbaal.

¹ AND after Abimelech there arose to deliver Israel Tola the son of Puah, the son of Dodo, a man of Issachar. And he dwelt in Shamir in mount Ephraim. And he judged Israel twenty and three years. And he died, and was buried in Shamir.

³ And after him arose Jair, the Gileadite. And he judged Israel twenty and two years. And he had thirty sons that rode on thirty young asses, and they had thirty cities. They are called Havoth-jair unto this day, which are in the land of Gilead. And Jair died, and was buried in Camon.

⁶ And the children of Israel did evil again in the sight of Jehovah. And they served the Baals, and the Ashtoreths, and the gods of Syria, and the gods of Zidon, and the gods of Moab, and the gods of the children of Ammon, and the gods of the Philistines. And they forsook Jehovah, and ⁷ served him not. And the anger of Jehovah burned against Israel. And he sold them into the hand of the Philistines, ⁸ and into the hand of the sons of Ammon. And that year they oppressed and harassed the children of Israel; eighteen years, all the children of Israel that were beyond the Jordan

V. 53. *A piece of a millstone.* According to some authorities, "an upper millstone." But that rendering is doubtful.

V. 4. *Havoth-jair*, towns of Jair; originally named from Jair, the son of Manasseh. Num. 92:41; Deut. 3:14; Josh. 13:90; 1 K. 4:13.—V. 6. *The Baals and the Ashmoreths.* See the note on ch. 2:11, 13.

⁹ in the land of the Amorites, which is in Gilead. And the sons of Ammon passed over the Jordan to fight also against Judah, and against Benjamin, and against the house of Ephraim. And Israel was sorely distressed.

¹⁰ And the children of Israel cried unto Jehovah, saying : We have sinned against thee, in that we have forsaken our God, and have served the Baals. And Jehovah said to the children of Israel : Have not I delivered you from the Egyptians, and from the Amorites, from the sons of Ammon, and ¹² from the Philistines ? And the Zidonians, and the Amalekites, and the Maonites, oppressed you ; and ye cried to me, ¹³ and I delivered you out of their hand. And ye have forsaken me, and have served other gods. Therefore I will deliver you no more. Go, and cry unto the gods which ye have chosen ; let them deliver you in the time of your distress. ¹⁵ And the children of Israel said to Jehovah : We have sinned. Do thou to us according to all that is good in thy sight ; ¹⁶ only deliver us, we pray thee, this day. And they put away the strange gods from among them, and served Jehovah ; and ¹⁷ his soul was grieved for the misery of Israel. And the children of Ammon were summoned together, and encamped in Gilead. And the children of Israel assembled themselves, ¹⁸ and encamped in Mizpeh. And the people, princes of Gilead, said one to another : Who is the man that will begin to fight against the sons of Ammon ? He shall be head of all the inhabitants of Gilead.

¹ AND Jephthah, the Gileadite, was a strong and heroic man. And he was the son of a harlot ; and Gilead had begotten ² Jephthah. And the wife of Gilead bore him sons. And the sons of the wife grew up, and they thrust out Jephthah, and said to him : Thou shalt not inherit in our father's house, ³ for thou art the son of another woman. And Jephthah fled from his brothers, and dwelt in the land of Tob ; and vain men gathered to Jephthah, and went forth with him.

⁴ And it came to pass, after a time, that the sons of Ammon ⁵ made war with Israel. And so it was, that when the sons

of Ammon made war with Israel, the elders of Gilead went
⁶ to bring Jephthah out of the land of Tob. And they said
to Jephthah: Come, and be our leader, that we may fight
⁷ against the sons of Ammon. And Jephthah said to the
elders of Gilead: Did not ye hate me, and drive me out of
my father's house? And why are ye come to me now, when
⁸ ye are in distress? And the elders of Gilead said to Jeph-
thah: Therefore do we now turn again to thee, that thou
mayest go with us, and fight against the sons of Ammon, and
⁹ be our head over all the inhabitants of Gilead. And Jeph-
thah said to the elders of Gilead: If ye bring me back again
to fight against the sons of Ammon, and Jehovah gives them
⁽ up before me, shall I be your head? And the elders of
Gilead said to Jephthah: Jehovah be witness between us, if
¹¹ we do not so according to thy word. And Jephthah went
with the elders of Gilead. And the people set him over
them for a head and leader. And Jephthah uttered all his
words before Jehovah in Mizpeh.

¹² And Jephthah sent messengers to the king of the sons of
Ammon, saying: What hast thou to do with me, that thou
¹³ comest to me, to fight against my land? And the king of
the sons of Ammon answered to the messengers of Jephthah:
Because Israel took away my land, when they came up out
of Egypt, from Arnon even unto the Jabbok, and unto the
¹⁴ Jordan. Now therefore return them again peaceably. And
Jephthah sent messengers again to the king of the sons of
¹⁵ Ammon. And he said to him: Thus says Jephthah; Israel
took not away the land of Moab, nor the land of the sons of
¹⁶ Ammon. For, when they came up out of Egypt, Israel went
through the wilderness unto the Red sea, and came to Kadesh.
¹⁷ And Israel sent messengers to the king of Edom, saying: Let
me, I pray thee, pass through thy land; and the king of
Edom hearkened not. And he also sent to the king of Moab;
and he would not consent. And Israel abode in Kadesh.
¹⁸ And he went along through the wilderness, and went round
the land of Edom, and the land of Moab, and came on the
east side of the land of Moab. And they encamped on the

other side of Arnon, and came not within the border of
19 Moab ; for Arnon was the border of Moab. And Israel sent messengers to Sihon king of the Amorites, the king at Heshbon ; and Israel said to him : Let us pass, I pray thee,
20 through thy land into my place. And Sihon trusted not Israel to pass through his border. And Sihon gathered all his people, and they encamped at Jahaz ; and he fought with
21 Israel. And Jehovah, God of Israel, gave Sihon and all his people into the hand of Israel, and they smote them. And Israel possessed all the land of the Amorites inhabiting that
22 land. And they possessed all the country of the Amorites, from Arnon unto the Jabbok, and from the wilderness unto
23 the Jordan. And now Jehovah, God of Israel, has dispossessed the Amorites before his people Israel ; and shouldest
24 thou dispossess him ? Wilt not thou possess that which Chemosh thy god gives thee to possess ? And all that Jehovah,
25 our God, has given us to possess, we will possess it. And now art thou any thing better than Balak the son of Zippor, king of Moab ? Did he at all contend against Israel, or did
26 he at all fight against them ? While Israel dwelt in Heshbon and her daughters, and in Aroer and her daughters, and in all the cities that are along by the shores of Arnon, three hundred years, wherefore did ye not recover them within
27 that time ? And I have not sinned against thee, but thou doest me wrong to war against me. Jehovah, the Judge, be judge this day between the children of Israel and the
28 sons of Ammon. And the king of the sons of Ammon hearkened not to the words of Jephthah, which he sent to him.
29 And the Spirit of Jehovah came upon Jephthah. And he passed over Gilead and Manasseh ; and he passed over Mizpeh of Gilead ; and from Mizpeh of Gilead he passed
30 over to the sons of Ammon. And Jephthah vowed a vow unto Jehovah, and said : If thou wilt surely give the sons
31 of Ammon into my hand ; then it shall be, that whatsoever shall go out from the doors of my house, to meet me when I

return in peace from the sons of Ammon, shall be Jehovah's, and I will offer it up for a burnt offering.

³² And Jephthah passed over to the sons of Ammon to fight against them. And Jehovah gave them into his hand. And he smote them from Aroer till thou comest to Minnith, twenty cities, and unto Abel-keramim, with a very great slaughter. And the sons of Ammon were subdued before the children of Israel.

³⁴ And Jephthah came to Mizpeh to his house ; and, behold, his daughter going out to meet him, with timbrels and with dances. And she was his only child : beside her he had neither son nor daughter. And so it was, when he saw her, that he rent his clothes, and said : Alas, my daughter ! Thou hast brought me very low, and thou art one of them that trouble me. I have opened my mouth unto Jehovah, and I cannot go back. And she said to him : My father, if thou hast opened thy mouth unto Jehovah, do to me according to that which has gone forth from thy mouth ; forasmuch as Jehovah has taken vengeance for thee of thy enemies, of the sons of Ammon. And she said to her father : Let this thing be done for me ; release me for two months, that I may go up and down upon the mountains, and bewail my virginity, I and my companions. And he said, Go. And he sent her away for two months. And she went, she and her companions, and bewailed her virginity upon the mountains. And it came to pass at the end of two months, that she returned to her father. And he did to her according to his vow which he had vowed. And she knew not a man. And it was a custom in Israel, that the daughters of Israel went yearly to commemorate the daughter of Jephthah, the Gileadite, four days in the year.

Ch. xi. 34-40. The circumstances here narrated place the fate of Jephthah's daughter in a clear light. She was devoted to Jehovah in a life of celibacy. This was in strict accordance with the import of Jephthah's vow, that whatever met him should be Jehovah's; and in no other way could the vow be fulfilled in the person of a human being. To the Hebrew maiden this had an import which is not apparent to us. It meant the sacrifice of what was dearest in life, and gave to life its highest charm. The language of vs. 37 and 38 shows that it was not death in her youthful prime, that was the subject of lamentation. They "bewailed her virginity"; cut off as she was, in her maiden prime, from all that gave brightness to the future. The brief respite she asked, and her manner of spending it, have no significance in any other

1 AND the men of Ephraim came together, and passed over northward, and said to Jephthah : Wherefore didst thou pass over to fight against the sons of Ammon, and didst not call us to go with thee ? Thy house we will burn over thee with
2 fire. And Jephthah said to them : I was in great strife, I and my people, with the sons of Ammon ; and I cried to you,
3 and ye delivered me not out of their hand. And I saw that ye would not save ; and I put my life in my hand, and passed over to the sons of Ammon, and Jehovah gave them into my hand. Wherefore then are ye come up to me this day, to
4 fight against me ? And Jephthah gathered all the men of Gilead, and fought with Ephraim. And the men of Gilead smote Ephraim ; because they said : Ye Gileadites are fugitives of Ephraim among the Ephraimites, and among the
5 Manassites. And the Gileadites took the fords of the Jordan to Ephraim. And it was so, when the fugitives of Ephraim said, Let me go over, that the men of Gilead said to him,
6 Art thou an Ephraimite ? If he said, Nay, they said to him, Say now Shibboleth ; and he said Sibboleth, for he could not frame to pronounce it right. And they seized him, and slew him at the fords of the Jordan. And there fell at that time
7 of the Ephraimites forty and two thousand. And Jephthah judged Israel six years. And Jephthah the Gileadite died, and was buried in one of the cities of Gilead.
8 And after him Ibzan of Beth-lehem judged Israel. And he had thirty sons ; and thirty daughters he let go abroad, and brought in thirty daughters from abroad for his sons. And

view. She sought solace for her grief in the sympathy of her young companions, among those mountain solitudes, where they might freely share a sorrow, which could not properly be indulged and find expression in the abodes and company of men. For mourning her untimely death, the place was her father's house, in the companionship of her kindred.—*And she knew not a man* has a marked significance, if it is meant that she passed her life in celibacy ; but it has no pertinency on any other supposition.

"Whatsoever shall go out from the doors of my house," is the true expression of the Hebrew in the twenty-seventh verse. A person might be meant, or an animal. But Jephthah, it is probable, thought only of its worth ; vowing to withhold nothing, however valuable it might be. His demeanor, on seeing his daughter, his only child, is explained by what has already been said ; for he knew what it portended, to himself as well as to her.— "To meet" does not in itself imply a purpose or intention of meeting, but only a concurrence, accidental or intended.

V. 9. *Let go abroad. Gave them in marriage.*

¹⁰ he judged Israel seven years. And Ibzan died, and was buried at Beth-lehem.

¹¹ And after him Elon, the Zebulonite, judged Israel. And ¹² he judged Israel ten years. And Elon the Zebulonite died, and was buried in Aijalon in the land of Zebulun.

¹³ And after him Abdon the son of Hillel, the Pirathonite, ¹⁴ judged Israel. And he had forty sons and thirty grandsons, that rode on threescore and ten young asses. And he judged ¹⁵ Israel eight years. And Abdon the son of Hillel the Pirathonite died, and was buried at Pirathon in the land of Ephraim, on the mount of the Amalekites.

¹ AND the children of Israel did evil again in the sight of Jehovah. And Jehovah gave them into the hand of the Philistines forty years.

² And there was a certain man of Zorah, of the family of the Danites, whose name was Manoah ; and his wife was barren, ³ and did not bear. And an angel of Jehovah appeared to the woman, and said to her : Behold now, thou art barren, and ⁴ bearest not ; but thou shalt conceive, and bear a son. And now beware, I pray thee, and drink not wine nor strong ⁵ drink, and eat nothing unclean. For, lo, thou shalt conceive, and bear a son. And no razor shall come upon his head ; for the child shall be a Nazarite unto God from the womb. And he shall begin to deliver Israel out of the hand of the Philistines.

⁶ And the woman came and told her husband, saying : A man of God came to me, and his countenance was like the countenance of an angel of God, very terrible. And I asked ⁷ him not whence he was, nor did he tell me his name. And he said to me : Lo, thou shalt conceive, and bear a son. And now drink not wine nor strong drink, and eat nothing unclean ; for the child shall be a Nazarite unto God, from the womb to the day of his death.

⁸ And Manoah prayed to Jehovah, and said : Beseech thee Lord, let the man of God whom thou didst send come again

to us, and teach us what we shall do to the child that shall
⁹ be born. And God hearkened to the voice of Manoah. And
the angel of God came again to the woman ; and she was
sitting in the field, and Manoah her husband was not with
¹⁰ her. And the woman made haste, and ran, and told her
husband, and said to him : Behold, the man has appeared
¹¹ to me, who came to me on that day. And Manoah arose,
and went after his wife. And he came to the man, and said
to him : Art thou the man that spoke to the woman ? And
¹² he said, I am. And Manoah said : Now when thy words
come to pass, what shall be the rule for the child, and the
¹³ treatment of him ? And the angel of Jehovah said to Ma-
¹⁴noah : Of all that I said to the woman let her beware. She
may not eat of any thing that comes from the vine, nor drink
wine or strong drink, nor eat any thing unclean. All that I
commanded her she shall observe.
¹⁵ And Manoah said to the angel of Jehovah : I pray thee,
let us detain thee, that we may make ready a kid of the
¹⁶ goats for thee. And the angel of Jehovah said to Manoah :
If thou detain me, I will not eat of thy bread ; and if thou
wilt make a burnt offering to Jehovah, thou mayest offer it.
For Manoah knew not that he was an angel of Jehovah.
¹⁷ And Manoah said to the angel of Jehovah : What is thy
name ? That when thy words come to pass, we may do thee
¹⁸ honor. And the angel of Jehovah said to him : Why askest
¹⁹ thou thus after my name, since it is wonderful ? And Ma-
noah took the kid of the goats and the meat offering, and
offered it upon the rock unto Jehovah. And he did won-
²⁰drously, and Manoah and his wife looked on. For it was so,
when the flame went up from the altar toward heaven, that
the angel of Jehovah ascended in the flame of the altar :
and Manoah and his wife looked on, and they fell on their
²¹ faces to the ground. And the angel of Jehovah appeared
no more to Manoah and to his wife. Then Manoah knew
²² that he was an angel of Jehovah. And Manoah said to his
²³ wife : We shall surely die ; for we have seen God. And his
wife said to him : If Jehovah were pleased to kill us, he

would not have received a burnt offering and a meat offering at our hands ; and he would not have made us see all these things, nor at this time have told us such things as these.

24 And the woman bore a son ; and she called his name Samson. And the child grew up, and Jehovah blessed him.

25 And the Spirit of Jehovah began to move him, in the camp of Dan between Zorah and Eshtaol.

1 AND Samson went down to Timnath. And he saw a **2** woman in Timnath, of the daughters of the Philistines. And he came up, and told his father and his mother. And he said : I have seen a woman in Timnath, of the daughters of **3** the Philistines ; and now get her for me for a wife. And his father and his mother said to him : Is there no woman among the daughters of thy brethren, and among all my people, that thou goest to take a wife from the uncircumcised Philistines ? And Samson said to his father : Get her for me ; for she **4** pleases me well. And his father and his mother knew not that it was from Jehovah. For he sought an occasion from the Philistines. And at that time the Philistines had dominion over Israel.

5 And Samson went down, and his father and his mother, to Timnath. And they came to the vineyards of Timnath ; and, **6** behold, a young lion roared against him. And the Spirit of Jehovah came suddenly upon him, and he rent him as one rends a kid, and there was nothing in his hand. And he **7** told not his father or his mother what he had done. And he went down, and talked with the woman ; and she pleased Samson well.

8 And after a time he returned to take her. And he turned aside to see the carcass of the lion ; and, behold, a swarm of **9** bees in the body of the lion, and honey. And he took thereof in his hands, and went on eating as he went, and came to his father and his mother. And he gave to them, and they did

V. 4. *For he sought.* Samson is meant.

V. 8. *In the body of the lion.* In that climate, the powerful heat of the sun soon dries up all the moisture in the flesh of a dead animal. Putrefaction does not follow ; and in this case, the dried up carcass was occupied by a swarm of bees.

eat ; and he told them not that he took the honey out of the body of the lion.

¹⁰ And his father went down to the woman. And Samson made there a feast ; for so used the young men to do. And so it was, when they saw him, that they brought thirty companions to be with him.

¹² And Samson said to them : I will now put forth a riddle to you ; if ye shall certainly declare it to me in the seven days of the feast, and have found it out, then I will give you thirty shirts and thirty changes of raiment. And if ye shall not be able to declare it to me, then shall ye give me thirty shirts and thirty changes of raiment. And they said to him :

¹⁴ Put forth thy riddle, that we may hear it. And he said to them : Out of the eater came forth food, and out of the strong came forth sweetness. And they could not in three ¹⁵ days declare the riddle. And it was so on the seventh day, that they said to the wife of Samson : Entice thy husband, that he may declare to us the riddle, lest we burn thee and thy father's house with fire. Have ye called us to take all that

¹⁶ we have ? Is it not so ? And Samson's wife wept before him, and said : Thou dost but hate me, and lovest me not. Thou hast put forth a riddle to the sons of my people, and to me thou hast not made it known. He said to her : Behold, I have not made it known to my father nor my mother ;

¹⁷ and shall I make it known to thee ? And she wept before him the seven days, while their feast lasted. And it was so on the seventh day, that he made it known to her, because she sorely pressed him. And she made known the riddle to the

¹⁸ sons of her people. And the men of the city said to him on the seventh day, before the sun went down : What is sweeter than honey ? And what is stronger than a lion ? -And he said to them : If ye had not ploughed with my heifer, ye had not found out my riddle.

¹⁹ And the Spirit of Jehovah came suddenly upon him ; and he went down to Ashkelon, and smote thirty men of them, and took their spoil ; and he gave the changes of raiment to them that made known the riddle. And his anger was

²⁰ kindled, and he went up to his father's house. And Samson's wife was given to his companion, whom he had made his friend.

¹ And it came to pass after some days, in the time of wheat harvest, that Samson visited his wife with a kid of the goats. And he said : Let me go into the chamber to my wife. And ² her father would not suffer him to go in. And her father said : I thought thou didst utterly hate her, and I gave her to thy friend. Is not her younger sister fairer than she ? Let her be thine, I pray thee, instead of her.

³ And Samson said to them : I am this time free of blame ⁴ from the Philistines, if I do them an evil. And Samson went and caught three hundred foxes. And he took torches, and turned tail to tail, and put a torch in the midst between the ⁵ two tails. And he set fire to the torches, and let them go into the standing grain of the Philistines, and burned up both the sheaves, and also the standing grain, and the vine-yards and olive-yards. And the Philistines said : Who has done this ? And they said : Samson, the son in law of the Timnite, because he had taken his wife, and given her to his friend. And the Philistines came up, and burned her and ⁷ her father with fire. And Samson said to them : If ye do thus, I will surely be avenged on you, and after that I will ⁸ cease. And he smote them leg on thigh, with a great slaughter. And he went down, and abode in the cleft of the rock Etam.

⁹ And the Philistines went up, and encamped in Judah, and ¹⁰ they spread themselves in Lehi. And the men of Judah said : Why are ye come up against us ? And they said : To bind Samson are we come up, to do to him as he has done ¹¹ to us. And three thousand men of Judah went down to the cleft of the rock Etam. And they said to Samson : Knowest thou not that the Philistines are rulers over us ? And what is this that thou hast done to us ? And he said to them : As

V. 4. *Foxes.* Or jackals.—V. 7. *After that I will cease.* And will not rest before, is the meaning.—V. 8. *Leg on thigh;* piled confusedly one upon another. Compare in v. 16, “*a heap, two heaps.*”

¹² they did to me, so have I done to them. And they said to him: We are come down to bind thee, that we may deliver thee into the hand of the Philistines. And Samson said to them: Swear to me, that ye will not fall upon me yourselves.

¹³ And they said to him: No, but we will bind thee, and give thee into their hand ; and we will not kill thee. And they bound him with two new cords, and brought him up from the rock.

¹⁴ He was come to Lehi, and the Philistines shouted toward him. And the Spirit of Jehovah came suddenly upon him, and the cords that were upon his arms became as flax that was burned with fire, and his bands melted from his hands.

¹⁵ And he found a new jaw-bone of an ass ; and he put forth his hand and took it, and smote a thousand men therewith. And Samson said :—

¹⁶ With the jaw-bone of an ass,
 A heap, two heaps;
 With the jaw-bone of an ass I smote
 A thousand men.

¹⁷ And it was so, when he had made an end of speaking, that he cast away the jaw-bone out of his hand ; and he called that place Ramath-lehi.

¹⁸ And he was sore athirst. And he called on Jehovah, and said : Thou hast given this great deliverance into the hand of thy servant ; and now shall I die of thirst, and fall into

¹⁹ the hand of the uncircumcised ? And God clave the hollow that was in Lehi, and there came out water therefrom. And he drank, and his spirit came again, and he revived. Therefore he called its name En-hakkore, which is in Lehi unto

²⁰ this day. And he judged Israel in the days of the Philistines twenty years.

¹ AND Samson went to Gaza. And he saw there a harlot, ² and came in unto her. It was told the Gazites, Samson is

V. 16. *A heap, two heaps* means, in the Hebrew idiom, any number of heaps.—V. 17. *Ramath-lehi*; jaw-bone height, from the resemblance of its tooth-like ridges.—V. 19. *The hollow*. A depression in the rock, similar in shape to the household mortar, for which the same Hebrew verb is used in Prov. 27:22.—*En-hakkore*. Invocation spring; fountain where one invoked Jehovah.

V. 1. *Came in unto her*; into her house as a lodging-place for the night. Compare Josh. 2:1-3.

come hither. And they encompassed him, and lay in wait for him all night at the gate of the city. And they kept quiet all the night, saying: At the morning light we shall
³ kill him. And Samson lay till midnight. And he arose at midnight, and laid hold of the doors of the city gate, and the two posts, and pulled them up with the bar, and laid them on his shoulders, and carried them up to the top of the mountain that is before Hebron.

⁴ And it came to pass afterward, that he loved a woman in the valley of Sorek ; and her name was Delilah. And the lords of the Philistines came up to her, and said to her : Entice him, and see wherein is his great strength, and how we may prevail against him and bind him, to subdue him. And we will each one give thee eleven hundred pieces of silver.

⁶ And Delilah said to Samson : Tell me, I pray thee, wherein is thy great strength, and wherewith thou mightest be bound to subdue thee. And Samson said to her : If they bind me with seven fresh cords that have not been dried,
⁷ then shall I be weak, and be as any other man. And the lords of the Philistines brought up to her seven fresh cords which had not been dried, and she bound him with them.

⁹ And men lying in wait sat in her chamber. And she said to him : Philistines are upon thee, Samson. And he rent the cords, as a thread of tow is rent when it touches the fire.

¹⁰ And his strength was not known. And Delilah said to Samson : Behold, thou hast deceived me, and told me lies. Now tell me, I pray thee, wherewith thou mightest be bound.

¹¹ And he said to her : If they bind me fast with new ropes, with which no work has been done, then shall I be weak,

¹² and be as any other man. And Delilah took new ropes, and bound him therewith. And she said to him : Philistines are upon thee, Samson. And men lying in wait sat in the chamber.

¹³ And he broke them off his arms like a thread. And Delilah said to Samson : Hitherto thou hast deceived me, and told me lies. Tell me wherewith thou mightest be bound.

- And he said to her : If thou weavest the seven locks of my
¹⁴ head with the warp. And she fastened them with the pin.
And she said to him : Philistines are upon thee, Samson.
And he awaked out of his sleep, and tore away the woof-pin
and the warp.
- ¹⁵ And she said to him : How canst thou say, I love thee,
when thy heart is not with me ? Thou hast deceived me
these three times, and hast not told me wherein is thy great
¹⁶ strength. And it came to pass, when she urged him from
day to day with her words, and pressed him, and his soul
¹⁷ was vexed unto death, that he told her all his heart. And
he said to her : There has not come a razor upon my head ;
for I am a Nazarite unto God from my mother's womb. If I
be shaven, then my strength will go from me, and I shall be
weak, and be as any other man.
- ¹⁸ And Delilah saw that he had told her all his heart. And
she sent and called the lords of the Philistines, saying : Come
up this once, for he has told me all his heart. And the lords
of the Philistines came up to her ; and they brought up the
¹⁹ money in their hand. And she let him sleep on her knees.
And she called the man, and made him shave off the seven
locks of his head. And she began to afflict him ; and his
²⁰ strength departed from him. And she said : Philistines are
upon thee, Samson. And he awoke out of his sleep, and said : I will go out as at other times, and shake myself loose.
- ²¹ And he knew not that Jehovah had departed from him. And
the Philistines laid hold of him, and dug out his eyes, and
brought him down to Gaza, and bound him with double fet-
²² ters of brass. And he ground in the prison house. And
the hair of his head began to grow again, after it was shorn.
- ²³ And the lords of the Philistines assembled together, to
offer a great sacrifice to Dagon their god, and for a festival.
And they said : Our god has delivered Samson our enemy
²⁴ into our hand. And the people saw him, and they praised
their god. For they said : Our god has given into our hand

V. 14. *The pin*; which fastened down the *woof*.—V. 17. *Nazarite*. See ch. 13 : 5.—
V. 19. *The man*; who was lying in wait, vs. 9, 12.

our enemy, and him that laid waste our land, and who slew
 25 many of us. And it came to pass, when their hearts were
 merry, that they said : Call Samson, that he may make us
 sport. And they called Samson out of the prison house; and
 he made them sport. And they set him between the pillars.
 26 And Samson said to the lad that had hold of his hand : Suf-
 f er me that I may feel the pillars whereon the house stands,
 27 that I may lean upon them. And the house was full of men
 and women ; and all the lords of the Philistines were there ;
 and on the roof were about three thousand men and women,
 28 that looked on while Samson made sport. And Samson called
 to Jehovah, and said : O Lord Jehovah, remember me I pray
 thee, and strengthen me I pray thee, only this once, O God,
 that I may be at once avenged on the Philistines for my two
 29 eyes. And Samson clasped the two middle pillars on which
 the house stood, and on which it was borne up, the one with
 30 his right hand, and the other with his left. And Samson
 said : Let me die with the Philistines. And he bowed him-
 self mightily ; and the house fell upon the lords, and upon
 all the people that were therein. And the dead which he
 slew at his death were more than they which he slew in his
 31 life. And his brothers and all his father's house went down,
 and took him, and brought him up, and buried him between
 Zorah and Eshtaol in the buryingplace of Manoah his father.
 And he judged Israel twenty years.

¹ AND there was a man of mount Ephraim, whose name was
² Micah. And he said to his mother : The eleven hundred
 pieces of silver that were taken from thee, and thou didst
 invoke a curse and saidst it also in my ears, behold the silver
 is with me ; I took it. And his mother said : Blessed be thou

V. 25. *May make us sport*; that is, may be sport for us.—The history of the Judges closes with this chapter. The struggle between the true and false religions was necessarily, for the time, a conflict of power. See, for example, 16:23, 24. An avowed trust in Jehovah, as the Supreme God and source of all power, was the required test of his representative, aside from all personal qualities. It is this inspired faith in Jehovah that is commended in Heb. 11:32.—The book closes with the account of two remarkable events of that unsettled period; the introduction of image worship under the name of Jehovah into the northern tribe of Dan, chs. xvii., xviii., and the destructive war with the tribe of Benjamin, chs. xix.—xxi.

³ of Jehovah, my son. And he restored the eleven hundred pieces of silver to his mother. And his mother said : I have consecrated the silver to Jehovah, from my hand for my son to make a graven image and a molten image. Now therefore
⁴ I will return it to thee. And he gave the money back to his mother. And his mother took two hundred pieces of silver, and gave them to the founder. And he made thereof a graven image and a molten image ; and they were in the
⁵ house of Micah. And the man Micah had a house of gods. And he made an ephod, and teraphim, and consecrated one of his sons, and he became his priest.

⁶ In those days there was no king in Israel. Every man did
⁷ that which was right in his own eyes. And there was a young man of Beth-lehem-judah of the family of Judah ; and
⁸ he was a Levite, and he sojourned there. And the man departed from the city, from Beth-lehem-judah, to sojourn where he might find a place. And he came to mount Eph-
⁹ raim, to the house of Micah, as he journeyed. And Micah said to him : Whence comest thou ? And he said to him : I am a Levite of Beth-lehem-judah, and I go to sojourn where
¹⁰ I may find a place. And Micah said to him : Abide with me, and be to me a father and a priest and I will give thee ten pieces of silver by the year, and a suit of apparel, and thy
¹¹ victuals. And the Levite went. And the Levite was content to abide with the man ; and the young man was to him
¹² as one of his sons. And Micah consecrated the Levite ; and the young man became his priest, and was in the house of
¹³ Micah. And Micah said : Now know I that Jehovah will do me good since I have the Levite for a priest.

¹ In those days there was no king in Israel. And in those days the tribe of the Danites sought for them an inheritance to dwell in ; for unto that day no inheritance had fallen to
² them among the tribes of Israel. And the children of Dan

V. 5. *Teraphim* : small images, kept as domestic idols, or household gods. See the writer's note on Gen. 31 : 19.—*Consecrated* ; literally, filled the hand of. To fill the hand means to give it full employment, to the exclusion of all else. Hence to fill the hand of one means, to invest him with the priestly office, to consecrate him to it; as in Ex. 28 : 41; 29 : 9.

sent of their family five men out of their number, men of valor, from Zorah, and from Eshtaol, to spy out the land, and to search it. And they said to them : Go, search the land. And they came to mount Ephraim, to the house of Micah, and ³ they lodged there. They were by the house of Micah, and they knew the voice of the young man the Levite. And they turned in thither, and said to him : Who has brought thee hither ? And what doest thou in this place ? And what hast ⁴ thou here ? And he said to them : Thus and thus has Micah ⁵ done to me, and has hired me, and I am his priest. And they said to him : Ask of God, we pray thee, that we may know whether our way which we go shall be prosperous. ⁶ And the priest said to them : Go in peace ; before Jehovah is your way wherein ye go.

⁷ And the five men departed, and came to Laish. And they saw the people that were therein, dwelling carelessly after the manner of the Zidonians, quiet and secure, and none having power to do aught of harm in the land ; and they were far from the Zidonians, and had no business with any ⁸ man. And they came to their brethren to Zorah and Eshtaol. ⁹ And their brethren said to them : What say ye ? And they said : Arise, and let us go up against them. For we have seen the land, and behold, it is very good. And are ye still ? ¹⁰ Be not slothful to go, to enter in to possess the land. When ye go in ye will come to a people secure, and the land is broad on all sides ; for God has given it into your hands, a place where there is no want of any thing that is in the earth.

¹¹ And there went from thence of the family of the Danites, out of Zorah and out of Eshtaol, six hundred men equipped ¹² with weapons of war. And they went up, and encamped in Kirjath-jearim, in Judah. Therefore they have called that place Mahaneh-Dan unto this day. Behold, it is back of Kir-¹³ jath-jearim. And they passed on thence to mount Ephraim, and came to the house of Micah.

V. 6. *Before Jehovah*; that is, acceptable to him.—V. 12. *Mahaneh-Dan*: or, camp of Dan.

¹⁴ And the five men that went to spy out the land of Laish, answered and said to their brethren : Do ye know that there is in these houses an ephod, and teraphim, and a graven image, and a molten image ? And now consider what ye have ¹⁵ to do. And they turned thither, and came to the house of the young man the Levite, the house of Micah, and asked ¹⁶ him of his welfare. And the six hundred men equipped with their weapons of war, who were of the children of Dan, stood ¹⁷ at the entrance of the gate. And the five men that went to spy out the land went up, came in thither, took the graven image, and the ephod, and the teraphim, and the molten image ; and the priest stood at the entrance of the gate, and the six hundred men that were equipped with weapons of ¹⁸ war. And these came into the house of Micah, and took the graven image, the ephod, and the teraphim, and the molten ¹⁹ image. And the priest said to them : What do ye ? And they said to him : Hold thy peace, lay thy hand upon thy mouth, and go with us, and be to us a father and a priest. Is it better for thee to be a priest to the house of one man, or that thou be a priest to a tribe and a family in Israel ? ²⁰ And the priest's heart was glad ; and he took the ephod, and the teraphim, and the graven image, and went in the midst ²¹ of the people. And they turned and departed ; and they put the little ones and the cattle and the goods before them. ²² They were far from the house of Micah, when the men that were in the houses near to Micah's house were gathered ²³ together, and overtook the children of Dan. And they called to the children of Dan. And they turned their faces, and said to Micah : What meanest thou by this assemblage ? ²⁴ And he said : Ye have taken away my gods which I made, and the priest, and are gone away. And what have I more ? And what is this that ye say to me, What meanest thou ? ²⁵ And the children of Dan said to him : Let not thy voice be heard among us, lest men of fierce spirit fall upon you, and ²⁶ thou lose thy life, and the lives of thy household. And the children of Dan went their way. And Micah saw that they were too strong for him, and he turned and went back to his

²⁷ house. And they took what Micah had made, and the priest whom he had. And they came upon Laish, upon a people that were quiet and secure ; and they smote them with the ²⁸ edge of the sword, and burned the city with fire. And there was no deliverer ; for it was far from Zidon, and they had no business with any man. And it was in the valley that [extends] to Beth-rehob. And they built a city, and dwelt ²⁹ therein. And they called the name of the city Dan, after the name of Dan their father, who was born to Israel. But the name of the city was Laish at the first.

³⁰ And the children of Dan set up the graven image. And Jonathan, the son of Gershom, the son of Manasseh, he and his sons were priests to the tribe of the Danites until the day ³¹ of the captivity of the land. And they set up for themselves Micah's graven image which he made, all the days that the house of God was in Shiloh.

¹ And it came to pass in those days, when there was no king in Israel, that there was a certain Levite sojourning on the sides of mount Ephraim ; and he took to him a concubine ² out of Beth-lehem-judah. And his concubine played the harlot against him, and went away from him to her father's house, to Beth-lehem-judah, and was there four months' time. ³ And her husband arose, and went after her, to speak kindly to her, to bring her back. And his servant was with him, and a pair of asses. And she brought him into her father's house. And the father of the damsel saw him, and rejoiced ⁴ to meet him. And his father in law, the damsel's father, constrained him, and he abode with him three days. And they ate and drank, and lodged there. ⁵ And it came to pass on the fourth day, that they arose early in the morning, and he rose up to depart. And the damsel's father said to his son in law : Strengthen thy heart with a ⁶ morsel of bread, and after that thou mayest go. And they sat down, and ate and drank both of them together. And

V. 1. *Sides of mount Ephraim.* Or, recesses of mount Ephraim. He was a roving Levite, dwelling in his tent (v. 9) wherever he could best find employment and a livelihood.

the damsel's father said to the man : Be content, I pray thee,
⁷ and tarry all night, and let thy heart be merry. And the man rose up to depart, and his father in law urged him, and
⁸ he lodged there again. And he arose early in the morning on the fifth day to depart. And the damsel's father said : Strengtheu thy heart, I pray thee. And they delayed till the
⁹ declining day ; and they ate, both of them. And the man rose up to depart, he and his concubine and his servant. And his father in law, the damsel's father, said to him : Behold, now the day draws toward evening ; I pray you tarry all night. Behold, the day grows to an end ; lodge here, that thy heart may be merry ; and to morrow be early on your
¹⁰ way, that thou mayest go to thy tent. And the man would not tarry that night. And he rose up and went, and came over against Jebus, which is Jerusalem. And with him was a pair of asses saddled ; and his concubine was with him.
¹¹ When they were by Jebus the day was far spent. And the servant said to his master : Come, I pray thee, and let us
¹² turn aside to this city of the Jebusites, and lodge in it. And his master said to him : We will not turn aside into a city of strangers, who are not of the children of Israel. We will
¹³ pass over unto Gibeah. And he said to his servant : Come, and we will draw near to one of the places, and lodge in
¹⁴ Gibeah, or in Ramah. And they passed on and went their way. And the sun went down upon them by Gibeah, which
¹⁵ belonged to Benjamin. And they turned aside thither to go in, to lodge in Gibeah. And he went in, and sat down in a street of the city. And there was no man that took them into the house to lodge.
¹⁶ And, behold, an old man came out of the field from his work, at even. And he was of mount Ephraim, and he sojourned in Gibeah. And the men of the place were Benjamites. And he raised his eyes and saw the wayfaring man in the street of the city. And the old man said : Whither goest
¹⁷ thou ? And whence comest thou ? And he said to him : We are passing from Beth-lehem-judah to the sides of mount Ephraim. I am from thence, and I went to Beth-lehem-

judah. And I attend on the house of Jehovah : and there
¹⁹ is no man that receives me to his house. Yet there is both straw and provender for our asses ; and there is also bread and wine for me, and for thy handmaid, and for the young man who is with thy servant. There is no want of any thing.
²⁰ And the old man said : Peace be to thee. Only let all thy
²¹ wants be upon me. Only lodge not in the street. And he brought him to his house. And he gave provender to the asses ; and they washed their feet, and ate and drank.
²² They were making their hearts merry, and behold, men of the city, certain lawless men, beset the house round about, beating on the door. And they spoke to the master of the house, the old man, saying : Bring out the man that came
²³ into thy house, that we may know him. And the man, the master of the house, went out to them, and said to them : Nay, my brethren, I pray you, do not so wickedly ; seeing
²⁴ that this man is come into my house, do not this folly. Behold, my daughter the maiden, and his concubine ; them I will bring out now, and humble ye them, and do with them what seems good to you. But to this man do not so vile a thing.
²⁵ And the men would not hearken to him. And the man laid hold of his concubine, and brought her out to them on the street. And they knew her, and abused her all the night until the morning. And at the dawning of the day, they let
²⁶ her go. And the woman came at the approach of dawn, and fell down at the door of the man's house where her lord was,
²⁷ till it was light. And her lord rose up in the morning, and opened the doors of the house, and went out to go on his way. And, behold, the woman, his concubine, fallen down at the door of the house, and her hands on the threshold.
²⁸ And he said to her : Rise up, and let us go. And none answered. And the man took her upon the ass, and rose up, and went to his place.
²⁹ And he came into his house. And he took a knife, and

V. 18. *I attend on the house of Jehovah.* Literally, "I walk the house of Jehovah," as a servant of the sanctuary. Compare Ps. 134; the customary charge of the one who set the night-watch, and their parting blessing to him.

laid hold of his concubine, and divided her by her bones into
³⁰ twelve pieces, and sent her into all the border of Israel. And it was so, that all who saw it said : There was no such deed done nor seen, from the day the children of Israel came up out of the land of Egypt unto this day. Consider of it, take counsel, and speak.

- ¹ And all the children of Israel went out, and the congregation was gathered together as one man, from Dan even to Beer-sheba, with the land of Gilead, to Jehovah at Mizpeh.
² And the chief men of all the people, of all the tribes of Israel, presented themselves in the assembly of the people of God, four hundred thousand footmen that drew the sword.
³ And the children of Benjamin heard that the children of Israel had gone up to Mizpeh. And the children of Israel
⁴ said : Tell us, how was this wickedness ? And the Levite, the husband of the woman that was killed, answered and said : I came to Gibeah that belongs to Benjamin, I and my
⁵ concubine, to lodge. And men of Gibeah rose up against me, and beset the house round about against me by night. Me they thought to slay ; and my concubine they forced, that
⁶ she died. And I laid hold of my concubine, and cut her in pieces, and sent her into all the country of the inheritance of Israel. For they have committed wickedness and folly in
⁷ Israel. Behold, ye are all children of Israel ; give here word and counsel for yourselves.
⁸ And all the people arose as one man, saying : We will not
⁹ one go to his tent, nor any one turn into his house. And now this is the thing that we will do to Gibeah.—go up by
¹⁰ lot against it ; and we will take ten men of a hundred of all the tribes of Israel, and a hundred of a thousand, and a thousand of ten thousand, to bring provisions for the people : that they may do, when they come to Gibeah of Benjamin, accord-
¹¹ ing to all the folly that it has wrought in Israel. And all the men of Israel were gathered to the city, united as one man.
¹² And the tribes of Israel sent men through all the tribes of Benjamin, saying : What evil is this that is done among you ?

¹³ And now deliver up the men, the lawless men that are in Gibeah, that we may put them to death, and put away evil from Israel. And the children of Benjamin would not hearken
¹⁴ to the voice of their brethren the children of Israel. And the children of Benjamin were gathered together out of the cities unto Gibeah, to go out to the battle with the children of Israel. And the children of Benjamin were mustered in that day out of the cities twenty and six thousand men that drew the sword ; besides, the inhabitants of Gibeah were mustered
¹⁶ seven hundred chosen men. Among all this people were seven hundred chosen men, lefthanded ; every one could
¹⁷ sling a stone to a hair, and not miss. And of the men of Israel, besides Benjamin, were mustered four hundred thousand that drew the sword ; all these were men of war.

¹⁸ And they arose, and went up to Beth-el, and asked of God. And the children of Israel said : Who shall first go up for us to the battle with the children of Benjamin ? And
¹⁹ Jehovah said : Judah shall go up first. And the children of Israel rose up in the morning, and encamped against
²⁰ Gibeah. And the men of Israel went out to the battle with Benjamin. And the men of Israel put themselves in battle
²¹ array against them at Gibeah. And the children of Benjamin came forth out of Gibeah ; and on that day they cast down to the ground of the Israelites twenty and two thousand
²² men. And the people, the men of Israel, encouraged themselves ; and they again set the battle in array, in the place
²³ where they arrayed themselves on the first day. And the children of Israel went up and wept before Jehovah until the evening. And they asked of Jehovah, saying : Shall I go again to battle with the children of Benjamin my brother ?
²⁴ And Jehovah said : Go up against him. And the children of Israel came near to the children of Benjamin the second
²⁵ day. And Benjamin went forth to meet them out of Gibeah the second day. And again they cast down to the ground of the children of Israel eighteen thousand men. All these drew the sword.

²⁶ And all the children of Israel, and all the people, went up,

and came to Beth-el. And they wept, and sat there before Jehovah, and fasted that day until the evening ; and they offered
27 burnt-offerings and peace-offerings before Jehovah. And the children of Israel asked of Jehovah, (for the ark of the covenant of God was there in those days, and Phinehas the son of Eleazar the son of Aaron stood before it in those days), saying : Shall I yet again go out to battle with the children of Benjamin my brother, or shall I cease ? And Jehovah said : Go up ; for to-morrow I will give him into thy hand.
29 And Israel set men in ambush round about Gibeah. And the children of Israel went up against the children of Benjamin on the third day ; and they put themselves in array
31 against Gibeah, as at other times. And the children of Benjamin went out against the people, and were drawn away from the city ; and they began to smite some of the people dead as at other times, in the highways of which one goes up to Beth-el and the other to Gibeah in the field, about
32 thirty men of Israel. And the children of Benjamin said : They are smitten before us, as at the first. And the children of Israel said : Let us flee, and draw them from the
33 city to the highways. And all the men of Israel rose up out of their place, and put themselves in array at Baal-tamar ; and the ambush of Israel rushed forth from its place, from
34 the plain of Geba. And there came against Gibeah ten thousand chosen men out of all Israel, and the battle was hard ; and they knew not that the evil was near upon them.
35 And Jehovah smote Benjamin before Israel. And the children of Israel destroyed of the Benjamites that day twenty and five thousand and a hundred men ; all these drew the
36 sword. And the children of Benjamin saw that they were smitten ; for the men of Israel gave place to the Benjamites, because they trusted to the ambush which they had set against
37 Gibeah. And the ambush hasted, and rushed upon Gibeah. And the ambush drew onward, and smote all the city with
38 the edge of the sword. And the appointed signal between the men of Israel and the ambush was, that they should make
39 a great cloud of smoke rise up out of the city. And when

the men of Israel turned back in the battle, Benjamin began to smite dead of the men of Israel about thirty persons ; for they said : Surely he is wholly smitten down before us, as in
40 the first battle. And the cloud began to rise up out of the city, a column of smoke ; and the Benjamites looked behind them, and behold, the whole city went up [in smoke] to
41 heaven. And when the men of Israel turned again, the men of Benjamin were confounded ; for they saw that the evil
42 was near upon them. And they turned back before the men of Israel to the way of the wilderness ; and the battle overtook them ; and them that came out of the cities they de-
43 stroyed in the midst of them. And they surrounded the Benjamites, chased them, trod them down with ease unto the
44 front of Gibeal toward the sunrising. And there fell of Benjamin eighteen thousand men ; all these were men of
45 valor. And they turned and fled toward the wilderness unto the rock Rimmon. And they smote of them for a gleaning in the highways five thousand men ; and they pursued hard after them unto Gidom, and slew two thousand men of
46 them. And all that fell that day of Benjamin were twenty and five thousand men that drew the sword ; all these were
47 men of valor. And six hundred men turned and fled to the wilderness to the rock Rimmon, and abode in the rock Rim-
48 mon four months. And the men of Israel turned again upon the children of Benjamin, and smote them with the edge of the sword, as well the men of the cities, as the cattle, and all that came to hand. Also all the cities that they came to they set on fire.

- 1 Now the men of Israel had sworn at Mizpah, saying : There shall none of us give his daughter to Benjamin for a wife.
- 2 And the people came to Beth-el, and sat there till the evening before God ; and they lifted up their voice, and wept bitterly.
- 3 And they said : O Jehovah, God of Israel, why is this come to pass in Israel, that there should be to-day one tribe lack-
- 4 ing in Israel ? And it came to pass on the morrow, that the people rose early, and built there an altar, and offered burnt-

⁵ offerings and peace-offerings. And the children of Israel said: Who is there that came not up in the congregation of all the tribes of Israel unto Jehovah? For they had taken the great oath concerning him that came not up to Jehovah ⁶ at Mizpeh, saying: He shall surely be put to death. And the children of Israel had compassion for Benjamin their brother, and said: There is one tribe cut off from Israel this ⁷ day. What shall we do for wives for them that remain, seeing that we have sworn by Jehovah, that we will not give them of our daughters for wives? ⁸ And they said: What one is there of the tribes of Israel that came not up to Jehovah at Mizpeh? And, behold, there came none to the camp from Jabesh-gilead to the assembly. ⁹ For the people were mustered, and, behold, none of the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead were there. And the congregation sent thither twelve thousand men, valiant men, and commanded them, saying: Go, and smite the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead with the edge of the sword, with the women ¹⁰ and the children. And this is the thing that ye shall do; ye shall utterly destroy every male, and every woman that has ¹¹ lain with man. And they found among the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead four hundred young virgins, that had not lain with man. And they brought them to the camp to Shiloh, ¹² which is in the land of Canaan. And the whole congregation sent, and spoke to the children of Benjamin that were in ¹³ the rock Rimmon, and proclaimed peace to them. And Benjamin returned at that time; and they gave them wives whom they had saved alive of the women of Jabesh-gilead; and ¹⁴ yet so they sufficed them not. And the people had compassion for Benjamin, because Jehovah had made a breach in the tribes of Israel. ¹⁵ And the elders of the congregation said: What shall we do for wives for them that are left, seeing that the women are ¹⁶ destroyed out of Benjamin? And they said: The inheritance of the escaped [pertains] to Benjamin, and a tribe shall not

V. 17. The escaped had not forfeited their own inheritance; and as that pertained to Benjamin as a tribe, the perpetuity of their families prevented the extinction of the tribe.

¹⁸ be blotted out of Israel. But we may not give them wives of our daughters; for the children of Israel have sworn.
¹⁹ saying: Cursed be he that gives a wife to Benjamin. And they said: Behold, there is yearly a feast of Jehovah in Shiloh, which is on the north side of Beth-el, on the east of the highway that goes up from Beth-el to Shechem, and on the ²⁰ south of Lebonah. And they commanded the children of ²¹ Benjamin, saying: Go, and lie in wait in the vineyards, and see; and, behold, if the daughters of Shiloh come out to dance in the dances, then come ye out of the vineyards, and catch for you every man his wife of the daughters of Shiloh, ²² and go to the land of Benjamin. And it shall be, when their fathers or their brothers come to complain to us, that we will say to them: Kindly grant them to us; because we took not for each man his wife in the war. For ye did not give to ²³ them; at this time ye would be guilty. And the children of Benjamin did so; and they bore away wives according to their number, of them that danced, whom they caught. And they went and returned to their inheritance, and built the cities, ²⁴ and dwelt in them. And the children of Israel departed thence at that time, each to his tribe and to his family; and ²⁵ they went out thence every man to his inheritance. In those days there was no king in Israel. Every man did that which was right in his own eyes.

The necessity of exterminating every vestige of idolatry, and all its contaminating influences in domestic and social life (see the remarks on Josh. 6: 17), is clearly shown in the records of the Judges. It is further illustrated in the five appended chapters, recording some of the more eventful occurrences of that period.

THE BOOK OF RUTH.

¹ AND it came to pass in the days when the judges ruled, that there was a famine in the land. And a man of Beth-lehem-judah went to sojourn in the country of Moab, he, and ² his wife, and his two sons. And the name of the man was Elimelech, and the name of his wife Naomi, and the name of his two sons Mahlon and Chilion, Ephrathites of Beth-lehem-judah. And they came to the country of Moab, and continued there.

³ And Elimelech Naomi's husband died; and she was left. ⁴ and her two sons. And they took to them wives of the women of Moab. The name of the one was Orpah, and the name of the other Ruth. And they dwelt there about ten ⁵ years. And Mahlon and Chilion died also both of them; and the woman was left of her two sons and her husband.

⁶ And she arose with her daughters-in-law, and returned from the country of Moab. For she heard in the country of Moab that Jehovah had visited his people to give them ⁷ bread. And she went forth from the place where she was, and her two daughters-in-law with her; and they went on ⁸ the way to return to the land of Judah. And Naomi said to her two daughters-in-law: Go, return each to her mother's house. Jehovah deal kindly with you, as ye have dealt with ⁹ the dead, and with me. Jehovah grant you that ye may find rest, each in the house of her husband. And she kissed ¹⁰ them; and they lifted up their voice, and wept. And they

The book of Ruth is an interesting and instructive picture of domestic and social life, and of local manners, at a period of national prosperity under the rule of the Judges. Nothing more definite is known of the date of the occurrences narrated. That the book was written long after those occurrences is shown by the statement in ch. 4:7. The name of a converted gentile among the ancestors of our Lord (Mat. 1:5), shows that he was born, not of a single people, but of our race.

said to her: Surely we will return with thee to thy people.
 11 And Naomi said: Return, my daughters. Why will ye go with me? Have I yet sons in my womb, that they may be
 12 your husbands? Return, my daughters, go; for I am too old to have a husband. If I should say, I have hope, yea if I should have a husband this night, should even bear sons;
 13 would ye then wait till they were grown? Would ye then withhold yourselves from having husbands? Nay, my daughters; for to me it is far more bitter than to you; for the hand
 14 of Jehovah is gone out against me. And they lifted up their voice, and wept again. And Orpah kissed her mother-in-law;
 15 but Ruth clave to her. And she said: Behold, thy sister-in-law is gone back to her people, and to her gods; re-
 16 turn thou after thy sister-in-law. And Ruth said: Entreat me not to leave thee, to return from following after thee. For whither thou goest, I will go; and where thou lodgest, I will lodge; thy people shall be my people, and thy God my
 17 God; where thou diest, I will die, and there will I be buried. Jehovah do so to me, and more also, if aught but death part
 18 thee and me. And she saw that she steadfastly purposed to go with her, and she left off speaking to her.
 19 And they two went until they came to Beth-lehem. And so it was, when they were come to Beth-lehem, that all the city was moved about them; and they said: Is this Naomi?
 20 And she said to them: Call me not Naomi; call me Mara.
 21 For the Almighty has dealt very bitterly with me. I went out full, and Jehovah has brought me back empty. Why call ye me Naomi, seeing that Jehovah has testified against
 22 me, and the Almighty has afflicted me? And Naomi returned, and Ruth the Moabitess, her daughter-in-law, with her, who returned out of the country of Moab. And they came to Beth-lehem at the beginning of barley harvest.

¹ AND Naomi had a kinsman of her husband's, a mighty man in wealth, of the family of Elimelech; and his name

V. 20. *Naomi*, Meaning, pleasantness; one who is delighted in.—*Mara*, bitterness; one whose lot is bitter.

² was Boaz. And Ruth the Moabitess said to Naomi : Let me go now to the field, and glean among the ears of grain after him in whose sight I shall find favor. And she said to her : ³ Go, my daughter. And she went, and came and gleaned in the field, after the reapers. And she chanced to light on the part of the field belonging to Boaz, who was of the family of Elimelech.

⁴ And, behold, Boaz came from Beth-lchem. And he said to the reapers : Jehovah be with you. And they answered ⁵ him : Jehovah bless thee. And Boaz said to his servant that ⁶ was set over the reapers : Whose damsel is this ? And the servant that was set over the reapers answered and said : It is the Moabitish damsel that came back with Naomi out of ⁷ the country of Moab. And she said : I pray you, let me glean and gather among the sheaves, after the reapers. And she came, and has remained even from the morning until now, that she sat a little while in the house.

⁸ And Boaz said to Ruth : Hearest thou not, my daughter ? Go not to glean in another field ; and go not away from here, ⁹ but abide here fast by my maidens. Let thine eyes be on the field which they reap, and go thou after them. Have I not charged the young men that they shall not touch thee ? And when thou art athirst, go to the vessels, and drink of ¹⁰ that which the young men draw. Then she fell on her face, and bowed herself to the ground, and said to him : Why have I found favor in thine eyes, that thou shouldest care ¹¹ for me, seeing that I am a stranger ? And Boaz answered and said to her : It has been fully shown to me, all that thou hast done to thy mother-in-law since the death of thy husband ; and hast left thy father and thy mother, and the land of thy birth, and art come to a people which thou knewest ¹² not heretofore. Jehovah recompense thy work ; and a full reward be given thee of Jehovah, God of Israel, under ¹³ whose wings thou art come to trust. And she said : Let me find favor in thy sight, my lord ; for thou hast comforted me, and thou hast spoken kindly to thy handmaid, though I be ¹⁴ not as one of thy handmaidens. And Boaz said to her : At

meal-time come thou hither, and eat of the bread, and dip thy morsel in the vinegar. And she sat beside the reapers : and he reached to her parched grain, and she ate, and was satisfied,
¹⁵ and had left thereof. And she rose up to glean. And Boaz commanded his young men, saying : Let her glean even
¹⁶ between the sheaves, and reproach her not. And also draw out purposely for her out of the handfuls, and leave it, that
¹⁷ she may glean, and rebuke her not. And she gleaned in the field until the evening. And she beat out that which she had gleaned ; and it was about an ephah of barley.

¹⁸ And she took it up, and came into the city ; and her mother-in-law saw what she had gleaned. And she brought out and gave to her that which she had left, after she was satisfied.
¹⁹ And her mother-in-law said to her : Where hast thou gleaned to-day ? And where wroughtest thou ? Blessed be he that did care for thee. And she told her mother-in-law with whom she wrought, and said : The name of the man with
²⁰ whom I wrought to-day is Boaz. And Naomi said to her daughter-in-law : Blessed of Jehovah be he, who has not left off his kindness to the living and to the dead. And Naomi said to her : The man is near of kin to us, one of our next kinsmen. And Ruth the Moabitess said : He said to me also, thou shalt keep fast by my young men, until they have ended
²¹ all my harvest. And Naomi said to Ruth her daughter-in-law : It is good, my daughter, that thou go out with his maidens, that one meet thee not in another field. And she kept fast by the maidens of Boaz, to glean unto the end of barley harvest and of wheat harvest. And she dwelt with her mother-in-law.

- ¹ AND Naomi her mother-in-law said to her : My daughter, shall I not seek rest for thee, that it may be well with thee ?
- ² And now is not Boaz of our kindred, with whose maidens thou wast ? Behold, he winnows barley to-night in the
- ³ threshingfloor. Wash and anoint thyself, and put thy rai-

V. 14. *Had left thereof*; and she carried it home to her mother-in-law, as is stated in v. 18.
 V. 17. *Ephah*. A dry measure, estimated at about half a bushel.

ment upon thee, and go down to the floor. Make not thyself known to the man, until he shall have done eating and
4 drinking. And it shall be, when he lies down, that thou shalt observe the place where he shall lie; and thou shalt come and uncover his feet, and lay thee down; and he will
5 tell thee what thou shalt do. And she said to her: All that thou sayest to me I will do.

6 And she went down to the floor, and did according to all
7 that her mother-in-law bade her. And Boaz ate and drank, and his heart was merry; and he came to lie down at the end of the heap of grain. And she came softly, and uncovered his feet, and laid herself down.

8 And it came to pass at midnight, that the man was afraid; and he turned himself, and behold, a woman lay at his feet.
9 And he said: Who art thou? And she said: I am Ruth thy handmaid; and spread thy skirt over thy handmaid, for thou
10 art a near kinsman. And he said: Blessed be thou of Jehovah, my daughter. Thou hast shown thy kindness more in the end than at the beginning, in that thou followest not the
11 young men, whether poor or rich. And now, my daughter, fear not. All that thou sayest I will do for thee. For all the city of my people knows that thou art a virtuous woman.
12 And now it is true that I am thy near kinsman; and there
13 is also a kinsman nearer than I. Remain this night. And it shall be in the morning, that if he will do to thee the part of a kinsman, well; let him do the kinsman's part. And if he is not willing to do the part of a kinsman to thee, then will I do the kinsman's part to thee, as Jehovah lives. Lie down until the morning.

14 And she lay at his feet until the morning; and she rose up before one could know another. And he said: Let it not
15 be known that the woman came in to the floor. And he said: Give here the mantle that is upon thee, and hold it. And she

V. 9. *Thy skirt.* Or, thy covering.—*Thou art a near kinsman.* See the remarks on ch. 4: 3-8.

V. 11. *All the city.* Literally, all the gate; referring to the broad open space at the entrance to the city, a place of public resort, where the business of the city was transacted. (Compare ch. 1: 1.) What was known there was known to all the city.

held it, and he measured six measures of barley, and laid it
¹⁶ on her. And he went into the city. And she came to her mother-in-law. And she said : Who art thou, my daughter?
¹⁷ And she told her all that the man had done to her. And she said : These six measures of barley he gave me ; for he said to me : Thou shalt not come empty to thy mother-in-law.
¹⁸ And she said : Sit still, my daughter, until thou know how the matter will fall out. For the man will not rest, if he have not finished the thing this day.

¹ AND Boaz went up to the gate, and sat down there. And, behold, the kinsman of whom Boaz spoke came by ; to whom he said : Thou, such a one ! Turn aside, sit down here. And ² he turned aside, and sat down. And he took ten men of the elders of the city, and said : Sit ye down here. And they ³ sat down. And he said to the kinsman : Naomi, who has come back out of the country of Moab, sold the parcel of land ⁴ which belonged to our brother Elimelech. And I thought to make it known to thee, and say : Buy it before the inhabitants, and before the elders of my people. If thou wilt redeem it, redeem it. And if thou wilt not redeem it, tell me, that I may know ; for there is none to redeem it besides thee, and I am after thee. And he said : I will redeem it. ⁵ And Boaz said : In the day thou buyest the field from the hand of Naomi, thou buyest it also of Ruth the Moabitess, the wife of the dead, to raise up the name of the dead upon ⁶ his inheritance. And the kinsman said : I cannot redeem it for myself, lest I mar my own inheritance. Redeem thou my ⁷ right for thyself ; for I cannot redeem it. Now in former times in Israel, in redeeming and in exchanging, this was the manner in order to confirm every thing ; a man drew off his shoe, and gave it to his fellow. And this was a testimony in ⁸ Israel. And the kinsman said to Boaz : Buy it for thee. And he drew off his shoe.

VV. 3 and 4 refer to the enactment in Lev. 25 : 25. By custom, the duty devolved first on the nearest kinsman ; but might be waived by him, as here, in favor of the next of kin.

VV. 5-8 refer to a very ancient custom. See Gen. 38 : 8, and the writer's remarks on it. The custom was much older than the date of the Mosaic law, by which its observance was regulated, and its hardships lessened. For this law, see Deut. 25 : 5-10.

⁹ And Boaz said to the elders and all the people : Ye are witnesses this day, that I have bought all that was Elimelech's, and all that was Chilion's and Mahlon's, from the hand of ¹⁰ Naomi. And also Ruth the Moabitess, the wife of Mahlon, have I bought to be my wife, to raise up the name of the dead on his inheritance, that the name of the dead be not cut off from among his brethren, and from the gate of his place ; ¹¹ ye are witnesses this day. And all the people that were in the gate, and the elders, said : We are witnesses. Jehovah make the woman that is come into thy house as Rachel and as Leah, which two did build the house of Israel ; and do thou gain strength in Ephratah, and get thee a name in Beth-¹² lehem. And let thy house be as the house of Pharez whom Tamar bore to Judah, of the seed which Jehovah shall give thee from this young woman. ¹³ And Boaz took Ruth, and she became his wife ; and he went in unto her, and Jehovah gave her conception, and she bore ¹⁴ a son. And the women said to Naomi : Blessed be Jehovah, who has not left thee this day without a kinsman, and his ¹⁵ name shall be famous in Israel. And he shall be to thee a restorer of life, and a nourisher of thine old age ; for thy daughter-in-law who loves thee has borne him, she who is ¹⁶ better to thee than seven sons. And Naomi took the child, ¹⁷ and laid it in her bosom, and became nurse to it. And the women her neighbors gave it a name, saying : A son is born to Naomi ; and they called his name Obed. He is the father of Jesse, the father of David. ¹⁸ And these are the generations of Pharez. Pharez begot ¹⁹ Hezron ; and Hezron begot Ram ; and Ram begot Ammina-²⁰ dab ; and Amminadab begot Nahshon ; and Nahshon begot ²¹ Salmon ; and Salmon begot Boaz ; and Boaz begot Obéd ; and Obed begot Jesse ; and Jesse begot David.

V. 11. *Gain strength . . . and get thee a name ;* the blessing attending the numerous progeny invoked in the preceding words.

VV. 18-22. The continuation of the genealogy to the time of David decides nothing as to the age of the book ; such additions being often made subsequently.

THE FIRST BOOK OF SAMUEL.

1 And there was a man of Ramathaim-zophim, of mount Ephraim, and his name was Elkanah, the son of Jeroham, the son of Elihu, the son of Tohu, the son of Zuph, an
2 Ephrathite. And he had two wives; the name of the one was Hannah, and the name of the other Peninnah. And
3 Peninnah had children; but Hannah had no children. And this man went up from his city yearly to worship, and to sacrifice to Jehovah of Hosts in Shiloh. And there the two sons of Eli, Hophni and Phinehas, were priests of Jehovah.
4 And when the time was that Elkanah offered, he gave to Peninnah his wife, and to all her sons and her daughters,
5 portions. And to Hannah he gave a portion for two. For
6 he loved Hannah; and Jehovah had closed her womb. And her adversary provoked her also sorely, to make her fret
7 because Jehovah had closed her womb. And so did he year by year; as often as she went up to the house of Jehovah,
8 so did she provoke her; and she wept, and did not eat. And Elkanah her husband said to her: Hannah, why weepest thou? And why eatest thou not? And why is thy heart grieved? Am not I better to thee than ten sons?
9 And Haunah rose up after she had eaten in Shiloh, and after she had drunken. And Eli the priest sat on the seat
10 by the post of the temple of Jehovah. And she was in bitterness of soul; and she prayed to Jehovah, and wept sorely.
11 And she vowed a vow, and said: O Jehovah of Hosts, if thou wilt indeed look on the affliction of thy handmaid, and

Ch. i. The history of the nation is here resumed and continued from the end of ch. xvi. of the book of the Judges, where their history closed. See the writer's note at the end of that book. It is thought not improbable that Eli, the high-priest and Judge, was for a time contemporary with Samson, but in another part of the country.

remember me, and not forget thy handmaid, and wilt give to thy handmaid a man-child ; then will I give him to Jehovah all the days of his life, and there shall no razor come upon his head. And it came to pass, as she continued praying before Jehovah, that Eli observed her mouth. And Hannah spoke in her heart ; only her lips moved, but her voice was not heard. And Eli thought her a drunken woman. And Eli said to her : How long wilt thou be drunken ? Put away thy wine from thee. And Hannah answered and said : No, my lord ; I am a woman of a sorrowful spirit. I have drunk neither wine nor strong drink ; and I poured out my soul before Jehovah. Count not thy handmaid for a vile woman ; for out of the abundance of my complaint and my grief have I spoken hitherto. And Eli answered and said : Go in peace ; and the God of Israel grant thy petition that thou hast asked of him. And she said : Let thy handmaid find favor in thy sight. And the woman went her way, and did eat, and her countenance was no more sad.

And they rose up in the morning early, and worshipped before Jehovah ; and they returned, and came to their house, to Ramah. And Elkanah knew Hannah his wife ; and Jehovah remembered her. And it came to pass, in the course of time, that Hannah conceived, and she bore a son ; and she called his name Samuel, saying : Because I have asked him of Jehovah. And the man Elkanah, and all his house, went up to offer to Jehovah the yearly sacrifice, and his vow. And Hannah went not up, for she said to her husband : Until the child be weaned, and I bring him that he may appear before Jehovah, and there abide for ever. And Elkanah her husband said to her : Do what seems to thee good. Wait until thou hast weaned him ; only, may Jehovah establish his word. And the woman waited, and gave suck to her son until she weaned him.

And when she had weaned him, she brought him up with her, with three bullocks, and an ephah of flour, and a bottle of wine, and brought him to the house of Jehovah in Shiloh.

And the child was young. And they slew the bullock, and

²⁶ they brought the child to Eli. And she said : Beseech thee my lord, as thy soul lives, my lord, I am the woman that ²⁷ stood by thee here, praying to Jehovah. For this child I prayed ; and Jehovah has given me my petition which I ²⁸ asked of him. And I also have lent him to Jehovah ; as long as he lives he shall be lent to Jehovah. And he worshipped Jehovah there.

1 AND Hannah prayed, and said :

My heart is joyful in Jehovah ;
My horn is exalted in Jehovah.
My mouth is opened against my enemies,
Because I rejoice in thy help.

2 There is none holy as Jehovah ;
For there is none besides thee,
Nor any rock like our God.

3 Talk no more so proudly, proudly ;
Let not arrogancy come out of your mouth.
For Jehovah is a God of knowledge,
And by him actions are weighed.

4 The bows of the mighty are broken,
And they that stumbled are girded with strength.

5 The full have hired themselves out for bread ;
And the hungry cease from toll.
Even the barren has borne seven ;
And she that had many children mourns.

6 Jehovah kills, and makes alive ;
He brings down to the grave, and he brings up.

7 Jehovah makes poor, and he makes rich ;
He brings low, and he lifts up.

8 He raises up the poor out of the dust,
Lifts up the needy from the dunghill ;
To set them with princes,
And he makes them inherit a throne of glory.

For the pillars of the earth are Jehovah's,
And he has set the world upon them.

9 He will keep the feet of his saints,
And the wicked shall perish in darkness ;
For by strength shall no man prevail.

10 His adversaries will Jehovah break in pieces ;
Out of heaven will he thunder upon them.
Jehovah will judge the ends of the earth ;
And he will give strength to his king,
And will exalt the horn of his anointed.

- 11 And Elkanah went to Ramah, to his house. And the child ministered to Jehovah before Eli the priest.
- 12 And the sons of Eli were wicked men ; they knew not
13 Jehovah. And it was the custom of the priests with the people, that when any man offered sacrifice the priest's servant came, while the flesh was cooked, with a flesh-hook of
14 three teeth in his hand ; and he struck it into the pan, or kettle, or caldron, or pot ; all that the flesh-hook brought up the priest took for himself. So they did in Shiloh to all
15 Israel that came thither. Also before they burn the fat, the priest's servant came, and said to the man that sacrificed : Give flesh to roast for the priest ; for he will not take of thee
16 flesh cooked, but raw. And the man said to him : They will verily burn the fat presently, and then take for thee as much as thy soul desires ; and he said to him : Thou shalt give it
17 now, and if not I will take it by force. And the sin of the young men was very great before Jehovah ; because the men despised the offering of Jehovah.
- 18 And Samuel ministered before Jehovah, a child, girded
19 with a linen ephod. And his mother made him a little robe, and brought it up to him from year to year, when she went up with her husband to offer the yearly sacrifice.
- 20 And Eli blessed Elkanah and his wife, and said : Jehovah give thee seed from this woman, for the loan which is lent to
21 Jehovah. And they went to his place. And Jehovah visited Hannah, and she conceived ; and she bore three sons and two daughters. And the child Samuel grew up before Jehovah.
- 22 And Eli was very old ; and he heard all that his sons did to all Israel ; and that they lay with the women who served
23 at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And he said to them : Why do ye such things ? For I hear of your
24 evil deeds from all this people. Nay, my sons ; for it is no good report that I hear. Ye make Jehovah's people trans-
25 gress. If one man sin against another, God judges him ; but if a man sin against Jehovah, who shall entreat for him ? And they hearkened not to the voice of their father ; be-

²⁶ cause Jehovah was pleased to slay them. And the child Samuel grew in stature, and in favor both with Jehovah and with men.

²⁷ And there came a man of God to Eli, and said to him : Thus says Jehovah : Did I plainly reveal myself to the house of thy father, when they were in Egypt subject to

²⁸ Pharaoh's house ? And I chose him out of all the tribes of Israel for my priest, to offer upon my altar, to burn incense, to wear an ephod before me ; and I gave to the house of thy father all the offerings made by fire of the children of Israel.

²⁹ Wherefore do ye trample on my sacrifice and on my offering, which I have commanded in my habitation ? And thou honorest thy sons above me, to make yourselves fat with the

³⁰ chiefest of all the offerings of Israel my people. Therefore Jehovah God of Israel says : I said indeed that thy house, and the house of thy father, should walk before me for ever. But now Jehovah says : Be it far from me ; for them that honor me I will honor, and they that despise me shall be

³¹ lightly esteemed. Behold, the days come that I will cut off thine arm, and the arm of thy father's house, that there shall

³² not be an old man in thy house. And thou shalt see an enemy in my habitation, in all which shall do good to Israel ;

³³ and there shall not be an old man in thy house for ever. And the man of thine, whom I shall not cut off from my altar, shall be to consume thine eyes, and to grieve thy heart ; and all the increase of thy house shall die in the flower of their

³⁴ age. And this shall be a sign to thee, that which shall come upon thy two sons, on Hophni and Phinehas ; in one day

³⁵ they both of them shall die. And I will raise up for me a faithful priest, and he shall do according to that which is in my heart and in my mind. And I will build him a sure

³⁶ house, and he shall walk before my anointed for ever. And it shall come to pass, that every one that is left in thy house shall come and crouch to him for a piece of silver and a morsel of bread, and shall say : Put me, I pray thee, in one of the priests' offices, that I may eat a piece of bread.

V. 33. *Shall die in the flower of their age.* Literally, shall die men; in manhood's prime, and not longer spared. See vs. 31, 32

1 AND the child Samuel ministered to Jehovah before Eli.
 And the word of Jehovah was unfrequent in those days ;
 2 there was no wide-spread vision. And it came to pass at
 that time, when Eli was lying down in his place, and his eyes
 3 began to grow dim, that he could not see ; and ere the lamp
 of God went out, and Samuel was lying down in the temple
 4 of Jehovah, where the ark of God was, that Jehovah called
 5 to Samuel. And he said : Here am I. And he ran to Eli,
 and said : Here am I ; for thou callest me. And he said :
 I called not ; go back, and lie down. And he went and lay
 6 down. And Jehovah called yet again, Samuel ! And Samuel
 arose and went to Eli, and said : Here am I ; for thou call-
 edst me. And he said : I called not, my son ; go back, and lie
 7 down. And Samuel did not yet know Jehovah, nor was the
 8 word of Jehovah yet revealed to him. And Jehovah called
 Samuel again, the third time. And he arose and went to
 Eli, and said : Here am I ; for thou calledst me. And Eli
 9 perceived that Jehovah was calling the child. And Eli said
 to Samuel : Go, lie down. And it shall be, if he call thee,
 that thou shalt say : Speak, O Jehovah ; for thy servant
 10 hears. And Samuel went, and lay down in his place. And
 Jehovah came, and stood, and called as at other times,
 Samuel ! Samuel ! And Samuel said : Speak ; for thy ser-
 vant hears.
 11 And Jehovah said to Samuel : Behold, I do a thing in
 Israel, at which both the ears of every one that hears it shall
 12 tingle. In that day I will perform against Eli all things
 which I have spoken concerning his house, beginning and
 13 ending. And I have told him that I will judge his house
 for ever for the iniquity which he knew, that his sons were
 14 bringing on them a curse, and he restrained them not. And
 therefore I have sworn to the house of Eli, that the iniquity
 of Eli's house shall not be expiated with sacrifice or offering
 for ever.

V. 1. *Vision* ; a revelation from God, in whatever form, whether an audible voice, or suggested thoughts, or a dream, or a sign.—*Wide-spread* ; either widely imparted to different instruments of the divine will, or widely promulgated through them.

¹⁵ And Samuel lay until the morning ; and he opened the doors of the house of Jehovah. And Samuel feared to make known the vision to Eli. And Eli called Samuel, and said : ¹⁶ Samuel, my son. And he said : Here am I. And he said : What is the thing that he has spoken to thee ? Do not hide it from me. God do so to thee, and more also, if thou hide any thing from me of all the things that he has spoken to ¹⁸ thee. And Samuel told him all these, and hid nothing from him. And he said : It is Jehovah ; let him do what is good in his sight. ¹⁹ And Samuel grew, and Jehovah was with him, and let ²⁰ none of all his words fall to the ground. And all Israel, from Dan unto Beer-sheba, knew that Samuel was established to be a prophet of Jehovah. And Jehovah appeared again in Shiloh. For Jehovah revealed himself to Samuel in Shiloh by the word of Jehovah. And the word of Samuel came to all Israel.

¹ AND Israel went out against the Philistines to battle, and encamped beside Eben-ezer ; and the Philistines encamped in ² Aphek. And the Philistines put themselves in array against Israel. And they joined battle, and Israel was smitten before the Philistines ; and they slew of the army in the field about four thousand men. ³ And the people came into the camp, and the elders of Israel said : Wherefore has Jehovah smitten us to-day before the Philistines ? Let us bring to us the ark of the covenant of Jehovah out of Shiloh ; and it shall come into the midst ⁴ of us, and save us out of the hand of our enemies. And the people sent to Shiloh, and brought from thence the ark of the covenant of Jehovah of Hosts, who sits above the cherubim. And the two sons of Eli, Hophni and Phinias, were there with the ark of the covenant of God. ⁵ And it came to pass, when the ark of the covenant of Jehovah came into the camp, that all Israel shouted with a ⁶ great shout, so that the earth shook. And the Philistines heard the noise of the shout, and they said : What means the

noise of this great shout in the camp of the Hebrews ? And they understood that the ark of Jehovah was come into the
7 camp. And the Philistines were afraid ; for they said : God is come into the camp. And they said : Woe unto us ! For
8 there has not been such a thing heretofore. Woe unto us ! Who shall deliver us out of the hand of these mighty gods ? These are the gods that smote the Egyptians with all manner
9 of plagues in the wilderness. Take courage, and be men, O ye Philistines, that ye be not servants to the Hebrews, as they have been to you. Be men, and fight.

10 And the Philistines fought, and Israel was smitten, and they fled every man to his tents. And there was a very great slaughter ; and there fell of Israel thirty thousand foot-
11 men. And the ark of God was taken ; and the two sons of Eli, Hophni and Phinehas, were dead.

12 And there ran a man of Benjamin out of the army, and came to Shiloh on the same day, with his clothes rent, and
13 with earth upon his head. And when he came, lo, Eli sat on the seat by the wayside watching ; for his heart trembled for the ark of God. And the man came to tell it in the city,
14 and all the city cried out. And Eli heard the noise of the cry, and he said : What means the noise of this tumult ? And
15 the man hasted, and came and told it to Eli. And Eli was ninety and eight years old ; and his eyes were set, that he
16 could not see. And the man said to Eli : I am he that came out of the army ; and I fled out of the army to-day. And
17 he said : How went the matter, my son ? And the messenger answered and said : Israel fled before the Philistines, and there was also a great slaughter among the people ; and thy two sons also, Hophni and Phinehas, are dead ; and the ark
18 of God is taken. And it came to pass, when he made mention of the ark of God, that he fell from the seat backward by the side of the gate ; and his neck was broken, and he died. For he was an old man, and heavy. And he had judged Israel forty years.

19 And his daughter-in-law, the wife of Phinehas, was with child, near to be delivered. And when she heard the tidings

that the ark of God was taken, and that her father-in-law and her husband were dead, she bowed herself and travailed ;
²⁰ for her pains came upon her. And about the time of her death the women that stood by her said to her : Fear not ; for thou hast borne a son. But she answered not, nor did
²¹ she regard it. And she named the child Ichabod, saying : The glory is departed from Israel ; because the ark of God was taken, and because of her father-in-law and her husband.
²² And she said : The glory is departed from Israel ; for the ark of God is taken.

¹ And the Philistines took the ark of God ; and they brought it from Eben-ezer to Ashdod.

² And the Philistines took the ark of God and brought it
³ into the house of Dagon, and set it by Dagon. And men of Ashdod arose early on the morrow, and behold, Dagon was fallen upon his face to the earth before the ark of Jehovah.
⁴ And they took Dagon, and set him in his place again. And they arose early on the morning of the morrow, and behold, Dagon was fallen upon his face to the earth before the ark of Jehovah ; and the head of Dagon, and his two hands, were cut off upon the threshold ; only the stump of Dagon was
⁵ left to him. Therefore neither the priests of Dagon, nor any that come into the house of Dagon, tread on the threshold
⁶ of Dagon in Ashdod unto this day. And the hand of Jehovah was heavy upon the men of Ashdod, and he destroyed them ; and he smote them with emerods, Ashdod and the
⁷ borders thereof. And when the men of Ashdod saw that it was so, they said : The ark of the God of Israel shall not abide with us ; for his hand is hard upon us, and upon Dagon
⁸ our god. And they sent and gathered to them all the lords of the Philistines, and said : What shall we do with the ark of the God of Israel ? And they said : Let the ark of the God of Israel be removed to Gath. And they removed the

V. 4. *Only the stump of Dagon was left to him.* Literally, only Dagon was left to him. The Hebrew word *dagon* means a fish ; and the body of the idol was that of a fish, having the head and arms of a man. When these were severed from it, nothing was left but the fish (*Dagon*), the stump of the idol. The meaning is well expressed in the English version.

⁹ ark of the God of Israel. And it was so that, after they had removed it, the hand of Jehovah was against the city with a very great destruction ; and he smote the men of the city, both small and great, and emerods broke out on them.

¹⁰ And they sent the ark of God to Ekron. And it came to pass, as the ark of God came to Ekron, that the Ekroneites cried out, saying : They have brought the ark of the God of

¹¹ Israel to us, to slay us and our people. And they sent and gathered all the lords of the Philistines, and said : Send away the ark of the God of Israel, and let it go again to its place, that it slay us not, and our people. For there was a deadly destruction in all the city ; the hand of God was very heavy

¹² there. And the men that died not were smitten with the emerods ; and the cry of the city went up to heaven.

¹ AND the ark of Jehovah was in the country of the Philistines seven months. And the Philistines called the priests and the diviners, saying : What shall we do with the ark of Jehovah ? Tell us wherewith we shall send it to its place.

³ And they said : If ye send away the ark of the God of Israel, ye may not send it empty ; but ye must pay him a trespass-offering. Then ye shall be healed, and it shall be known to

⁴ you why his hand is not removed from you. And they said : What is the trespass-offering which we shall pay him ? They said : Five golden emerods, and five golden mice, according to the number of the lords of the Philistines ; for one plague

⁵ is on all of you, and on your lords. And make images of your emerods, and images of your mice that mar the land ; and give honor to the God of Israel. Perhaps he will lighten his hand from you, and from your gods, and from your land.

⁶ And wherefore should ye harden your hearts, as the Egyptians and Pharaoh hardened their hearts ? When he had wrought wonderfully among them, did they not let the people

⁷ go, and they departed ? And now make a new cart, and take two milch kine, on which there has come no yoke, and yoke the kine to the cart, and bring their calves away from them

⁸ home. And take the ark of Jehovah, and lay it on the cart ;

- and put the golden images, which ye pay him as a trespass-offering, in the coffer by the side thereof; and send it away,
⁹ that it may go. And see, if by the way to its own border it goes up to Beth-shemesh, then he has done us this great evil; and if not, then we shall know that it is not his hand that smote us; it was a chance that happened to us.
¹⁰ And the men did so. And they took two milch kine, and yoked them to the cart, and shut up their calves at home.
¹¹ And they laid the ark of Jehovah on the cart, and the coffer
¹² with the mice of gold and the images of their emerods. And the kine went straight along the way on the way to Beth-shemesh, on one highway they went, lowing as they went, and turned not aside to the right hand or to the left; and the lords of the Philistines went after them, unto the border
¹³ of Beth-shemesh. And Beth-shemites were reaping their wheat-harvest in the valley. And they raised their eyes,
¹⁴ and saw the ark, and rejoiced to see it. And the cart came into the field of Joshua, the Beth-shemite, and stood there; and a great stone was there. And they clave the wood of the cart, and offered the kine as a burnt-offering to Jehovah.
¹⁵ And the Levites took down the ark of Jehovah, and the coffer that was with it, wherein were the golden images, and put them on the great stone. And the men of Beth-shemesh offered burnt-offerings, and sacrificed sacrifices, the same day
¹⁶ to Jehovah. And the five lords of the Philistines saw it;
¹⁷ and they returned to Ekron the same day. And these are the golden emerods which the Philistines paid as a trespass-offering to Jehovah; for Ashdod one, for Gaza one, for Ash-
¹⁸ kelon one, for Gath one, for Ekron one. And the golden mice were according to the number of all the cities of the Philistines belonging to the five lords, both of fenced cities, and of country villages. And the great stone, whereon they set down the ark of Jehovah in the field of Joshua the Beth-shemite, is a witness unto this day.
¹⁹ And he smote the men of Beth-shemesh, because they

V. 18. *And the great stone, etc.* The remainder of the verse is translated according to the most approved reading of the Hebrew text.

looked on the ark of Jehovah ; and he smote of the people fifty thousand and threescore and ten men. And the people lamented, because Jehovah had smitten the people with a ²⁰ great slaughter. And the men of Beth-shemesh said : Who is able to stand before Jehovah, this holy God ? And to whom shall he go up from us ?

²¹ And they sent messengers to the inhabitants of Kirjath-jearim, saying : The Philistines have brought back the ark of Jehovah ; come down, and carry it up to you.

¹ And the men of Kirjath-jearim came, and carried up the ark of Jehovah, and brought it into the house of Abinadab on the hill ; and they consecrated Eleazar his son to keep the ² ark of Jehovah. And it came to pass, that while the ark abode in Kirjath-jearim the time was long ; for it was twenty years. And all the house of Israel lamented after Jehovah.

³ And Samuel spoke to all the house of Israel, saying : If ye do return to Jehovah with all your heart, then put away the strange gods and the Ashtoreths from among you, and direct your heart to Jehovah, and serve him only ; and he ⁴ will deliver you out of the hand of the Philistines. And the children of Israel put away the Baals and the Ashtoreths ;

⁵ and they served Jehovah only. And Samuel said : Gather all Israel to Mizpeh, and I will pray for you to Jehovah.

⁶ And they were gathered together to Mizpeh ; and they drew water, and poured it out before Jehovah, and fasted on that day. And they said there : We have sinned against Jehovah. And Samuel judged the children of Israel in Mizpeh.

⁷ And the Philistines heard that the children of Israel were gathered together to Mizpeh ; and the lords of the Philistines went up against Israel. And the children of Israel heard it ;

⁸ and they were afraid of the Philistines. And the children of Israel said to Samuel : Cease not to cry to Jehovah our God for us, that he will save us out of the hand of the Philistines.

V. 19. *Because they looked on the ark of Jehovah ; profaning the sacred symbol of his presence with the irreverent gaze of idle curiosity.*

V. 20. *To whom shall he go up from us ? To what other people, is meant ; answered in the next verse.*

V. 4. *The Baals and the Ashtoreths.* See the writer's note on Judges 2:13, and on Gen. 14:5.

⁹ And Samuel took a sucking lamb, and offered it whole as a burnt-offering to Jehovah. And Samuel cried unto Jehovah for Israel ; and Jehovah heard him. And as Samuel was offering up the burnt-offering, the Philistines drew near for battle against Israel. And Jehovah thundered with a great noise upon the Philistines that day, and discomfited them ; and they were smitten before Israel. And the men of Israel went out from Mizpeh, and pursued the Philistines, ¹² and smote them, as far as below Beth-car. And Samuel took a stone, and set it between Mizpeh and Shen ; and he called the name of it Eben-ezer, saying : Hitherto has Jehovah helped us.

¹³ And the Philistines were subdued, and they came no more into the border of Israel. And the hand of Jehovah was against the Philistines all the days of Samuel. And the cities which the Philistines had taken from Israel were restored to Israel, from Ekron unto Gath ; and the borders thereof did Israel deliver out of the hands of the Philistines. ¹⁵ And there was peace between Israel and the Amorites. And ¹⁶ Samuel judged Israel all the days of his life. And he went from year to year in circuit to Beth-el, and Gilgal, and Mizpeh, and judged Israel in all those places. And his return was to Ramah ; for there was his house, and there he judged Israel ; and there he built an altar to Jehovah.

¹ And it came to pass, when Samuel was old, that he made ² his sons judges over Israel. And the name of his firstborn was Joel ; and the name of his second, Abiah. They were ³ judges in Beer-sheba. And his sons walked not in his ways ; and they turned aside after gain, and took bribes, and perverted judgment. And all the elders of Israel gathered ⁵ together, and came to Samuel to Ramah. And they said to him : Behold, thou art old, and thy sons walk not in thy ways. Now make us a king to judge us, like all the nations. ⁶ And the thing displeased Samuel, when they said : Give us a king to judge us. And Samuel prayed to Jehovah.

V. 12. *Ebenezer*; meaning, stone of help.

⁷ And Jehovah said to Samuel : Hearken to the voice of the people in all that they say to thee ; for they have not rejected thee, but they have rejected me, that I should not reign over them. According to all the works which they have done since the day that I brought them up out of Egypt unto this day, in forsaking me, and in serving other gods, so do they also to thee. And now hearken to their voice ; only, thou shalt solemnly protest to them, and show them the manner of the king that shall reign over them.

¹⁰ And Samuel told all the words of Jehovah to the people ¹¹ that asked of him a king. And he said : This will be the manner of the king that shall reign over you. He will take your sons, and set them for himself, in his chariot, and on his ¹² horses ; and they shall run before his chariot. And he will set for himself captains over thousands, and captains over fifties ; and will set them to plough his ground, and to reap his harvest, and to make his instruments of war, and furniture ¹³ of his chariots. And he will take your daughters to be ¹⁴ fumers, and cooks, and bakers. And he will take your fields, and your vineyards, and your olive-yards, the best of them, ¹⁵ and give them to his servants. And he will take the tenth of your seed, and of your vineyards, and give to his officers, ¹⁶ and to his servants. And your men-servants, and your maid-servants, and your goodliest young men, and your asses, he ¹⁷ will take and put to his work. He will take the tenth of ¹⁸ your sheep. And ye shall be his servants. And ye shall cry out in that day, because of your king which ye shall have chosen for you ; and Jehovah will not hear you in that day.

¹⁹ But the people refused to obey the voice of Samuel. And ²⁰ they said : Nay ; but there shall be a king over us ; that we also may be like all the nations ; and that our king may ²¹ judge us, and go out before us, and fight our battles. And Samuel heard all the words of the people ; and he rehearsed ²² them in the ears of Jehovah. And Jehovah said to Samuel : Hearken to their voice, and make them a king. And Samuel said to the men of Israel : Go ye, every man to his city.

¹ And there was a man of Benjamin, whose name was Kish ; the son of Abiel, the son of Zeror, the son of Bechorath, the son of Aphiah, the son of a Benjaminite, a mighty man of ² wealth. And he had a son whose name was Saul, young and goodly. And there was not among the children of Israel a goodlier person than he ; from his shoulders and upward ³ he was higher than any of the people. And the asses of Kish, the father of Saul, were lost. And Kish said to Saul his son : Take now one of the servants with thee, and arise, ⁴ go seek the asses. And he passed through mount Ephraim, and passed through the land of Shalisha, and they found them not ; and they passed through the land of Shalim, and they were not there ; and he passed through the land of the Ben-⁵jamites, and they found them not. They came to the land of Zuph. And Saul said to his servant that was with him : Come, and let us return ; lest my father leave caring for the ⁶ asses, and be concerned for us. And he said to him : Behold now, there is in this city a man of God, and he is an honorable man ; all that he says comes surely to pass. Now let us go thither ; perhaps he can show us our way that we should ⁷ go. And Saul said to his servant : And behold, if we go, what shall we bring to the man ? For the bread is spent in our vessels, and there is not a present to bring to the man of ⁸ God. What have we ? And the servant answered Saul again, and said : Behold, there is in my hand the fourth part of a shekel of silver ; and I will give it to the man of God, ⁹ that he may tell us our way. (Formerly in Israel, when a man went to inquire of God, he spoke thus : Come, and let us go to the Seer ; for he that is now called the Prophet was ¹⁰ formerly called the Seer.) And Saul said to his servant : Well said ; come, let us go. And they went to the city where the man of God was. ¹¹ As they went up by the ascent to the city, they met young maidens coming out to draw water ; and they said to them : ¹² Is the Seer here ? And they answered them, and said : He is ; behold, he is before thee. Make haste now, for he came

to-day to the city ; for there is a sacrifice of the people to-day
¹³ on the high place. As soon as ye are come into the city, ye will straightway meet him, before he goes up to the high place to eat ; for the people will not eat until he comes, because he blesses the sacrifice ; afterwards they eat that are bidden. And now go up ; for about this time ye will find
¹⁴ him. And they went up to the city. They were coming into the city, and behold, Samuel came out towards them, to go up to the high place.

¹⁵ And Jehovah had told Samuel a day before Saul came,
¹⁶ saying : About this time to-morrow I will send thee a man out of the land of Benjamin, and thou shalt anoint him to be prince over my people Israel ; and he shall save my people out of the hand of the Philistines. For I have looked upon
¹⁷ my people, because their cry is come unto me. And Samuel saw Saul ; and Jehovah answered him : Behold the man of whom I said to thee : This same shall reign over my people.
¹⁸ And Saul drew near to Samuel in the gate, and said : Tell
¹⁹ me, I pray thee, where is the house of the Seer. And Samuel answered Saul, and said : I am the Seer. Go up before me to the high place ; and ye shall eat with me to-day, and to-morrow I will let thee go, and I will tell thee all that is in
²⁰ thy heart. And as for thine asses that were lost three days ago, set not thy mind on them ; for they are found. And on whom is all the desire of Israel ? Is it not on thee, and on
²¹ all thy father's house ? And Saul answered and said : Am not I a Benjamite, of the smallest of the tribes of Israel, and my family the least of all the families of the tribe of
²² Benjamin ? And wherefore speakest thou so to me ? And Samuel took Saul and his servant, and brought them into the chamber, and gave them a place at the head of them that
²³ were bidden, who were about thirty persons. And Samuel said to the cook : Bring the portion which I gave thee, of
²⁴ which I said to thee : Set it by thee. And the cook took up the shoulder, and that which was upon it, and set it before

V. 17. *Answered; to the prophet's inquiring look, or inward thought. See the writer's note on Job 3:2.*

Saul ; and he said : Behold that which remains ! Set it before thee, and eat ; for unto this time has it been kept for thee since I said, I have invited the people. And Saul ate with Samuel that day.

²⁵ And they came down from the high place into the city ;
²⁶ and he talked with Saul on the top of the house. And they arose early. And it came to pass about the dawning of the day, that Samuel called to Saul on the top of the house, saying : Rise up, and I will send thee on thy way. And Saul arose, and they went out both of them, he and Samuel, on
²⁷ the street. As they were going down to the end of the city, Samuel said to Saul : Bid the servant pass on before us, (and he passed on); and stand thou still awhile, that I may let thee hear the word of God.

¹ AND Samuel took the vial of oil, and poured it on his head, and kissed him, and said : Is it not because Jehovah
² has anointed thee to be prince over his inheritance ? When thou goest from me to-day, thou wilt meet two men by Rachel's sepulchre in the border of Benjamin at Zelzah ; and they will say to thee : The asses which thou wentest to seek are found ; and lo, thy father has put aside the care for the asses, and is concerned for you, saying : What shall I do for
³ my son ? And thou shalt pass onward from thence, and thou shalt come to the oak of Tabor ; and three men will meet thee going up to God to Beth-el, one carrying three kids, and another carrying three loaves of bread, and another carrying a
⁴ bottle of wine. And they will ask thee of thy welfare, and will give thee two loaves of bread ; which thou shalt receive
⁵ from their hand. After that thou shalt come to the hill of God, where is the garrison of the Philistines. And it shall be, when thou art come thither to the city, that thou shalt meet a company of prophets coming down from the high place, and before them a psaltery, and a tabret, and a pipe,
⁶ and a harp, and they prophesying. And the Spirit of Jeho-

V. 24. *That which remains* ; which was "set by" (v. 23) by Samuel's direction for his own use.—V. 1. *Kissed him*. A token of homage and allegiance. See Ps. 2:12.

vah will come upon thee, and thou shalt prophesy with them,
 7 and shalt be changed into another man. And when these
 signs are come to thec, do what thy hand shall find ; for God
 8 is with thee. And thou shalt go down before me to Gilgal ;
 and behold, I will come down to thee, to offer burnt-offerings,
 and to sacrifice sacrifices of peace-offerings. Seven days shalt
 thou wait till I come to thee, and make known to thee what
 thou shalt do.

9 And it was so, when he had turned his back to go from
 Samuel, that God gave him another heart ; and all those
 10 signs came to pass that day. And when they came thither
 to Gibeah, behold, a company of prophets met him ; and the
 Spirit of God came upon him, and he prophesied among
 11 them. And it came to pass, when all that knew him before
 saw, and behold, he prophesied among the prophets, that the
 people said one to another, What is this that has happened
 12 to the son of Kish ? Is Saul also among the prophets ? And
 one of the same place answered and said : And who is their
 father ? Therefore it became a proverb : Is Saul also among
 13 the prophets ? And when he had made an end of prophesy-
 ing, he came to the high place.

14 And the uncle of Saul said to him and to his servant :
 Whither went ye ? And he said : To seek the asses ; and
 when we saw that they were no-where [found], we came to
 15 Samuel. And the uncle of Saul said : Tell me, I pray thee,
 16 what Samuel said to you. And Saul said to his uncle : He
 plainly told us that the asses were found. But of the natter
 of the kingdom, whereof Samuel spoke, he told him not.

17 And Samuel called the people together unto Jehovah at
 18 Mizpeh. And he said to the children of Israel : Thus says
 Jehovah God of Israel : I brought up Israel out of Egypt,
 and delivered you out of the hand of the Egyptians, and out
 19 of the hand of all the kingdoms that oppressed you. And
 ye have this day rejected your God, who himself saved you
 out of all your adversities and your tribulations ; and have

V. 12. *Who is their father ?* To whom do they all owe the gift of prophecy ? The prophetic spirit is not a privilege of birth.

said to him : Nay, but a king shalt thou set over us. And now present yourselves before Jehovah by your tribes, and
20 by your thousands. And Samuel caused all the tribes of Israel to come near ; and the tribe of Benjamin was taken.
21 He caused the tribe of Benjamin to come near by their families ; and the family of the Matrites was taken. And Saul the son of Kish was taken. And they sought him, and he
22 could not be found. And they inquired further of Jehovah : Is the man yet come hither ? And Jehovah answered : Behold, he has hid himself among the baggage. And they ran and fetched him thence. And he stood among the people ; and he was higher than any of the people from his shoulders
24 and upward. And Samuel said to all the people : See ye him whom Jehovah has chosen, that there is none like him among all the people ? And all the people shouted, and said : Long live the king !

25 Samuel told the people the manner of the kingdom, and wrote it in a book, and laid it up before Jehovah. And Samuel sent all the people away, every man to his house.
26 And Saul also went home to Gibeah ; and there went with
27 him a band of men, whose hearts God had touched. But wicked men said : How shall this man save us ? And they despised him, and brought him no presents. And he was as though he were deaf.

- 1 AND Nahash the Ammonite came up, and encamped against Jabesh-gilead. And all the men of Jabesh said to Nahash :
- 2 Make a covenant with us, and we will serve thee. And Nahash the Ammonite said to them : On this condition will I make a covenant with you ; that I may dig out all your right
3 eyes, and lay it for a reproach upon all Israel. And the elders of Jabesh said to him : Give us seven days' respite, that we may send messengers into all the borders of Israel ; and if there be no man to save us, we will come out to thee.
- 4 And the messengers came to Gibeah of Saul, and spoke the words in the ears of the people ; and all the people lifted
5 up their voice and wept. And, behold, Saul came after the

oxen out of the field ; and Saul said : What ails the people that they weep ? And they related to him the words of the
⁶ men of Jabesh. And the Spirit of God came upon Saul when he heard these words, and his anger was greatly
⁷ kindled. And he took a yoke of oxen, and cut them in pieces, and sent them throughout all the borders of Israel by
the hand of messengers, saying : Whosoever comes not forth after Saul and after Samuel, so shall it be done to his oxen. And the fear of Jehovah fell on the people, and they came
⁸ out as one man. And he numbered them in Bezek ; and the children of Israel were three hundred thousand, and the
⁹ men of Judah thirty thousand. And they said to the messengers that came : Thus shall ye say to the men of Jabesh-gilead : To-morrow, by the time the sun is hot, ye shall have help. And the messengers came and made it known to the
⁽ men of Jabesh ; and they rejoiced. And the men of Jabesh said : To-morrow we will come out to you ; and ye shall do
¹¹ to us all that seems good to you. And it was so on the morrow, that Saul put the people in three companies ; and they came into the midst of the host in the morning watch, and smote the Ammonites until the heat of the day ; and so it was, that they who remained were scattered, and not two of them were left together.
¹² And the people said to Samuel : Who is he that said, shall Saul reign over us ? Give up the men, that we may put
¹³ them to death. And Saul said : There shall not a man be put to death this day. For to-day Jehovah has wrought sal-
¹⁴ vation in Israel. And Samuel said to the people : Come,
¹⁵ and let us go to Gilgal, and renew the kingdom there. And all the people went to Gilgal, and there made Saul king before Jehovah in Gilgal, and sacrificed sacrifices of peace-offerings there before Jehovah ; and there Saul, and all the men of Israel, rejoiced greatly.

¹ AND Samuel said to all Israel : Behold, I have hearkened to your voice in all that ye said to me, and have made a king
² over you. And now, behold, the king walks before you, and

I am old and grayheaded ; and my sons, behold, they are with you, and I have walked before you from my childhood
unto this day. Behold, here I am ; witness against me before Jehovah, and before his Anointed. Whose ox have I taken ? or whose ass have I taken ? or whom have I defrauded ? whom have I oppressed ? or from whose hand have I received a bribe to blind mine eyes therewith ? and I will restore it to you. And they said : Thou hast not defrauded us, nor oppressed us, nor hast thou taken aught from any man's hand. And he said to them : Jehovah be witness against you, and his Anointed be witness this day, that ye have not found aught in my hand. And they said : Let them witness.

And Samuel said to the people : Jehovah, who appointed Moses and Aaron, and who brought your fathers up out of the land of Egypt ! And now stand forth, that I may reason with you before Jehovah of all the righteous acts of Jehovah, which he did to you and to your fathers. When Jacob came into Egypt, and your fathers cried unto Jehovah, then Jehovah sent Moses and Aaron, who brought your fathers out of Egypt, and made them dwell in this place. And they forgot Jehovah their God, and he sold them into the hand of Sisera captain of the host of Hazor, and into the hand of the Philistines, and into the hand of the king of Moab, and they fought against them. And they cried unto Jehovah, and said : We have sinned, because we have forsaken Jehovah, and have served the Baals and the Ashtoreths ; and now deliver us out of the hand of our enemies, and we will serve thee. And Jehovah sent Jerubbaal, and Bedan, and Jephthah, and Samuel, and delivered you out of the hand of your enemies on every side, and ye dwelt safely. And ye saw that Nahash the king of the children of Ammon came against you ; and ye said to me : Nay, but a king shall reign over us ; when Jehovah your God was your king. And now behold the king whom ye have chosen, whom ye demanded ;

V. 10. *The Baals and the Ashtoreths.* See the notes on Judges 2 : 11, and 13. For Baal and Ashtoreth, see the writer's note on Genesis 14 : 5.

¹⁴ and, behold, Jehovah has set a king over you. If ye will fear Jehovah, and serve him, and obey his voice, and not rebel against the commandment of Jehovah, and both ye and the king that reigns over you follow Jehovah your God— ; but if ye will not obey the voice of Jehovah, and rebel against the commandment of Jehovah, the hand of Jehovah shall be against you, as against your fathers.

¹⁶ And now stand and see this great thing, which Jehovah ¹⁷ will do before your eyes. Is it not wheat harvest to-day ? I will call unto Jehovah, and he will send thunderings and rain ; and know ye and see, that your wickedness is great, which ye have done in the sight of Jehovah, in asking for

¹⁸ you a king. And Samuel called unto Jehovah ; and Jehovah sent thunderings and rain that day. And all the people

¹⁹ greatly feared Jehovah and Samuel. And all the people said to Samuel : Pray for thy servants to Jehovah thy God, that we die not. For we have added to all our sins this evil, to ask for us a king.

²⁰ And Samuel said to the people : Fear not. Ye have indeed done all this evil ; only turn not aside from following

²¹ Jehovah, and serve Jehovah with all your heart ; and turn ye not aside ; for it is after vanities that do not profit nor

²² deliver ; for they are vanities. For Jehovah will not cast off his people, for his great name's sake ; because it has pleased

²³ Jehovah to make you his people. As for me also, far be it from me that I should sin against Jehovah in ceasing to pray for you ; and I will teach you the good and the right way.

²⁴ Only fear Jehovah, and serve him in truth with all your

²⁵ heart ; for see, how great things he has done with you. But if ye shall still do wickedly, ye shall be destroyed, both ye and your king.

¹ THIRTY years old was Saul when he began to reign.

V. 14. Some insert [well] at the end of the sentence. But it is needless. What would follow obedience is left to the reader's own thought, and is readily suggested by it. Precisely such a case occurs in Ex. 32 : 32, where correct copies of the English Bible have, "if thou wilt forgive their sin— ; and if not," etc. A similar case occurs in Acts 23 : 9, as correctly expressed in the revised version of the American Bible Union ; the words, "let us not fight against God," being a late insertion in the Greek text to fill out the sentence.

V. 1. *Thirty years old was Saul when he began to reign.* The translation of verses 1 and 2

- ² And two years Saul had reigned over Israel, and Saul chose for him three thousand men of Israel ; two thousand were with Saul in Michmash and in mount Beth-el, and a thousand were with Jonathan in Gibeah of Benjamin ; and the ³ rest of the people he sent every man to his tent. And Jonathan smote the garrison of the Philistines that was at Geba, and the Philistines heard of it. And Saul blew the trumpet ⁴ throughout all the land, saying : Let the Hebrews hear. And all Israel heard it said, that Saul had smitten a garrison of the Philistines, and that Israel also was had in abomination with the Philistines. And the people were called together after Saul to Gilgal.
- ⁵ And the Philistines came together to fight with Israel, thirty thousand chariots, and six thousand horsemen, and people as the sand which is on the sea shore in multitude. And they came up, and encamped in Michmash, eastward ⁶ from Beth-aven. And the men of Israel saw that they were in a strait, for the people were distressed ; and the people hid themselves in caves, and in thickets, and in rocks, and in high ⁷ places, and in pits. And Hebrews went over the Jordan, to the land of Gad and Gilead. And Saul was yet in Gilgal, and all the people followed him trembling.
- ⁸ And he waited seven days, according to the set time that Samuel appointed. And Samuel came not to Gilgal ; and ⁹ the people scattered from him. And Saul said : Bring me the burnt-offering, and the peace-offerings. And he offered ¹⁰ the burnt-offering. And it came to pass, that when he had made an end of offering the burnt-offering, behold, Samuel came ; and Saul went out toward him, to salute him.
- ¹¹ And Samuel said : What hast thou done ? And Saul said : Because I saw that the people scattered from me, and that thou camest not at the appointed time, and that the Philistines had come together at Michmash ; and I said : Now will the Philistines come down upon me to Gilgal, and I have not

follows what is regarded as the true reading of the Hebrew text. It is conceded by all, that the rendering of the first four words, in the common English version, is a false construction of the Hebrew text. See Introduction, page xxiii.

made supplication to Jehovah. And I forced myself, and
¹³ offered the burnt-offering. And Samuel said to Saul : Thou hast done foolishly. Thou hast not kept the commandment of Jehovah thy God, which he commanded thee ; for now would Jehovah have established thy kingdom over Israel
¹⁴ forever. And now thy kingdom shall not continue. Jehovah has sought for him a man after his own heart ; and Jehovah has commanded him to be prince over his people, because thou hast not kept that which Jehovah commanded thee.
¹⁵ And Samuel arose, and went up from Gilgal to Gibeal of Benjamin. And Saul numbered the people that were present
¹⁶ with him, about six hundred men. And Saul, and Jonathan his son, and the people that were present with them, abode in Geba of Benjamin ; and the Philistines encamped in Michmash.
¹⁷ And the spoilers came out of the camp of the Philistines in three companies. One company turned the way to Ophrah, into the land of Shual ; and another company turned the way to Beth-horon ; and another company turned the way of the border that overlooks the valley of Zeboim toward the wilderness.
¹⁸ And no smith was found in all the land of Israel ; for the Philistines said : Lest the Hebrews make them swords or
¹⁹ spears. And all Israel went down to the Philistines, to sharpen every man his plough-share, and his coulter, and his
²⁰ axe, and his mattock ; when the edges were blunted of the plough-shares, and of the coulters, and of the forks, and of
²¹ the axes, and to set the goads. And it was so, in the day of battle, that there was neither sword nor spear found in the hand of any of the people that were with Saul and Jonathan.
²² And Saul, and Jonathan his son, had them. And a garrison of the Philistines went out to the pass of Michmash.

¹ AND it came to pass at that time, that Jonathan the son of Saul said to the young man that bore his armor : Come, and let us go over to the garrison of the Philistines, that is on the

V. 20. *Coulter.* See the writer's note on *Isaiah* (Hebrew text), ch. 2 : 4.

² other side. And he told it not to his father. And Saul was lying in the farthest part of Gibeah, under a pomegranate tree which is in Migron. And the people that were with him ³ were about six hundred men ; and Ahiah the son of Ahitub, brother of Ichabod the son of Phinehas, the son of Eli priest of Jehovah in Shiloh, wearing the ephod. And the people knew not that Jonathan was gone.

⁴ And between the passes, by which Jonathan sought to go over to the garrison of the Philistines, was a sharp rock on the one side, and a sharp rock on the other side ; and the name of the one was Bozez, and the name of the other Seneh. ⁵ The one crag was a column on the north over against Mich-⁶ mash, and the other on the south over against Geba. And Jonathan said to the young man that bore his armor : Come, and let us go over to the garrison of these uncircumcised. It may be that Jehovah will work for us ; for there is no ⁷ hindrance to Jehovah, to save by many or by few. And his armor-bearer said to him : Do all that is in thy heart. Turn thee ; behold, I am with thee according to thy heart. ⁸ And Jonathan said : Behold, we will pass over to the men, ⁹ and we will show ourselves to them. If they say thus to us : Stand still until we come to you ; then we will stand in our ¹⁰ place, and will not go up to them. And if they say thus : Come up to us ; then we will go up, for Jehovah has given ¹¹ them into our hand ; and this shall be the sign to us. And they both showed themselves to the garrison of the Philistines. And the Philistines said : Behold, there are Hebrews coming forth out of the holes where they hid themselves. ¹² And the men of the garrison answered Jonathan and his armor-bearer, and said : Come up to us, and we will tell you something. And Jonathan said to his armor-bearer : Come up after me ; for Jehovah has given them into the hand of ¹³ Israel. And Jonathan climbed up on his hands and his feet, and his armor-bearer after him. And they fell before Jonathan, and his armor-bearer slew after him. And that first slaughter, which Jonathan and his armor-bearer made, was

about twenty men, within about half a furrow of land which
¹⁵ a yoke of oxen might plough. And there was terror in the camp, in the field, and among all the people ; the garrison, and the spoilers, they also were terrified ; and the earth
¹⁶ quaked, and there was a very great terror. And the watchmen of Saul in Gibeah of Benjamin saw, and behold, the
¹⁷ multitude melted away, and went hither and thither. And Saul said to the people that were with him : Number now, and see who is gone from us. And they numbered, and
¹⁸ behold, Jonathan and his armor-bearer were not there. And Saul said to Ahiah : Bring hither the ark of God. For the ark of God was at that time with the children of Israel.
¹⁹ And it came to pass, while Saul talked to the priest, that the tumult that was in the camp of the Philistines went on increasing. And Saul said to the priest : Withdraw thy hand.
²⁰ And Saul and all the people that were with him assembled, and came to the battle. And, behold, every man's sword was against his fellow, and there was very great confusion.
²¹ And the Hebrews were with the Philistines as before that time, who went up with them into the camp around, and they also [turned] to be with the Israelites that were with
²² Saul and Jonathan. And all the men of Israel who hid themselves in mount Ephraim heard that the Philistines fled ;
²³ and they also followed hard after them in the battle. And Jehovah saved Israel that day ; and the battle passed over unto Beth-aven.
²⁴ And the men of Israel were distressed that day ; for Saul adjured the people, saying : Cursed be the man that eats food until the evening, that I may be avenged on my enemies.
²⁵ And none of the people tasted food. And all they of the land came to a wood ; and there was honey upon the ground.
²⁶ And when the people were come into the wood, behold, the honey was flowing. And no man put his hand to his mouth ;
²⁷ for the people feared the oath. But Jonathan heard not when his father charged the people with the oath. And he put forth the end of the rod that was in his hand, and dipped it in the honey-comb, and put his hand to his mouth ; and his

²⁸ eyes saw clearly. And one of the people answered and said : Thy father strictly charged the people with an oath, saying : Cursed be the man that eats food this day. And the people
²⁹ were faint. And Jonathan said : My father has troubled the land. See, I pray you, how my eyes are brightened, because I
³⁰ tasted a little of this honey. How much more, if the people had eaten freely to-day of the spoil of their enemies which they found ? For had there not been now a greater slaughter
³¹ among the Philistines ? And they smote the Philistines that day from Michmash to Aijalon. And the people were very
³² faint. And the people flew upon the spoil ; and they took sheep, and oxen, and calves, and slew them on the ground. And the people ate them with the blood.

³³ And they told Saul, saying : Behold, the people sin against Jehovah, in that they eat with the blood. And he said : Ye
³⁴ have trespassed. Roll a great stone unto me this day. And Saul said : Disperse yourselves among the people, and say to them : Bring me hither every man his ox, and every man his sheep, and slay them here, and eat ; and sin not against Jehovah in eating with the blood. And all the people brought every man his ox with him that night, and slew them there.
³⁵ And Saul built an altar to Jehovah. In this he first built an altar to Jehovah.

³⁶ And Saul said : Let us go down by night after the Philistines, and spoil them until the morning light ; and let us not leave a man of them. And they said : Do whatsoever seems good to thee. And the priest said : Let us draw near hither
³⁷ unto God. And Saul asked counsel of God : Shall I go down after the Philistines ? Wilt thou deliver them into the hand of
³⁸ Israel ? And he answered him not that day. And Saul said : Draw near hither, all the chief of the people ; and
³⁹ know and see wherein this sin has been this day. For, as Jehovah lives, who saves Israel, though it be in Jonathan my son, he shall surely die. And not a man among all the
⁴⁰ people answered him. And he said to all Israel : Be ye on one side, and I and Jonathan my son will be on the other side. And the people said to Saul : Do what seems good

⁴¹ to thee. And Saul said to Jehovah God of Israel : Give a perfect lot. And Saul and Jonathan were taken ; and ⁴² the people escaped. And Saul said : Cast lots between me ⁴³ and Jonathan my son. And Jonathan was taken. And Saul said to Jonathan : Tell me, what hast thou done ? And Jonathan told him, and said : I did but taste a little honey with the end of the rod that was in my hand ; lo, I ⁴⁴ must die. And Saul answered : God do so and more also, ⁴⁵ for thou shalt surely die, Jonathan. And the people said to Saul : Shall Jonathan die, who has wrought this great salvation in Israel ? Far be it ! As Jehovah lives there shall not one hair of his head fall to the ground ; for he has wrought with God this day. And the people rescued Jonathan, that he died not. And Saul went up from following the Philistines ; and the Philistines went to their own place. ⁴⁷ And Saul took the kingdom over Israel, and fought against all his enemies on every side ; against Moab, and against the children of Ammon, and against Edom, and against the kings of Zobah, and against the Philistines ; and whithersoever he ⁴⁸ turned, he overcame. And he gathered a host, and smote the Amalekites, and delivered Israel out of the hands of them that spoiled them. ⁴⁹ And the sons of Saul were Jonathan, and Ishui, and Malchishua ; and the names of his two daughters, the name of the firstborn Merab, and the name of the younger Michal. ⁵⁰ And the name of Saul's wife was Ahinoam, the daughter of Ahimaaz. And the name of the captain of his host was Abner, the son of Ner, Saul's uncle. And Kish was the father of Saul ; and Ner the father of Abner was the son of Abiel. ⁵² And there was sore war against the Philistines all the days of Saul ; and when Saul saw any strong man, or any valiant man, he took him to himself.

¹ AND Samuel said to Saul : Jehovah sent me to anoint thee king over his people, over Israel. And now hearken thou to ² the voice of the words of Jehovah. Thus says Jehovah of Hosts : I call to mind what Amalek did to Israel, how he set

³ himself in his way, when he came up out of Egypt. Now go and smite Amalek, and utterly destroy all that they have, and spare them not ; and slay both man and woman, child ⁴ and sucking, ox and sheep, camel and ass. And Saul summoned the people, and numbered them in Telaim, two hundred thousand footmen, and ten thousand men of Judah. ⁵ And Saul came to a city of Amalek, and lay in wait in the valley.

⁶ And Saul said to the Kenites : Go, depart, go down from among the Amalekites, lest I destroy you with them. For ye showed kindness to all the children of Israel, when they came up out of Egypt. And the Kenites departed from ⁷ among the Amalekites. And Saul smote Amalek from Havilah as thou comest to Shur, that is over against Egypt. ⁸ And he took Agag the king of Amalek alive ; and all the ⁹ people he utterly destroyed with the edge of the sword. And Saul and the people spared Agag ; and the best of the sheep, and of the oxen, and of the second-birth, and the lambs, and all that was good, and would not utterly destroy them ; but all cattle that were poor and weakly, them they destroyed utterly.

¹⁰ And the word of Jehovah came to Samuel, saying : I repent that I have made Saul king. For he has turned back from following me, and has not executed my words. And it grieved Samuel ; and he cried unto Jehovah all the night.

¹² And Samuel rose early to meet Saul in the morning. And it was told Samuel, saying : Saul came to Carmel ; and behold, he set up for himself a trophy, and turned about and ¹³ passed on, and went down to Gilgal. And Samuel came to Saul. And Saul said to him : Blessed be thou of Jehovah ; ¹⁴ I have executed the word of Jehovah. And Samuel said : And what is this bleating of sheep in my ears, and lowing of ¹⁵ oxen which I hear ? And Saul said : They have brought them from the Amalekites. For the people spared the best of the sheep and of the oxen, to sacrifice to Jehovah thy

V. 9. *Of the second-birth ; as superior in strength and beauty.*—V. 11. *I repent* expresses no change in himself, the Unchanging (v. 29); but the depth of his displeasure at the change in Saul, and his own change of manner towards him.

¹⁶ God ; and the rest we have utterly destroyed. And Samuel said to Saul : Stay, and I will tell thee what Jehovah has said to me this night. And he said to him : Say on. And Samuel said : When thou wast little in thine own sight, wast thou not made the head of the tribes of Israel, and Jehovah anointed thee king over Israel ? And Jehovah sent thee on the way, and said : Go, and utterly destroy the sinners, the Amalekites, and fight against them until they are consumed.

¹⁹ And wherefore didst thou not obey the voice of Jehovah, but didst fly upon the spoil, and didst that which is evil in the sight of Jehovah ? And Saul said to Samuel : Yea, I have obeyed the voice of Jehovah, and have gone the way which Jehovah sent me, and have brought Agag the king of Amalek ; and the Amalekites I have utterly destroyed. But the people took of the spoil, sheep and oxen, the chief of the things devoted to destruction, to sacrifice to Jehovah thy God,

²² in Gilgal. And Samuel said : Has Jehovah delight in burnt-offerings and sacrifices, as in obeying the voice of Jehovah ? Behold, to obey is better than sacrifice, and to hearken than

²³ the fat of rams. For rebellion is as the sin of divination, and willfulness as idolatry and image-worship. Because thou hast rejected the word of Jehovah, he has rejected thee from being king.

²⁴ And Saul said to Samuel : I have sinned ; for I have transgressed the command of Jehovah, and thy words ; because I feared the people, and obeyed their voice. And now pardon, I pray thee, my sin, and return with me, that I may worship Jehovah. And Samuel said to Saul : I will not return with thee. For thou hast rejected the word of Jehovah, and Jehovah has rejected thee from being king over Israel. And Samuel turned about to go away ; and he laid hold of the skirt of his mantle, and it was rent. And Samuel said to him : Jehovah has rent the kingdom of Israel from thee this day, and has given it to thy neighbor, who is better than thou. And also the Strength of Israel will not lie, and will

V. 23. *Image-worship.* Literally, teraphim. See the note on Judges 17 : 5.—V. 29. *The Strength of Israel.* Or, the Confidence of Israel.

³⁰ not repent ; for he is not a man, that he should repent. And he said : I have sinned. Honor me now, I pray thee, before the elders of my people, and before Israel, and return with ³¹ me, that I may worship Jehovah thy God. And Samuel returned after Saul ; and Saul worshipped Jehovah.

³² And Samuel said : Bring hither to me Agag, the king of Amalek. And Agag came to him cheerfully. And Agag ³³ said : Surely the bitterness of death is past. And Samuel said : As thy sword has made women childless, so shall thy mother be childless among women. And Samuel hewed Agag in pieces before Jehovah, in Gilgal.

³⁴ And Samuel went to Ramah ; and Saul went up to his ³⁵ house, to Gibeah of Saul. And Samuel saw Saul no more to the day of his death. For Samuel mourned for Saul ; and Jehovah repented that he made Saul king over Israel.

¹ AND Jehovah said to Samuel : How long wilt thou mourn for Saul, seeing that I have rejected him from reigning over Israel ? Fill thy horn with oil, and go ; I will send thee to Jesse the Beth-lehemite, for I have provided me a king ² among his sons. And Samuel said : How can I go ? If Saul hear it, he will kill me. And Jehovah said : Take a heifer with thee, and say, I am come to sacrifice to Jehovah. ³ And call Jesse to the sacrifice ; and I will make known to thee what thou shalt do ; and thou shalt anoint for me him ⁴ whom I name to thee. And Samuel did that which Jehovah spoke, and came to Beth-lehem. And the elders of the city came tremblingly to meet him, and said : Comest thou peaceably ? And he said : Peaceably. I am come to sacrifice to Jehovah. Sanctify yourselves, and come with me to the sacrifice. And he sanctified Jesse and his sons, and called them to the sacrifice.

⁶ And it came to pass, as they came, that he saw Eliab ; and ⁷ he said : Surely Jehovah's anointed is before him. And

VV. 2, 3. It has been well said by Calvin, that there was no deception in this case. The sacrifice was a part, and an essential part of the transaction, both as furnishing an occasion for bringing together the family of Jesse, and to add the sanction of a solemn sacrifice to the anointing of the future king of God's people.

Jehovah said to Samuel : Look not on his countenance, or on the height of his stature ; because I have refused him. For [I see] not as man sees ; for man looks on the outward appearance, and Jehovah looks on the heart. And Jesse called Abinadab, and made him pass before Samuel. And he said : This also Jehovah has not chosen. And Jesse made Shammah pass by. And he said : This also Jehovah has not chosen. And Jesse made seven of his sons pass before Samuel. And Samuel said to Jesse : Jehovah has not chosen these. And Samuel said to Jesse : Are here all thy sons ? And he said : There remains yet the youngest ; and, behold, he tends the flock. And Samuel said to Jesse : Send and fetch him ; for we will not sit down till he comes hither. And he sent, and brought him in. And he was ruddy, of beautiful eyes withal, and goodly to look upon. And Jehovah said : Arise, anoint him ; for this is he. And Samuel took the horn of oil, and anointed him in the midst of his brothers. And the Spirit of Jehovah came upon David from that day forward. And Samuel rose up, and went to Ramah. And the Spirit of Jehovah departed from Saul, and an evil spirit from Jehovah troubled him. And Saul's servants said to him : Behold now, an evil spirit from God troubles thee. Let now our lord command thy servants before thee, and they will seek out a man, who is a skillful player on the harp. And it shall be, when the evil spirit from God is upon thee, that he will play with his hand, and thou shalt be well. And Saul said to his servants : Provide me now a man that can play well, and bring him to me. And one of the servants answered, and said : Behold, I have seen a son of Jesse the Beth-lehemite, who is skillful in playing, and strong and valiant, and a man of war, and knowing of speech, and a comely person, and Jehovah is with him. And Saul sent messengers to Jesse, and said : Send me David thy son, who is with the flock. And Jesse took an ass laden with bread, and a skin of wine, and a kid, and sent them by David his son to Saul. And David came to Saul, and stood before him. And he loved him greatly ; and he

²² became his armor-bearer. And Saul sent to Jesse, saying : Let David, I pray thee, stand before me ; for he has found ²³ favor in my sight. And so it was, when the spirit from God was upon Saul, that David took the harp, and played with his hand ; and Saul was refreshed, and was well, and the evil spirit departed from him.

¹ And the Philistines gathered their armies for battle. And they were gathered together at Socoh, which belongs to Judah, and encamped between Socoh and Azekah, at Ephes-

² dammin. And Saul and the men of Israel were gathered together, and encamped in the valley of the oak, and set the

³ battle in array against the Philistines. And the Philistines stood on the mountain on the one side, and Israel stood on the mountain on the other side ; and the ravine was between them.

⁴ And there went out a champion out of the camp of the Philistines, named Goliath, of Gath. His height was six

⁵ cubits and a span. And he had a helmet of brass upon his head, and he was clothed with a coat of mail ; and the weight

⁶ of the coat was five thousand shekels of brass. And he had greaves of brass on his legs, and a javelin of brass between

⁷ his shoulders. And the staff of his spear was like a weaver's beam ; and his spear's head weighed six hundred shekels of

⁸ iron. And one bearing the shield went before him. And he stood, and cried to the ranks of Israel, and said to them : Why are ye come out to set your battle in array ? Am not I the Philistine, and ye servants to Saul ? Choose ye a man

⁹ for you, and let him come down to me. If he be able to fight with me, and kill me, then will we be your servants ; and if I prevail against him, and kill him, then shall ye be

¹⁰ our servants, and serve us. And the Philistine said : I defy the ranks of Israel this day. Give me a man, that we may

¹¹ fight together. And Saul and all Israel heard these words

V. 4. *Champion.* One chosen to decide the contest between two contending armies, by single combat with a champion chosen by the other side. See vs. 8-10.—V. 8. *The Philistine* ; the champion of that party in the contest.

of the Philistine ; and they were dismayed, and greatly afraid.

- ¹² And David was the son of that Ephrathite of Beth-lehem-judah, whose name was Jesse ; and he had eight sons. And ¹³ the man in the days of Saul was old, far gone in years. And the three eldest sons of Jesse went after Saul to the battle. And the names of his three sons that went to the battle were Eliab the firstborn, and next to him Abinadab, and the third ¹⁴ Shammah. And David was the youngest ; and the three ¹⁵ eldest followed Saul. And David went to and from Saul, to ¹⁶ tend his father's flock at Beth-lehem. And the Philistine drew near morning and evening, and presented himself forty ¹⁷ days. And Jesse said to David his son : Take now for thy brothers an ephah of this parched grain, and these ten loaves, ¹⁸ and bring them quickly to the camp to thy brothers ; and carry these ten cheeses to the captain of their thousand, and ¹⁹ look how thy brethren fare, and take their pledge. And Saul, and they, and all the men of Israel, were in the valley of the Oak, fighting with the Philistines.
- ²⁰ And David rose up early in the morning, and left the flock with a keeper, and took, and went, as Jesse commanded him. And he came to the wagon-rampart ; and the host, that was ²¹ going forth to battle-array and shouted for the battle. And Israel and the Philistines arrayed for battle, army against ²² army. And David left his baggage in the hand of the keeper of the baggage, and ran into the ranks, and came and asked ²³ his brothers of their welfare. And as he talked with them, behold, there came up the champion, the Philistine of Gath, Goliath by name, out of the ranks of the Philistines, and spoke according to the same words. And David heard them. ²⁴ And all the men of Israel, when they saw the man, fled from ²⁵ him, and were sore afraid. And the men of Israel said : Have ye seen this man that has come up ? Surely to defy Israel has he come up. And it shall be, that the man who kills him the king will enrich with great riches ; and he will

V. 18. *And take their pledge ; some token from them, as a pledge, that all is well with them.*
V. 20. *Wagon-rampart ; a temporary entrenchment, formed by camp wagons.*

give him his daughter, and make his father's house free in
26 Israel. And David spoke to the men that stood by him, saying : What shall be done for the man that kills this Philistine, and takes away the reproach from Israel ? For who is this uncircumcised Philistine, that he should defy the armies of
27 the living God ? And the people answered him after this manner, saying : So shall it be done for the man that kills
• him.

28 And Eliab his eldest brother heard when he spoke to the men ; and Eliab's anger was kindled against David, and he said : Why camest thou down hither ? And with whom hast thou left that little flock in the wilderness ? I know thy pride, and the wickedness of thy heart, for to see the battle
29 art thou come down. And David said : What have I done now ? Was it not a word ?

30 And he turned from him toward another, and spoke after the same manner ; and the people answered him again after
31 the former manner. And the words were heard which David spoke, and they rehearsed them before Saul ; and he sent for him.

32 And David said to Saul : Let no man's heart fail because of him ; thy servant will go and fight with this Philistine.

33 And Saul said to David : Thou art not able to go against this Philistine, to fight with him ; for thou art a youth, and

34 he a man of war from his youth. And David said to Saul : Thy servant was tending his father's flock ; and there came the lion, and also the bear, and took one out of the flock.

35 And I went out after him, and smote him, and delivered it out of his mouth ; and when he rose up against me, I caught

36 him by his beard, and smote him, and slew him. Thy servant slew both the lion and the bear ; and this uncircumcised Philistine shall be as one of them, seeing that he has defied

37 the armies of the living God. And David said : Jehovah who delivered me out of the paw of the lion, and out of the paw of the bear, he will deliver me out of the hand of this

V. 25. *Free in Israel*; most probably, from all burdens of the State.—V. 34. Two conflicts with wild beasts, at different times, are referred to.

Philistine. And Saul said to David : Go, and Jehovah be with thee.

³⁸ And Saul clothed David with his war-dress, and he put a helmet of brass upon his head ; and he clothed him with a ³⁹ coat of mail. And David girded his sword over his war-dress, and essayed to go ; for he had not proved them. And David said to Saul : I cannot go in these ; for I have not ⁴⁰ proved them. And David put them off from him. And he took his staff in his hand, and chose him five smooth stones out of the brook, and put them in the shepherd's bag which he had, and in a scrip ; and his sling was in his hand. ⁴¹ And he drew near to the Philistine. And the Philistine came nearer and nearer to David ; and the man that bore ⁴² the shield went before him. And the Philistine looked, and saw David ; and he disdained him, for he was a youth, and ⁴³ ruddy, and of a fair countenance. And the Philistine said to David : Am I a dog, that thou comest to me with staves ? ⁴⁴ And the Philistine cursed David by his gods. And the Philistine said to David : Come to me, and I will give thy flesh ⁴⁵ to the fowls of the air, and to the beasts of the field. And David said to the Philistine : Thou comest to me with sword, and with spear, and with javelin. And I come to thee in the name of Jehovah of Hosts, the God of the armies of ⁴⁶ Israel, whom thou defest. This day will Jehovah deliver thee into my hand ; and I will smite thee, and take thy head from thee ; and I will give the carcasses of the host of the Philistines this day to the fowls of the air, and to the wild beasts of the earth ; and all the earth shall know that there ⁴⁷ is a God in Israel. And all this multitude shall know that Jehovah saves not by sword and spear ; for the battle is ⁴⁸ Jehovah's, and he will give you into our hand. And it came to pass, when the Philistine rose, and went and drew near to meet David, that David hasted, and ran toward the ⁴⁹ army to meet the Philistine. And David put his hand into the bag, and took thence a stone, and slung it, and smote the Philistine in his forehead, and the stone sunk into his fore-

50 head ; and he fell upon his face to the earth. And David prevailed over the Philistine with the sling and with the stone, and smote the Philistine, and slew him ; and there
51 was no sword in the hand of David. And David ran, and stood upon the Philistine, and took his sword, and drew it out from its sheath, and slew him, and cut off his head therewith. And the Philistines saw that their warrior was dead,
52 and they fled. And the men of Israel and of Judah arose, and shouted, and pursued the Philistines, until thou comest to the ravine, and to the gates of Ekron. And the wounded of the Philistines fell down by the way to Shaaraim, and
53 unto Gath, and unto Ekron. And the children of Israel returned from chasing after the Philistines ; and they spoiled
54 their tents. And David took the head of the Philistine, and brought it to Jerusalem ; and his armor he put in his tent.
55 And when Saul saw David going forth against the Philistine, he said to Abner, the captain of the host : Whose son is this youth, Abner ? And Abner said : As thy soul lives,
56 O king, I know not. And the king said : Inquire thou
57 whose son the youth is. And as David returned from the slaughter of the Philistine, Abner took him, and brought him before Saul ; and the head of the Philistine was in his
58 hand. And Saul said to him : Whose son art thou, young man ? And David said : I am the son of thy servant Jesse, the Beth-lehemite.

1 AND it came to pass, when he had made an end of speaking to Saul, that the soul of Jonathan was bound to the soul
2 of David ; and Jonathan loved him as his own soul. And Saul took him on that day, and would not let him return to
3 his father's house. And Jonathan and David made a covenant, because he loved him as his own soul. And Jonathan stripped himself of the robe that was upon him, and gave it to David, and his war-dress, even to his sword, and to his bow, and to his girdle.

5 And David went out whithersoever Saul sent him. He behaved himself wisely ; and Saul set him over the men of

war, and he was accepted in the sight of all the people, and
⁶ also in the sight of Saul's servants. And it came to pass
as they came, when David returned from the slaughter of the
Philistine, that the women came out of all cities of Israel,
singing and dancing, to meet Saul the king, with tabrets, with
⁷ rejoicing, and with triangles. And the women responded,
one to another as they played, and said :—

Saul has slain his thousands,
And David his ten thousands.

- ⁸ And Saul was very wroth, and this saying displeased him ;
and he said : They have ascribed to David ten thousands,
and to me they have ascribed thousands. And what can he
⁹ have more but the kingdom ? And Saul eyed David enviously
from that day and forward.
¹⁰ And it came to pass on the morrow, that an evil spirit from
God came upon Saul, and he prophesied in the midst of the
house. And David played with his hand, as at other times ;
¹¹ and there was a javelin in Saul's hand. And Saul cast the
javelin ; and he said : I will smite David to the wall. And
David avoided his presence twice.
¹² And Saul was afraid of David ; for Jehovah was with him,
¹³ and had departed from Saul. And Saul removed him from
himself and made him his captain over a thousand ; and he
¹⁴ went out and came in before the people. And David behaved
himself wisely in all his ways ; and Jehovah was with him.
¹⁵ And Saul saw that he behaved himself very wisely ; and he
¹⁶ was afraid of him. And all Israel and Judah loved David ;
for he went out and came in before them.
¹⁷ And Saul said to David : Behold my elder daughter Merab,
her will I give thee to wife ; only be thou valiant for me, and
fight Jehovah's battles. For Saul said : Let not my hand be
upon him, but let the hand of the Philistines be upon him.
¹⁸ And David said to Saul : Who am I ? And what is my life,
my father's family in Israel, that I should be son-in-law to

V. 10. *And he prophesied.* Compare Jer. 29 : 26 : “Every man that is mad, and makes himself a prophet.”

¹⁹ the king? And it came to pass at the time when Merab Saul's daughter was to be given to David, that she was given ²⁰ to Adriel the Meholathite for a wife. And Michal Saul's daughter loved David; and they told Saul, and the thing ²¹ pleased him. And Saul said: I will give her to him, that she may be a snare to him, and that the hand of the Philistines may be against him. And Saul said to David the second time: Thou shalt this day be my son-in-law.

²² And Saul commanded his servants: Speak to David privately, and say: Behold, the king has delight in thee, and all his servants love thee; now therefore, be the king's son-²³ in-law. And Saul's servants spoke these words in the ears of David. And David said: Seems it to you a light thing to be the king's son-in-law, seeing that I am a poor man, and ²⁴ lightly esteemed? And the servants of Saul told him, saying: On this manner spoke David. And Saul said: Thus shall ye say to David: The king desires not any dowry, but a hundred foreskins of the Philistines, to be avenged of the king's enemies. And Saul thought to make David fall by the ²⁶ hand of the Philistines. And his servants told David these words; and it pleased David well to be the king's son-in-law. ²⁷ And the days were not expired. And David arose and went, he and his men, and smote of the Philistines two hundred men. And David brought their foreskins; and they gave them in full number to the king, that he might be the king's son-in-law. And Saul gave him Michal his daughter for a wife. ²⁸ And Saul saw and knew that Jehovah was with David. ²⁹ And Michal, Saul's daughter, loved him. And Saul was yet the more afraid of David; and Saul was David's enemy ³⁰ continually. And the princes of the Philistines went forth. And it came to pass, as often as they went forth, that David behaved himself more wisely than all the servants of Saul; and his name was highly prized.

¹ AND Saul spoke to Jonathan his son, and to all his servants, ² of putting David to death. And Jonathan, Saul's son, delighted much in David. And Jonathan told David, saying:

Saul, my father, is seeking to kill thee. And now, I pray thee, take heed to thyself to-morrow, and abide in a secret ³ place, and hide thyself. And I will go out, and stand beside my father in the field where thou art ; and I will speak of thee to my father, and see how it is, and I will tell thee.

⁴ And Jonathan spoke good of David to Saul his father, and said to him : Let not the king sin against his servant, against David ; because he has not sinned against thee, and because ⁵ his acts have to thee been very good ; and he put his life in his hand, and smote the Philistine, and Jehovah wrought a great salvation for all Israel. Thou sawest it and didst rejoice ; and wherefore wilt thou sin against innocent blood, to slay ⁶ David without a cause ? And Saul hearkened to the voice of Jonathan ; and Saul swore : As Jehovah lives, he shall not ⁷ be slain. And Jonathan called David ; and Jonathan told him all these words. And Jonathan brought David to Saul, and he was before him, as in times past.

⁸ And there was war again. And David went out, and fought against the Philistines ; and he smote them with a ⁹ great slaughter, and they fled from him. And an evil spirit from Jehovah was upon Saul, as he sat in his house, and his javelin was in his hand ; and David was playing with his ¹⁰ hand. And Saul sought to smite David to the wall with the javelin ; but he slipped away out of Saul's presence, and he smote the javelin into the wall ; and David fled, and escaped ¹¹ that night. And Saul sent messengers to David's house, to watch him, and to slay him in the morning. And Michal David's wife told him, saying : If thou save not thy life to-night, to-morrow thou wilt be slain.

¹² And Michal let David down through the window ; and he ¹³ went, and fled, and escaped. And Michal took the image, and laid it in the bed, and put a pillow of goats' hair at its ¹⁴ head, and covered it with the coverlet. And Saul sent messengers to take David ; and she said : He is sick. And Saul

VV. 13, 16. *The image.* Literally, the teraphim. See the note on Judges 17 : 8, and the writer's note on Gen. 31 : 19. It is there seen that the worship of such images was brought from Syria. The image might, as in this case, be large enough to counterfeit the human form, at least the upper part of it.

sent the messengers to see David, saying: Bring him up to
¹⁶ me in the bed, that I may slay him. And the messengers
 came in, and behold, the image in the bed, and a pillow of
¹⁷ goats' hair at its head. And Saul said to Michal: Why hast
 thou so deceived me, and sent away my enemy, and he has
 escaped? And Michal answered Saul: He said to me, let me
 go; why should I kill thee?

¹⁸ And David fled, and escaped, and came to Samuel to
 Ramah; and he told him all that Saul had done to him.
¹⁹ And he and Samuel went and dwelt in Naioth. And it was
 told Saul, saying: Behold, David is at Naioth in Ramah.
²⁰ And Saul sent messengers to take David. And they saw the
 company of the prophets prophesying, and Samuel standing
 as leader over them; and the Spirit of God was upon the
²¹ messengers of Saul, and they also prophesied. And it was
 told Saul, and he sent other messengers, and they also
 prophesied. And Saul sent the third messengers, and they
²² also prophesied. And he also went to Ramah, and came to
 the great cistern that is in Sechu. And he asked and said:
 Where are Samuel and David? And one said: Behold, they
²³ are at Naioth in Ramah. And he went thither, to Naioth
 in Ramah. And the Spirit of God was upon him also, and
 he went on prophesying as he went, until he came to Naioth
²⁴ in Ramah. And he too stripped off his clothes, and he too
 prophesied before Samuel, and lay down naked all that day
 and all the night. Therefore they say: Is Saul also among
 the prophets?

- ¹ AND David fled from Naioth in Ramah, and came and said before Jonathan: What have I done? What is my iniquity? And what is my sin before thy father, that he seeks my life?
- ² And he said to him: Far be it; thou shalt not die. Behold, my father does nothing great or small, but that he reveals it to me; and why should my father hide this thing from me?
- ³ It is not so. And David swore moreover, and said: Thy

V. 24. *His clothes; his outer garments.—Naked. With only his under-clothing; as in John 21:7.*

father certainly knows that I have found favor in thine eyes ; and he says : Let not Jonathan know this, lest he be grieved. And truly, as Jehovah lives, and as thy soul lives, there is
⁴ but a step between me and death. And Jonathan said to David : Whatever thy soul shall say, I will do it for thee.
⁵ And David said to Jonathan : Behold, to-morrow is the new moon, and I should not fail to sit with the king to eat. But let me go, I will hide myself in the field until the third even-
⁶ ing. If thy father at all miss me, thou shalt say : David earnestly asked leave of me that he might run to Beth-lehem his city ; for there is a yearly sacrifice there for all the family.
⁷ If he say thus : It is well,—thy servant shall have peace ; and if he be very wroth, be sure that evil is determined by
⁸ him. And thou shalt deal kindly with thy servant ; for thou hast brought thy servant into a covenant of Jehovah with thee. And if there be iniquity in me, slay me thyself ; for
⁹ why shouldest thou bring me to thy father ? And Jonathan said : Far be it from thee. For if I certainly knew that evil were determined by my father to come upon thee, then would
¹⁰ not I tell it to thee ? And David said to Jonathan : Who shall tell me ? Or what if thy father answer thee roughly ?
¹¹ And Jonathan said to David : Come, and let us go out into the field. And they went out both of them into the
¹² field. And Jonathan said to David : Jehovah, God of Israel, if when I have sounded my father about this time to-morrow or the third day, and behold, there be good toward David, and I then send not to thee, and make it known to thee ;
¹³ Jehovah do so and much more to Jonathan. But if it please my father to do thee evil, then I will reveal it to thee, and will send thee away, that thou mayest go in peace. And
¹⁴ Jehovah be with thee, as he has been with my father. And thou shalt not only while yet I live show me the kindness of
¹⁵ Jehovah, that I die not ; but thou shalt not cut off thy kindness from my house forever ; no, not when Jehovah has cut off the enemies of David every one from the face of the
¹⁶ ground. And Jonathan made a covenant with the house of David, saying : Let Jehovah require it at the hand of David's

¹⁷ enemies. And Jonathan caused David to swear again, because he loved him; for he loved him as he loved his own ¹⁸ soul. And Jonathan said to him: To-morrow is the new moon; and thou wilt be missed, because thy seat will be ¹⁹ empty. And on the third day thou shalt go down quickly, and come to the place where thou didst hide thyself on the ²⁰ day of that deed, and shalt remain by the stone Ezel. And I will shoot three arrows on the side thereof, as though I ²¹ shot at a mark. And, behold, I will send the lad, saying: Go, find the arrows. If I expressly say to the lad: Behold, the arrows are on this side of thee, take them; then come thou, for there is peace to thee, and no hurt, as Jehovah ²² lives. And if I say thus to the youth: Behold, the arrows are beyond thee; go thy way, for Jehovah has sent thee ²³ away. And as to the matter of which I and thou have spoken, behold, Jehovah be between me and thee forever.

²⁴ And David hid himself in the field. And the new moon ²⁵ was come, and the king sat down to the food to eat. And the king sat upon his seat, as at other times, the seat by the wall. And Jonathan arose, and Abner sat by Saul's side; ²⁶ and David's place was empty. And Saul spoke not anything on that day. For he thought, something has befallen him, ²⁷ he is not clean; surely he is not clean. And it came to pass on the morrow of the new moon, the second day, that David's place was empty. And Saul said to Jonathan his son: Wherefore comes not the son of Jesse to the food, neither ²⁸ yesterday, nor to-day? And Jonathan answered Saul: David earnestly asked leave of me to go to Beth-lehem. ²⁹ And he said: Let me go, I pray thee. For we have a family sacrifice in the city; and this my brother, he has bid me do. And now, if I have found favor in thine eyes, let me get away, I pray thee, and see my brothers. Therefore he comes not ³⁰ to the king's table. And Saul's anger was kindled against Jonathan, and he said to him: Thou son of the perverse rebellious woman. Do not I know that thou hast chosen the son of Jesse to thine own shame, and to the shame of thy ³¹ mother's nakedness? For so long as the son of Jesse lives

upon the ground, thou shalt not be established, nor thy kingdom. And now send and fetch him to me; for he shall surely die. And Jonathan answered Saul, his father, and said to him: Wherefore shall he be slain? What has he done? And Saul cast the javelin at him, to smite him. And Jonathan knew that it was determined by his father to slay David. And Jonathan arose from the table in fierce anger; and he ate no food on the second day of the month. For he was grieved for David, because his father had done him shame.

35 And it came to pass in the morning, that Jonathan went out into the field at the time appointed with David, and a little lad with him. And he said to his lad: Run, find now the arrows which I shoot. The lad ran, and he shot an arrow beyond him. And the lad came to the place of the arrow which Jonathan shot; and Jonathan cried after the lad, and said: Is not the arrow beyond thee? And Jonathan cried after the lad: Make speed, haste, stay not. And Jonathan's lad gathered up the arrows, and came to his master. And the lad knew nothing of it; only Jonathan and David knew of the matter. And Jonathan gave his weapons to his lad, and said to him: Go, carry them to the city.

41 The lad went. And David arose from the south side, and fell on his face to the ground, and bowed himself three times. And they kissed one another, and wept one with another, until David wept aloud. And Jonathan said to David: Go in peace; as we have sworn both of us in the name of Jehovah, saying: Jehovah be between me and thee, and between my seed and thy seed forever. And he arose and departed; and Jonathan went into the city.

¹ AND David came to Nob, to Ahimelech the priest. And Ahimelech went trembling to meet David; and he said to him: Why art thou alone, and no man with thee? And David said to Ahimelech the priest: The king has charged me with a business, and has said to me: Let no man know

anything of the business whereon I send thee, and what I have commanded thee. And I have appointed the young
3 men to such and such a place. And now what is under thy hand? Give me five loaves of bread in my hand, or what
4 is found. And the priest answered David, and said : There is no common bread under my hand, but there is hallowed bread ; if only the young men have kept themselves from
5 women. And David answered the priest, and said to him : Nay, but women have been kept from us about these three days, since I came out, and the utensils of the young men were holy ; and it is in a manner common, besides that there
6 will [more] be sanctified this day in the vessel. And the priest gave him hallowed bread. For there was no bread there but the show-bread, that was taken from before Jehovah, to place warm bread on the day when it was taken away.
7 And a certain man of the servants of Saul was there that day, detained before Jehovah ; and his name was Doeg, the Edomite, the chief of the herdsmen that belonged to Saul.
8 And David said to Ahimelech : And is there not here under thy hand javelin or sword ? For I have brought neither my sword nor my weapons with me, because the
9 king's business required haste. And the priest said : The sword of Goliath the Philistine, whom thou slewest in the valley of the Oak, behold, it is wrapped in the cloak behind the ephod. If thou wilt take that, take it ; for there is no other than that here. And David said : There is none like that ; give it to me.
10 And David arose, and fled that day for fear of Saul, and
11 went to Achish the king of Gath. And the servants of Achish said to him : Is not this David, the king of the land ? Did they not sing one to another of him in dances, saying : Saul has slain his thousands, and David his ten thousands ?
12 And David laid these words to heart ; and he was sore afraid
13 of Achish, the king of Gath. And he disguised his reason in their sight, and feigned himself mad in their hand, and scrawled on the doors of the gate, and let his spittle fall
14 down on his beard. And Achish said to his servants : Lo,

ye see the man is mad ; wherefore do ye bring him to me ?
15 Have I need of madmen, that ye have brought this fellow to play the madman before me ? Shall this fellow come into my house ?

1 AND David departed thence, and escaped to the cave of Adullam. And his brothers and all his father's house heard 2 it, and they went down thither to him. And every one that was in distress, and every one that was in debt, and every one that was discontented, gathered themselves to him, and he became a captain over them. And there were with him about four hundred men.

3 And David went thence to Mizpeh of Moab. And he said to the king of Moab : Let my father and my mother, I pray thee, come out, and be with you, till I know what God will 4 do for me. And he conducted them before the king of Moab ; and they dwelt with him all the while that David was in the stronghold.

5 And the prophet Gad said to David : Thou shalt not abide in the stronghold. Depart, and come into the land of Judah. And David departed, and came into the forest of Hareth.

6 And Saul heard that David was discovered, and the men that were with him. And Saul was sitting at Gibeali under the tamarisk-tree on the height, having his javelin in his 7 hand, and all his servants were standing about him. And Saul said to his servants that stood about him : Hear now, ye Benjamites. Will the son of Jesse also give every one of you fields and vineyards, and make you all captains of 8 thousands, and captains of hundreds ; that all of you have conspired against me, and no one reveals to me that my son has made a league with the son of Jesse, and none of you is sorry for me, or reveals to me that my son has set up my servant against me a waylayer, as at this day ?

9 And Doeg the Edomite, who was standing by the servants of Saul, answered and said : I saw the son of Jesse come to

V. 6. Was sitting ; in a public gathering of his adherents, for considering the affairs of the kingdom.

- ¹⁰ Nob, to Ahimelech the son of Abitub. And he inquired of Jehovah for him, and gave him victuals, and gave him the sword of Goliath, the Philistine. And the king sent to call Ahimelech the priest, the son of Abitub, and all his father's house, the priests that were in Nob; and they came all of them to the king. And Saul said: Hear now, thou son of Ahitub. And he answered: Here I am, my lord. And Saul said to him: Why have ye conspired against me, thou and the son of Jesse, in that thou hast given him bread, and a sword, and hast inquired of God for him, that he should rise up against me a waylayer, as at this day. And Ahimelech answered the king, and said: And who among all thy servants is as David, trusty and the king's son-in-law, and has access to thy private ear, and is honored in thy house? Did I that day begin to inquire of God for him? Be it far from me. Let not the king impute anything to his servant, to all the house of my father; for thy servant knew nothing of all this, little or great. And the king said: Thou shalt surely die, Ahimelech, thou, and all thy father's house.
- ¹⁷ And the king said to the runners that stood about him: Turn, and slay the priests of Jehovah; because their hand also is with David, and because they knew when he fled, and did not reveal it to me. And the servants of the king would not put forth their hand to fall upon the priests of Jehovah.
- ¹⁸ And the king said to Doeg: Turn thou, and fall upon the priests. And Doeg the Edomite turned, and he fell upon the priests, and slew on that day fourscore and five men that ¹⁹ wore a linen ephod. And Nob, the city of the priests, he smote with the edge of the sword; both men and women, children and sucklings, and oxen, and asses, and sheep, with the edge of the sword.
- ²⁰ And one of the sons of Ahimelech the son of Abitub, ²¹ named Abiathar, escaped, and fled after David. And Abiathar made known to David, that Saul had slain the priests ²² of Jehovah. And David said to Abiathar: I knew on that day, that Doeg the Edomite was there, that he would surely

V. 17. *Runners; that ran before his chariot (ch. 8:11), as a body-guard on the road.*

make it known to Saul. I am the cause, to all the persons
²³ of thy father's house. Abide thou with me. Fear not; for
he that seeks my life seeks thy life; for with me thou art
well guarded.

¹ AND they told David, saying: Behold, Philistines are war-
² ring against Keilah; and they rob the threshing-floors. And
David inquired of Jehovah, saying: Shall I go and smite
these Philistines? And Jehovah said to David: Go, and
³ smite the Philistines, and save Keilah. And David's men
said to him: Behold, we are afraid here in Judah; and how
much more if we go to Keilah, against the armies of the
⁴ Philistines? And David inquired of Jehovah yet again.
And Jehovah answered him and said: Arise, go down to
⁵ Keilah; for I will give the Philistines into thy hand. And
David and his men went to Keilah; and they fought against
the Philistines, and brought away their cattle, and smote
them with a great slaughter. And David saved the inhabi-
⁶ tants of Keilah. And it came to pass, when Abiathar, the
son of Ahimelech, fled to David to Keilah, there came down
an ephod in his hand:

⁷ And it was made known to Saul that David was come to
Keilah. And Saul said: God has given him over into my
hand; for he has shut himself in, by entering into a city
⁸ that has gates and bars. And Saul summoned all the people
to war, to go down to Keilah, to besiege David and his men.
⁹ And David knew that Saul was devising evil against him.
And he said to Abiathar the priest: Bring hither the ephod.
¹⁰ And David said: Jehovah, God of Israel, thy servant has
verily heard that Saul is seeking to come to Keilah, to de-
¹¹ stroy the city for my sake. Will the men of Keilah deliver
me up into his hand? Will Saul come down, as thy servant
has heard? Jehovah, God of Israel, I beseech thee, tell thy
¹² servant. And Jehovah said: He will come down. And
David said: Will the men of Keilah deliver me and my
men into the hand of Saul? And Jehovah said: They will
deliver thee up.

¹³ And David and his men, about six hundred, arose and departed out of Keilah, and went whithersoever they could go. And it was made known to Saul that David had escaped
¹⁴ from Keilah; and he forbore to go forth. And David abode in the wilderness in the strongholds, and abode in the mountain in the wilderness of Ziph. And Saul sought him every
¹⁵ day; but God delivered him not into his hand. And David saw that Saul was come out to seek his life; and David was in the wilderness of Ziph, in the forest.

¹⁶ And Jonathan Saul's son arose, and went into the forest
¹⁷ to David, and strengthened his hand in God. And he said to him: Fear not. For the hand of Saul my father shall not find thee; and thou shalt be king over Israel, and I shall
¹⁸ be next to thee; and that Saul my father also knows. And they two made a covenant before Jehovah. And David abode in the forest, and Jonathan went to his house.

¹⁹ And Ziphites came up to Saul to Gibeal, saying: Does not David hide himself with us in the strongholds in the forest, in the hill of Hachilah, which is on the south of the
²⁰ desert? And now, O king, go down, according to all the desire of thy soul to go down; and it shall be our part to
²¹ deliver him into the king's hand. And Saul said: Blessed
²² be ye of Jehovah, that ye have compassion on me. Go, I pray you; be heedful still, and know and see his place where his haunt is, who has seen him there. For it is told me that
²³ he deals very craftily. And see and know, of all the lurking-places where he hides himself, and come ye again to me with the certainty, and I will go with you. And it shall be, if he is in the land, that I will search him out among all the
²⁴ thousands of Judah. And they arose, and went to Ziph before Saul. And David and his men were in the wilderness
²⁵ of Maon, in the plain on the south of the desert. And Saul and his men went to seek him. And they made it known to David; and he came down to the rock, and abode in the wilderness of Maon. And Saul heard it, and he pursued after
²⁶ David in the wilderness of Maon. And Saul went on this side of the mountain, and David and his men on that side of

the mountain. And David made haste to get away for fear of Saul ; for Saul and his men closed around upon David and his men to take them.

²⁷ And there came a messenger to Saul, saying : Haste thee, ²⁸ and come ; for Philistines have invaded the land. And Saul returned from pursuing after David, and went against the Philistines. Therefore they called that place Sela-hammah-lekoth.

²⁹ And David went up from thence, and dwelt in strongholds at En-gedi.

¹ AND it came to pass, when Saul returned from following the Philistines, that it was told him, saying : Behold, David ² is in the wilderness of En-gedi. And Saul took three thousand men chosen out of all Israel, and went to seek David ³ and his men on the rocks of the wild goats. And he came to the sheep-folds on the way ; and a cave was there. And Saul went in to cover his feet ; and David and his men were ⁴ abiding in the sides of the cave. And the men of David said to him : Behold the day of which Jehovah said to thee : Behold, I will give thine enemy into thy hand, that thou mayest do to him as it shall seem good to thee. And David ⁵ arose, and cut off the skirt of Saul's robe privily. And it came to pass afterward, that David's heart smote him be- ⁶ cause he cut off Saul's skirt. And he said to his men : Jehovah forbid that I should do this thing to my lord, Jehovah's anointed, to stretch forth my hand against him, seeing that ⁷ he is the anointed of Jehovah. And David stayed his men with these words, and suffered them not to rise against Saul. And Saul rose up out of the cave, and went on the way. ⁸ And David arose afterward, and went forth out of the cave ; and he cried after Saul, saying : My lord, the king ! And Saul looked behind him, and David stooped with his ⁹ face to the earth, and bowed himself. And David said to Saul : Wherefore hearkenest thou to the words of men, say- ¹⁰ ing : Behold, David seeks thy hurt ? Behold, this day thine

V. 28. *Sela-hammah-lekoth*; meaning, Rock of the escapes.

eyes have seen that Jehovah gave thee to-day into my hand in the cave. And some bade me kill thee, but mine eye spared thee; and I said, I will not put forth my hand against ¹¹ my lord, for he is Jehovah's anointed. And my father, see, yea, see the skirt of thy robe in my hand. For in that I cut off the skirt of thy robe, and killed thee not, know thou and see that there is no evil nor trespass in my hand, and I have not sinned against thee; and thou huntest my life, to take it. ¹² Jehovah judge between me and thee, and Jehovah avenge ¹³ me of thee; but my hand shall not be upon thee. As says the proverb of the ancients: From the wicked proceeds ¹⁴ wickedness; and my hand shall not be upon thee. After whom is the king of Israel come out? After whom dost ¹⁵ thou pursue? After a dead dog, after a flea. And Jehovah is judge, and judges between me and thee; and he will see, and plead my cause, and deliver me out of thy hand. ¹⁶ And it came to pass, when David made an end of speaking these words to Saul, that Saul said: Is this thy voice, my son ¹⁷ David? And Saul lifted up his voice, and wept. And he said to David: Thou art more righteous than I; for thou hast rewarded me with good, and I have rewarded thee with evil. ¹⁸ And thou hast showed this day that thou dost deal kindly with me; in that when Jehovah delivered me into thy hand, ¹⁹ thou didst not kill me. For if a man find his enemy, will he let him go well away? Jehovah requite thee with good for ²⁰ what thou hast done to me this day. And now, behold, I know that thou shalt surely be king, and that the kingdom ²¹ of Israel shall be established in thy hand. And now swear to me by Jehovah, that thou wilt not cut off my seed after me, and that thou wilt not destroy my name out of my ²² father's house. And David swore to Saul. And Saul went to his house; and David and his men went up to the stronghold.

¹ AND Samuel died; and all Israel assembled, and lamented him; and they buried him in his house at Ramah. And

V. 17. *Thou hast rewarded, etc.* The meaning, more fully expressed, is:—*Thou hast rewarded my evil with good, and I have rewarded thy good with evil.*

David arose, and went down to the wilderness of Paran.

² And there was a man at Maon, whose possessions were in Carmel. And the man was very great; and he had three thousand sheep, and a thousand goats. And he was shear-

³ ing his sheep in Carmel. And the name of the man was Nabal, and the name of his wife Abigail. And the woman was of good understanding, and of a beautiful countenance; and the man was churlish and evil in his doings. And he was of the house of Caleb.

⁴ And David heard in the wilderness that Nabal was shear-

⁵ ing his sheep. And David sent out ten young men. And David said to the young men: Go up to Carmel; and go to

⁶ Nabal, and ask after his welfare in my name. And thus shall ye say to him: Hail! Peace be to thee, and peace be

⁷ to thy house, and peace be to all that thou hast. And now I have heard that thou hast shearers. Now thy shepherds which were with us, we hurt them not, nor was there aught

⁸ missing to them, all the while they were in Carmel. Ask thy young men, and they will tell thee. And let the young men find favor in thine eyes; for we are come to a festive day.

Give, I pray thee, whatsoever comes to thy hand, to

⁹ thy servants and to thy son David. And David's young men came, and spoke to Nabal according to all these words, in the name of David, and ceased.

¹⁰ And Nabal answered David's servants, and said: Who is David? And who is the son of Jesse? There are many servants nowadays that break away every man from his

¹¹ master. And shall I take my bread, and my water, and my flesh that I have killed for my shearers, and give it to men,

¹² whom I know not whence they are? And David's young men turned to their way, and went back, and came and

¹³ told him according to all these words. And David said to his men: Gird on every man his sword. And they girded on every man his sword; and David also girded on his sword. And there went up after David about four hundred men; and two hundred remained by the baggage.

¹⁴ And one of the young men told Abigail, Nabal's wife, say-

ing : Behold, David sent messengers out of the wilderness to
¹⁵ salute our master ; and he railed at them. But the men were
 very good to us, and we were not hurt, nor did we miss any
 thing, as long as we were conversant with them, when we
¹⁶ were in the field. They were a wall to us both by night and
 by day, all the while we were with them tending the sheep.

¹⁷ And now know and consider what thou wilt do ; for evil is
 determined against our master, and upon all his household ;
 and he is a bad man, so that one cannot speak to him.

¹⁸ And Abigail made haste, and took two hundred loaves,
 and two skins of wine, and five sheep ready dressed, and
 five seahs of parched grain, and a hundred clusters of raisins,
 and two hundred cakes of figs, and laid them on the asses.

¹⁹ And she said to her servants : Go on before me ; behold, I
²⁰ come after you. But she told not her husband Nabal. And
 it was so, as she rode on the ass, that she came down by a
 sheltered part of the mountain, and, behold, David and his
 men were coming down towards her ; and she met them.

²¹ Now David had said : Surely in vain have I kept all that this
 fellow has in the wilderness, so that nothing was missed of
 all that pertained to him ; and he has requited me evil for
²² good. So and more also do God to the enemies of David, if
 of all that pertain to him I leave a male till the morning light.

²³ And Abigail saw David, and she hasted, and alighted from
 the ass ; and she fell before David on her face, and bowed
²⁴ herself to the ground. And she fell at his feet, and said : On
 me, my lord, be the wrong. And let thy handmaid, I pray,
 speak in thy ears, and hear the words of thy handmaid.

²⁵ Let not my lord, I pray, have regard to this base man, to
 Nabal ; for as his name is, so is he. Nabal is his name, and
 folly is with him ; and I, thy handmaid, saw not the young

²⁶ men of my lord, whom thou didst send. And now, my lord,
 as Jehovah lives, and as thy soul lives, Jehovah has withheld thee from coming into blood-guiltiness, that thine own

V. 18. *Seah.* A measure of quantity, containing nearly three gallons.—V. 22. Meaning : So may God do to the enemies of David (so spare them), if I shall spare any of all that pertain to him.—V. 25. *This base man.* Only by this truthful admission could she justify or excuse the action of David, whom it was her duty to conciliate.—*Nabal* ; stupid, foolish.

hand should help thee. And now let thine enemies, and
²⁷ they that seek evil to my lord, be as Nabal. And now this
present which thy handmaid has brought to my lord, let it
²⁸ be given to the young men that follow my lord. Forgive, I
pray thee, the trespass of thy handmaid. For Jehovah will
certainly make for my lord a sure house ; because my lord
fights the battles of Jehovah, and evil shall not be found in
²⁹ thee, all thy days. And should a man rise up to pursue
thee, and to seek thy life, let the life of my lord be bound in
the bundle of life with Jehovah thy God ; and the life of
thine enemies, that shall he sling out, as in the hollow of a
³⁰ sling. And it shall be, when Jehovah shall do to my lord
according to all the good that he has spoken of thee, and
³¹ shall appoint thee ruler over Israel ; that this shall be no
cause of grief to thee, nor heart-reproach to my lord, that
thou hast shed blood causelessly, or that my lord was his own
helper. And when Jehovah shall deal well with my lord,
then remember thy handmaid.

³² And David said to Abigail : Blessed be Jehovah, God of
³³ Israel, who sent thee this day to meet me. And blessed be
thy understanding, and blessed be thou, who hast kept me this
day from coming into blood-guiltiness, that my own hand
³⁴ should help me. And in truth, as Jehovah, God of Israel
lives, who has kept me back from hurting thee, unless thou
hadst hasted and come to meet me, there had not a male
³⁵ been left to Nabal till the morning light. And David received
from her hand that which she brought him. And he said to
her : Go up in peace to thy house ; see, I have hearkened to
thy voice, and have accepted thee.

³⁶ And Abigail came to Nabal. And, behold, he held a feast
in his house, like the feast of a king ; and Nabal's heart was
merry over it, for he was very drunken. And she told him
³⁷ nothing, little or much, until the morning light. And it
came to pass in the morning, when the wine was gone out of
Nabal, that his wife told him these things ; and his heart died
³⁸ within him, and he became as a stone. And it came to pass
about ten days after, that Jehovah smote Nabal, and he died.

- ³⁹ And David heard that Nabal was dead. And he said : Blessed be Jehovah who pleaded the cause of my reproach from the hand of Nabal, and has kept back his servant from evil ; for Jehovah has returned the wickedness of Nabal upon his own head. And David sent and spoke with Abigail,
⁴⁰ to take her to him for a wife. And the servants of David came to Abigail to Carmel ; and they spoke to her, saying :
⁴¹ David sent us to thee, to take thee to him for a wife. And she arose, and bowed herself with her face to the earth, and said : Behold, thy handmaid is for a servant, to wash the feet
⁴² of the servants of my lord. And Abigail hasted, and arose, and rode upon an ass, with her five damsels that followed her. And she went after the messengers of David, and
⁴³ became his wife. And David took Ahinoam of Jezreel ; and they were both of them his wives.
⁴⁴ And Saul gave Michal his daughter, David's wife, to Phalti the son of Laish, who was of Gallim.

- ¹ AND the Ziphites came to Saul, to Gibeah, saying : Does not David hide himself in the hill of Hachilah, before the
² desert ? And Saul arose, and went down to the wilderness of Ziph, and with him three thousand men, chosen men
³ of Israel, to seek David in the wilderness of Ziph. And Saul encamped on the hill of Hachilah, which is before the desert on the way ; and David abode in the wilderness. And he saw that Saul came after him into the wilderness.
⁴ And David sent out spies, and knew that Saul was certainly come.
⁵ And David arose, and came to the place where Saul encamped. And David beheld the place where Saul lay, and Abner the son of Ner, the captain of his host. And Saul lay in the wagon-rampart, and the people encamped round
⁶ about him. And David answered and said to Ahimelech the Hittite, and to Abishai the son of Zeruiah, brother of Joab, saying : Who will go down with me to Saul to the camp ?
⁷ And Abishai said : I will go down with thee. And David and Abishai came to the people by night ; and, behold, Saul

lying asleep within the wagon-rampart, and his spear stuck in the ground at his head, and Abner and the people lying round about him. And Abishai said to David : God has delivered thine enemy into thy hand this day. And now let me, I pray thee, smite through him with the spear into the earth once, and I will not smite him a second time. And David said to Abishai : Destroy him not ; for who stretches forth his hand against Jehovah's anointed, and is guiltless ?

10 And David said : As Jehovah lives, nay but Jehovah shall smite him ; or his day shall come and he shall die ; or he shall go into battle, and perish. Jehovah forbid that I should stretch forth my hand against Jehovah's anointed. And now take, I pray thee, the spear that is at his head, and

11 12 the cruse of water, and let us go. And David took the spear and the cruse of water from the head of Saul. And they went away ; and no one saw it, and no one knew it, and no one waked ; for they were all asleep, because a deep sleep from Jehovah had fallen upon them.

13 And David passed over to the other side, and stood on the top of the mountain afar off ; a great space being between them. And David cried to the people, and to Abner the son of Ner, saying : Answerest thou not, Abner ? And Abner answered and said : Who art thou that criest to the king ? And David said to Abner : Art not thou a man ? And who is like to thee in Israel ? And wherefore hast thou not watched over thy lord the king ? For there came in one of the people to destroy the king, thy lord. This thing is not good that thou hast done. As Jehovah lives, ye are worthy of death, because ye have not watched over your master, over Jehovah's anointed. And now see where the king's spear is, and the cruse of water that was at his head. And Saul knew David's voice ; and he said : Is this thy voice, my son David ? And David said : It is my voice, my lord, O king. And he said : Wherefore does my lord pursue after his servant ? For what have I done ? And what evil is in my hand ? And now let my lord the king hear, I pray thee, the words of his servant. If Jehovah

have stirred thee up against me, let him accept an offering; but if children of men, cursed be they before Jehovah; for they have driven me out this day from abiding in the inheritance of Jehovah, saying: Go, serve other gods. And now, let not my blood fall to the earth before the face of Jehovah. For the king of Israel has come out to seek a flea, as one hunts the partridge in the mountains.

21 And Saul said: I have sinned. Return, my son David; for I will no more do thee harm, because my life was precious in thine eyes this day. Behold, I have done foolishly, and 22 have erred exceedingly. And David answered and said: Behold the king's spear! And let one of the young men come 23 over and fetch it. And Jehovah will render to every man his righteousness and his faithfulness. For Jehovah gave thee into my hand to-day; but I would not stretch forth my 24 hand against Jehovah's anointed. And, behold, as thy life was much prized this day in mine eyes, my life shall be much prized in the eyes of Jehovah, and he will deliver me out of 25 all tribulation. And Saul said to David: Blessed be thou, my son David. Thou wilt both essay great things, and also wilt surely prevail. And David went on his way; and Saul returned to his place.

1 AND David said in his heart: I shall now perish some day by the hand of Saul. There is nothing better for me than that I should speedily escape into the land of the Philistines; and Saul will despair of me, to seek me any more in all the 2 territory of Israel; so shall I escape out of his hand. And David arose and passed over, he and the six hundred men that were with him, to Achish the son of Maoch, king of 3 Gath. And David remained with Achish at Gath, he and his men, every man and his household; David and his two wives, Ahinoam the Jezreelite, and Abigail the Carmel- 4 itess, Nabal's wife. And it was told Saul that David had fled to Gath; and he sought for him no more.

5 And David said to Achish: If now I have found favor in thine eyes, let them give me a place in one of the country-

cities, that I may dwell there. For why should thy servant
⁶ dwell in the royal city with thee? And Achish gave him Ziklag that day. Therefore has Ziklag belonged to the kings
⁷ of Judah, to this day. And the time that David dwelt in the country of the Philistines was a year and four months.

⁸ And David and his men went up, and invaded the Geshurites, and the Gezrites, and the Amalekites; for these were of old the inhabitants of the land, as thou goest to Shur, and ⁹ to the land of Egypt. And David smote the land, and saved neither man nor woman alive; and he took sheep, and oxen, and asses, and camels, and apparel, and returned, and came ¹⁰ to Achish. And Achish said: Ye have not made an inroad to-day? And David said: Against the south of Judah, and against the south of the Jerahmeelites, and to the south of ¹¹ the Kenites. And David saved neither man nor woman alive, to bring to Gath, saying: Lest they should inform against us, saying: So did David, and so will be his manner all the while he dwells in the country of the Philistines. ¹² And Achish confided in David, saying: He has made himself utterly abhorred among his people in Israel; and he shall be my servant forever.

¹ AND it came to pass in those days, that the Philistines gathered their armies together for warfare, to fight with Israel. And Achish said to David: Be assured, that thou ² shalt go out with me in the army, thou and thy men. And David said to Achish: Therefore, thou shalt know what thy servant will do. And Achish said to David: Therefore will I make thee keeper of my head forever.

³ And Samuel was dead, and all Israel had lamented him, and buried him in Ramah, in his own city. And Saul had put away them that had divining-spirits, and the wizards, ⁴ out of the land. And the Philistines gathered together, and came and encamped in Shunem. And Saul gathered all ⁵ Israel together, and they encamped in Gilboa. And Saul

V. 3. *Divining-spirits.* See the writer's explanatory note on Isaiah 8:19, and his note on the Hebrew text of the same passage.

saw the host of the Philistines, and he was afraid, and his
⁶ heart greatly trembled. And Saul inquired of Jehovah ; and Jehovah answered him not, neither by dreams, nor by Urim, nor by the prophets.

⁷ And Saul said to his servants : Seek for me a woman that has a divining-spirit, that I may go to her, and inquire of her. And his servants said to him : Behold, a woman that
⁸ has a divining-spirit is at En-dor. And Saul disguised himself, and put on other raiment, and went, he and two men with him, and they came to the woman by night. And he said : Divine for me, I pray thee, by the divining-spirit, and
⁹ bring up for me him whom I shall name to thee. And the woman said to him : Behold, thou knowest what Saul has done ; that he has cut off them that have divining-spirits, and the wizards, out of the land. Wherefore then layest
¹⁰ thou a snare for my life, to cause me to die ? And Saul swore to her by Jehovah, saying : As Jehovah lives, there
¹¹ shall no punishment befall thee for this thing. And the woman said : Whom shall I bring up to thee ? And he
¹² said : Bring me up Samuel. And the woman saw Samuel, and she cried out with a loud voice. And the woman said to Saul : Why hast thou deceived me ? For thou art Saul.
¹³ And the king said to her : Be not afraid ; for what seest thou ? And the woman said to Saul : I see a god coming
¹⁴ out of the earth. And he said to her : What form is he of ? And she said : An old man comes up ; and he is covered with a robe. And Saul perceived that it was Samuel, and he stooped with his face to the ground, and bowed himself.
¹⁵ And Samuel said to Saul : Why hast thou disquieted me, to bring me up ? And Saul said : I am sore distressed ; for the Philistines make war against me, and God is departed from me, and answers me no more, neither by prophets, nor by dreams ; and I have called thee, that thou mayest make
¹⁶ known to me what I shall do. And Samuel said : Wherefore

V. 6. *Urim*. See the note on Ex. 28 : 30 ; and compare Num. 27 : 21.—V. 13. *A god*. Any supernatural being, or one from the other world, might be so termed.—V. 14. *A robe*. The priest's robe, worn under the ephod. See the description of it in Ex. 28 : 31-34.

then dost thou ask of me, seeing that Jehovah is departed
¹⁷ from thee, and is become thine enemy? And Jehovah has done for himself, as he spoke by me; for Jehovah has rent the kingdom out of thy hand, and given it to thy neighbor,
¹⁸ to David. As thou didst not obey the voice of Jehovah, nor execute his fierce wrath upon Amalek, therefore has Jehovah
¹⁹ done this thing to thee this day. And Jehovah will give Israel also with thee into the hand of the Philistines; and to-morrow shalt thou and thy sons be with me; the host of Israel also will Jehovah give into the hand of the Philistines.
²⁰ And Saul fell straightway all along on the earth, and was sore afraid, because of the words of Samuel. And there was no strength in him; for he had eaten no bread all the day, nor all the night.
²¹ And the woman came to Saul, and saw that he was sore troubled; and she said to him: Behold, thy handmaid has obeyed thy voice, and I have put my life in my hand, and have hearkened to thy words which thou hast spoken to me.
²² And now, I pray thee, hearken thou also to the voice of thy handmaid, and let me set a morsel of bread before thee; and eat, that thou mayest have strength, when thou goest on thy
²³ way. But he refused; and said: I will not eat. And his servants constrained him, and also the woman; and he hearkened

VV. 7-20. The transactions here recorded have been the occasion of much speculation, and many theories have been devised to account for them. In Dr. Schaff's American edition of Lange's Critical, Doctrinal, and Historical Commentary, a full statement of these speculations and theories is given in Vol. V. on the Old Testament, edited with great ability and learning by Professors C. H. Toy and J. A. Broadus.

It may be safely assumed that the woman was a noted impostor, who practiced on the credulity of the weak and ignorant by her deceptive arts, expressly forbidden in the Divine law (Lev. 20:6), as inconsistent with a truly religious spirit, and therefore sinful as well as corrupting. In the narrative itself the following facts are to be particularly noted:—

1. The woman was ignorant of the person of her visitor.
2. She was herself terrified at the apparition which she pretended she had power to call up.
3. It was not visible to Saul, and he identified Samuel from her description of what she saw.

So much is clear from the narrative. Whatever was supernatural, therefore, must have been present only to the mind of the woman; for what her eyes could see could be seen by the eyes of Saul. If such were the case, she was made the instrument of a communication to Saul through what seemed, in her mental conception, an apparition of the prophet.

Divine wisdom has at other times made use of similar instruments, as in the case of Balaam. Num. 23:5, "Jehovah put a word in Balaam's mouth"; 24:4, "who heard the words of God, who saw the vision of the Almighty." No sanction was given to Saul's unauthorized visit to the sorceress. The instrument he used in violation of law, was made the instrument of his humiliation and punishment.

to their voice. And he arose from the earth, and sat on the
²⁴ couch. And the woman had a fatted calf in the house ; and she hasted, and killed it, and took flour, and kneaded it, and
²⁵ baked unleavened bread thereof. And she brought it before Saul, and before his servants ; and they ate. Then they rose up, and went away that night.

- ¹ And the Philistines gathered all their armies to Aphek ;
² and Israel encamped by the fountain that is in Jezreel. And the lords of the Philistines passed on by hundreds, and by thousands ; and David and his men passed on in the rear
³ with Achish. And the princes of the Philistines said : What do these Hebrews ? And Achish said to the princes of the Philistines : Is not this David, the servant of Saul the king of Israel, who has been with me these days, or these years, and I have found no fault in him since he fell away to me,
⁴ unto this day ? And the princes of the Philistines were wroth with him ; and the princes of the Philistines said to him : Let the man return, and go back to his place which thou hast appointed him ; and let him not go down with us to the battle, lest in the battle he be an adversary to us. For wherewith shall he make himself acceptable to his master ?
⁵ Is it not with the heads of these men ? Is not this David, of whom they sang one to another in dances, saying : Saul slew his thousands, and David his ten thousands ?
⁶ And Achish called David, and said to him : Surely, as Jehovah lives, thou art upright, and thy going out and thy coming in with me in the camp is good in my sight. For I have not found evil in thee since the day of thy coming to
⁷ me unto this day ; but the lords favor thee not. And now return, and go in peace, that thou displease not the lords of the Philistines.
⁸ And David said to Achish : But what have I done ? And what hast thou found in thy servant, so long as I have been with thee unto this day, that I may not go and fight the
⁹ enemies of my lord the king ? And Achish answered and said to David : I know that thou art good in my sight, as an

angel of God. Only the princes of the Philistines have said :
¹⁰ He shall not go up with us to the battle. And now, rise up early in the morning, with thy master's servants that are come with thee ; and as soon as ye are up early in the morning and have light, depart. And David rose up early, he and his men, to depart in the morning, to return into the land of the Philistines. And the Philistines went up to Jezreel.

¹ AND it came to pass, when David and his men were come to Ziklag on the third day, that the Amalekites had invaded the south, and Ziklag, and smitten Ziklag, and burned it with fire. And they had taken captive the women that were therein, both small and great ; they slew not any, but carried them off, and went on their way.

³ And David and his men came to the city, and behold, it was burned with fire ; and their wives, and their sons, and their daughters, were taken captives. Then David, and the people that were with him, lifted up their voice and wept, until they had no more power to weep. And David's two wives were taken captive, Ahinoam the Jezreelite, and ⁶ Abigail the wife of Nabal the Carmelite. And David was in a great strait ; for the people thought to stone him, because the soul of all the people was embittered, every man for his sons and his daughters. But David strengthened himself in ⁷ Jehovah his God. And David said to Abiathar the priest, Ahimelech's son : Bring me, I pray thee, the ephod. And ⁸ Abiathar brought the ephod to David. And David inquired of Jehovah, saying : Shall I pursue after this troop ? Shall I overtake them ? And he answered him : Pursue ; for thou ⁹ shalt surely overtake, and without fail recover. And David went, he and the six hundred men that were with him ; and they came to the brook Besor, where those that were left ¹⁰ behind stayed. And David pursued, he and four hundred men ; for two hundred stayed behind, who were so faint that they could not go over the brook Besor.

¹¹ And they found an Egyptian in the field, and brought him

to David. And they gave him bread, and he ate, and they
¹² gave him water to drink ; and they gave him a piece of a
cake of figs, and two cakes of raisins. And he ate, and his
spirit returned to him ; for he had not eaten bread, nor drunk
¹³ water, three days and three nights. And David said to him :
To whom belongeth thou ? And whence art thou ? And he
said : I am a young man of Egypt, servant to an Amalekite ;
and my master left me, because three days ago I fell sick.
¹⁴ We made an invasion in the south of the Cherethites, and
upon that which belongs to Judah, and upon the south of
¹⁵ Caleb ; and we burned Ziklag with fire. And David said to
him : Wilt thou bring me down to this troop ? And he said :
Swear to me by God, that thou wilt neither kill me, nor
deliver me into the hand of my master, and I will bring thee
down to this troop.

¹⁶ And he brought him down ; and behold, they were spread
abroad over the whole land, eating and drinking, and dancing,
because of all the great spoil that they had taken out of
the land of the Philistines, and out of the land of Judah.
¹⁷ And David smote them from the dawn unto the evening of
the next day. And there escaped not a man of them, save
four hundred young men, who rode upon camels, and fled.
¹⁸ And David recovered all that the Amalekites had carried
¹⁹ away. And David recovered his two wives. And there was
nothing lacking to them, neither small nor great, neither sons
nor daughters, nor spoil, nor anything that they had taken to
²⁰ them. David brought back all. And he took all the flocks
and the herds ; which they drove before those cattle, and
said : This is David's spoil.

²¹ And David came to the two hundred men, who were so
faint that they could not follow David, and were left behind
at the brook Besor. And they went forth to meet David,
and to meet the people that were with him ; and David came
²² near to the people, and saluted them. Then answered all

V. 20. *Before those cattle.* Cattle of the same kind. David's spoil consisted of the flocks and herds belonging to the Amalekites ; and these were driven in advance of cattle recovered from them. That David returned with abundant "spoil of the enemies of Jehovah" (v. 26), is evident from vs. 26-31.

the wicked and worthless men, of those that went with David, and said : Because they went not with us, we will not give them of the spoil that we have recovered ; save to every man his wife and his children, that they may lead them away, and
²³ depart. And David said : Ye shall not do so, my brethren, with that which Jehovah has given us, and has preserved us,
²⁴ and given the troop that came against us into our hand. And who will hearken to you in this matter ? For as his part is that goes down to the battle, so shall his part be that remains
²⁵ by the baggage ; they shall share alike. And it was so from that day forward, that he made it a statute and an ordinance for Israel unto this day.

²⁶ And David came to Ziklag. And he sent of the spoil to the elders of Judah, to his friends, saying : Behold a present
²⁷ for you, of the spoil of the enemies of Jehovah ; to them who were in Beth-el, and to them who were in Ramoth-
²⁸ negeb, and to them who were in Jattir, and to them who were in Aroer, and to them who were in Siphmoth, and to
²⁹ them who were in Eshtemoa, and to them who were in Rachal, and to them who were in the cities of the Jerah-
meelites, and to them who were in the cities of the Kenites,
³⁰ and to them who were in Hormah, and to them who were in
³¹ Chor-ashau, and to them who were in Athach, and to them who were in Hebron ; and to all the places which David frequented, he and his men.

¹ AND the Philistines fought against Israel. And the men of Israel fled before the Philistines, and fell down slain in
² mount Gilboa. And the Philistines followed hard upon Saul and upon his sons ; and the Philistines smote Jonathan, and
³ Abinadab, and Malchishua, Saul's sons. And the battle went hard against Saul, and the archers, men with bows, hit him ;
⁴ and he was sore afraid of the archers. And Saul said to his armor-bearer : Draw thy sword, and thrust me through therewith ; lest these uncircumcised come and thrust me through, and abuse me. But his armor-bearer would not ; for he was
⁵ sore afraid. And Saul took the sword, and fell upon it. And

his armor-bearer saw that Saul was dead ; he also fell upon
⁶ his sword, and died with him. And Saul died, and his three
sons, and his armor-bearer, yea, all his men, that same day
together.

⁷ And the men of Israel that were beyond the plain, and
that were beyond the Jordan, saw that the men of Israel
fled, and that Saul and his sons were dead ; and they forsook
the cities and fled, and the Philistines came and dwelt in
⁸ them. And it came to pass, on the morrow, that the Philis-
tines came to strip the slain ; and they found Saul and his
⁹ three sons fallen in mount Gilboa. And they cut off his
head, and stripped off his armor, and sent into the land of
the Philistines round about, to publish it in the house of their
⁽ idols, and among the people. And they put his armor in the
house of Ashtaroth ; and they fastened his body to the wall
of Beth-shan.

¹¹ And the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead heard of that which
¹² the Philistines had done to Saul. And all the valiant men
arose, and went all night ; and they took the body of Saul
and the bodies of his sons from the wall of Beth-shan, and
¹³ came to Jabesh, and burned them there. And they took
their bones, and buried them under the tamarisk at Jabesh ;
and they fasted seven days.

V. 10. *In the house of Ashtaroth.* See the writer's note on Gen. 14:5.

THE SECOND BOOK OF SAMUEL.

1 AND it came to pass after the death of Saul, when David had returned from the slaughter of the Amalekites, that
2 David abode in Ziklag two days. And it came to pass on the third day, that, behold, a man came out of the camp from Saul with his clothes rent, and earth upon his head. And so it was, when he came to David, that he fell to the
3 earth, and bowed himself. And David said to him : From whence comest thou ? And he said to him : Out of the
4 camp of Israel am I escaped. And David said to him : How went the matter ? Tell me, I pray thee. And he said : The people are fled from the battle, and many of the people also are fallen and are dead ; and Saul and Jonathan his son are
5 dead also. And David said to the young man that told him : How knowest thou that Saul and Jonathan his son are dead ?
6 And the young man that told him said : I happened by chance upon mount Gilboa, and, behold, Saul leaned upon his spear ; and, lo, the chariots and horsemen followed hard
7 after him. And he looked behind him, and saw me, and he
8 called to me. And I said : Here am I. And he said to me : Who art thou ? And I said to him : I am an Amalekite.
9 And he said to me : Stand, I pray thee, upon me, and slay me ; for the anguish is come upon me, for my life is yet whole
10 in me. Ar^d I stood upon him, and slew him, because I knew that he would not live after he had fallen. And I took

V. 1. *And it came to pass.* The narrative is here resumed and continued, from the last two chapters of the preceding book. "The two streams of narrative in ch. xxx. and in ch. xxxi. form their confluence in this chapter." (*The Speaker's Commentary.*)

V. 9. *The anguish*; of defeat and impending death. According to others, perplexity, confusion of mind, unknowing what to do.

V. 10. *After he had fallen*; under the weapons of his pursuers.—The true account of Saul's death is given in 1 Sam. 31 : 4. The story of the Amalekite, with the exception of his stripping the bodies of the dead, was invented by him, in expectation of a reward from David.

the crown that was on his head, and the bracelet that was on
 11 his arm, and have brought them hither to my lord. Then
 David took hold of his clothes, and rent them ; and also all
 12 the men that were with him. And they mourned, and wept,
 and fasted until the evening, for Saul, and for Jonathan his
 son, and for the people of Jehovah, and for the house of
 Israel ; because they had fallen by the sword.

13 And David said to the young man that told him : Whence
 art thou ? And he said : I am the son of a stranger, an
 14 Amalekite. And David said to him : How wast thou not
 afraid to stretch forth thy hand to destroy Jehovah's anointed ?
 15 And David called one of the young men, and said : Go near,
 16 fall upon him. And he smote him, that he died. And David
 said to him : Thy blood be upon thy head ; for thy mouth
 has testified against thee, saying : I have slain Jehovah's
 anointed.

17 And David lamented with this lamentation, over Saul and
 18 over Jonathan his son. And he bade them teach the chil-
 dren of Judah the [song of] The Bow. Behold, it is written
 in the book of the righteous.

- 19 The beauty of Israel is slain on thy high places.
 How are the mighty fallen !
- 20 Tell it not in Gath ;
 Publish it not in the streets of Ashkelon ;
 Lest the daughters of the Philistines rejoice,
 Lest the daughters of the uncircumcised triumph.
- 21 Ye mountains in Gilboa,
 Let there be no dew, and no rain upon you,
 Nor fields of offerings.
 For there the shield of the mighty was vilely cast away,
 The shield of Saul as if un-anointed with oil.
- 22 From the blood of the slain,
 From the fat of the mighty,
 The bow of Jonathan turned not back,
 And the sword of Saul returned not empty.
- 23 Saul and Jonathan,
 The lovely and pleasant in their lives,

V. 18. *The [song of] The Bow.* So called from the word "bow" in v. 22. It was a convenient mode of reference, when there was no division of chapter and verse.

V. 21. *Fields of offerings.* Offerings of the first-fruits, Ex. 23 : 19, and 34 : 26. Hence fertile fields, from which such offerings were made.

And in their death not divided !
They were swifter than eagles ;
They were stronger than lions.
Daughters of Israel, weep over Saul ;
Who clothed you in scarlet, with [other] delights ;
Who put on ornaments of gold on your apparel.
How are the mighty fallen in the midst of the battle ;
Jonathan, slain in thy high places !
I am distressed for thee my brother Jonathan.
Very pleasant hast thou been to me ;
Wonderful thy love to me, passing the love of women.
How are the mighty fallen,
And the weapons of war perished !

- ¹ AND it came to pass after this, that David inquired of Jehovah, saying : Shall I go up into one of the cities of Judah ? And Jehovah said to him : Go up. And David said : Whither shall I go up ? And he said : Unto Hebron.
² And David went up thither, and his two wives also, Ahinoam
³ the Jezreelite, and Abigail wife of the Carmelite. And his men that were with him did David bring up, every man with his household ; and they dwelt in the cities of Hebron.
⁴ And the men of Judah came, and there they anointed David king over the house of Judah.

And they told David saying : The men of Jabesh-gilead
⁵ were they that buried Saul. And David sent messengers to the men of Jabesh-gilead, and said to them : Blessed be ye of Jehovah, that ye have showed this kindness to your lord,
⁶ to Saul, and have buried him. And now Jehovah show kindness and truth to you ; and I also will requite you this
⁷ goodness, because ye have done this thing. And now let your hands be strong, and be ye valiant. For your master Saul is dead ; and also the house of Judah have anointed me king over them.

⁸ But Abner the son of Ner, captain of Saul's host, took Ish-bosheth the son of Saul, and brought him over to Mahanaim. And he made him king over Gilead, and over the Ashurites, and over Jezreel, and over Ephraim, and over
¹⁰ Benjamin, and over all Israel. Forty years old was Ish-bosheth, Saul's son, when he began to reign over Israel ; and

he reigned two years. But the house of Judah followed
¹¹ David. And the time that David was king in Hebron over
the house of Judah was seven years and six months.

¹² And Abner the son of Ner, and the servants of Ish-bosheth
the son of Saul, went out from Mahanaim to Gibeon.

¹³ And Joab the son of Zeruiah, and the servants of David,
went out, and they met together by the pool of Gibeon.
And they sat down, these on this side of the pool, and those

¹⁴ on that side of the pool. And Abner said to Joab : Let the
young men now arise, and play before us. And Joab said :

¹⁵ Let them arise. Then there arose and went over by number,
twelve for Benjamin and for Ish-bosheth the son of Saul, and

¹⁶ twelve of the servants of David. And they caught every
one his fellow by the head, and thrust his sword into his
fellow's side ; and they fell down together. And that place

¹⁷ was called Helkath-hazzurim, which is in Gibeon. And the
battle was very hard on that day ; and Abner was beaten,
and the men of Israel, before the servants of David.

¹⁸ And three sons of Zeruiah were there, Joab, and Abishai,
and Asahel. And Asahel was as light of foot as the wild roe.

¹⁹ And Asahel pursued after Abner ; and he turned not to go
²⁰ to the right hand or to the left from following Abner. Then

Abner looked behind him, and said : Art thou Asahel ? And
²¹ he said, I am. And Abner said to him : Turn aside to thy
right hand or to thy left, and lay hold of one of the young
men, and take for thee his armor. But Asahel would not

²² turn aside from following him. And Abner said again to
Asahel : Turn aside from following me. Wherefore should
I smite thee to the ground ? How then should I hold up my

²³ face to Joab thy brother ? But he refused to turn aside.
And Abner, with the hinder end of the spear, smote him
under the fifth rib, that the spear came out behind him ; and

he fell down there, and died on the spot. And so it was,
that all who came to the place, where Asahel fell down and
²⁴ died, stood still. And Joab and Abishai pursued after
Abner. And the sun went down when they came to the hill

of Ammah, that lies before Giah on the way to the wilderness of Gibeon.

²⁵ And the children of Benjamin gathered together after Abner, and became one troop, and stood on the top of a hill.

²⁶ Then Abner called to Joab, and said : Shall the sword devour forever ? Knowest thou not that it will be bitterness at the last ? How long shall it be then, ere thou bid the

²⁷ people return from following their brethren ? And Joab said : As God lives, if thou hadst not spoken, surely then in the morning the people had gone up, every one from follow-

²⁸ ing his brother. And Joab blew a trumpet, and all the people stood still, and pursued after Israel no more, neither

²⁹ fought they any more. And Abner and his men went all that night through the plain, and passed over the Jordan, and went through all the defile, and came to Mahanaim.

³⁰ And Joab returned from following Abner. And he gathered all the people together, and there lacked of David's

³¹ servants nineteen men, and Asahel. But the servants of David had smitten of Benjamin and among Abner's men ; three hundred and threescore men were dead.

³² And they took up Asahel, and buried him in the sepulchre of his father, which was in Beth-lehem. And Joab and his men went all the night, and came to Hebron at break of day.

¹ And the war was long between the house of Saul and the house of David. And David grew stronger and stronger, and the house of Saul grew weaker and weaker.

² And sons were born to David in Hebron. His firstborn

³ was Amnon, of Ahinoam the Jezreelite ; and his second Chileab, of Abigail the wife of Nabal the Carmelite ; and the third Absalom, the son of Maacah the daughter of Tal-

⁴ mai king of Geshur ; and the fourth Adonijah the son of

⁵ Haggith ; and the fifth Shephatiah the son of Abital ; and the sixth Ithream, by Eglah David's wife. These were born to David in Hebron.

⁶ And it came to pass, while there was war between the house of Saul and the house of David, that Abner made

⁷ himself strong for the house of Saul. And Saul had a con-

- cubine, whose name was Rizpah, the daughter of Aiah. And [Ish-bosheth] said to Abner: Wherefore hast thou gone
 8 in unto my father's concubine? Then was Abner very wroth for the words of Ish-bosheth. And he said: Am I a dog's head, who for Judah do show kindness this day to the house of Saul thy father, to his brethren, and to his friends, and have not delivered thee into the hand of David, that thou
 9 this day dost charge on me a fault with the woman? So do God to Abner and more, unless as Jehovah has sworn to
 10 David, so I shall do to him; to transfer the kingdom from the house of Saul; and to set up the throne of David over
 11 Israel and over Judah, from Dan even to Beer-sheba. And he could not answer Abner a word more, because he feared him.
 12 And Abner sent messengers in his stead to David, saying: Whose is the land? Saying: Make thy league with me; and behold, my hand shall be with thee, to turn all Israel to thee.
 13 And he said: Well, I will make a league with thee. But one thing I require of thee, that is: Thou shalt not see my face, except thou first bring Michal, Saul's daughter, when
 14 thou comest to see my face. And David sent messengers to Ish-bosheth Saul's son, saying: Give me my wife Michal, whom I espoused to me for a hundred foreskins of the Philis-
 15 tines. And Ish-bosheth sent, and took her from her husband,
 16 from Phaltiel the son of Laish. And her husband went with her, weeping behind her, to Balurim. Then said Abner to him: Go, return. And he returned.
 17 And Abner had communication with the elders of Israel, saying: Ye sought for David in times past to be king over
 18 you. And now do it. For Jehovah has spoken of David, saying: By the hand of my servant David will I save my people Israel out of the hand of the Philistines, and out of
 19 the hand of all their enemies. And Abner also spoke in the ears of Benjamin. And Abner went also to speak in the

V. 8. Who for Judah. As though all that follows could be regarded as a service rendered to that kingdom.

ears of David in Hebron all that seemed good to Israel, and
²⁰ to the whole house of Benjamin. And Abner came to David to Hebron, and twenty men with him. And David made a
²¹ feast to Abner, and the men that were with him. And Abner said to David : I will arise and go, and will gather all Israel to my lord the king, that they may make a league with thee, and that thou mayest reign over all that thy soul desires. And David let Abner go ; and he went in peace.

²² And, behold, the servants of David, and Joab, came from the troop, and brought in great spoil with them. But Abner was not with David in Hebron ; for he had let him go, and
²³ he went away in peace. And Joab came, and all the host that was with him. And they told Joab, saying : Abner the son of Ner came to the king ; and he has let him go, and he
²⁴ went away in peace. And Joab came to the king, and said : What hast thou done ? Behold, Abner came to thee ; why
²⁵ is it that thou hast let him go, and he is quite gone ? Thou knowest Abner the son of Ner, that he came to deceive thee, and to know thy going out and thy coming in, and to know
²⁶ all that thou doest. And Joab went out from David ; and he sent messengers after Abner, and they brought him back
²⁷ from the well of Sirah ; but David knew it not. And Abner returned to Hebron. And Joab took him aside to the middle of the gate-way, to speak with him quietly. And he smote him there under the fifth rib, that he died, for the blood of Asahel his brother.

²⁸ And David afterward heard it. And he said : I and my kingdom are guiltless before Jehovah forever, of the blood
²⁹ of Abner the son of Ner. Let it come down on the head of Joab, and on all his father's house ; and let there not fail from the house of Joab one that has an issue, or that is a leper, or that leans on a staff, or that falls by the sword, or
³⁰ that lacks bread. So Joab and Abishai his brother slew Abner, because he had slain their brother Asahel, at Gibeon in the battle.

³¹ And David said to Joab, and to all the people that were with him : Rend your clothes, and gird on sackcloth, and

mourn before Abner. And David the king followed the bier.
 32 And they buried Abner in Hebron. And the king lifted up his voice, and wept at the grave of Abner; and all the people
 33 wept. And the king lamented over Abner, and said:—

Should Abner die as the godless dies?
 34 Thy hands were not bound,
 Nor thy feet put in fetters.
 As one falls before the wicked,
 Thou didst fall.

35 And all the people wept yet more for him. And all the people came to cause David to eat food while it was yet day. And David swore, saying: So do God to me, and more also,
 36 if I taste bread, or aught else, till the sun go down. And all the people took notice of it, and it pleased them; as
 37 whatsoever the king did pleased all the people. And all the people and all Israel knew on that day, that it was not of
 38 the king to slay Abner the son of Ner. And the king said to his servants: Know ye not that a prince and a great man
 39 has fallen this day in Israel? And I am this day weak, though anointed king; and these men, the sons of Zeruiah, are too hard for me. Jehovah reward the doer of evil according to his evil.

1 AND Saul's son heard that Abner was dead in Hebron;
 2 and his hands were feeble, and all Israel was troubled. And Saul's son had two men that were captains of bands. The name of the one was Baanah, and the name of the other Rechab, the sons of Rimmon a Beerothite, of the children of Benjamin; for Beeroth also was reckoned to Benjamin.
 3 And the Beerothites fled to Gittaim, and were sojourners
 4 there unto this day. And Jonathan, the son of Saul, had a son that was lame in his feet. He was five years old when the tidings came of Saul and Jonathan out of Jezreel, and his nurse took him up, and fled; and it came to pass, as she made haste to flee, that he fell, and became lame. And his

V. 34. *Thy hands were not bound.* Meaning:—thou diest, not bound and fettered, as a malefactor justly doomed to death; but covertly, by the assassin's stroke.

⁵ name was Mephibosheth. And the sons of Rimmon the Beerothite, Rechab and Baanah, went, and came about the heat of the day to the house of Ish-bosheth. And he was ⁶ lying down for rest at noon-day. And they came thither into the midst of the house, as though to fetch wheat. And they smote him under the fifth rib ; and Rechab and Baanah ⁷ his brother escaped. And they came into the house, and he was lying on his bed in his sleeping chamber. And they smote him, and slew him, and beheaded him ; and they took ⁸ his head, and went by the way of the plain all night. And they brought the head of Ish-bosheth to David at Hebron. And they said to the king : Behold the head of Ish-bosheth the son of Saul thy enemy, who sought thy life ; and Jehovah has avenged my lord the king this day, of Saul and of his seed.

⁹ And David answered Rechab and Baanah his brother, the sons of Rimmon the Beerothite, and said to them : As Jehovah lives, who has redeemed my soul out of all adversity ; ¹⁰ when one told me, saying : Behold, Saul is dead, thinking that he brought good tidings, I laid hold of him, and slew ¹¹ him in Ziklag, to give him a reward for his tidings. How much more, when wicked men have slain a righteous man in his own house upon his bed ? And now shall I not require his blood at your hand, and take you away from the earth ? ¹² And David commanded the young men, and they slew them, and they cut off their hands and their feet, and hanged them up by the pool in Hebron. And they took the head of Ish-bosheth, and buried it in the sepulchre of Abner in Hebron.

¹ AND there came all the tribes of Israel to David at Hebron, and spoke, saying : Behold, we are thy bone and thy flesh. ² Also in time past, when Saul was king over us, thou wast he that led forth and brought in Israel. And Jehovah said to thee : Thou shalt feed my people Israel, and thou shalt be ³ captain over Israel. So all the elders of Israel came to the

V. 7. *The plain, of the river Jordan and the Dead Sea. See the writer's description of it, page 79 of his revised version of Genesis.*

king at Hebron ; and king David made a league with them in Hebron before Jehovah ; and they anointed David king over Israel.

⁴ David was thirty years old when he began to reign ; and ⁵ he reigned forty years. In Hebron he reigned over Judah seven years and six months ; and in Jerusalem he reigned thirty and three years over all Israel and Judah.

⁶ And the king and his men went to Jerusalem, to the Jebusite, inhabiting the land. And he spoke to David, saying : Thou shalt not come in hither, but the blind and the lame will turn thee away, saying : David shall not come in hither.

⁷ And David took the stronghold of Zion ; the same is the city ⁸ of David. And David said on that day : Any one that smites a Jebusite, and gets to the water-course, and the lame and the blind hated of David's soul—. Therefore they say :

⁹ Blind and lame shall not come into the house. And David dwelt in the stronghold, and called it the city of David.

¹⁰ And David built round about from Millo and inward. And David became greater and greater ; and Jehovah, God of hosts, was with him.

¹¹ And Hiram, king of Tyre, sent messengers to David, and cedar-trees, and carpenters, and masons ; and they built ^a

¹² house for David. And David perceived that Jehovah had established him as king over Israel, and that he had exalted his kingdom for the sake of his people Israel.

¹³ And David took more concubines and wives out of Jerusalem, after he came from Hebron. And yet more sons and

¹⁴ daughters were born to David. And these were the names of those born to him in Jerusalem ; Shammuah, and Shobab,

¹⁵ and Nathan, and Solomon, and Ibhar, and Elishua, and Ne-
¹⁶ pheg, and Japhia, and Elishama, and Eliada, and Eliphaleet.

VV. 6 and 8. See the writer's article, Gutter, in the American edition of Smith's Bible Dictionary. Confident in their impregnable position, they sneeringly said to David, "the blind and the lame will turn thee away ;" needing only to say, "David shall not come in hither." When the water-course was seized, which supplied water to the besieged, the stronghold would soon be reduced.—For the omission indicated by the pointing (—.), see the note on 1 Sam. 12: 14.

V. 9. *Millo*. A tower protecting, apparently, an exposed corner of the city wall, and afterwards rebuilt or strengthened from time to time. See 1 K. 9: 15, 24, and 11: 27; 2 Ch. 32: 5.

17 And the Philistines heard that they had anointed David as king over Israel ; and all the Philistines came up to seek David. And David heard of it, and went down to the strong-hold.
 18 And the Philistines came, and spread themselves in the valley of Rephaim. And David inquired of Jehovah, saying : Shall I go up against the Philistines ? Wilt thou deliver them into my hand ? And Jehovah said to David : Go up, for I will certainly deliver the Philistines into thy hand. And David came to Baal-perazim ; and David smote them there. And he said : Jehovah has broken my enemies before me, like the breaking forth of waters. Therefore he called the name of that place Baal-perazim. And they left there their images ; and David and his men took them away.
 22 And the Philistines came up yet again, and spread themselves in the valley of Rephaim. And David inquired of Jehovah, and he said : Thou shalt not go up. Go around to their rear, and come to them over against the mulberry trees.
 24 And it shall be, when thou hearest the sound of marching in the tops of the mulberry trees, that then thou shalt make haste ; for then will Jehovah go out before thee, to smite the host of the Philistines. And David did so, as Jehovah commanded him ; and he smote the Philistines from Geba until thou comest to Gazer.

1 AND again David gathered all the chosen men of Israel, thirty thousand.

2 And he arose and went, David and all the people that were with him, from Baale of Judah, to bring up from thence the ark of God, the name of which is called by the name of Jehovah of hosts who sits above the cherubim.
 3 And they conveyed the ark of God on a new cart. And they took it out of the house of Abinadab that was on the hill ; and Uzzah and Ahio, the sons of Abinadab, guided the

V. 23. *Mulberry-trees.* Or, *baca-trees.*—V. 24. *The sound of marching* ; as of the footsteps of an army in motion ; a signal that Jehovah was already going before them to the assault.—V. 2. *And he arose.* This was at some time subsequent to the one referred to in the preceding verse. The journey to Baale, though not mentioned, is implied in the narrative.

⁴ new cart. And they took it out of the house of Abinadab which was on the hill, with the ark of God ; and Ahio went ⁵ before the ark. And David, and all the house of Israel, played before Jehovah on all manner of instruments of fir wood, on harps, and on psalteries, and on timbrels, and on cornets, and on cymbals.

⁶ And they came to Nachon's threshing-floor, and Uzzah put forth his hand to the ark of God, and took hold of it ; for ⁷ the oxen shook it. And the anger of Jehovah was kindled against Uzzah. And God smote him there for the offense ; ⁸ and he died there by the ark of God. And David was grieved, because Jehovah made a breach upon Uzzah ; and he called the name of the place Perez-uzzah to this day. ⁹ And David was afraid of Jehovah on that day ; and he said : ¹⁰ How shall the ark of Jehovah come to me ? So David would not remove to him the ark of Jehovah into the city of David ; and David carried it aside, into the house of Obed-edom the ¹¹ Gittite. And the ark of Jehovah continued in the house of Obed-edom the Gittite three months. And Jehovah blessed Obed-edom, and all his household.

¹² And it was told to David the king, saying : Jehovah has blessed the house of Obed-edom, and all that are his, because of the ark of God. And David went and brought up the ark of God, from the house of Obed-edom into the city of ¹³ David, with gladness. And it was so, when they that bore the ark of Jehovah had gone six paces, that he sacrificed an ¹⁴ ox and a fatted calf. And David danced before Jehovah with all his might ; and David was girded with a linen ephod. ¹⁵ So David, and all the house of Israel, brought up the ark of ¹⁶ Jehovah with shouting, and with sound of trumpet. And the ark of Jehovah came into the city of David. And Michal, the daughter of Saul, looked through a window, and saw David the king leaping and dancing before Jehovah ; and she despised him in her heart.

¹⁷ And they brought in the ark of Jehovah, and set it in its place, in the midst of the tabernacle that David had set up

for it. And David offered burnt-offerings and peace-offerings
¹⁸ before Jehovah. And when David had made an end of offering the burnt-offerings and the peace-offerings, he blessed
¹⁹ the people in the name of Jehovah of hosts. And he dealt out to all the people, to the whole multitude of Israel, as well to the women as to the men, to every one a cake of bread, and a piece of flesh, and a cake of raisins. So all the people departed every one to his house.

²⁰ And David returned to bless his household. And Michal, the daughter of Saul, came out to meet David, and she said : How glorious the king of Israel made himself to-day ; who uncovered himself to-day in the eyes of the handmaids of his servants, as one of the vain fellows shamelessly uncovers ²¹ himself ! And David said to Michal : Before Jehovah,— who chose me above thy father, and above all his house, to appoint me ruler over the people of Jehovah, over Israel,— ²² before Jehovah have I played. And I will humble myself yet more than this, and will be base in my own sight. And of the maid-servants whom thou hast spoken of, of them shall ²³ I be held in honor. And Michal, the daughter of Saul, had no child to the day of her death.

¹ AND it came to pass, when the king sat in his house, and Jehovah had given him rest round about from all his en-

² mies ; that the king said to Nathan the prophet : See now, I dwell in a house of cedar ; and the ark of God dwells within ³ the curtain. And Nathan said to the king : Go, do all that is in thy heart ; for Jehovah is with thee.

⁴ And it came to pass that night, that the word of Jehovah

⁵ came to Nathan, saying : Go and tell my servant David, thus says Jehovah : Shalt thou build me a house for me to dwell ⁶ in ? For I have not dwelt in a house since the time that I brought up the children of Israel out of Egypt, and to this day, but have gone about in a tent that was my dwelling.

⁷ In all the places where I have gone with all the children of Israel, spoke I a word with any of the tribes of Israel, whom I commanded to feed my people Israel, saying : Why do ye

- ⁸ not build for me a house of cedar? And now so shalt thou say to my servant, to David. Thus says Jehovah of hosts: I took thee from the pasture, from following the flock, to be ⁹ prince over my people, over Israel. And I was with thee whithersoever thou wentest; and I have cut off all thy enemies from before thee, and have made for thee a great name, ¹⁰ like the name of the great men that are on the earth. And I will appoint a place for my people, for Israel, and will plant them, that they may dwell in their own place, and be troubled no more; nor shall the children of wickedness afflict ¹¹ them any more, as beforetime, and as from the time that I commanded judges over my people Israel; and I give thee rest from all thy enemies. And Jehovah tells thee, that for thee Jehovah will build a house.
- ¹² When thy days are fulfilled, and thou liest down with thy fathers, I will set up thy seed after thee, which shall proceed ¹³ out of thy bowels, and I will establish his kingdom. He shall build a house for my name, and I will establish the ¹⁴ throne of his kingdom forever. I will be to him a father, and he shall be to me a son; that if he commit iniquity, I will chasten him with the rod of men, and with the stripes ¹⁵ of the children of men; but my mercy shall not depart from him, as I took it from Saul, whom I put away from before ¹⁶ thee. And thy house and thy kingdom shall be stable forever ¹⁷ before thee; thy throne shall be established forever. According to all these words, and according to all this vision, so did Nathan speak to David.
- ¹⁸ And David the king went in, and sat before Jehovah. And he said: Who am I, O Lord Jehovah? And what is ¹⁹ my house, that thou hast brought me hitherto? And this was yet a small thing in thy sight, O Lord Jehovah; and thou hast spoken also of thy servant's house for a great while to come. And is this the manner of man, O Lord Jehovah?
- ²⁰ And what shall David say more to thee? For thou, Lord ²¹ Jehovah, knowest thy servant. For thy word's sake, and according to thine own heart, hast thou done all this greatness, to make it known to thy servant. Therefore thou art

great, O Jehovah, God. For there is none like thee, and there is no God besides thee, according to all that we have
²³ heard with our ears. And what one nation in the earth is like thy people, like Israel ; whom God went to redeem to himself for a people, and to make for himself a name, and to do for you things great and terrible, for thy land before thy people, whom thou didst redeem to thee from Egypt,
²⁴ from the nations and their gods. And thou hast confirmed to thyself thy people Israel to be a people unto thee forever ;
²⁵ and thou, Jehovah, hast become their God. And now, O Jehovah, God, the word which thou hast spoken concerning thy servant, and concerning his house, establish thou forever,
²⁶ and do as thou hast said. And let thy name be magnified forever, saying : Jehovah of hosts is God over Israel ; and let the house of thy servant David be established before thee.
²⁷ For thou, Jehovah of hosts, God of Israel, hast revealed to thy servant, saying : A house will I build for thee. Therefore has thy servant found it in his heart to pray this prayer
²⁸ unto thee. And now, O Lord Jehovah, thou art God, and thy words are truth, and thou hast spoken of this goodness
²⁹ to thy servant. And now let it please thee to bless the house of thy servant, that it may continue forever before thee. For thou, O Lord Jehovah, hast spoken it ; and with thy blessing shall the house of thy servant be blessed forever.

¹ AND after this it came to pass, that David smote the Philistines, and subdued them. And David took Methegammah

² out of the hand of the Philistines. And he smote Moab. And he measured them with the line, making them lie down on the ground. He measured off two lines to put to death, and one full line to keep alive. And the Moabites became David's servants, and brought tribute.

³ And David smote Hadadezer, the son of Rehob, king of Zobah, as he went to recover his power at the river Euphrates.

⁴ And David took from him a thousand and seven hundred horsemen, and twenty thousand footmen. And David houghed all the chariot-horses, reserving of them a hundred chariot-

⁵ horses. And the Syrians of Damascus came to succor Hadadezer king of Zobah ; and David slew of the Syrians ⁶ two and twenty thousand men. And David put garrisons in Syria of Damascus. And the Syrians became servants to David, and brought tribute. And Jehovah preserved David, ⁷ whithersoever he went. And David took the shields of gold that were on the servants of Hadadezer, and brought them ⁸ to Jerusalem. And from Betah, and from Berothai, cities of Hadadezer, David the king took very much brass.

⁹ And Toi king of Hamath heard that David had smitten all ¹⁰ the host of Hadadezer. And Toi sent Joram his son to David the king, to salute him, and to bless him, because he had fought against Hadadezer, and smitten him ; for Hadadezer had wars with Toi. And in his hand were vessels of ¹¹ silver, and vessels of gold, and vessels of brass. Them also king David dedicated to Jehovah, with the silver and gold that he had dedicated of all the nations which he subdued ; ¹² of Syria, and of Moab, and of the children of Ammon, and of the Philistines, and of Amalek, and of the spoil of Hadadezer, son of Rehob, king of Zobah. And David made himself a name when he returned from smiting the Syrians in the valley of salt, eighteen thousand men.

¹⁴ And he put garrisons in Edom ; through all Edom he put garrisons, and all Edom became David's servants. And ¹⁵ Jehovah preserved David whithersoever he went. And David reigned over all Israel ; and David executed judgment ¹⁶ and justice to all his people. And Joab the son of Zeruiah was over the host ; and Jehoshaphat the son of Ahilud was ¹⁷ recorder ; and Zadok the son of Ahitub, and Ahimelech the ¹⁸ son of Abiathar, were priests ; and Seraiah was scribe ; and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada was over the executioners and the couriers ; and David's sons were princes.

¹ AND David said : Is there yet any that is left of the house of Saul, that I may show him kindness for Jonathan's sake ?

V. 16. *Recorder.* "The king's annalist, whose duty it was to record the deeds of the king, and the events of his reign."—V. 18. *Benaiah—over the executioners.* See 1 Kings 2:25.

- ² And there was of the house of Saul a servant, whose name was Ziba. And they called him to David, and the king said to him : Art thou Ziba ? And he said : Thy servant is he.
- ³ And the king said : Is there not yet any of the house of Saul, that I may show the kindness of God to him ? And Ziba said to the king : There is yet a son of Jonathan, lame ⁴ in his feet. And the king said to him : Where is he ? And Ziba said to the king : Behold, he is in the house of Machir, the son of Ammiel, in Lo-debar.
- ⁵ Then king David sent, and brought him out of the house ⁶ of Machir, the son of Ammiel, from Lo-debar. And Mephibosheth, the son of Jonathan, the son of Saul, came to David ; and he fell on his face, and bowed himself. And David said : Mephibosheth ! And he answered : Behold thy servant !
- ⁷ And David said to him : Fear not. For I will surely show thee kindness for the sake of Jonathan thy father ; and I will restore to thee all the land of Saul thy father ; and thou shalt ⁸ eat bread at my table continually. And he bowed himself, and said : What is thy servant, that thou lookest on the dead dog, such as I am ?
- ⁹ Then the king called to Ziba, Saul's servant, and said to him : All that belonged to Saul, and to all his house, I have ¹⁰ given to thy master's son. And till the ground for him, thou and thy sons, and thy servants ; and thou shalt bring in the fruits, that thy master's son may have food to eat ; but Mephibosheth thy master's son shall always eat food at my table. Now Ziba had fifteen sons, and twenty servants.
- ¹¹ And Ziba said to the king : According to all that my lord the king shall command his servant, so will thy servant do. And Mephibosheth [said the king], eats at my table, as one ¹² of the king's sons. And Mephibosheth had a little son, whose name was Micha. And all that dwelt in the house of Ziba ¹³ were servants to Mephibosheth. So Mephibosheth dwelt in Jerusalem ; for he ate continually at the king's table. And he was lame in both his feet.

- ¹ And it came to pass after this, that the king of the children of Ammon died ; and Hanun his son reigned in his stead.
- ² Then said David : I will show kindness to Hanun the son of Nahash, as his father showed kindness to me. And David sent to comfort him by the hand of his servants, for his father. And David's servants came into the land of the children of Ammon.
- ³ And the princes of the children of Ammon said to Hanun their lord : Thinkest thou that David does honor to thy father, that he has sent comforters to thee ? Is it not to search the city, and to spy it out, and to overthrow it, that
- ⁴ David has sent his servants to thee ? And Hanun took David's servants, and shaved off the one-half of their beards, and cut off their garments in the middle, to their hips, and
- ⁵ sent them away. They told it to David, and he sent to meet them, because the men were greatly ashamed. And the king said : Tarry at Jericho until your beards are grown, and then return.
- ⁶ And the children of Ammon saw that they had made themselves abhorred by David. And the children of Ammon sent and hired the Syrians of Beth-rehob, and the Syrians of Zoba, twenty thousand footmen, and the king of Maacah a thousand men, and the men of Tob twelve thousand men.
- ⁷ And David heard of it ; and he sent Joab, and all the host,
- ⁸ the mighty men. And the children of Ammon came out, and put the battle in array at the entrance of the gate ; and the Syrians of Zoba, and of Rehob, and the men of Tob and
- ⁹ Maacah, were by themselves in the field. And Joab saw that the front of the battle was against him before and behind. And he chose from all the choice men of Israel, and put them
- ¹⁰ in array against the Syrians. And the rest of the people he gave into the hand of Abishai his brother, that he might put
- ¹¹ them in array against the children of Ammon. And he said : If the Syrians are too strong for me, then thou shalt help me ; but if the children of Ammon are too strong for thee, then I
- ¹² will come to help thee. Be strong, and let us strengthen ourselves for our people, and for the cities of our God ; and

¹³ Jehovah do that which is good in his sight. And Joab drew nigh, and the people that were with him, to the battle against ¹⁴ the Syrians ; and they fled before him. And the children of Ammon saw that the Syrians fled ; and they fled before Abishai, and entered into the city. And Joab returned from the children of Ammon, and came to Jerusalem.

¹⁵ And the Syrians saw that they were smitten before Israel ; ¹⁶ and they gathered themselves, all together. And Hadarezer sent, and brought out the Syrians that were beyond the river. And they came to Helam, and Shobach the captain of the ¹⁷ host of Hadarezer before them. And it was told David ; and he gathered all Israel together, and passed over the Jordan, and came to Helam. And the Syrians set themselves in array against David, and fought with him. And the Syrians fled before Israel. And David slew of the Syrians seven hundred chariot-men and forty thousand horsemen ; and he smote Shobach the captain of his host, ¹⁹ and he died there. And all the kings that were servants of Hadarezer saw that they were smitten before Israel ; and they made peace with Israel, and served them. And the Syrians feared to help the children of Ammon any more.

¹ AND it came to pass, at the return of the year, at the time when kings go forth, that David sent Joab, and his servants with him, and all Israel ; and they wasted [the land of] the children of Ammon, and laid siege to Rabbah. But David abode in Jerusalem.

² And it came to pass at evening-time, that David arose from his couch, and walked upon the roof of the king's house. And from the roof he saw a woman washing herself ; and ³ the woman was very beautiful to look upon. And David sent and inquired after the woman. And they said : Is not this Bath-sheba, the daughter of Eliam, the wife of Uriah ⁴ the Hittite ? And David sent messengers, and took her ; and she came to him, and he lay with her. And she purified

V. 2. *Evening-time.* “The evening began at three o'clock in the afternoon. The midday siesta, which David had as usual been taking [ch. 4 : 5], would probably be over about this time, when he arose from his couch.” (*Speaker's Commentary.*)

herself from her uncleanness, and returned to her house.
5 And the woman conceived ; and she sent and told David, and said : I am with child.
6 And David sent word to Joab : Send me Uriah the Hittite.
7 And Joab sent Uriah to David. And Uriah came to him. And David inquired how Joab fared, and how the people
8 fared, and how the war prospered. And David said to Uriah : Go down to thy house, and wash thy feet. And Uriah de-parted out of the king's house ; and there followed him a
9 mess of food from the king. But Uriah slept at the door of the king's house, with all the servants of his lord, and went
10 not down to his house. And they told David, saying : Uriah went not down to his house. And David said to Uriah : Hast thou not come from a journey ? For what reason didst
11 thou not go down to thy house ? And Uriah said to David : The ark, and Israel, and Judah, abide in tents ; and my lord Joab, and the servants of my lord, are encamped in the open field ; and shall I go into my house, to eat and to drink, and to lie with my wife ? As thou livest, and as thy soul lives, I
12 will not do this thing. And David said to Uriah : Tarry here to-day also, and to-morrow I will let thee depart. So
13 Uriah abode in Jerusalem that day, and the morrow. And David called him, and he ate and drank before him ; and he made him drunk. And at evening he went out, to lie on his bed with the servants of his lord, and went not down to his house.
14 And it came to pass in the morning, that David wrote a
15 letter to Joab ; and he sent it by the hand of Uriah. And he wrote in the letter, saying : Set ye Uriah in the forefront of the hottest battle, and retire ye from behind him, that he
16 may be smitten, and die. And it came to pass, as Joab watched the city, that he put Uriah in the place where he
17 knew that there were valiant men. And the men of the city went out, and fought with Joab. And there fell some of the people, of the servants of David ; and Uriah the Hittite died also.

V. 10. *For what reason.* Literally, what knowing ; the natural suggestion of an accusing conscience.

18 And Joab sent and told David all the matters of the war.
 19 And he charged the messenger, saying: When thou hast made an end of telling all the matters of the war to the king; and if it be that the king's wrath shall rise, and he shall say to thee: Wherefore approached ye so nigh unto the city, when ye fought? Knew ye not that they would shoot
 20 from the wall? Who smote Abimelech the son of Jerubbesheth? Did not a woman cast a piece of a millstone upon him from the wall, that he died in Thebez? Why went ye nigh the wall? Then say thou: Thy servant, Uriah the Hittite, is dead also.
 21 So the messenger went. And he came and told David all
 22 that Joab sent him for. And the messenger said to David: The men were strong against us, and came out to us into the field; and we were upon them unto the entrance of the gate.
 23 And the archers shot from off the wall upon thy servants; and some of the king's servants died, and thy servant, Uriah
 24 the Hittite, is dead also. And David said to the messenger: Thus shalt thou say to Joab: Let not this thing displease thee; for the sword devours one as well as another. Make thy battle strong against the city, and overthrow it; and do thou encourage him.
 25 And the wife of Uriah heard that Uriah her husband was
 26 dead; and she mourned for her husband. And when the mourning was past, David sent, and received her to his house. And she became his wife, and bore him a son. And the thing that David had done was evil in the sight of Jehovah.

1 AND Jehovah sent Nathan to David. And he came to him, and said to him: There were two men in one city; the
 2 one rich, and the other poor. The rich man had very many
 3 flocks and herds. And the poor man had nothing, save one

Ch. xi. 2-27. What a record of crime! But if any are disposed to think lightly of the moral teachings of the Old Testament, let them ponder well this story of human weakness and depravity, and the swift vengeance that fell on the wrong-doer, and followed him to the grave. Uriah fell by the sword, at David's bidding; and at God's bidding, the sword never departed from the house of David. Through God's abounding grace true penitence followed; and it found utterance as never before, or since. The evil David did recoiled upon himself; and God has made it a lesson for all after ages.

little ewe lamb, which he had bought and nourished up. And it grew up together with him, and with his children : it ate of his own morsel, and drank of his own cup, and lay in
4 his bosom, and was to him as a daughter. And there came a traveler to the rich man. And he spared to take of his own flock, and of his own herd, to dress for the wayfaring man that was come to him ; and he took the poor man's
5 lamb, and dressed it for the man that was come to him. And David's anger was greatly kindled against the man. And he said to Nathan : As Jehovah lives, the man that has done
6 this shall surely die. And he shall restore the lamb fourfold ; because he did this thing, and because he had no pity.
7 And Nathan said to David : Thou art the man. Thus says Jehovah, God of Israel : I anointed thee king over Israel,
8 and I delivered thee out of the hand of Saul ; and I gave thee thy master's house, and thy master's wives into thy bosom ; and I gave thee the house of Israel and of Judah ; and if that were too little, I would moreover have given to
9 thee such and such things. Wherefore hast thou despised the word of Jehovah, to do that which is evil in his sight ? Uriah the Hittite thou hast smitten with the sword, and hast taken his wife to be thy wife ; and him thou hast slain with
10 the sword of the children of Ammon. And now the sword shall not depart from thy house forever ; because thou hast despised me, and hast taken the wife of Uriah the Hittite to
11 be thy wife. Thus says Jehovah : Behold, I will raise up evil against thee out of thine own house ; and I will take thy wives before thine eyes, and give them to thy neighbor,
12 and he shall lie with thy wives in the sight of this sun. For thou didst it secretly ; but I will do this thing before all
13 Israel, and before the sun. And David said to Nathan : I have sinned against Jehovah. And Nathan said to David : Jehovah has also put away thy sin ; thou shalt not die.
14 Nevertheless, because by this deed thou hast given the enemies of Jehovah great occasion to blaspheme, the child also that is born to thee shall surely die.
15 And Nathan departed to his house. And Jehovah struck

the child that Uriah's wife bore to David, and it was very
¹⁶ sick. And David besought God for the child ; and David
¹⁷ fasted, and came and lay all night upon the ground. And
 the elders of his house arose, and went to him, to raise him
 up from the ground ; but he would not, nor did he eat food
¹⁸ with them. And it came to pass on the seventh day, that
 the child died. And the servants of David feared to tell him
 that the child was dead ; for they said : Behold, while the
 child was yet alive, we spoke to him, and he would not
 hearken to our voice ; and how will he vex himself, if we
¹⁹ tell him that the child is dead ? And David saw that his
 servants were whispering together ; and David perceived that
 the child was dead. And David said to his servants : Is the
²⁰ child dead ? And they said, he is dead. Then David arose
 from the ground, and washed, and anointed himself ; and he
 changed his apparel, and came into the house of Jehovah,
 and worshipped. And he came to his own house ; and he
²¹ asked, and they set bread before him, and he ate. Then
 said his servants to him : What is this thing that thou hast
 done ? Whilst the child lived, thou didst fast and weep ; but
²² when the child was dead, thou didst rise and eat food. And
 he said : While the child was yet alive, I fasted and wept ;
 for I said : Who knows, whether Jehovah will be gracious
²³ to me, that the child may live ? But now he is dead, where-
 fore should I fast ? Can I bring him back again ? I shall
 go to him, but he will not return to me.
²⁴ And David comforted Bath-sheba his wife, and went in to
 her, and lay with her. And she bore a son, and he called
²⁵ his name Solomon. And Jehovah loved him. And he sent
 by the hand of Nathan the prophet ; and he called his name
 Jedidiah, on account of Jehovah.
²⁶ And Joab fought against Rabbah of the children of
²⁷ Ammon, and took the royal city. And Joab sent mes-
 sengers to David, and said : I have fought against Rabbah,
²⁸ and have taken the city of waters. And now gather the
 rest of the people, and encamp against the city, and take it ;

²⁹ lest I take the city, and it be called after my name. And David gathered all the people, and went to Rabbah, and ³⁰ fought against, and took it. And he took their king's crown off from his head, the weight whereof was a talent of gold, and the precious stones ; and it was set on David's head. And he brought forth the spoil of the city in great abundance. ³¹ And he brought forth the people that were therein ; and he put them to saws, and to threshing-sledges of iron, and to axes of iron, and made them pass through the brick-kiln ; and thus did he to all the cities of the children of Ammon. And David and all the people returned to Jerusalem.

¹ AND it came to pass after this, that Absalom the son of David had a fair sister, whose name was Tamar, and Amnon ² the son of David loved her. And Amnon was so troubled that he fell sick for his sister Tamar ; for she was a virgin, and Amnon thought it hard for him to do anything to her. ³ But Amnon had a friend, whose name was Jonadab, the son of Shimeah David's brother. And Jonadab was a very ⁴ artful man. And he said to him : Why art thou so lean, thou king's son, morning by morning ? Wilt thou not tell me ? And Amnon said to him : I love Tamar, my brother ⁵ Absalom's sister. And Jonadab said to him : Lay thee down on thy bed, and feign thyself sick. And when thy father comes to see thee, say to him : I pray thee, let my sister Tamar come, and give me food, and dress the food in my sight, that I may see it, and eat it at her hand. ⁶ So Amnon lay down, and feigned himself sick. And the king came to see him ; and Amnon said to the king : I pray thee, let Tamar my sister come, and make me a couple of ⁷ cakes in my sight, that I may eat at her hand. And David sent to the house to Tamar, saying : Go now to the house of ⁸ thy brother Amnon, and prepare food for him. And Tamar went to the house of her brother ; and he was lying down. And she took the dough, and kneaded it, and made cakes in

9 his sight, and baked the cakes. And she took the pan, and
 poured them out before him ; but he refused to eat. And
 Amnon said : Cause every man to go out from me. And they
 10 went out every man from him. And Amnon said to Tamar :
 Bring the food into the chamber, that I may eat from thy
 hand. And Tamar took the cakes which she had made, and
 11 brought them into the chamber to Amnon her brother. And
 she brought them near to him to eat ; and he took hold of
 12 her, and said to her : Come, lie with me, my sister. And
 she said to him : Nay, my brother, do not humble me ; for
 such a thing should not be done in Israel ; do not this folly.
 13 And I, whither shall I carry my reproach ? And as for thee,
 thou shalt be as one of the fools in Israel. And now speak,
 I pray thee, to the king ; for he will not withhold me from
 14 thee. And he would not hearken to her voice ; and he over-
 powered her, and humbled her, and lay with her.
 15 Then Amnon hated her with exceedingly great hatred ;
 for his hatred of her was greater than his love had been for
 16 her. And Amnon said to her : Rise up, be gone. And she
 said to him : There is no cause. This evil is greater than the
 other that thou didst to me, to send me away. But he would
 17 not hearken to her. And he called his servant that waited on
 him, and said : Send ye this woman out from me on the street,
 18 and bolt the door after her. And she had on a full length
 garment ; for with such robes were the king's daughters that
 were virgins apparelled. And his servant brought her out
 on the street, and bolted the door after her.
 19 And Tamar took ashes on her head, and the full length
 garment that was on her she rent, and put her hand on her
 20 head, and went on crying as she went. And Absalom her
 brother said to her : Has Amnon thy brother been with thee ?
 And now, my sister, hold thy peace ; he is thy brother. Lay
 not this thing to heart. So Tamar remained, solitary, in the
 house of her brother Absalom.

V. 18. *A full length garment; covering the whole person, the body of the garment extending to the feet, and the sleeves to the wrists. Such garments were worn only by those exempted from manual labor, and were indicative of rank and wealth.—On the contrary, the ordinary dress, worn by those engaged in active employments, extended but little below the knee, the sleeves reaching only to the elbow.* *The writer's note on Gen. 37: 3.*

²¹ And king David heard of all these things ; and he was
²² very wroth. And Absalom spoke with his brother Ammon neither good nor bad. For Absalom hated Ammon, because he had humbled his sister Tamar.

²³ And it came to pass after two years, that Absalom had sheep-shearers in Baal-hazor, which is beside Ephraim. And
²⁴ Absalom invited all the king's sons. And Absalom came to the king and said : Behold now, thy servant has sheep-shearers ; let the king, I pray thee, and his servants go with thy servant.
²⁵ And the king said to Absalom : Nay, my son, let us not all go, lest we be burdensome to thee. And he pressed him ; but
²⁶ he would not go, and he blessed him. Then said Absalom : If not, I pray thee, let my brother Ammon go with us. And
²⁷ the king said to him : Why should he go with thee ? And Absalom pressed him ; and he let Ammon and all the king's sons go with him.

²⁸ And Absalom commanded his servants, saying : Mark ye now when Ammon's heart is merry with wine, and I say to you, smite Ammon ; then kill him, fear not ; have not I commanded you ? Be strong, and be valiant. And the servants of Absalom did to Ammon as Absalom commanded. Then all the king's sons rose up, and rode every man on his mule, and fled.

³⁰ And it came to pass, while they were in the way, that tidings came to David : Absalom has slain all the king's sons,
³¹ and not one of them is left. And the king arose, and tore his garments, and lay on the earth ; and all his servants stood by with their garments rent. And Jonadab, the son of Shimeah David's brother, answered and said : Let not my lord suppose that they have slain all the young men the king's sons, for Amnon only is dead ; for on the lips of Absalom has it been purposed from the day that he humbled his
³³ sister Tamar. And now let not my lord the king take the thing to heart, thinking that all the king's sons are dead ;
³⁴ for Amnon only is dead. And Absalom fled. And the young man that kept watch raised his eyes, and saw, and, behold, there came much people by the way behind him,

³⁵ from the mountain's side. And Jonadab said to the king : Behold, the king's sons are coming ; as thy servant said, so ³⁶ it is. And it came to pass, as he made an end of speaking, that, behold, the king's sons came, and they lifted up their voice and wept ; and the king also, and all his servants, wept with great lamentation.

³⁷ And when Absalom fled, he went to Talmai, the son of Ammihud, king of Geshur. And David mourned for his ³⁸ son every day. And Absalom fled, and went to Geshur, and ³⁹ was there three years. And the soul of king David longed to go forth to Absalom ; for he was comforted concerning Ammon, seeing that he was dead.

¹ AND Joab the son of Zeruiah perceived that the king's ² heart was toward Absalom. And Joab sent to Tekoah, and took thence a wise woman, and said to her : I pray thee, feign thyself a mourner, and put on mourning apparel, and anoint not thyself with oil, and be as a woman that has a ³ long time mourned for the dead ; and come to the king, and speak to him in this manner. And Joab put the words in her mouth.

⁴ And the woman of Tekoah spoke to the king. And she fell on her face to the ground, and bowed herself, and said : ⁵ Help, O king. And the king said to her : What wilt thou ? And she said : I am verily a widow woman, and my husband ⁶ is dead. And thy handmaid had two sons. And they two strove together in the field, and there was none to part them, ⁷ the one smote the other, and slew him. And, behold, the whole family rose against thy handmaid, and said : Give up him that smote his brother, and we will kill him, for the life of his brother whom he slew ; and we will destroy the heir also ; and they will quench my coal which is left, so as not to leave my husband name or remnant on the face of the ⁸ earth. And the king said to the woman : Go to thy house, ⁹ and I will give charge concerning thee. And the woman of Tekoah said to the king : On me, my lord, O king, be the iniquity, and on my father's house, and the king and his

10 throne be guiltless. And the king said : Whosoever says aught to thee, bring him to me, and he shall not touch thee
 11 any more. Then said she : Let the king, I pray thee, remember Jehovah thy God, that the avenger of blood may not destroy yet more, and that they destroy not my son. And he said : As Jehovah lives, there shall not one hair of
 12 thy son fall to the earth. And the woman said : Let thy handmaid, I pray thee, speak a word to my lord the king.
 13 And he said : Speak. And the woman said : And why hast thou thought such a thing against the people of God ? For the king speaks this thing as one that is faulty, in that the
 14 king does not bring back his banished one. For we must needs die, and are as water spilt on the ground, that cannot be gathered up ; and God does not take away life, and he
 15 considers how he shall not thrust the outcast from him. And now, that I am come to speak of this thing to my lord the king, it is because the people made me afraid. And thy handmaid said : I will speak now to the king ; it may be
 16 that the king will grant the request of his handmaid. For the king will hearken, to deliver his handmaid out of the hand of the man that would destroy me and my son together,
 17 from the inheritance of God. And thy handmaid said : Let now the word of my lord the king be comforting ; for as an angel of God, so is my lord the king to discern the good and
 18 the evil ; and Jehovah thy God be with thee. Then the king answered and said to the woman : Do not hide from me the thing that I ask thee. And the woman said : Let
 19 my lord the king speak. And the king said : Is the hand of Joab with thee in all this ? And the woman answered and said : As thy soul lives, my lord the king, none can turn to the right hand or to the left from aught that my lord the king has spoken ; for thy servant Joab, he bade me, and he
 20 put all these words in the mouth of thy handmaid. In order

V. 14. To enforce the inference just drawn, she begins with a general principle. Life is fleeting, and when gone is beyond recall ; and yet God spares life, seeking to reclaim rather than destroy. The application was obvious, though only delicately hinted ; and her object was gained. Bluntly expressed, her thought is, — All will come right, if David will do by Absalom, as God has done by David.

to change the face of the matter, has thy servant Joab done this thing. And my lord is wise, as the wisdom of an angel of God, to know all things that are in the earth.

²¹ And the king said to Joab : Behold now, I have done this thing. Go, therefore, bring back the young man Absalom.

²² And Joab fell on his face to the ground, and bowed himself, and blessed the king. And Joab said : To-day thy servant knows that I have found favor in thy sight, my lord the king, in that the king has granted the request of his servant.

²³ And Joab arose and went to Geshur, and brought Absalom

²⁴ to Jerusalem. And the king said : Let him turn to his own house, and let him not see my face. And Absalom turned to his own house, and saw not the king's face.

²⁵ But in all Israel there was none so much praised as Absalom for his beauty ; from the sole of his foot, and to the

²⁶ crown of his head, there was no blemish in him. And when he shaved his head,—and it was at every year's end that he shaved it, for it was heavy on him and he shaved it,—the hair of his head weighed two hundred shekels, after the

²⁷ king's weight. And to Absalom were born three sons, and a daughter whose name was Tamar ; she was a woman of fair countenance.

²⁸ And Absalom dwelt two years in Jerusalem ; and he saw

²⁹ not the king's face. And Absalom sent for Joab, in order to send him to the king ; but he would not come to him.

And he sent again the second time, and he would not come.

³⁰ And he said to his servants : See, Joab's field is by the side of mine, and he has barley there ; go and set it on fire. And

³¹ Absalom's servants set the field on fire. Then Joab arose, and came to Absalom to his house, and said to him : Where-

³² fore have thy servants set my field on fire ? And Absalom answered Joab : Behold, I sent to thee saying, come hither that I may send thee to the king, to say : Wherfore am I come from Geshur ? It were good for me that I were there still. And now let me see the king's face ; and if there be

³³ any iniquity in me, let him kill me. And Joab came to the king, and told him. And he called Absalom ; and he came

to the king, and bowed himself on his face to the ground before the king ; and the king kissed Absalom.

- ¹ And it came to pass after this, that Absalom prepared for himself a chariot and horses, and fifty men to run before him. And Absalom rose up early, and stood by the side of the way to the gate. And it was so, when any man who had a controversy came to the king for judgment, that Absalom called to him, and said : Of what city art thou ? And he said : Thy servant is of one of the tribes of Israel. And Absalom said to him : See, thy matters are good and right ; but there is no one to hear thee on the part of the king.
- ⁴ And Absalom said : Oh that I were made judge in the land, that every man who has any suit or cause might come before me, and I would do him justice ! And it was so, when any man came near to bow down to him, that he put forth his hand, and took hold of him, and kissed him. And in this manner did Absalom to all Israel that came to the king for judgment. And Absalom stole the hearts of the men of Israel.
- ⁷ And it came to pass at the end of four years, that Absalom said to the king : I pray thee, let me go and pay my vow, which I have vowed to Jehovah, in Hebron. For thy servant vowed a vow while I abode at Geshur in Syria, saying : If Jehovah shall indeed bring me back to Jerusalem, then I will serve Jehovah. And the king said to him : Go in peace. And he arose, and went to Hebron.
- ¹⁰ And Absalom sent spies through all the tribes of Israel, saying : When ye hear the sound of the trumpet, then ye shall say : Absalom is made king in Hebron. And with Absalom went two hundred men out of Jerusalem, that were invited ; and they went in their simplicity, and they knew not anything. And Absalom sent for Ahithophel the Gilonite, David's counselor, from his city, from Giloh, while he was offering sacrifices. And the conspiracy was strong ; for the people increased continually with Absalom.
- ¹³ And there came a messenger to David, saying : The hearts

¹⁴ of the men of Israel are after Absalom. And David said to all his servants that were with him at Jerusalem : Arise, and let us flee ; for there will be for us no escape from Absalom. Make haste to depart, lest he suddenly overtake us, and bring the evil upon us, and smite the city with the edge of ¹⁵ the sword. And the king's servants said to the king : Whatsoever my lord the king shall choose, behold, we are thy ¹⁶ servants. And the king went forth, and all his household after him. And the king left ten women, concubines, to ¹⁷ keep the house. And the king went forth, and all the people ¹⁸ after him, and halted at Beth-merhak. And all his servants passed on beside him ; and all the executioners, and all the couriers, and all the Gittites six hundred men who came after him from Gath, passed on before the king.

¹⁹ Then said the king to Ittai the Gittite : Wherefore goest thou also with us ? Return, and remain with the king ; for ²⁰ thou art a stranger, and also migrating to thy place. Thou canst but yesterday ; and should I to-day make thee go up and down with us, seeing that I go whither I may ? Return thou, and take back thy brethren ; mercy and truth be with ²¹ thee. And Ittai answered the king, and said : As Jehovah lives, and as my lord the king lives, surely in what place my lord the king shall be, whether for death or for life, there ²² will thy servant be. And David said to Ittai : Go, and pass over. And Ittai the Gittite passed over, and all his men, and ²³ all the little ones that were with him. And all the land wept with a loud voice, as all the people passed over ; and the king passed over the brook Kidron, and all the people passed over, toward the way to the wilderness.

²⁴ And lo ! Zadok also, and all the Levites with him, bearing the ark of the covenant of God. And they set down the ark of God ; and Abiathar went up, until all the people had done ²⁵ passing out of the city. And the king said to Zadok : Carry back the ark of God to the city. If I shall find favor in the eyes of Jehovah, he will bring me back, and will cause me

V. 17. *Beth-merhak.* Or, the Far House. "A house so-called, probably from being the last house in the suburbs, on the Jericho road before it crossed the Kidron ; very likely a fort guarding the passage of the Kidron." (*The Speaker's Commentary.*)

²⁶ to see it, and his habitation. But if he thus say : I have no delight in thee ; behold, here am I, let him do to me as
²⁷ seems good to him. And the king said to Zadok the priest : Seest thou ? Return to the city in peace, and Ahimaaz thy son, and Jonathan the son of Abiathar, your two sons with
²⁸ you. See, I will delay at the fords of the wilderness, until
²⁹ there come word from you to inform me. And Zadok and Abiathar carried back the ark of God to Jerusalem ; and they remained there.

³⁰ And David went up by the ascent of the olives, and weeping as he went up, and with his head covered, and he going barefoot ; and all the people that were with him covered every man his head, and they went up weeping as they went.

³¹ And it was told David, saying : Ahithophel is among the conspirators with Absalom. And David said : Make foolish, I pray thee, the counsel of Ahithophel, O Jehovah.

³² And it came to pass, when David was come to the summit, where men worshipped God, that, behold, Hushai the Archite came to meet him, with his garment rent, and earth upon his
³³ head. And David said to him : If thou passest on with me,
³⁴ then thou wilt be a burden to me. But if thou return to the city, and say to Absalom, I will be thy servant, O king ; I have been thy father's servant hitherto, and now I will be thy servant ; then mayest thou defeat for me the counsel of
³⁵ Ahithophel. And are there not with thee there Zadok and Abiathar the priests ? And what thing soever thou hearest out of the king's house, thou shalt tell to Zadok and Abiathar
³⁶ the priests. Behold, they have there with them their two sons, Ahimaaz Zadok's son, and Jonathan Abiathar's son ; and by their hand send to me everything that ye shall hear.
³⁷ So Hushai David's friend came to the city ; and Absalom came to Jerusalem.

¹ AND David had passed a little beyond the summit ; and behold, Ziba the servant of Mephibosheth met him, with a

V. 31. *Make foolish.* Either, make it so (make it foolish counsel), or make it seem and be treated so (as it proved); in either case frustrating the evil design.

pair of asses saddled, and upon them two hundred loaves of bread, and a hundred cakes of raisins, and a hundred cakes ² of figs, and a skin of wine. And the king said to Ziba : What meanest thou by these ? And Ziba said : The asses are for the king's household to ride on ; and the bread and the figs for the young men to eat ; and the wine, that such as are ³ faint in the wilderness may drink. And the king said : And where is thy master's son ? And Ziba said to the king : Behold, he remains at Jerusalem. For he said : To-day will the house of Israel restore to me the kingdom of my father. ⁴ Then said the king to Ziba : Behold, thine are all that belonged to Mephibosheth. And Ziba said : I bow myself down ; may I find favor in thy sight, my lord, the king.

⁵ And when David the king came to Bahurim, behold, there came out thence a man of the family of the house of Saul, whose name was Shimei, the son of Gera. He came out, ⁶ cursing as he came. And he cast stones at David, and at all the servants of king David ; and all the people, and all the ⁷ mighty men, were on his right hand and on his left. And thus said Shimei while he cursed : Come out, come out, thou ⁸ man of blood, thou wicked man. Jehovah returns upon thee all the blood of the house of Saul, in whose stead thou wast made king ; and Jehovah gives the kingdom into the hand of Absalom thy son ; and, behold, thou art now in thy calamity, because thou art a man of blood.

⁹ And Abishai the son of Zeruiah said to the king : Why should this dead dog curse my lord the king ? Let me go ¹⁰ over, I pray thee, and take off his head. And the king said : What have I to do with you, ye sons of Zeruiah ? So let him curse ; for Jehovah has said to him, curse David. And ¹¹ who may say : Why doest thou so ? And David said to Abishai, and to all his servants : Behold, my son, who came forth from my bowels, seeks my life. And how much more now may this Benjamite do it ? Let him alone, and let him

V. 1. *A skin of wine.* In the East, water and other liquids are carried, on journeys, in the skins of animals. The skin is stripped whole from the body of the animal (a sheep, goat, or kid), after cutting off the head and feet ; so that when distended with any liquid it has the form of the animal from which it is taken. (*The writer's note on Gen. 21: 14.*)

¹² curse ; for Jehovah has bidden him. It may be that Jehovah will look on my affliction, and that Jehovah will return ¹³ me good for his cursing this day. And David and his men went on the way ; and Shimei went along on the hill's side over against him, and cursed as he went, and threw stones ¹⁴ toward him, and cast dust. And the king, and all the people that were with him, came to Ajephim, and refreshed themselves there.

¹⁵ And Absalom, and all the people the men of Israel, came ¹⁶ to Jerusalem, and Ahithophel with him. And it came to pass, when Hushai the Archite, David's friend, was come to Absalom, that Hushai said to Absalom : Long live the king ! ¹⁷ Long live the king ! And Absalom said to Hushai : Is this thy kindness to thy friend ? Why wentest thou not with thy ¹⁸ friend ? And Hushai said to Absalom : Nay ; but whom Jehovah has chosen, and this people, and all the men of ¹⁹ Israel, his will I be, and with him will I remain. And secondly, whom should I serve ? Should I not in the presence of his son ? As I have served in thy father's presence, so will I be in thy presence.

²⁰ Then said Absalom to Ahithophel : Give ye counsel, what ²¹ we shall do. And Ahithophel said to Absalom : Go in unto thy father's concubines, whom he has left to keep the house. And all Israel shall hear that thou art abhorred by thy father ; ²² and the hands of all that are with thee shall be strong. And they spread the tent for Absalom on the roof. And Absalom went in unto his father's concubines, in the sight of all Israel. ²³ And the counsel of Ahithophel, which he counseled in those days, was as if a man inquired of the word of God. So was all the counsel of Ahithophel, both to David and to Absalom.

- ¹ And Ahithophel said to Absalom : Let me now choose out twelve thousand men, and I will arise and pursue after David
- ² this night. And I will come upon him while he is weary and weak-handed, and will make him afraid ; and all the people that are with him will flee ; and I will smite the king only.
- ³ And I will bring back all the people to thee. The man

whom thou seekest is as if all returned ; all the people will
⁴ be in peace. And the saying pleased Absalom, and all the
⁵ elders of Israel. Then said Absalom : Call now Hushai the
⁶ Archite also, and we will hear too what he has to say. And
Hushai came to Absalom, and Absalom spoke to him, saying :
Ahithophel has spoken after this manner ; shall we do what
⁷ he says ? If not, speak thou. And Hushai said to Absalom :
The counsel that Ahithophel has given this time is not good.
⁸ And Hushai said : Thou knowest thy father and his men,
that they are mighty men, and they are embittered in mind,
as a bear robbed of her whelps in the field ; and thy father
⁹ is a man of war, and will not lodge with the people. Behold,
now he is hid in one of the hollows, or in some other place.
And it will come to pass, when some among them fall at the
first, that he who hears it will say, there is a slaughter among
⁽ the people that follow Absalom ; and even he that is valiant,
whose heart is as the heart of a lion, will utterly melt.
For all Israel knows that thy father is a mighty man, and
¹¹ they that are with him are valiant men. For I counsel that
all Israel be fully gathered unto thee, from Dan to Beer-sheba,
as the sand that is by the sea for multitude ; and that thou
¹² go to battle in thine own person. And we shall come upon
him in some place where he shall be found, and we will light
upon him as the dew falls on the ground ; and of him, and
of all the men that are with him, there shall not be left so
¹³ much as one. And if he shall withdraw into a city, then
shall all Israel put ropes to that city, and we will drag it to
the river, till not even a small stone shall be found there.
¹⁴ And Absalom and all the men of Israel said : The counsel
of Hushai the Archite is better than the counsel of Ahitho-
phel. And Jehovah had appointed to make vain the good
counsel of Ahithophel, to the intent that Jehovah might
bring evil upon Absalom.
¹⁵ Then said Hushai to Zadok and to Abiathar the priests :
Thus and thus did Ahithophel counsel Absalom and the
¹⁶ elders of Israel ; and thus and thus have I counseled. And
now send quickly, and tell David, saying : Lodge not this

night at the fords of the wilderness, but speedily pass over ; lest the king be swallowed up, and all the people that are
17 with him. Now Jonathan and Ahimaaz were standing at the Fuller's-fountain ; and the maid-servant went and told them, that they might go and tell king David ; for they
18 might not be seen to come into the city. But a lad saw them, and told Absalom. And they went both of them, quickly, and came to a man's house in Bahurim, who had a
19 well in his court ; and they went down there. And the woman took and spread the covering over the well's mouth, and strewed ground corn thereon ; and nothing was perceived.
20 And Absalom's servants came into the house to the woman, and said : Where is Ahimaaz, and Jonathan ? And the woman said to them : They are gone over the brook of water. And they sought and did not find them, and returned
21 to Jerusalem. And it came to pass, after they had departed, that they came up out of the well, and went and told king David. And they said to David : Arise, and pass quickly over the water ; for thus has Ahithophel counseled against
22 you. Then David arose, and all the people that were with him, and they passed over the Jordan ; by the morning light, there lacked not one of them that had not gone over the Jordan.
23 And Ahithophel saw that his counsel was not followed. And he saddled his ass, and arose, and went to his house, to his city, and put his household in order, and hanged himself ; and he died, and was buried in the sepulchre of his father.
24 And David came to Mahanaim. And Absalom passed over the Jordan, he and all the men of Israel with him.
25 And Absalom set Amasa over the host instead of Joab. And Amasa was the son of a man whose name was Ithra the Israelite, who went in to Abigail the daughter of Nahash,
26 sister of Zeruiah Joab's mother. And Israel and Absalom encamped in the land of Gilead.
27 And it came to pass when David was come to Mahanaim, that Shobi the son of Nahash, from Rabbah of the children of Ammon, and Machir the son of Ammiel from Lo-debar,

²⁸ and Barzillai the Gileadite from Rogelim, brought beds, and basins, and earthen vessels, and wheat, and barley, and flour, and parched corn, and beans, and lentiles, and parched pulse,
²⁹ and honey, and curds, and sheep, and cheese of kine, for David, and for the people that were with him, to eat ; for they said : The people are hungry, and weary, and thirsty, in the wilderness.

¹ AND David numbered the people that were with him ; and he set over them captains of thousands and captains of hundreds. And David sent forth the people, a third part under the hand of Joab, and a third part under the hand of Abishai the son of Zeruijah, Joab's brother, and a third part under the hand of Ittai the Gittite. And the king said to the people, I ³ will surely go forth with you myself also. And the people said : Thou shalt not go forth. For if we flee away, they will not care for us ; nor if half of us die, will they care for us ; for now thou art as ten thousand of us. And now it is ⁴ better that thou succor us out of the city. And the king said to them : What seems to you best I will do. And the king stood by the side of the gate ; and all the people came ⁵ out by hundreds and by thousands. And the king commanded Joab and Abishai and Ittai, saying : Deal gently for my sake with the young man, with Absalom. And all the people heard when the king gave all the captains charge concerning Absalom.
⁶ So the people went out into the field against Israel ; and ⁷ the battle was in the forest of Ephraim. And there the people of Israel were smitten before the servants of David ; and the slaughter there was great on that day, twenty thousand men. For the battle there spread over the face of all the country ; and the wood devoured more of the people that day than the sword devoured.
⁹ And Absalom came by chance in presence of David's servants. And Absalom was riding on the mule ; and the

V. 9. *The mule.* On which David himself rode, on state occasions ; and now used by Absalom as a part of the royal prerogative. Hence the definite article, (1 Kings 1: 33).

mule went under the thick branches of the great oak, and his head caught fast in the oak, and he was taken between the heaven and the earth, and the mule that was under him
10 went on. And a certain man saw it, and told Joab. And
11 he said : Behold, I saw Absalom hanging in the oak. And Joab said to the man that told him : And, behold, thou sawest him, and why didst thou not smite him there to the earth ? And I would have given thee ten pieces of silver,
12 and a girdle. And the man said to Joab : Though I might weigh a thousand pieces of silver into my hand, I would not put forth my hand against the king's son. For in our hearing the king charged thee and Abishai and Ittai, saying :
13 Have care, every one, for the young man, for Absalom. Or had I, against my own life, dealt deceitfully,—for no matter is hidden from the king,—then thou wouldest have set thyself against me. And Joab said : I may not tarry thus with thee. And he took three darts in his hand, and thrust them into the heart of Absalom, while he was yet alive in the
15 midst of the oak. And ten young men, that bore Joab's
16 armor, surrounded and smote Absalom, and slew him. And Joab blew the trumpet, and the people returned from pursuing after Israel ; for Joab held back the people. And they took Absalom, and cast him into the great pit in the forest, and laid a very great heap of stones upon him. And all Israel fled, every one to his tent.

18 Now Absalom, in his lifetime, had taken and reared up for himself the pillar, which is in the king's dale ; for he said : I have no son to keep my name in remembrance. And he called the pillar after his own name ; and it is called to this day, Absalom's monument.

19 And Ahimaaz the son of Zadok said : Let me now run, and bear the king tidings, that Jehovah has defended him
20 from the hand of his enemies. And Joab said to him : Thou shalt not be bearer of tidings this day, but thou shalt bear tidings another day. But this day thou shalt bear no tidings,
21 because the king's son is dead. Then said Joab to the Cushite : Go, tell the king what thou hast seen. And the

- ²² Cushite bowed himself to Joab, and ran. And Ahimaaz the son of Zadok said yet again to Joab : However it be, let me, I pray thee, also run after the Cushite. And Joab said : Wherefore wilt thou run, my son, seeing that thou hast no welcome tidings ? However it be, said he, let me run. And he said to him : Run. Then Ahimaaz ran by the way of the plain, and he passed by the Cushite. And David was sitting between the two gates. And the watchman went up to the roof of the gate on the wall, and lifted up his eyes and saw, and behold a man running alone. And the watchman called, and told it to the king. And the king said : If he be alone, there are tidings in his mouth. And he came nearer and nearer. And the watchman saw another man running. And the watchman called to the porter, and said : Behold a man running alone. And the king said : He also brings tidings.
- ²⁷ And the watchman said : Methinks the running of the foremost is like the running of Ahimaaz the son of Zadok. And the king said : He is a good man, and comes with good tidings.
- ²⁸ And Ahimaaz called, and said to the king : All is well. And he bowed down to the king with his face to the earth, and said : Blessed be Jehovah thy God, who has delivered up the men that lifted their hand against my lord the king.
- ²⁹ And the king said : Is it well with the young man, with Absalom ? And Ahimaaz said : I saw the great tumult, when Joab sent the king's servant, and thy servant, but I knew not what it was. And the king said : Turn aside, and stand here. And he turned aside, and stood there. And behold, the Cushite came ; and the Cushite said : My lord, the king, receive the tidings ! for Jehovah has defended thee this day from all them that rose up against thee. And the king said to the Cushite : Is it well with the young man, with Absalom ? And the Cushite said : The enemies of my lord, the king, and all that rise up against thee for evil, be as the young man.
- ³³ And the king was greatly moved ; and he went up to the

V. 21. *The Cushite*; the Ethiopian, as the Hebrew word is translated elsewhere. See, for example, Num. 12:1; 2 Chron. 12:9, and 14:9. He was Joab's Ethiopian servant, and well suited to be employed on such an errand.

chamber over the gate, and wept. And thus he said, as he went : My son Absalom, my son, my son Absalom ! Would I had died for thee, Absalom, my son, my son !

- ¹ AND it was told Joab : Behold, the king weeps and mourns
² for Absalom. And the deliverance that day was turned into mourning to all the people ; for the people heard it said that
³ day : The king is grieved for his son. And the people came stealthily into the city that day, as people steal away ashamed
⁴ when they flee in battle. And the king covered his face. And the king cried with a loud voice : My son Absalom !
⁵ Absalom, my son, my son ! And Joab came into the house to the king, and said : Thou hast shamed this day the faces of all thy servants, who this day have saved thy life, and the lives of thy sons and of thy daughters, and the lives of thy
⁶ wives, and the lives of thy concubines ; in that thou lovest them that hate thee, and hatest them that love thee. For thou hast shown this day, that princes and servants are nothing to thee. For this day I perceive, that if Absalom had lived, and all we had died this day, then it had pleased
⁷ thee well. And now arise, go forth, and speak to the heart of thy servants. For I swear by Jehovah, if thou go not forth, there will not remain one with thee this night ; and that will be worse to thee than all the evil that besell thee
⁸ from thy youth until now. Then the king arose, and sat in the gate. And they told all the people, saying : Behold, the king sits in the gate. And all the people came before the king.
⁹ And Israel had fled every man to his tent. And all the people strove together in all the tribes of Israel, saying : The king rescued us out of the hand of our enemies, and he delivered us out of the hand of the Philistines ; and now he
¹⁰ has fled out of the land from Absalom. And Absalom, whom we anointed over us, is dead in battle. And now why speak ye not a word of bringing the king back ?
¹¹ And king David sent to Zadok and to Abiathar the priests, saying : Speak to the elders of Judah, and say : Why will

ye be the last to bring the king back to his house, seeing that
¹² the word of all Israel is come to the king, to his house. Ye
are my brethren, ye are my bones and my flesh ; and why
¹³ will ye be the last to bring back the king ? And to Amasa
shall ye say : Art thou not my bone, and my flesh ? God do
so to me, and more also, if thou be not captain of the host
¹⁴ before me continually, in place of Joab. And he inclined
the heart of all the men of Judah, as of one man ; and they
sent word to the king : Return thou, and all thy servants.
¹⁵ So the king returned, and came to the Jordan. And Judah
came to Gilgal, to go and meet the king, to bring the king
over the Jordan.
¹⁶ And Shimei the son of Gera, the Benjamite, who was of
Bahurim, hasted and came down with the men of Judah to
¹⁷ meet king David ; and a thousand men of Benjamin with
him, and Ziba the servant of the house of Saul, and his
fifteen sons and his twenty servants with him ; and they went
¹⁸ over the Jordan to meet the king. And the ferry-boat went
over to carry over the king's household, and to do what he
thought good. And Shimei the son of Gera fell down before
¹⁹ the king, when he passed over the Jordan. And he said to
the king : Let not my lord impute iniquity to me, and re-
member not that which thy servant did perversely, on the
day that my lord the king went out from Jerusalem, that
²⁰ the king should lay it to heart. For thy servant knows that
I have sinned ; and, behold, I am come the first this day of
all the house of Joseph, to go down to meet my lord, the
²¹ king. And Abishai, the son of Zeruiah, answered and said :
Shall not Shimei be put to death for this, that he cursed the
²² anointed of Jehovah ? And David said : What have I to do
with you, ye sons of Zeruiah, that ye will be adversaries to
me this day ? Shall any man be put to death this day in
Israel ? For do not I know that I am this day king over
²³ Israel ? And the king said to Shimei : Thou shalt not die.
And the king swore to him.
²⁴ And Mephibosheth, the son of Saul, went down to meet
the king. And he had not dressed his feet, nor trimmed his

beard, nor washed his clothes, from the day the king departed
25 until the day when he came in peace. And it was so, when he came from Jerusalem to meet the king, that the king said to him : Wherefore wentest not thou with me, Mephibo-
26 sheth ? And he said : My lord, the king, my servant de-
ceived me. For thy servant said, I will saddle the ass for
me, and will ride thereon, and will go to the king ; because
27 thy servant is lame. And he has slandered thy servant to
my lord, the king. But my lord, the king, is as an angel of
28 God ; and do what is good in thine eyes. For all my father's
house were but dead men to my lord, the king ; yet thou didst set thy servant among them that eat at thine own table.
And what right have I yet, and to cry for yet unto the
29 king ? And the king said to him : Why speakest thou any
more of thine affairs ? I have said : Thou and Ziba divide
30 the land. And Mephibosheth said to the king : Yea, let him take all, forasmuch as my lord, the king, has come in peace
to his house.

31 And Barzillai the Gileadite came down from Rogelim, and went over the Jordan with the king, to accompany him in
32 passing the Jordan. Now Barzillai was very aged, fourscore years old. And he had provided the king with sustenance while he lay at Mahanaim ; for he was a very great man.
33 And the king said to Barzillai : Come thou over with me,
34 and I will provide for thee, with me in Jerusalem. And Barzillai said to the king : How many are the days of the years of my life, that I should go up with the king to Jeru-
35 salem ? I am this day fourscore years old. Can I discern between good and evil ? Can thy servant taste what I eat and what I drink ? Can I hear any more the voice of sing-
ing men and singing women ? And why should thy servant
36 be yet a burden to my lord, the king ? Thy servant will go a little way over the Jordan with the king. And why should
37 the king recompense me with such a reward ? Let thy serv-
ant, I pray thee, return ; that I may die in my own city, by

V 25. When he came from Jerusalem. Others,—When Jerusalem (that is, its inhabitants) came.

the grave of my father and of my mother. But, behold, thy servant Chimham will go over with my lord, the king ; and

³⁸ do to him what shall seem good to thee. And the king said : Chimham shall go over with me, and I will do to him that which shall seem good to thee ; and all thou shalt desire of

³⁹ me I will do for thee. And all the people went over the Jordan. And the king went over ; and the king kissed Barzillai, and blessed him, and he returned to his place.

⁴⁰ Then the king went on to Gilgal, and Chimham went on with him. Now all the people of Judah had brought the king over, and also half the people of Israel.

⁴¹ And, behold, all the men of Israel came to the king, and said to the king : Why have our brethren, the men of Judah, stolen thee away, and have brought the king and his household over the Jordan, and all David's men with him. And all the men of Judah answered the men of Israel : Because the king is near of kin to us ; and why is it that ye are angry at this thing ? Have we eaten at all at the king's cost ? Or

⁴² has he given us any gift ? And the men of Israel answered the men of Judah, and said : We have ten parts in the king, and also in David have we more than ye. And why have ye despised us, that our advice was not first had in bringing back our king ? And the words of the men of Judah were harder than the words of the men of Israel.

¹ AND there happened to be there a wicked man, whose name was Sheba, the son of Bichri, a Benjamite. And he blew a trumpet, and said : We have no part in David, and we have no inheritance in the son of Jesse. Every man to his tents,

² O Israel. And every man of Israel went up from David, after Sheba the son of Bichri. But the men of Judah clave to their king, from the Jordan unto Jerusalem.

³ And David came to his house at Jerusalem. And the king took the ten women, concubines, whom he left to keep the house, and put them under watch, and provided for them ; but he went not in unto them. And they were shut up unto the day of their death, in life-long widowhood.

⁴ And the king said to Amasa : Gather to me the men of
⁵ Judah within three days ; and be thou present here. And
Amasa went to assemble Judah ; but he tarried beyond the
⁶ set time appointed him. And David said to Abishai : Now
will Sheba the son of Bichri do us more harm than did Absa-
lom. Take thou thy lord's servants, and pursue after him,
⁷ lest he get for him fenced cities, and escape us. And there
went out after him Joab's men, and the executioners, and
the couriers, and all the mighty men ; and they went out
from Jerusalem, to pursue after Sheba the son of Bichri.
⁸ When they were at the great stone which is in Gibeon,
Amasa came towards them. And Joab was girded with his
war-dress as his garment, and over it the belt of the sword
fastened on his loins in its sheath ; and as he went forth it
⁹ fell out. And Joab said to Amasa : Art thou in health, my
brother ? And Joab took Amasa by the beard with the
¹⁰ right hand, to kiss him. But Amasa took no heed to the
sword that was in Joab's hand ; and he smote him therewith
in the fifth rib, and shed out his bowels to the ground, and
struck him not again ; and he died. And Joab and Abishai
¹¹ his brother pursued after Sheba the son of Bichri. And one
of Joab's servants stood by him, and said : He that favors
¹² Joab, and he that is for David, let him go after Joab. And
Amasa wallowed in blood in the midst of the highway. And
the man saw that all the people stood still ; and he removed
Amasa out of the highway into the field, and cast a cloth
upon him, when he ~~saw~~ that every one that came by him
¹³ stood still. When he was removed out of the highway, every
man passed on after Joab, to pursue after Sheba the son of
Bichri.
¹⁴ And he passed through all the tribes of Israel to Abel,
and to Beth-maachah, and all the Berites ; and they were
¹⁵ gathered together, and went also after him. And they came
and besieged him in Abel-Beth-maachah. And they cast up

V. 8, last clause. Or, which came out, and it dropped ; that is, the sheath came out of the belt, and the sword dropped. The meaning is the same. It was an artifice of the wary Joab. He picked up the fallen weapon with his left hand, and taking with his right (v. 9) the beard of Amasa for a friendly greeting, thrust the unsuspected weapon into his bowels.

a mound against the city, and it stood at the outer wall ; and all the people that were with Joab battered the wall, to throw it down.

- ¹⁶ Then cried a wise woman out of the city, Hear, hear ; say, I pray you, to Joab : Come near hither, that I may speak ¹⁷ with thee. And he came near to her, and the woman said : Art thou Joab ? And he said : I am he. And she said to him : Hear the words of thy handmaid. And he answered, ¹⁸ I hear. And she spoke, saying : They were wont to speak in old time, saying : They shall surely ask counsel at Abel ; ¹⁹ and so they ended the matter. I am of them that are peaceable and faithful in Israel. Thou seekest to destroy a city and a mother in Israel ; why wilt thou swallow up the inheritance of Jehovah ? And Joab answered and said : Far be it, far be it from me, that I should swallow up or destroy. ²⁰ The thing is not so ; but a man of mount Ephraim, Sheba the son of Bichri by name, has lifted up his hand against the king, against David. Deliver up him only, and I will depart from the city. And the woman said to Joab : Behold, his ²¹ head shall be thrown to thee over the wall. And the woman went to all the people in her wisdom ; and they cut off the head of Sheba, the son of Bichri, and threw it out to Joab. And he blew a trumpet, and they dispersed from the city, every man to his tents. And Joab returned to Jerusalem, to the king. ²² And Joab was over all the host of Israel ; and Benaiah, the son of Jehoiada, was over the executioners, and over the ²³ couriers ; and Adoram was over the tribute ; and Jehoshaphat, the son of Ahilud, was recorder ; and Sheva was scribe ; ²⁴ and Zadok and Abiathar were the priests ; and Ira also, the Jairite, was a priest to David.

¹ AND there was a famine in the days of David three years, year after year ; and David inquired of Jehovah. And Jehovah answered : It is for Saul, and for the blood-guilty house,

V. 19. She speaks as one representing the city, and on its behalf.—*A mother; a mother-city.*—*The inheritance of Jehovah.* A portion of his inheritance, by right belonging to him.

V. 1. *Inquired of Jehovah.* Literally,—sought the face of Jehovah.

- ² because he slew the Gibeonites. And the king called the Gibeonites, and said to them ;—now the Gibeonites were not of the children of Israel, but of the remnant of the Amorites, and the children of Israel had sworn to them ; and Saul sought to slay them in his zeal for the children of Israel and Judah ;—
³ and David said to the Gibeonites : What shall I do for you ? And wherewith shall I make atonement, that ye may bless
⁴ the inheritance of Jehovah ? And the Gibeonites said to him : We will have no silver nor gold of Saul, nor of his house ; nor for us shalt thou kill any man in Israel. And
⁵ he said : What ye shall say, that will I do for you. And they said to the king : The man that consumed us, and that devised against us that we should be cut off from an abiding
⁶ place in all the territory of Israel ; let seven men of his sons be given to us, that we may hang them up unto Jehovah in Gibeah of Saul, the chosen of Jehovah. And the king said : I
⁷ will give them. But the king spared Mephibosheth, the son of Jonathan the son of Saul, because of the oath by Jehovah that was between them, between David and Jonathan the
⁸ son of Saul. And the king took the two sons of Rizpah the daughter of Aiah, whom she bore to Saul, Armoni and Mephibosheth ; and the five sons of Merab the daughter of Saul, whom she bore to Adriel the son of Barzillai the
⁹ Meholathite ; and he gave them into the hand of the Gibeonites, and they hanged them on the hill before Jehovah. And they fell all seven together ; and they were put to death in the first days of harvest, in the beginning of barley harvest.
¹⁰ And Rizpah the daughter of Aiah took sackcloth, and spread it for herself on the rock, from the beginning of harvest until water was poured upon them out of heaven ; and she suffered not a bird of the air to rest on them by day, nor
¹¹ a beast of the field by night. And it was told David what Rizpah the daughter of Aiah, the concubine of Saul, had done.
¹² And David went and took the bones of Saul and the bones of Jonathan his son from the men of Jabesh-gilead, who took

them by stealth from the street of Beth-shan, where the Philistines hanged them, when the Philistines had slain Saul
¹³ in Gilboa. And he brought up from thence the bones of Saul and the bones of Jonathan his son ; and they gathered the
¹⁴ bones of them that were hanged. And the bones of Saul and Jonathan his son buried they in the land of Benjamin in Zelah, in the sepulchre of Kish his father ; and they did all that the king commanded. And after that God hearkened to entreaty for the land.

¹⁵ And the Philistines had war again with Israel. And David went down, and his servants with him, and fought the Philistines. And David became weary. And Ishbi-benob, who was of the sons of the giant, and whose spear was three hundred shekels of brass in weight, he being girded with a
¹⁶ new sword, thought to smite David. But Abishai the son of Zeruiah succored him, and smote the Philistine, and killed him. Then the men of David adjured him, saying : Thou shalt go no more out with us to battle, that thou quench not the light of Israel.

¹⁸ And it came to pass after this, that there was again a battle with the Philistines at Gob. Then Sibbechai the Hushathite slew Saph, who was of the sons of the giant.

¹⁹ And there was again a battle in Gob with the Philistines. And Elhanan the son of Jair, the Beth-lehemite, slew Goliath the Gittite, the staff of whose spear was like a weaver's beam.

²⁰ And there was yet a battle in Gath. And there was a man of great stature, that had on each hand six fingers, and on each foot six toes, four and twenty in number ; and he also
²¹ was born to the giant. And he defied Israel ; and Jonathan
²² the son of Shimeah, the brother of David, slew him. These four were born to the giant in Gath ; and they fell by the hand of David, and by the hand of his servants.

¹ AND David spoke to Jehovah the words of this song, in the day that Jehovah had delivered him out of the hand of all his enemies, and out of the hand of Saul. And he said :—

- 2 Jehovah, my rock, and my fortress, and my deliverer;
 3 The God of my rock, in him will I trust,
 My shield, and the horn of my salvation, my fortress, and my refuge,
 My savior, thou savest me from violence.
 4 I will call on Jehovah, who is to be praised;
 And I shall be saved from my enemies.
 5 For the waves of death were around me;
 The floods of the ungodly made me afraid.
 6 The bands of the underworld surrounded me;
 The snares of death confronted me.
 7 In my distress I called upon Jehovah;
 And to my God I cried.
 And from his temple he heard my voice,
 And my cry came into his ears.
 8 Then the earth shook and quaked;
 The foundations of the heavens trembled,
 And were shaken, because he was wroth.
 9 There went up smoke in his nostril,
 And fire out of his mouth devoured;
 Coals were kindled from it.
 10 And he bowed the heavens and came down;
 And thick darkness was under his feet.
 11 And he rode upon a cherub, and did fly;
 And he appeared on wings of the wind.
 12 And he made darkness pavilions round about him,
 Gathered waters, thick clouds of the skies.
 13 From the brightness before him,
 Coals of fire were kindled.
 14 Jehovah thundered from the heavens,
 And the Most High uttered his voice.
 15 And he sent out arrows, and scattered them;
 Lightning, and discomfited them.
 16 And the channels of the sea appeared,
 The foundations of the world were laid bare,
 At the rebuke of Jehovah,
 At the blast of the breath of his nostrils.
 17 He reached from on high, he took me;
 He drew me out of many waters.
 18 He delivered me from my strong enemy;
 From my haters, for they were too strong for me.
 19 They confronted me in the day of my calamity;
 And Jehovah became a stay for me,
 20 And brought me forth to a large place;
 He delivered me, because he delighted in me.
 21 Jehovah requited me according to my righteousness;
 According to the cleanness of my hands he recompensed me.
 22 For I have kept the ways of Jehovah,

- And have not wickedly departed from my God.
 23 For all his judgments are before me ;
 And his statutes, I do not depart from them.
 24 And I was upright toward him, and kept myself from my iniquity.
 25 And Jehovah recompensed me according to my righteousness ;
 According to my cleanness before his eyes.
 26 With the gracious thou wilt show thyself gracious ;
 With the upright man thou wilt show thyself upright.
 27 With the pure thou wilt show thyself pure ;
 And with the froward thou wilt show thyself froward.
 28 And the afflicted people thou wilt save ;
 But thine eyes are against the lofty, thou wilt bring them low.
 29 For thou art my lamp, O Jehovah ;
 And Jehovah will enlighten my darkness.
 30 For by thee I shall run through a troop ;
 By my God I shall leap over a wall.
 31 As for God, his way is perfect ;
 The word of Jehovah is tried ;
 A shield is he to all that trust in him.
 32 For who is God besides Jehovah ?
 And who is a rock besides our God ?
 33 God is my tower of strength ;
 And he leads the upright in his way.
 34 He makes my feet like hinds',
 And on my high places makes me stand ;
 35 Teaching my hands to war,
 And a bow of brass is bent in my arms.
 36 And thou givest me the shield of thy salvation ;
 And thy condescension makes me great.
 37 Thou enlargest my steps under me ;
 And my ankles have not wavered.
 38 I shall pursue my enemies, and destroy them ;
 And not turn again till they are consumed.
 39 And I shall consume them, and crush them,
 That they shall not arise ;
 And they shall fall under my feet.
 40 For thou hast girded me with strength for the battle ;
 Thou wilt make them crouch under me that rise up against me.
 41 And thou givest me the neck of my enemies,
 Them that hate me, that I may destroy them.
 42 They look, there is no deliverer ;
 To Jehovah, but he answers them not.
 43 And I shall beat them small as dust of the earth ;

V. 27. *Will show thyself froward*; by abandoning them to their frowardness, when persisted in. This just and merciful principle of moral government is recognized by the Apostle :—“As they did not choose to retain God in their knowledge, God gave them over to a reprobate mind.” (Rom. 1 : 28.)

As mire of the street shall I crush them, tread them down.

- 44 And thou wilt deliver me from the strifes of my people;
 Thou wilt keep me to be head of the heathen;
 A people I have not known shall serve me.
- 45 Strangers will profess submission to me;
 At the hearing of the ear, they will obey me.
- 46 Strangers will fade away,
 And will tremble from their strongholds.
- 47 Jehovah lives, and blessed be my rock;
 And exalted be the God of the rock of my salvation;
- 48 The Mighty, who avenges me, and brings down the peoples under me,
- 49 And brings me out from my enemies.
 And thou wilt lift me high above them that rise up against me;
 From the man of violence thou wilt rescue me.
- 50 Therefore will I praise thee, Jehovah, among the heathen,
 And to thy name will I sing.
- 51 Great deliverances he gives to his king,
 And shows kindness to his anointed,
 To David and to his seed, for evermore.

1 AND these are the last words of David.

- David the son of Jesse said;
 And the man who was raised on high,
 The anointed of the God of Jacob,
 And the sweet psalmist of Israel, said:—
- 2 The Spirit of Jehovah spoke by me,
 And his word was on my tongue.
- 3 The God of Israel said,
 The Rock of Israel spoke to me:—
 He that rules over men must be just,
 Ruling in the fear of God.
- 4 And he is as the morning light, when the sun arises,
 A morning without clouds;
 As the tender grass out of the earth,
 By clear shining after rain.
- 5 For is not so my house with God?
 For he has made with me an everlasting covenant,
 Ordained in all things, and assured.
 For all my salvation, and all desire,
 Shall he not then cause to grow?
- 6 But the wicked, as thorns thrust away, are they all.
 For they are not taken with the hand;
- 7 And the man that touches them arms himself,
 With iron and with shaft of spear;
 And with fire shall they be utterly burned in the place.

V. 51. *To his anointed—to David and to his seed.* These words are the key to the sentiments of this psalm, and all of like import. The Psalmist speaks as the representative of that divinely constituted sovereignty, of which he was the head, and which was opposed in his person. (The writer's note in his revised version of the Psalms.)

⁸ These are the names of the mighty men whom David had. Josheb-basshebeth the Tachmonite, chief of the three. He lifted up his spear against eight hundred, slain at one time.

⁹ And after him was Eleazar the son of Dodo the Ahohite ; one of the three mighty men with David, when they defied the Philistines that were gathered there for battle, and

¹⁰ the men of Israel went up. He rose up, and smote the Philistines until his hand was weary, and his hand clave to the sword. And Jehovah wrought a great deliverance that

¹¹ day ; and the people returned after him only to spoil. And after him was Shammah the son of Agee the Hararite. And the Philistines were gathered together into a troop ; and there was there a piece of ground full of lentiles ; and the people

¹² fled before the Philistines. But he stood in the midst of the ground, and rescued it, and smote the Philistines ; and Jehovah wrought a great deliverance. And three of the thirty chiefs went down, and came to David in the harvest time to the cave of Adullam ; and a troop of the Philistines encamped

¹⁴ in the valley of Rephaim. And David was then in the stronghold ; and the garrison of the Philistines was then in Beth-lehem. And David had longing, and said : Oh that one would give me drink of the water of the well of Beth-lehem,

¹⁶ which is by the gate ! And the three mighty men broke through the camp of the Philistines, and drew water out of the well of Beth-lehem, that was by the gate, and took and brought it to David. And he would not drink thereof, but

¹⁷ poured it out unto Jehovah. And he said : Be it far from me, Jehovah, that I should do this. Shall I drink the blood of the men that went in jeopardy of their lives ? Therefore he would not drink it. These things did the three mighty

¹⁸ men. And Abishai, the brother of Joab, the son of Zeruiah, was chief of the thirty. And he lifted up his spear against

¹⁹ three hundred slain, and had a name among the thirty. He was most honorable of the thirty, and became their captain ;

²⁰ but he attained not to the three. And Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, the son of a valiant man, of Kabzeel, who had done many acts ; he smote two lion-like men of Moab ; and he

went down and smote the lion in the midst of the pit, in
²¹ time of snow. And he smote the Egyptian, a goodly man. And the Egyptian had a spear in his hand ; and he went down to him with a staff, and plucked the spear out of the
²² Egyptian's hand, and slew him with his own spear. These things did Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, and had a name
²³ among the thirty mighty men. He was more honored than the thirty ; but he attained not to the three. And David
²⁴ made him of his private audience. Asahel the brother of Joab was one of the thirty, Elhanan the son of Dodo of
²⁵ Beth-lehem, Shammah the Harodite, Elika the Harodite,
²⁶ Helez the Paltite, Ira the son of Ikkesh the Tekoite, Abiezer
²⁸ the Anethothite, Mebunnai the Hushathite, Zalmon the
²⁹ Aholite, Malarai the Netophathite, Heleb the son of Baanah, a Netophathite, Ittai the son of Ribai out of Gibeal of
³⁰ the children of Benjamin, Benaiah the Pirathonite, Hiddai
³¹ of the valleys of Gaash, Abi-albon the Arbathite, Azmaveth
³² the Barhumite, Eliahba the Shaalbonite, Hashem the Gizonite,
³³ Jonathan the son of Shammah the Hararite, Aliam the son
³⁴ of Sharar the Hararite, Eliphelet the son of Ahasbai, the
³⁵ son of the Maachathite, Eliam the son of Ahithophel the
³⁶ Gilonite, Hezrai the Carmelite, Paarai the Arbite, Igai the
³⁷ son of Nathan of Zobah, Bani the Gadite, Zelek the Ammonite, Nahari the Beerothite, armor-bearer to Joab the son
³⁸ of Zeruiyah, Ira the Ithrite, Gareb the Ithrite, Uriah the
³⁹ Hittite ; thirty and seven in all.

- ¹ AND again the anger of Jehovah was kindled against Israel ; and he moved David against them to say : Go, number Israel and Judah. And the king said to Joab the captain of the host, which was with him : Go now through all the tribes of Israel, from Dan unto Beer-sheba ; and number ye the people, that I may know the number of the people.
- ² And Joab said to the king : May Jehovah thy God add to the people, how many soever they may be, a hundredfold, and that the eyes of my lord, the king, may see it. But why
- ⁴ does my lord, the king, delight in this thing ? But the king's

word prevailed against Joab, and against the captains of the host. And Joab and the captains of the host went out from the presence of the king, to number the people of Israel.

⁵ And they passed over the Jordan, and encamped in Aroer, on the right side of the city that lies in the midst of the valley
⁶ of Gad, and toward Jazer. And they came to Gilead, and to the land of Tahtim-hodshi ; and they came to Dan-jaan,
⁷ and around to Zidon, and came to the Tyrian fortress, and to all the cities of the Hivites, and of the Canaanites ; and they
⁸ went out to the south of Judah, unto Beer-sheba. So when they had gone through all the land, they came to Jerusalem
⁹ at the end of nine months and twenty days. And Joab gave the sum of the numbering of the people to the king. And there were in Israel eight hundred thousand valiant men that drew the sword ; and the men of Judah were five hundred thousand men.

¹⁰ And David's heart smote him, after he had numbered the people. And David said to Jehovah : I have sinned greatly in that which I have done. And now, I beseech thee, Jehovah, put away the iniquity of thy servant ; for I have done
¹¹ very foolishly. And when David rose in the morning, the word of Jehovah came to the prophet Gad, David's seer,
¹² saying ; go, and say to David : Thus says Jehovah : Three things I lay upon thee ; choose for thee one of them, that I
¹³ may do it to thee. And Gad came to David, and told him ; and he said to him : Shall there come to thee seven years of famine in thy land ? Or that thou flee three months before thy enemies, while they pursue thee ? Or that there be three days' pestilence in thy land ? Now consider, and see what
¹⁴ word I shall return to him who sent me. And David said to Gad : I am in a great strait. Let us fall now into the hand of Jehovah ; for great are his mercies ; and let me not fall into the hand of man.

¹⁵ And Jehovah sent a pestilence upon Israel, from the morrow and to the time appointed. And there died of the people, from Dan unto Beer-sheba, seventy thousand men.

¹⁶ And the angel stretched out his hand upon Jerusalem to

destroy it. And Jehovah repented of the evil ; and he said to the angel that destroyed the people : It is enough ; now stay thy hand. And the angel of Jehovah was by the
¹⁷ threshing-floor of Araunah the Jebusite. And David spoke to Jehovah, when he saw the angel that smote the people, and said : Lo, I have sinned, and I have done wickedly. But these, the flock, what have they done ? Let thy hand, I pray thee, be upon me, and upon my father's house.

¹⁸ And Gad came that day to David, and said to him : Go up, rear an altar to Jehovah in the threshing-floor of Araunah
¹⁹ the Jebusite. And David, according to the saying of Gad,
²⁰ went up as Jehovah commanded. And Araunah looked, and saw the king and his servants coming on toward him. And Araunah went out, and bowed himself before the king,
²¹ with his face to the ground. And Araunah said : Wherefore comes my lord, the king, to his servant ? And David said : To buy the threshing-floor of thee, to build an altar to Jehovah,
²² that the plague may be stayed from the people. And Araunah said to David : Let my lord, the king, take and offer up what seems good to him. Behold, the oxen for a burnt-offering, and threshing-sledges and harness of the oxen
²³ for wood. All this does Araunah, O king, give to the king. And Araunah said to the king : Jehovah thy God accept
²⁴ thee. And the king said to Araunah : Nay ; but I will surely buy it of thee at a price ; and I will not offer burnt-offerings to Jehovah my God of that which costs me nothing. And David bought the threshing-floor and the oxen for fifty
²⁵ shekels of silver. And David built there an altar to Jehovah, and offered burnt-offerings and peace-offerings. And Jehovah was entreated for the land, and the plague was stayed from Israel.

FIRST BOOK OF THE KINGS.

¹ AND David the king was old, far gone in years. And they
² covered him with clothes, but he had not warmth. And his
servants said to him : Let them seek for my lord, the king,
a young virgin ; and let her stand before the king, and be
his attendant ; and let her lie in thy bosom, that my lord, the
³ king, may have warmth. And they sought for a fair damsels
in all the territory of Israel ; and they found Abishag the
⁴ Shunammite, and brought her to the king. And the damsels
was very fair ; and she became the king's attendant, and
ministered to him. And the king knew her not.
⁵ And Adonijah the son of Haggith exalted himself, saying :
I will be king. And he prepared for himself chariots and
⁶ horsemen, and fifty men to run before him. And his father
had not displeased him in his life, in saying : Why hast thou
done so ? And he was also of very goodly form. And his
⁷ mother bore him after Absalom. And he conferred with
Joab the son of Zeruiah, and with Abiathar the priest ; and
⁸ they assisted, following Adonijah. But Zadok the priest, and
Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, and Nathan the prophet, and
Shimei and Rei, and the mighty men who were David's, were
⁹ not with Adonijah. And Adonijah slew sheep, and oxen,
and fatted calves, by the stone of Zoheleth, which is by the
Fuller's-fountain, and called all his brothers the king's sons,
¹⁰ and all the men of Judah the king's servants ; but Nathan
the prophet, and Benaiah, and the mighty men, and Solomon
his brother, he called not.

Chap. 1. The history of the people in its varying fortunes, and of the sovereignty divinely
instituted in the line of David, is here resumed ; and is continued to the termination of that
line, in its earthly representative, by the Assyrian and Babylonian conquests.

¹¹ And Nathan spoke to Bath-sheba, the mother of Solomon, saying : Hast thou not heard that Adonijah the son of Haggith reigns, and David our lord knows it not ? And now come, let me, I pray thee, give thee counsel, that thou mayest ¹² save thine own life, and the life of thy son Solomon. Go, and go in unto king David, and say to him : Didst not thou, my lord the king, swear to thy handmaid, saying : Assuredly Solomon thy son shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon ¹³ my throne ? And why does Adonijah reign ? Behold, while thou art yet talking there with the king, I will come in after thee, and confirm thy words.

¹⁴ And Bath-sheba went in unto the king into the chamber. And the king was very old ; and Abishag the Shunammite ¹⁵ ministered to the king. And Bath-sheba bent down, and bowed herself before the king. And the king said : What ¹⁶ wouldest thou ? And she said to him : My lord, thou didst swear by Jehovah thy God to thy handmaid : Assuredly Solomon thy son shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon ¹⁷ my throne. And now, behold, Adonijah reigns ; and now, my ¹⁸ lord, the king, thou knowest it not. And he has slain oxen, and fatted calves, and sheep in abundance, and has called all the sons of the king, and Abiathar the priest, and Joab the captain of the host ; but Solomon thy servant has he not ¹⁹ called. And thou, my lord, the king, the eyes of all Israel are upon thee, to tell them who shall sit on the throne of my ²⁰ lord, the king, after him. And it will come to pass, when my lord, the king, lies down with his fathers, that I and my son Solomon shall be counted offenders.

²¹ And, lo ! while she yet talked with the king, Nathan the ²² prophet came in. And they told the king, saying : Behold, Nathan the prophet. And he came in before the king ; and he bowed down to the king with his face to the ground. ²³ And Nathan said : My lord, the king, thou hast said, Adonijah ²⁴ shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon my throne. For he has gone down this day, and has slain oxen, and fatted calves, and sheep in abundance, and has called all the king's ²⁵ sons, and the captains of the host, and Abiathar the priest ;

and, behold, they eat and drink before him, and say : Long
²⁶ live the king, Adonijah. But me, me thy servant, and
Zadok the priest, and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, and thy
²⁷ servant, Solomon, has he not called. Is this thing done by
my lord, the king, and thou hast not made known to thy
servants, who shall sit on the throne of my lord, the king,
after him ?

²⁸ And king David answered and said : Call to me Bath-sheba.
And she came into the king's presence, and stood before the
²⁹ king. And the king swore, and said : As Jehovah lives, who
³⁰ has redeemed my soul out of all distress ; even as I have
sworn to thee by Jehovah God of Israel, saying : Assuredly
Solomon thy son shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon
³¹ my throne in my stead ; even so will I do this day. Then
Bath-sheba bent down with her face to the earth, and bowed
herself before the king, and said : Let my lord, king David,
live forever.

³² And king David said : Call to me Zadok the priest, and
Nathan the prophet, and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada. And
³³ they came in before the king. And the king said to them :
Take with you the servants of your lord, and cause Solomon
my son to ride upon my own mule, and bring him down to
³⁴ Gihon. And let Zadok the priest, and Nathan the prophet,
there anoint him king over Israel ; and blow ye the trumpet,
³⁵ and say : Long live the king, Solomon. And ye shall come
up after him, that he may come and sit upon my throne ; for
he shall be king in my stead, and him I appoint to be prince
³⁶ over Israel and over Judah. And Benaiah the son of
Jehoiada answered the king, and said : So be it ! So say
³⁷ Jehovah, God of my lord, the king ! As Jehovah was with
my lord, the king, so be he with Solomon, and make his
³⁸ throne greater than the throne of my lord, king David. And
Zadok the priest, and Nathan the prophet, and Benaiah the
son of Jehoiada, and the executioners, and the couriers, went
down ; and they caused Solomon to ride upon king David's
³⁹ mule, and brought him to Gihon. And Zadok, the priest,
took a horn of oil out of the tabernacle, and anointed Solo-

mon. And they blew the trumpet ; and all the people said :
40 Long live the king, Solomon. And all the people came up after him ; and the people piped with pipes, and rejoiced with great joy, so that the earth rent with the sound of them.

41 And Adonijah and all the guests that were with him heard it ; and they had made an end of eating. And Joab heard the sound of the trumpet ; and he said : Wherefore is this
42 noise of the tumultuous city ? And while he was yet speaking, behold, Jonathan the son of Abiathar the priest came. And Adonijah said to him : Come in ; for thou art a brave
43 man, and bringest good tidings. And Jonathan answered, and said to Adonijah : Nay, but our lord, king David, has
44 made Solomon king. And the king has sent with him Zadok the priest, and Nathan the prophet, and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, and the executioners, and the couriers, and they
45 have caused him to ride upon the king's mule ; and Zadok the priest and Nathan the prophet have anointed him king in Gihon ; and they have come up from thence rejoicing, and the city is in tumult. This is the noise that ye have heard.
46 And also Solomon sits on the throne of the kingdom. And also the king's servants came to bless our lord, king David, saying : God make the name of Solomon better than thy name, and his throne greater than thy throne. And the
48 king bowed himself upon the bed. And also thus said the king : Blessed be Jehovah God of Israel, who has given one
49 to sit on my throne this day, my eyes beholding it. And all the guests that were with Adonijah were afraid, and rose up, and went every man his way.
50 And Adonijah feared because of Solomon ; and he arose,
51 and went and laid hold of the horns of the altar. And it was told Solomon, saying : Behold, Adonijah fears king Solomon. And, lo ! he has laid hold of the horns of the altar, saying : Let king Solomon swear to me this day, that
52 he will not slay his servant with the sword. And Solomon said : If he will show himself a worthy man, there shall not a hair of him fall to the earth ; but if wickedness shall be

⁵³ found in him, he shall die. And king Solomon sent, and they brought him down from the altar. And he came and bowed himself down to king Solomon. And Solomon said to him : Go to thy house.

¹ AND the days of David drew near that he should die. And
² he charged Solomon his son, saying : I go the way of all the
³ earth ; and be thou strong, and show thyself a man. And keep the charge of Jehovah thy God, to walk in his ways,
to keep his statutes, and his commandments, and his judgments, and his testimonies, as is written in the law of Moses ;
that thou mayest prosper in all that thou doest, and whither-
⁴ soever thou turnest thyself ; that Jehovah may fulfill his
word which he spoke concerning me, saying : If thy children
take heed to their way, to walk before me in truth with all
their heart and with all their soul, there shall not fail thee,
⁵ said he, a man on the throne of Israel. And also thou
knowest what Joab the son of Zeruiah did to me ; what he
did to the two captains of the hosts of Israel, to Abner the
son of Ner, and to Amasa the son of Jether, whom he killed,
and shed the blood of war in peace, and put the blood of war
upon his girdle that was about his loins, and in his shoes that
⁶ were on his feet. And do according to thy wisdom ; and let
⁷ not his hoary head go down to the grave in peace. And show kindness to the sons of Barzillai the Gileadite, and let
them be of those who eat at thy table ; for so they came to
⁸ me when I fled before Absalom thy brother. And, behold,
thou hast with thee Shimei the son of Gera, a Benjamite of
Bahurim, who cursed me with a grievous curse in the day
when I went to Mahanaim. And he came down to meet me
at the Jordan ; and I swore to him by Jehovah, saying : I
⁹ will not put thee to death with the sword. And now hold
him not guiltless ; for thou art a wise man, and knowest
what thou shouldst do to him ; and his hoary head bring
¹⁰ thou down to the grave in blood. And David lay down
¹¹ with his fathers, and was buried in the city of David. And the days that David reigned over Israel were forty years.

Seven years he reigned in Hebron, and thirty and three years he reigned in Jerusalem.

- ¹² And Solomon sat upon the throne of David his father ; and his kingdom was greatly established.
- ¹³ And Adonijah the son of Haggith came to Bath-sheba the mother of Solomon. And she said : Comest thou peaceably ?
- ¹⁴ And he said : Peaceably. And he said : I have somewhat to say to thee. And she said : Say on. And he said : Thou knowest that the kingdom was mine, and all Israel set their faces on me, that I should reign. And the kingdom is transferred, and is become my brother's ; for it was his from ¹⁶ Jehovah. And now I make one request of thee ; deny me ¹⁷ not. And she said to him : Say on. And he said : Speak, I pray thee, to Solomon the king,—for he will not say thee nay,—that he give me Abishag the Shunammite for a wife.
- ¹⁸ And Bath-sheba said : Well ; I will speak for thee to the king.
- ¹⁹ And Bath-sheba came to king Solomon, to speak to him for Adonijah. And the king rose up to meet her, and bowed himself to her, and sat down on his throne, and caused a seat to be set for the king's mother ; and she sat on ²⁰ his right hand. And she said : One small request I desire of thee ; say me not nay. And the king said to her : Ask, ²¹ my mother ; for I will not say thee nay. And she said : Let Abishag the Shunammite be given to Adonijah, thy brother, ²² for a wife. And king Solomon answered and said to his mother : And why dost thou ask Abishag the Shunammite for Adonijah ? And ask for him the kingdom, for he is my elder brother ; for him, and for Abiathar the priest, and for ²³ Joab the son of Zeruiah. And king Solomon swore by Jehovah, saying : God do so to me, and more also, if Adoni-²⁴ jah have not spoken this word against his own life. And now, as Jehovah lives, who has established me, and set me on the throne of David my father, and who has made me a house as he said, Adonijah shall be put to death this day.
- ²⁵ And king Solomon sent by the hand of Benaiah, the son of Jehoiada ; and he fell upon him, that he died.

- ²⁶ And to Abiathar the priest said the king : Go to Anathoth, to thy fields. For thou art worthy of death ; but I will not at this time put thee to death, because thou hast borne the ark of the Lord Jehovah before David my father, and because thou wast afflicted in all wherein my father was afflicted.
- ²⁷ And Solomon drove out Abiathar from being priest to Jehovah ; that he might fulfill the word of Jehovah, which he spoke concerning the house of Eli in Shiloh.
- ²⁸ And the report came to Joab,—for Joab had turned away after Adonijah, though he turned not after Absalom,—and Joab fled to the tabernacle of Jehovah, and laid hold of the
- ²⁹ horns of the altar. And it was told king Solomon, that Joab had fled to the tabernacle of Jehovah ; and, behold, he is by the altar. Then Solomon sent Benaiah the son of
- ³⁰ Jehoiada, saying : Go, fall upon him. And Benaiah came to the tabernacle of Jehovah, and said to him, thus says the king : Go forth. And he said : Nay ; but I will die here. And Benaiah brought back word to the king, saying : Thus
- ³¹ said Joab, and thus he answered me. And the king said to him : Do as he has said, and fall upon him, and bury him ; that thou mayest put away the innocent blood, which Joab
- ³² shed, from me and from the house of my father. And Jehovah will return his blood uppon his own head, who fell upon two men more righteous and better than he, and killed them with the sword,—my father David not knowing thereof,—Abner the son of Ner, captain of the host of Israel, and Amasa the
- ³³ son of Jether, captain of the host of Judah. And let their blood return upon the head of Joab, and upon the head of his seed forever ; and upon David, and upon his seed, and upon his house, and upon his throne shall there be peace
- ³⁴ forever from Jehovah. So Benaiah the son of Jehoiada went up, and fell upon him, and slew him. And he was
- ³⁵ buried in his own house, in the wilderness. And the king put Benaiah the son of Jehoiada in his place over the host. And Zadok the priest the king put in the place of Abiathar.
- ³⁶ And the king sent and called for Shimei, and said to him : Build for thee a house in Jerusalem, and dwell there, and

³⁷ go not forth thence anywhither. For on the day thou goest out, and passest over the brook Kidron, know certainly that thou shalt surely die. Thy blood shall be upon thine own head. And Shimei said to the king : The saying is good. As my lord, the king, has said, so will thy servant do. And ³⁸ Shimei dwelt in Jerusalem many days. And it came to pass at the end of three years, that two of the servants of Shimei fled to Achish son of Maachah, king of Gath. And they ³⁹ told Shimei, saying : Behold, thy servants are in Gath. And Shimei arose, and saddled his ass, and went to Gath to Achish, to seek his servants ; and Shimei went, and brought his servants from Gath. And it was told Solomon that Shimei had ⁴⁰ gone from Jerusalem to Gath, and had returned. And the king sent and called Shimei ; and he said to him : Did I not make thee swear by Jehovah, and protest to thee, saying : Know certainly, that on the day thou goest out, and walkest abroad anywhither, thou shalt surely die ? And thou saidst ⁴¹ to me : The word that I have heard is good. And why hast thou not kept the oath of Jehovah, and the command that I ⁴² have commanded thee ? And the king said to Shimei : Thou knowest all the wickedness of which thy heart is conscious, that thou didst to David my father. And Jehovah returns ⁴³ thy wickedness upon thine own head. And king Solomon is blessed ; and the throne of David shall be established before ⁴⁴ Jehovah forever. And the king commanded Benaiah the son of Jehoiada ; and he went out, and fell upon him, that he died. And the kingdom was established in the hand of Solomon.

¹ AND Solomon formed affinity with Pharaoh king of Egypt, taking [in marriage] the daughter of Pharaoh. And he brought her into the city of David, until he had finished building his own house, and the house of Jehovah, and the ² wall of Jerusalem round about. Only, the people had sacrificed on high places, because no house was built to the name ³ of Jehovah, until those days. And Solomon loved Jehovah, walking in the statutes of David his father ; only, he sacri-

⁴ ficed and burnt incense on high places. And the king went to Gibeon to sacrifice there ; for that was the great high place. A thousand burnt-offerings did Solomon offer upon that altar.

⁵ In Gibeon Jehovah appeared to Solomon in a dream by ⁶ night. And God said : Ask, what I shall give to thee. And Solomon said : Thou hast shown to thy servant David my father great kindness, according as he walked before thee in truth, and in righteousness, and in uprightness of heart with thee ; and thou hast kept for him this great kindness, that thou gavest him a son to sit on his throne, as it is this day.

⁷ And now, O Jehovah my God, thou hast made thy servant king in place of David my father ; and I am but a little child ;

⁸ I know not how to go out or come in. And thy servant is in the midst of thy people which thou hast chosen, a great people, that cannot be numbered or reckoned up for multi-

⁹ tude. Give, therefore, to thy servant an understanding heart to judge thy people, that I may discern between good and

¹⁰ evil ; for who is able to judge this thy great people ? And the words pleased the Lord, that Solomon had asked this

¹¹ thing. And God said to him : Because thou hast asked this thing, and hast not asked for thyself long life ; nor hast asked riches for thyself, nor hast asked the life of thine enemies ; but hast asked for thyself discernment to understand what

¹² is right ; behold, I do according to thy word. Lo ! I give thee a wise and discerning heart ; so that like thee there was none before thee, nor after thee shall any arise like unto thee.

¹³ And I also give thee that which thou hast not asked, both riches, and honor ; so that there shall not be among the kings

¹⁴ one like thee, all thy days. And if thou wilt walk in my ways, to keep my statutes and my commandments, as David

¹⁵ thy father walked, then will I lengthen thy days. And Solomon awoke ; and, behold, it was a dream. And he came to Jerusalem, and stood before the ark of the covenant of Jehovah, and offered up burnt-offerings, and brought peace-offerings, and made a feast to all his servants.

¹⁶ And two women, that were harlots, came to the king, and

17 stood before him. And the one woman said : Beseech thee
 my lord, I and this woman dwell in one house ; and I bore
 18 a child with her in the house. And it came to pass the third
 day after, that this woman also bore a child. And we were
 together ; no stranger was with us in the house, only we two
 19 were in the house. And this woman's child died in the night ;
 20 because she lay on it. And she rose in mid night, and took
 my son from beside me, while thy handmaid slept, and laid
 21 it in her bosom, and laid her dead child in my bosom. And
 I rose in the morning to give my child suck, and, behold, it
 was dead. And I viewed it carefully in the morning, and,
 22 behold, it was not my son, which I bore. And the other
 woman said : Nay ; but the living is my son, and the dead is
 thy son. And this said : No ; but the dead is thy son, and
 23 the living is my son. Thus they spoke before the king. Then
 said the king : The one says, This that lives is my son, and
 thy son is the dead ; and the other says, Nay ; but thy son
 24 is the dead, and the living is my son. And the king said :
 Bring me a sword. And they brought the sword before the
 25 king. And the king said : Divide the living child in two,
 26 and give half to the one, and half to the other. Then spoke
 the woman whose was the living child to the king,—for her
 bowels yearned over her son,—and she said : Beseech thee
 my lord, give her the living child, and do not slay it. And
 the other said : Let it be neither mine nor thine ; divide it.
 27 Then the king answered and said : Give her the living child,
 28 and slay it not ; she is its mother. And all Israel heard of
 the judgment which the king had judged. And they feared
 the king ; for they saw that the wisdom of God was in him,
 to do judgment.

1 AND king Solomon was king over all Israel. And these
 2 were the princes which he had. Azariah the son of Zadok
 3 the priest, Elihoreph and Ahiah, the sons of Shisha, scribes ;
 4 Jehoshaphat the son of Ahilud, the recorder ; and Benaiah

V. 2. *Princes.* Highest officers of State, composing the king's court, holding office by his appointment and during his pleasure.—V. 3. *Recorder.* See 2 Sam. 8:16, and 20:24.

the son of Jehoiada over the host ; and Zadok and Abiathar
⁵ the priests ; and Azariah the son of Nathan over the officers ;
 and Zabud the son of Nathan chief officer, the king's friend ;
⁶ and Ahishar over the household ; and Adoniram the son of
 Abda over the tribute.

- ⁷ And Solomon had twelve officers over all Israel, who made provision for the king and his household ; each man made
⁸ provision for one month in the year. And these are their
⁹ names. The son of Hur, on mount Ephraim ; the son of Dekar, in Makaz, and in Shaalbim, and Beth-shemesh, and
¹⁰ Elon-beth-hanan ; the son of Hesed, in Aruboth, who had
¹¹ Socoh, and all the land of Hepher ; the son of Abinadab, on all the heights of Dor, who had Taphath the daughter of
¹² Solomon for a wife ; Baana the son of Ahilud, in Taanach and Megiddo, and all Beth-shean which is by Zartanah under Jezreel, from Beth-shean to Abel-meholah, to the farther side
¹³ of Jokneam ; the son of Geber, in Ramoth-gilead, who had the villages of Jair the son of Manasseh, which are in Gilead, and the region of Argob, which is in Bashan, threescore great
¹⁴ cities with walls and brazen bars ; Ahinadab the son of Iddo,
¹⁵ in Mahanaim ; Ahimaaz in Naphtali, who also took Basmath
¹⁶ the daughter of Solomon for a wife ; Baanah the son of
¹⁷ Hushai in Asher and in Aloth ; Jehoshaphat the son of
¹⁸ Paruah, in Issachar ; Shimei the son of Elah, in Benjamin ;
¹⁹ Geber the son of Uri in the land of Gilead, the land of Sihon king of the Amorites, and of Og king of Bashan, and the only officer who was in the land.
²⁰ Judah and Israel were many, as the sand which is by the sea in multitude, eating and drinking, and making merry.
²¹ And Solomon reigned over all the kingdoms from the river to the land of the Philistines, and unto the border of Egypt. They brought tribute, and served Solomon all the days of his life.

V. 5. *Officers* ; see vs. 7-19.—V. 21. *The river*. So the river Euphrates is often mentioned without further designation. See the references in the writer's note on Gen. 31: 21. The covenant with Abraham, Gen. 15: 18, was now fulfilled, and the kingdom covered all the territory there promised. The reference in the note on Gen. 15: 18 should have been to this passage.

²² And Solomon's provision for one day was thirty measures
²³ of fine flour, and threescore measures of meal ; ten fatted
oxen, and twenty oxen of the pasture, and a hundred sheep,
besides harts, and roebucks, and fallow deer, and fatted fowl.
²⁴ For he had dominion over all the region on this side of the
river, from Tiphisah unto Gaza, over all the kings on this side
of the river ; and he had peace on all sides round about him.
²⁵ And Judah and Israel dwelt safely, every man under his
vine and under his fig tree, from Dan unto Beer-sheba, all the
days of Solomon.
²⁶ And Solomon had forty thousand stalls of horses for his
²⁷ chariots, and twelve thousand saddle-horses. And those
officers made provision for king Solomon, and for all that
came to king Solomon's table, every man in his month ; they
²⁸ lacked nothing. And the barley and the straw for the horses
and the coursers brought they to the place where he was,
each according to his charge.
²⁹ And God gave to Solomon wisdom and discernment abun-
dantly, and largeness of understanding, as the sand that is
³⁰ on the sea shore. And Solomon's wisdom was greater than
the wisdom of all the sons of the east, and all the wisdom of
³¹ Egypt. And he was wiser than all men ; than Ethan the
Ezrahite, and Heman, and Chalcol, and Darda, the sons of
³² Mahol ; and his name was in all the nations around. And
he spoke three thousand proverbs ; and his songs were a
³³ thousand and five. And he spoke of the trees, from the
cedar tree that is in Lebanon to the hyssop that springs out
of the wall. And he spoke of beasts, and of fowl, and of
³⁴ creeping things, and of fishes. And there came from all
peoples to hear the wisdom of Solomon, from all kings of the
earth, who had heard of his wisdom.

¹ AND Hiram king of Tyre sent his servants to Solomon.
For he heard that they had anointed him king in place of
² his father ; for Hiram was ever a lover of David. And Solo-
³ mon sent to Hiram, saying : Thou knowest that David my

V. 22. *Measures.* A measure (kor) contained about eleven bushels.

father could not build a house to the name of Jehovah his God, for the wars which were about him on every side, until

⁴ Jehovah put them under the soles of his feet. And now Jehovah my God has given me rest on every side ; there is

⁵ no adversary, and no evil occurrence. And, behold, I purpose to build a house to the name of Jehovah my God ; as Jehovah spoke to David my father, saying : Thy son, whom I will set in thy place upon thy throne, he shall build a house

⁶ to my name. And now command that they cut for me cedar trees out of Lebanon ; and my servants shall be with thy servants ; and I will give thee hire for thy servants according to all that thou shalt say ; for thou knowest that none among us have skill to cut timber like the Sidonians.

⁷ And it came to pass, when Hiram heard the words of Solomon, that he rejoiced greatly. And he said : Blessed be Jehovah this day, who has given to David a wise son over

⁸ this great people. And Hiram sent to Solomon, saying : I have hearkened to that for which thou didst send to me. I will do all thou desirest, concerning timbers of cedar, and

⁹ concerning timbers of cypress. My servants shall bring them down from Lebanon to the sea ; and I will make of them floats by sea to the place which thou shalt appoint me ; and I will take them apart there, and thou shalt receive them. And thou wilt do what I desire, in giving food for

¹⁰ my household. And Hiram gave to Solomon cedar trees

¹¹ and cypress trees, all he desired. And Solomon gave to Hiram twenty thousand measures of wheat as food for his household, and twenty measures of beaten oil. Thus gave

¹² Solomon to Hiram year by year. And Jehovah gave Solomon wisdom, as he said to him. And there was peace between Hiram and Solomon ; and they two made a league together.

¹³ And king Solomon raised a levy out of all Israel ; and the

¹⁴ levy was thirty thousand men. And he sent them to Lebanon, ten thousand a month by courses ; a month they were

V. 11. *Beaten oil.* The purest : obtained from the crushed fruit, without pressing it. See Ex. 27 : 20, and 29 : 40; Lev. 24 : 2; Num. 28 : 5.

in Lebanon, and two months at home ; and Adoniram was
¹⁵ over the levy. And Solomon had threescore and ten thousand that bore burdens, and fourscore thousand hewers in
¹⁶ the mountains ; besides Solomon's chief-officers who were over the work, three thousand and three hundred, who ruled
¹⁷ over the people that wrought in the work. And the king commanded, and they quarried great stones, costly stones,
¹⁸ hewn stones to lay the foundation of the house. And Solomon's builders and Hiram's builders and the Gebalites carved them. And they prepared the timbers and the stones to build the house.

¹ AND it came to pass in the four hundred and eightieth year after the children of Israel came out of the land of Egypt, in the fourth year of Solomon's reign over Israel, in the month Zif, which is the second month, that he began to build the
² house of Jehovah. And the house which king Solomon built for Jehovah, the length thereof was threescore cubits, and the breadth thereof twenty cubits, and the height thereof
³ thirty cubits. And the porch before the temple of the house, twenty cubits was the length thereof, according to the breadth of the house ; and ten cubits was the breadth thereof before
⁴ the house. And for the house he made windows with fixed lattices.

⁵ And against the wall of the house he built stories around, against the walls of the house round about, of the temple
⁶ and of the oracle ; and he made side-chambers around. The lowest story was five cubits broad, and the middle was six cubits broad, and the third was seven cubits broad ; for in the wall of the house, on the outside, he made rests round about, that the beams should not be fastened into the walls
⁷ of the house. And the house, when it was in building, was built of whole stones from the quarry ; and neither hammers nor axe nor any tool of iron was heard in the house, while it

V. 18. *The Gebalites*; inhabitants of Gebal, a maritime city of Phenicia. See Ezek. 27:9.

—V. 5. *The oracle*. The inner sanctuary, the holy of holies, the place of the ark, the symbol of the divine presence. See Ps. 28:2.—V. 7. *Whole stones*. Whole, as they came from the quarry, and placed in the building without change.

⁸ was in building. A door for the middle chamber was on the right side of the house ; and they went up by winding stairs to the middle chamber, and from the middle to the third.

⁹ And he built the house, and finished it ; and he covered the ¹⁰ house with beams and boards of cedar. And he built the stories against all the house, five cubits high ; and they rested on the house with timbers of cedar.

¹¹ And the word of Jehovah came to Solomon, saying : This ¹² house which thou art building,—if thou wilt walk in my statutes, and execute my judgments, and keep all my commandments to walk in them,—then will I fulfill my word

¹³ with thee, which I spoke to David thy father, and will dwell among the children of Israel, and will not forsake my people ¹⁴ Israel. And Solomon built the house, and finished it. And

he built the walls of the house within with boards of cedar ; from the floor of the house to the walls of the ceiling he covered it on the inside with wood ; and he covered the floor of ¹⁶ the house with planks of cypress. And he built twenty cubits

on the rear side of the house with boards of cedar, both the floor and the walls ; and within he built for it the oracle, the ¹⁷ holy of holies. And the house, that is the temple before,

¹⁸ was forty cubits long. And the cedar of the house within was carved-work with gourds and opening flower-buds. All ¹⁹ was of cedar ; there was no stone seen. And the oracle he prepared in the house within, to set there the ark of the ²⁰ covenant of Jehovah. And the oracle within was twenty cubits in length, and twenty cubits in breadth, and twenty cubits in the height thereof. And he overlaid it with pure

²¹ gold ; and he overlaid the altar with cedar. And Solomon overlaid the house within with pure gold. And he barred up with chains of gold before the oracle ; and he overlaid it ²² with gold. And the whole house he overlaid with gold, till all the house was done. And the whole altar that was by the oracle he overlaid with gold.

²³ And within the oracle he made two cherubim of olive-wood,

V. 16. *The oracle.* See the note on ch. 6 : 5.—*Holy of holies.* See Ex. 26 : 33 ; 1 Kings 8 . 6 : Heb. 9 : 3.

²⁴ each ten cubits high. And five cubits long was the one wing of the cherub, and five cubits the other wing of the cherub ; from the uttermost part of the one wing to the uttermost ²⁵ part of the other were ten cubits. And the other cherub was ten cubits. The two cherubs were of one stature and one ²⁶ form. The height of the one cherub was ten cubits, and so ²⁷ was it of the other cherub. And he set the cherubim within the inner house. And they stretched forth the wings of the cherubim, so that the wing of the one touched the one wall, and the wing of the other cherub touched the other wall ; and their wings touched one another in the midst of the ²⁸ house. And he overlaid the cherubim with gold. And he ²⁹ carved all the walls of the house round about with carved figures of cherubim and palm-trees and opening flower-buds, ³⁰ within and without. And the floor of the house he overlaid with gold, within and without.

³¹ And for entrance to the oracle he made folding-doors of olive-wood ; the lintel and side-posts were a fifth part [of ³² the wall]. The two doors also were of olive-wood ; and he carved on them carvings of cherubim and palm-trees and opening flower-buds, and overlaid them with gold, and spread ³³ out gold upon the cherubim, and upon the palm-trees. And so made he for the door of the temple-post of olive-wood, a ³⁴ fourth part [of the wall]. And the two folding-doors were of cypress-wood ; the two leaves of the one door were folding, and the two leaves of the other were folding. And he carved thereon cherubim and palm-trees and opening flower-buds, and overlaid them with gold fitted upon the carved work.

³⁶ And he built the inner court with three rows of hewn stone, and a row of cedar-beams.

³⁷ In the fourth year was the foundation of the house of ³⁸ Jehovah laid, in the month Zif. And in the eleventh year, in the month Bul, which is the eighth month, was the house finished in all its parts, and according to all the fashion of it. And he was seven years in building it.

- ¹ AND Solomon was building his own house thirteen years, and he finished all his house.
- ² And he built the house of the forest of Lebanon. The length thereof was a hundred cubits, and the breadth thereof fifty cubits, and the height thereof thirty cubits, upon four rows of cedar-pillars, with cedar-beams upon the pillars.
- ³ And it was covered with cedar above upon the side-chambers, that lay on forty-five pillars, fifteen in a row. And there were beams in three rows, and window against window
- ⁴ in three ranks. And all the doors and door-posts were made square with layers of beams ; and window was against window in three ranks.
- ⁵ And he made the porch of the pillars ; the length thereof was fifty cubits, and the breadth thereof thirty cubits ; and a porch before them, and pillars and steps before them.
- ⁶ And he made the porch of the throne where he should judge, the porch of judgment ; and it was covered with cedar from the floor to the floor.
- ⁷ And his house where he dwelt, another court within the porch, was of like workmanship. Solomon made also a house for Pharaoh's daughter, whom he had taken, like unto
- ⁸ this porch. All these were of costly stones, after the measures of hewn stones, sawed with saws within and without, from the foundation to the coping, and from the outside to
- ⁹ the great court. And the foundation was of costly stones, great stones, stones of ten cubits, and stones of eight cubits.
- ¹⁰ And above were costly stones, after the measures of hewn stones, and cedars. And the great court round about was of three rows of hewn stones, and a row of cedar-beams, both for the inner court of the house of Jehovah, and for the porch of the house.
- ¹¹ And king Solomon sent and brought Hiram from Tyre.
- ¹² He was the son of a widow, of the tribe of Naphtali ; and his father was a man of Tyre, a worker in brass. And he

V. 6. *The porch of the pillars.* A colonnade, the portico of the building.—A porch before them ; the vestibule, with columns and ascending steps.—V. 7. *From the floor to the floor.* “From the floor to the ceiling ; the walls or sides from the bottom to the top.”

was filled with wisdom, and discernment, and skilled to work all work in brass. And he came to king Solomon, and wrought all his work. And he formed the two pillars of brass. Eighteen cubits was the height of the one pillar, and a line of twelve cubits encompassed the other pillar. And he made two capitals of molten brass, to set upon the tops of the pillars ; the height of the one capital was five cubits, and the height of the other capital was five cubits. Lattices of lattice-work, and festoons of chain-work, were on the capitals which were upon the top of the pillars ; seven for the one capital, and seven for the other capital. And he made the pomegranates, and two rows around upon the one lattice, to cover the capitals that were on the top of the pillars ; and so did he to the other capital. And the capitals that were on the top of the pillars were of lily-work in the porch, four cubits. And the capitals on the two pillars were also above close upon the belly-like swell which was beyond the lattice ; and the two hundred pomegranates in rows were round about on the other capital. And he set up the pillars at the porch of the temple. And he set up the right pillar, and called the name thereof Jachin ; and he set up the left pillar, and called the name thereof Boaz. And on the top of the pillars was lily-work. And the work of the pillars was finished.

And he made the molten sea, ten cubits from the one brim to the other, round all about ; and its height was five cubits, and a line of thirty cubits encompassed it around. And under its brim round about were gourds encompassing it, ten in a cubit, encircling the sea round about in two rows. The gourds were cast with it in the same casting. It stood on twelve oxen ; three looking toward the north, and three looking toward the west, and three looking toward the south, and three looking toward the east ; and the sea was above upon them, and all their hinder parts were inward. And its thickness was a hand-breadth ; and the brim thereof was wrought like the brim of a cup, like a lily-flower. It contained two thousand baths.

V. 26. *Two thousand baths.* The bath is estimated at about eight and a half gallons.

27 And he made the ten bases of brass ; four cubits was the length of one base, and four cubits the breadth thereof, and
28 three cubits the height of it. And the work of the bases was after this manner. They had panels, and the panels
29 were between the ledges. And on the panels that were between the ledges were lions, oxen, and cherubim ; and upon the ledges was a stand above ; and beneath the lions and
30 oxen were garlands of hanging-work. And every base had four brazen wheels, and axles of brass ; and the four feet thereof had shoulders ; under the laver were the shoulders
31 molten, each over against garlands. And the mouth of it within the capital and above was a cubit ; and the mouth thereof was round after the work of the base, a cubit and a half ; and also upon the mouth of it were carvings, and their
32 panels were four-square, not round. And under the panels were the four wheels ; and the axles of the wheels were in the base ; and the height of a wheel was a cubit and half a cubit.
33 And the work of the wheels was like the work of a chariot wheel. Their axles, and their naves, and their felloes, and
34 their spokes, were all molten. And there were four shoulders to the four corners of one base ; the shoulders were of
35 the base itself. And in the top of the base was a rounded circuit of half a cubit high ; and on the top of the base the
36 ledges thereof and the panels thereof were of the same. And on the plates of the ledges thereof, and on the panels thereof, he carved cherubim, lions, and palm-trees, according to the
37 space in every one, and garlands round about. After this manner he made the ten bases. All of them had one casting, one measure, and one form.
38 And he made ten layers of brass. One layer contained forty baths ; every layer was four cubits, and upon every one
39 of the ten bases was one layer. And he put five bases on the right side of the house, and five on the left side of the house ; and he put the sea on the right side of the house eastward, over against the south.

V. 38. *One layer containing forty baths ; about 940 gallons. See the note on ch. 7 : 26.*

40 And Hiram made the pots, and the shovels, and the basins. And Hiram made an end of doing all the work that
 41 he made for king Solomon in the house of Jehovah ; two pillars, and the bowls of the capitals that were on the top of the two pillars ; and the two lattices, to cover the two bowls
 42 of the capitals which were upon the top of the pillars ; and the four hundred pomegranates for the two lattices, two rows of pomegranates for one lattice, to cover the two bowls of
 43 the capitals that were upon the pillars ; and the ten bases,
 44 and the ten layers on the bases ; and the one sea, and the
 45 twelve oxen under the sea ; and the pots, and the shovels, and the basins. And all these vessels, which Hiram made for king Solomon in the house of Jehovah, were of burnished brass. In the plain of the Jordan did the king cast them, in
 47 the dense soil between Succoth and Zarthan. And Solomon let all the vessels lie, on account of the very great number, nor
 48 was the weight of the brass ascertained. And Solomon made all the vessels that were in the house of Jehovah ; the altar of
 49 gold, and the table of gold whereon was the show-bread. And the candlesticks of pure gold, five on the right side and five on the left before the oracle, with the flowers, and the lamps,
 50 and the tongs of gold ; and the bowls, and the snuffers, and the basins, and the censers, and the snuff-dishes, of pure gold ; and the hinges of gold, for the folding-doors of the inner house, the holy of holies, and for the folding-doors of
 51 the house, the temple. So was ended all the work that king Solomon made for the house of Jehovah. And Solomon brought in the things which David his father had dedicated ; the silver, and the gold, and the vessels, he put among the treasures of the house of Jehovah.

1 THEN Solomon assembled the elders of Israel, and all the heads of the tribes, the chiefs of the fathers of the children of Israel, unto king Solomon in Jerusalem, to bring up the ark of the covenant of Jehovah out of the city of David,

V. 40. *The pots; caldrons for boiling the flesh of the peace-offerings.—V. 47. Let all the vessels lie; as too numerous to be weighed.*

² which is Zion. And all the men of Israel assembled themselves unto king Solomon, at the feast in the month Ethanim,
³ which is the seventh month. And all the elders of Israel
⁴ came ; and the priests bore the ark. And they brought up the ark of Jehovah, and the tabernacle of the congregation, and all the holy vessels that were in the tabernacle ; and the
⁵ priests and the Levites brought them up. And king Solomon, and all the congregation of Israel, that were assembled unto him, were with him before the ark, sacrificing sheep and oxen, that could not be told nor numbered for multitude.
⁶ And the priests brought in the ark of the covenant of Jehovah to its place, into the oracle of the house, into the holy
⁷ of holies, under the wings of the cherubim. For the cherubim spread out their two wings over the place of the ark ; and the cherubim covered the ark and the staves thereof
⁸ above. And they drew out the staves, that the ends of the staves were seen from before the oracle, and they were not
⁹ seen without ; and they are there unto this day. There was nothing in the ark save the two tables of stone, which Moses put there in Horeb, when Jehovah made a covenant with the children of Israel, at their coming out from the land of Egypt.
¹⁰ And it came to pass, when the priests were come out from the
¹¹ holy place, that the cloud filled the house of Jehovah ; and the priests could not stand to minister, because of the cloud ; for the glory of Jehovah filled the house of Jehovah.
¹² Then said Solomon : Jehovah has said, that he would
¹³ dwell in the thick darkness. Surely I have built thee a house to dwell in, a settled place for thee to abide in forever.
¹⁴ And the king turned his face about, and blessed all the congregation of Israel ; and all the congregation of Israel stood.
¹⁵ And he said : Blessed be Jehovah, God of Israel, who spoke with his mouth to David my father, and has with his hand
¹⁶ fulfilled it, saying : Since the day that I brought forth my people Israel out of Egypt, I chose no city out of all the tribes of Israel, to build a house that my name might be therein ; and I chose David to be over my people Israel.
¹⁷ And it was in the heart of David my father, to build a house

- ¹⁸ to the name of Jehovah, God of Israel. And Jehovah said to David my father : Whereas it was in thy heart to build a house to my name, thou didst well that it was in thy heart.
- ¹⁹ Yet thou shalt not build the house ; but thy son, that comes forth from thy loins, he shall build the house to my name.
- ²⁰ And Jehovah has performed his word that he spoke ; and I am risen up in the place of David my father, and sit on the throne of Israel, as Jehovah said, and have built the house
- ²¹ to the name of Jehovah, God of Israel. And I have set there a place for the ark, wherein is the covenant of Jehovah, which he made with our fathers, when he brought them out of the land of Egypt.
- ²² And Solomon stood before the altar of Jehovah, in the presence of all the congregation of Israel, and spread forth
- ²³ his hands toward heaven. And he said : Jehovah, God of Israel ! There is no God like thee, in the heavens above, or on the earth beneath ; keeping the covenant and mercy toward thy servants that walk before thee with all their heart ;
- ²⁴ who to thy servant David my father hast kept that which thou saidst to him ; and thou saidst it with thy mouth, and
- ²⁵ hast fulfilled it with thy hand, as it is this day. And now, Jehovah, God of Israel, keep to thy servant David my father that which thou didst speak to him, saying : There shall not fail to thee a man from before me, to sit on the throne of Israel ; if only thy children take heed to their way, to walk
- ²⁶ before me as thou hast walked before me. And now, O God of Israel, let thy word, I pray thee, be verified, which
- ²⁷ thou didst speak to thy servant David my father. But will God indeed dwell on the earth ? Behold, the heaven, and heaven of heavens, cannot contain thee ; how much less this
- ²⁸ house which I have built ? Yet have thou regard to the prayer of thy servant, and to his entreaty, O Jehovah my God, to hearken to the cry and to the prayer, which thy
- ²⁹ servant prays before thee to-day ; that thine eyes may be open toward this house night and day, toward the place of which thou hast said, My name shall be there ; that thou mayest hearken to the prayer which thy servant shall make

- ³⁰ toward this place. And hearken thou to the entreaty of thy servant, and of thy people Israel, when they shall pray toward this place ; and hear thou in heaven thy dwelling-place ; hear, and forgive.
- ³¹ If any man trespass against his neighbor, and an oath be laid upon him to bind him by oath, and the oath come before ³² thine altar in this house ; then hear thou in heaven, and do, and judge thy servant ; condemning the wicked, to bring his way upon his head, and justifying the righteous, to give him according to his righteousness.
- ³³ When thy people Israel are smitten down before the enemy, because they sin against thee, and shall turn again to thee, and acknowledge thy name, and pray, and make supplication ³⁴ to thee in this house ; then hear thou in heaven, and forgive the sin of thy people Israel, and bring them back to the land which thou gavest to their fathers.
- ³⁵ When heaven is shut up, and there is no rain, because they sin against thee, and they shall pray toward this place, and acknowledge thy name, and turn from their sin, when thou ³⁶ afflictest them ; then hear thou in heaven, and forgive the sin of thy servants, and of thy people Israel, when thou art teaching them the good way wherein they should walk, and give rain upon thy land, which thou hast given to thy people for an inheritance.
- ³⁷ If there be in the land famine, if there be pestilence, blasting, mildew, locust, or if there be caterpillar ; if their enemy besiege them in the land of their cities ; whatsoever plague, ³⁸ whatsoever sickness there be ; what prayer and entreaty soever be made by any man, or by all thy people Israel, who shall know every man the plague of his own heart, and shall ³⁹ spread forth his hands toward this house ; then hear thou in heaven thy dwelling-place, and forgive, and do, and giye to every man according to all his ways, whose heart thou knowest ; for thou only knowest the heart of all the children ⁴⁰ of men ; to the end that they may fear thee, all the days that

V. 37. *Caterpillar.* One of the stages through which the locust passes, before it reaches the winged state.

they live on the face of the ground which thou gavest to our
41 fathers. And also the stranger, who is not of thy people
Israel, and comes from a far country for thy name's sake,—
42 for they will hear of thy great name, and of thy strong hand,
and of thine outstretched arm,—and when he shall come and
43 pray toward this house ; hear thou in heaven thy dwelling-
place, and do according to all that the stranger calls upon
thee for ; that all peoples of the earth may know thy name,
to fear thee, as do thy people Israel ; and that they may
know that this house, which I have built, is called by thy
name.

44 If thy people go out to battle against their enemy, whither-
ersoever thou shalt send them, and shall pray to Jehovah
toward the city which thou hast chosen, and toward the
45 house that I have built to thy name ; then hear thou in
heaven their prayer and their entreaty, and maintain their
46 right. If they sin against thee,—for there is no man that
sinneth not,—and thou be angry with them, and deliver
them to the enemy, and their captors carry them away cap-
47 tive to the land of the enemy, far or near ; and if they shall
lay it to heart in the land whither they were carried captive,
and turn, and make entreaty to thee in the land of their
captors, saying : We have sinned, and have done perversely,
48 we have committed wickedness ; and they return to thee
with all their heart, and with all their soul, in the land of
their enemies, who carried them away captive, and pray to
thee toward their land which thou gavest to their fathers,
the city which thou hast chosen, and the house which I have
49 built to thy name ; then hear thou in heaven thy dwelling-
place their prayer and their entreaty, and maintain their
50 right, and forgive to thy people what they have sinned
against thee, and all their transgressions wherein they have
transgressed against thee, and grant them compassion in
presence of their captors, that they may have compassion on
51 them. For thy people and thine inheritance are they, whom
thou didst bring out from Egypt, from the midst of the fur-
52 nace of iron ; that thine eyes may be open to the entreaty

of thy servant, and to the entreaty of thy people Israel, to
53 hearken to them in all that they call upon thee for. For thou hast separated them to thee for thine inheritance from all the peoples of the earth, as thou saidst by the hand of Moses thy servant, when thou didst bring our fathers out
54 from Egypt, O Lord Jehovah. And it was so, when Solomon had made an end of praying to Jehovah all this prayer and entreaty, that he arose from before the altar of Jehovah, from kneeling on his knees with his hands spread out toward
55 heaven. And he stood, and blessed all the congregation of
56 Israel with a loud voice, saying : Blessed be Jehovah, who has given rest to his people Israel, according to all that he has spoken. There has not failed one word of all his good words, which he spoke by the hand of Moses his servant.
57 Jehovah, our God be with us, as he was with our fathers.
58 Let him not leave us, nor cast us off ; that he may incline our hearts to him, to walk in all his ways, and to keep his commandments, and his statutes, and his judgments, which
59 he commanded our fathers. And let these my words, where-with I have made entreaty before Jehovah, be near to Jehovah our God day and night, that he may maintain the right of his servant, and the right of his people Israel, at all times
60 as needed ; that all peoples of the earth may know that
61 Jehovah, he is God, and none beside. And let your heart be wholly with Jehovah our God, to walk in his statutes, and to keep his commandments, as at this day.
62 And the king, and all Israel with him, offered sacrifice
63 before Jehovah. And Solomon offered a sacrifice of peace-offerings, which he offered to Jehovah, two and twenty thousand oxen, and a hundred and twenty thousand sheep. And the king, and all the children of Israel, dedicated the
64 house of Jehovah. On the same day the king hallowed the middle of the court that was before the house of Jehovah. For there he offered burnt-offerings, and meat-offerings, and the fat of the peace-offerings ; because the brazen altar that was before Jehovah was too little to receive the burnt-offerings, and meat-offerings, and the fat of the peace-offerings.

⁶⁵ And at that time Solomon held the feast, and all Israel with him, a great congregation, from the entering in of Hainath unto the river of Egypt, before Jehovah our God, seven

⁶⁶ days and seven days, fourteen days. On the eighth day he dismissed the people. And they blessed the king ; and they went to their tents joyful and glad of heart, for all the good that Jehovah had done to David his servant, and to Israel his people.

¹ AND it came to pass, when Solomon had finished the building of the house of Jehovah, and the king's house, and all ² that Solomon desired and was pleased to do, that Jehovah appeared to Solomon the second time, as he had appeared to ³ him at Gibeon. And Jehovah said to him : I have heard thy prayer and thy entreaty, which thou hast made before me ; I have hallowed this house, which thou hast built, to put my name there forever ; and my eyes and my heart shall ⁴ be there perpetually. And now if thou wilt walk before me, as David thy father walked, in integrity of heart and in uprightness, to do according to all that I have commanded thee, ⁵ and wilt keep my statutes and my judgments ; then will I establish the throne of thy kingdom over Israel forever, as I spoke to David thy father, saying : There shall not fail thee a ⁶ man on the throne of Israel. If ye shall wholly turn away from following me, ye and your children, and will not keep my commandments and my statutes which I have set before ⁷ you, but go and serve other gods, and worship them ; then will I cut off Israel from the face of the ground which I have given them ; and the house, which I have hallowed to my name, will I cast out of my presence ; and Israel shall be a ⁸ proverb and a by-word among all peoples. And this house shall be on high ; every one that passes by it shall be astonished, and shall hiss ; and they shall say : Why has Jehovah ⁹ done thus to this land, and to this house ? And they shall

V. 8. *Shall be on high ; a conspicuous object.* There is allusion here to Deut. 26 : 19 and 28 : 1, "will set thee on high above all nations." This blessing shall be changed to a curse. The temple, so high and far renowned, shall still remain so ; but in a contrary sense, as a sign of Israel's rejection from God's presence. (*Keil, on the passage.*)

answer : Because they forsook Jehovah their God, who brought their fathers out of the land of Egypt, and clave to other gods, and worshipped them, and served them ; therefore has Jehovah brought upon them all this evil..

- ¹⁰ And it came to pass at the end of twenty years, when Solomon had built the two houses, the house of Jehovah,
¹¹ and the king's house,—now Hiram, the king of Tyre, had aided Solomon with cedar-trees and cypress-trees, and with gold, according to all his desire,—that then king Solomon
¹² gave Hiram twenty cities in the land of Galilee. And Hiram came out from Tyre, to see the cities which Solomon had
¹³ given him ; and they did not please him. And he said : What cities are these which thou hast given me, my brother ?
¹⁴ And he called them the land of Cabul, to this day. And Hiram sent to the king sixscore talents of gold.
¹⁵ And this is the reason of the levy which king Solomon raised ; to build the house of Jehovah, and his own house, and the Millo, and the wall of Jerusalem, and Hazor, and
¹⁶ Megiddo, and Gezer. For Pharaoh king of Egypt had gone up, and taken Gezer, and burnt it with fire, and slain the Canaanites that dwelt in the city ; and he gave it for a dowry
¹⁷ to his daughter, Solomon's wife. And Solomon built Gezer,
¹⁸ and the lower Beth-horon, and Baalath, and Tadmor in the
¹⁹ wilderness, in the land ; and all the cities for store-houses that Solomon had, and cities for chariots, and cities for horse-men, and all that Solomon desired to build in Jerusalem,
²⁰ and in Lebanon, and in all the land of his dominion. All the people that were left of the Amorites, the Hittites, the Perizzites, the Hivites, and the Jebusites, who were not of
²¹ the children of Israel ; their children that were left after them in the land, whom the children of Israel were not able utterly to destroy, on them did Solomon levy a tribute of
²² bond-service to this day. But of the children of Israel did Solomon make no bondmen ; for they were men of war, and his servants, and his princes, and his captains, and rulers of
²³ his chariots, and his horsemen. These were the chief of the

V. 15. *Millo.* See the note on 2 Sam. 5 : 9.

officers that were over Solomon's work, five hundred and fifty, who bore rule over the people that wrought in the work.

²⁴ But the daughter of Pharaoh came up out of the city of David to her house which he had built for her. Then he built the Millo.

²⁵ And three times in a year Solomon offered burnt-offerings and peace-offerings on the altar which he built to Jehovah, and he burned incense at that which was before Jehovah. So he completed the house.

²⁶ And king Solomon made a navy of ships at Ezion-geber, which is beside Eloth, on the shore of the Red sea, in the

²⁷ land of Edom. And Hiram sent in the navy his servants, shipmen that had knowledge of the sea, with the servants of

²⁸ Solomon. And they came to Ophir, and took from thence gold, four hundred and twenty talents, and brought it to king Solomon.

¹ And the queen of Sheba heard of the fame of Solomon concerning the name of Jehovah ; and she came to try him

² with hard questions. And she came to Jerusalem with a very great train, with camels bearing spices and very much gold and precious stones. And she came to Solomon ; and

³ she talked with him of all that was in her heart. And Solomon told her all which she asked ; there was not anything hid

⁴ from the king which he told her not. And when the queen of Sheba saw all the wisdom of Solomon, and the house that

⁵ he had built, and the food of his table, and the sitting of his servants, and the attendance of his ministers and their apparel, and his cup-bearers, and his burnt-offerings which he offered up in the house of Jehovah ; there was no more

⁶ spirit in her. And she said to the king : It was a true report that I heard in my own land of thy acts and of thy wisdom.

⁷ But I believed not the words, until I came, and my eyes had seen it ; and, behold, the half was not told me ; thy wisdom

⁸ and prosperity exceeds the fame which I heard. Happy are

V. 25. *Completed the house ;* by the service for which it was designed. Before, it was a mass of earthly material only ; it now became the *sanctuary of God.*

thy men, happy are these thy servants, who stand continually before thee, that hear thy wisdom. Blessed be Jehovah thy God, who delighted in thee, to set thee on the throne of Israel ; because Jehovah loves Israel forever, and he made thee king, to do judgment and justice. And she gave the king a hundred and twenty talents of gold, and of spices a very great store, and precious stones. There came no more such abundance of spicery as these which the queen of Sheba gave to king Solomon. And the navy also of Hiram, that brought gold from Ophir, brought in from Ophir almug-trees in great plenty, and precious stones. And the king made of the almug-trees a railing for the house of Jehovah, and for the king's house, harps also and psalteries for singers. There came no such almug-trees, nor were seen, unto this day.

¹³ And king Solomon gave to the queen of Sheba all her desire, whatsoever she asked, besides that which Solomon gave her of his royal bounty. And she turned and went to her own country, she and her servants.

¹⁴ Now the weight of gold that came to Solomon in one year, was six hundred threescore and six talents of gold ; besides that from the tradesmen, and from the traffic of the merchantmen, and from all the kings of the mixed races, and from the governors of the country :

¹⁶ And king Solomon made two hundred bucklers of beaten gold ; with six hundred shickels of gold he overlaid the one buckler ; and three hundred shields of beaten gold ; with three manehs of gold he overlaid the one shield. And the king put them in the house of the forest of Lebanon.

¹⁸ And the king made a great throne of ivory, and overlaid it with pure gold. The throne had six steps, and the top of the throne was round behind ; and there were arms on either side on the place of the seat ; and two lions stood beside the arms. And twelve lions stood there on the one side and on

V. 15. *The mixed races.* See Jor. 25 : 24, "the mixed races who dwell in the desert." Probably tribes half Jewish half Arabian, on the borders of the western desert. (*Speaker's Commentary.*)

VV. 16, 17. The gold shekel was in value about five and a half dollars.—The maneh was a hundred shekels, about five hundred and fifty dollars. The talent was a hundred shekels.

the other upon the six steps. The like has not been made in any other kingdom.

²¹ And all king Solomon's drinking vessels were of gold, and all the vessels of the house of the forest of Lebanon were of precious gold. There was no silver ; it was accounted as

²² nothing in the days of Solomon. For the king had at sea a navy of Tarshish with the navy of Hiram. Once in three years came the navy of Tarshish, bringing gold and silver, ivory, and apes and peacocks.

²³ And king Solomon was greater than all the kings of the earth, in riches and in wisdom. And all the earth sought the presence of Solomon, to hear his wisdom, which God

²⁵ had put in his heart. And they brought every man his present, vessels of silver, and vessels of gold, and garments, and armor, and spices, horses, and mules, repeated year by year.

²⁶ And Solomon brought together chariots and horsemen. And he had a thousand and four hundred chariots, and twelve thousand horsemen ; and he placed them in the cities for chariots, and with the king at Jerusalem. And silver the king made as stones in Jerusalem, and cedars made he as the sycamore-trees that are in the plain, for abundance.

²⁸ And the horses which Solomon had were brought out of Egypt ; and a company of the king's merchants took a troop

²⁹ [of horses] at a price. And a chariot went out from Egypt and came up for six hundred shekels of silver, and a horse for a hundred and fifty ; and so for all the kings of the Hittites, and for the kings of Syria, did they bring them out by their hand.

¹ AND king Solomon loved many foreign women, together with the daughter of Pharaoh ; women of the Moabites,

² Ammonites, Edomites, Zidonians, Hittites ; of the nations

Ch. xi. The history of Solomon's brilliant reign is here closed, with the sad record of the follies and sins of his old age. No such example is elsewhere recorded in history, of the corrupting influences of wealth, of worldly honors and distinctions, and of impure and debasing domestic relationships ; for it knows no character, originally so pure, so exalted in principle and in purpose, that under these influences sunk so low. It illustrates the wisdom of the many warnings against them in the divino law, as in Deut. 8 : 13, 14, 17, and 7 : 3, 4.

concerning which Jehovah said to the children of Israel : Ye shall not come among them, and they shall not come among you ; they will surely turn away your heart after their gods. To them did Solomon cleave, to love them.

³ And he had seven hundred wives, princesses, and three hundred concubines ; and his wives turned away his heart. And it came to pass, when Solomon was old, that his wives turned away his heart after other gods ; and his heart was not wholly with Jehovah his God, as was the heart of David his father.

⁴ And Solomon went after Ashtoreth, the goddess of the Zidonians, and after Milcom, the abomination of the Ammonites.

⁵ And Solomon did evil in the sight of Jehovah, and went not fully after Jehovah, as did David his father. Then did Solomon build a high place to Chemosh, the abomination of Moab, in the hill that is before Jerusalem, and to Molech, the abomination of the children of Ammon. And so did he for all his foreign wives, who burnt incense and sacrificed to their gods.

⁶ And Jehovah was angry with Solomon, because his heart was turned away from Jehovah, God of Israel, who had appeared to him twice ; and had commanded him concerning this thing, that he should not go after other gods ; but he kept not that which Jehovah commanded. And Jehovah said to Solomon : Forasmuch as this is thy way, and thou hast not kept my covenant and my statutes, which I have commanded thee, I will surely rend the kingdom from thee,

⁷ and will give it to thy servant. Yet, in thy days I will not do it, for the sake of David thy father ; out of the hand of

⁸ thy son will I rend it. Only, I will not rend away all the kingdom. One tribe I will give to thy son, for the sake of David my servant, and for the sake of Jerusalem which I have chosen.

V. 5. *Ashtoreth*. See the writer's note on Judges 2 : 13, and on Gen. 14 : 5.—*Milcom* (also written *Molech*, v. 7), an idol god of the Ammonites, to whom infants were cruelly sacrificed. See 2 Chr. 28 : 3; Jer. 7 : 31, and 19 : 5; Ezek. 23 : 37. Compare 2 Kings 17 : 17.

V. 7. *A high place*. The use of high places, lofty eminences, for the observance of religious rites, in itself natural and proper, was profaned by the superstitions and impure practices of heathenism, and hence was prospectively forbidden in Num. 33 : 52, and elsewhere. But it continued to be of frequent occurrence, as in 1 Sam. 10 : 5; and in 1 Kings 3 : 2, 3, 4, where it is excused apparently, or at least explained, by the want of a commodious building of sufficient extent.—*Chemosh*, the national god of the Moabites. Num. 21 : 29; 2 Kings 23 : 13; Jer. 48 : 7, 19, 46. Mentioned apparently as a god of the Ammonites, Judges 11 : 24.

- ¹⁴ And Jehovah raised up an adversary to Solomon, Hadad
¹⁵ the Edomite. He was of the royal seed, in Edom. For it
 came to pass, when David was in Edom, and Joab the cap-
 tain of the host had gone up to bury the slain, and had smitten
¹⁶ every male in Edom,—for six months did Joab remain there
 with all Israel, until he had cut off every male in Edom,—
¹⁷ that Hadad fled, he and certain Edomites of his father's
 servants with him, to go into Egypt; Hadad being yet a
¹⁸ little child. And they rose up from Midian, and came to
 Paran. And they took men with them from Paran, and
 came to Egypt, to Pharaoh king of Egypt; and he gave him
¹⁹ a house, and appointed him food, and gave him land. And
 Hadad found great favor in the sight of Pharaoh; and he
 gave him a wife, the sister of his own wife, sister of Tahpe-
²⁰ nes the queen. And the sister of Tahpenes bore him Genu-
 bath his son; and Tahpenes weaned him in Pharaoh's house.
 And Genubath was in Pharaoh's house among the sons of
²¹ Pharaoh. And Hadad heard in Egypt that David lay with
 his fathers, and that Joab the captain of the host was dead.
 And Hadad said to Pharaoh: Let me depart, that I may go
²² to my own country. And Pharaoh said to him: But what
 hast thou lacked with me, that, behold, thou seekest to go to
 thy own country? And he answered: Nothing; but thou
 must let me go.
²³ And God raised up an adversary to him, Rezon the son of
 Eliadah, who fled from his lord Hadadezer, king of Zobah.
²⁴ And he gathered to himself men, and became captain over a
 band, when David slew them [of Zobah]; and they went to
²⁵ Damascus, and dwelt therein, and reigned in Damascus. And
 he was an adversary to Israel all the days of Solomon, besides
 the mischief that Hadad did; and he abhorred Israel, and
 reigned over Syria.
²⁶ And Jeroboam the son of Nebat an Ephrathite of Zereda,
 —whose mother's name was Zeruah, a widow woman,—was
 a servant of Solomon; and he lifted up his hand against the
²⁷ king. And this was the cause that he lifted up his hand

VV. 27, 28. *This was the cause:* namely, what is stated in these two verses, in connection with the three that follow. The building, that is, the repairing or completing of the Millo,

against the king ; Solomon built the Millo, closed up the
 28 breach of the city of David his father. And the man Jeroboam was a strong and capable man. And Solomon saw the young man that he was active in business, and he made him overseer of all the burden laid upon the house of Joseph.
 29 And it came to pass at that time, when Jeroboam went out from Jerusalem, that the prophet Ahijah the Shilonite found him in the way ; and he had clad himself with a new garment ; and they two were alone in the field. And Ahijah laid hold of the new garment that was on him, and rent it in
 30 twelve pieces. And he said to Jeroboam : Take for thee ten pieces. For thus says Jehovah, the God of Israel : Behold, I will rend the kingdom out of the hand of Solomon, and
 31 32 will give ten tribes to thee ;—but he shall have one tribe for the sake of my servant David, and for the sake of Jerusalem, the city which I chose out of all the tribes of Israel ;—
 33 because they have forsaken me, and have worshipped Ashtoreth the goddess of the Zidonians, Chemosh the god of the Moabites, and Milcom the god of the children of Ammon, and have not walked in my ways, to do that which is right in mine eyes, and to keep my statutes and my judgments, as
 34 did David his father. And I will not take the whole kingdom out of his hand ; but I will make him prince all the days of his life for David my servant's sake, whom I chose because
 35 he kept my commandments and my statutes. But I will take the kingdom out of his son's hand, and will give it to
 36 thee, the ten tribes. And to his son will I give one tribe ; that David my servant may have a light always before me in Jerusalem, the city which I have chosen for me to put my
 37 name there. And I will take thee, and thou shalt reign according to all that thy soul desires, and thou shalt be king
 38 over Israel. And it shall be, if thou wilt hearken to all that I command thee, and wilt walk in my ways, and do that which is right in my sight, to keep my statutes and my com-

(see the note on 2 Sam. 5 : 9) to strengthen the city's defenses, was distasteful to the rival tribe of Ephraim; more especially as it was done by their compulsory labor. As Jeroboam went from Jerusalem to his charge, a message from the prophet marked out for him his future course; and there could not be wanting means to further his designs.

mandments, as David my servant did ; that I will be with thee, and will build thee a sure house, as I built for David,
³⁹ and will give Israel to thee. And I will for this afflict the
⁴⁰ seed of David ; but not forever. And Solomon sought to kill Jeroboam. And Jeroboam arose, and fled into Egypt, to Shishak king of Egypt. And he was in Egypt until the death of Solomon.

⁴¹ And the rest of the acts of Solomon, and all that he did, and his wisdom, are they not written in the book of the acts of Solomon ? And the time that Solomon reigned in Jerusalem over Israel was forty years. And Solomon lay down with his fathers, and was buried in the city of David his father. And Rehoboam his son reigned in his stead.

¹ AND Rehoboam went to Shechem. For all Israel came to ² Shechem, to make him king. And it came to pass, when Jeroboam the son of Nebat heard of it,—and he was yet in Egypt, whither he fled from king Solomon, and Jeroboam ³ dwelt in Egypt, and they sent and called him,—that Jeroboam and all the congregation of Israel came, and spoke to ⁴ Rehoboam, saying : Thy father made our yoke heavy. And now, do thou lighten somewhat the hard service of thy father, and his heavy yoke which he put upon us, and we will serve ⁵ thee. And he said to them : Depart for yet three days, and come again to me. And the people departed.

⁶ And king Rehoboam consulted with the old men, who stood before Solomon his father while he yet lived, and said : How ⁷ do ye advise to make answer to this people ? And they spoke to him, saying : If to-day thou wilt be servant to this people, and wilt serve them, and hearken to them, and speak good ⁸ words to them, then they will be thy servants forever. But he forsook the counsel of the old men, which they gave him,

V. 7. *If to-day thou will be servant.* That is, if to-day thou wilt show thyself their servant, by compliance with their just and moderate demands. *And will serve them*, in the future, from this time forth. The Speaker's Commentary, "if thou wilt for once submit," misses the point altogether ; and the whole note is a misconception of the true relation of ruler and people. The advice of Solomon's old counselors was sound republican doctrine, whether the ruler rules by hereditary right or by the choice of the ruled ; and accords with the beautiful conception of a wise and beneficent ruler, 2 Sam. 23 : 3, 4.

and consulted with the young men who grew up with him,
⁹ who stood before him. And he said to them : What do ye advise that we should answer this people, who have spoken to me, saying : Lighten somewhat the yoke which thy father
¹⁰ put upon us ? And the young men who grew up with him spoke to him, saying : Thus shalt thou speak to this people that spoke to thee, saying : Thy father made our yoke heavy, and do thou lighten it upon us ; thus shalt thou say to them :
¹¹ My little finger is thicker than my father's loins. And now, my father laid upon you a heavy yoke, and I will add to your yoke. My father chastised you with whips, and I will chastise you with scorpions.
¹² And Jeroboam and all the people came to Rehoboam on the third day, as the king appointed, saying : Come to me
¹³ again the third day. And the king answered the people roughly, and forsook the old men's counsel that they gave
¹⁴ him. And he spoke to them after the counsel of the young men, saying : My father made your yoke heavy, and I will add to your yoke ; my father chastised you with whips, and
¹⁵ I will chastise you with scorpions. And the king hearkened not to the people ; for the ordering was from Jehovah, that he might perform his saying, which Jehovah spoke by Ahijah the Shilonite to Jeroboam the son of Nebat.
¹⁶ And all Israel saw that the king hearkened not to them. And the people answered the king, saying : What portion have we in David ? Nor have we inheritance in the son of Jesse. To your tents, O Israel. Now see to thine own
¹⁷ house, David. And Israel departed to their tents. But as for the children of Israel who dwelt in the cities of Judah,
¹⁸ Rehoboam reigned over them. And king Rehoboam sent Adoram, who was over the tribute ; and all Israel stoned him with stones, that he died. And king Rehoboam made haste
¹⁹ to get upon his chariot, to flee to Jerusalem. So Israel re-
²⁰ belled against the house of David to this day. And it came to pass, when all Israel heard that Jeroboam had come back,

V. 15. *The ordering.* The turn of affairs, the course of things ; the direction they were taking. That direction was from Jehovah.

that they sent and called him to the congregation, and made him king over all Israel. There was none that followed the house of David, but the tribe of Judah only.

²¹ And Rehoboam came to Jerusalem. And he assembled all the house of Judah, with the tribe of Benjamin, a hundred and fourscore thousand chosen men, that were warriors, to fight against the house of Israel, to bring back the kingdom to Rehoboam the son of Solomon. And the word of God came to Sheinaiah the man of God, saying: Speak to Rehoboam, the son of Solomon, king of Judah, and to all the house of Judah and Benjamin, and to the rest of the people, saying: Thus says Jehovah: Ye shall not go up, and ye shall not fight against your brethren the children of Israel. Return evry man to his house; for this thing is from me. And they hearkened to the word of Jehovah, and went back, according to the word of Jehovah.

²⁵ And Jeroboam built Shechem in mount Ephraim, and dwelt therein. And he went out from thence, and built ²⁶ Penuel. And Jeroboam said in his heart: Now will the ²⁷ kingdom return to the house of David. If this people go up to offer sacrifices in the house of Jehovah at Jerusalem, then will the heart of this people return to their lord, to Rehoboam king of Judah; and they will kill me, and return to ²⁸ Rehoboam king of Judah. And the king took counsel, and made two calves of gold. And he said to them: It is too much for you to go up to Jerusalem. Behold thy gods, O ²⁹ Israel, that brought thee up out of the land of Egypt. And he set up the one in Beth-el; and the other he put in Dan. ³⁰ And this thing became a sin. And the people went before ³¹ the one, even unto Dan. And he made houses on high places; and made priests from all of the people, who were ³² not of the sons of Levi. And Jeroboam made a feast in the eighth month, on the fifteenth day of the month, like the feast that was in Judah, and he offered upon the altar. So did he in Beth-el, sacrificing to the calves that he made; and

V. 30. *Before the one* (one of the two), they went as far as to Dan.—V. 31. *Houses on high places*; hill-chapels, for the idol and its worshippers.

he placed in Beth-el the priests of the high places which he
³³ made. And he offered upon the altar which he made in Beth-el, on the fifteenth day of the eighth month, in the month which he devised of himself. And he made a feast to the children of Israel ; and he went up to the altar, to burn incense.

¹ And, behold, there came a man of God out of Judah, by the word of Jehovah, to Beth-el ; and Jeroboam was standing by the altar, to burn incense. And he cried against the altar, by the word of Jehovah, and said : O altar, altar, thus says Jehovah : Behold, a child shall be born to the house of David, Josiah by name ; and upon thee shall he offer the priests of the high places, that burn incense upon thee, and
³ men's bones shall be burned upon thee. And he gave a sign the same day, saying : This is the sign that Jehovah has spoken : Behold, the altar shall be rent, and the ashes that
⁴ are upon it shall be poured out. And it came to pass, when the king heard the saying of the man of God, which he cried against the altar in Beth-el, that Jeroboam stretched forth his hand from the altar, saying : Lay hold of him. And his hand, which he stretched forth against him, dried up, and he
⁵ was not able to bring it back to him. And the altar was rent, and the ashes were poured out from the altar, according to the sign which the man of God gave by the word of
⁶ Jehovah. And the king answered and said to the man of God : Entreat now Jehovah thy God, and pray for me, that my hand may be restored to me. And the man of God entreated Jehovah, and the hand of the king was restored to
⁷ him, and became as before. And the king said to the man of God : Come with me to the house, and refresh thyself ;
⁸ and I will give thee a present. And the man of God said to the king : If thou wilt give me half thy house, I will not go in with thee ; and I will not eat bread nor drink water in
⁹ this place. For so was it commanded me by the word of Jehovah, saying : Thou shalt not eat bread, and thou shalt not drink water, and thou shalt not return by the way thou
¹⁰ camest. So he went by another way, and returned not by the way he came to Beth-el.

¹¹ Now there dwelt an old prophet in Beth-el. And his son came and told him all that the man of God had done that day in Beth-el ; and the words which he had spoken to the ¹² king they told to their father. And their father said to them : What way went he ? And his sons saw the way which ¹³ the man of God went, who came from Judah. And he said to his sons : Saddle for me the ass. And they saddled for ¹⁴ him the ass, and he rode thereon. And he went after the man of God, and found him sitting under the oak. And he said to him : Art thou the man of God who came from ¹⁵ Judah ? And he said, I am. And he said to him : Go to ¹⁶ the house with me, and eat bread. And he said : I cannot go back with thee ; and I cannot go in with thee ; nor will I ¹⁷ eat bread, or drinck water with thee, in this place. For it was said to me by the word of Jehovah : Thou shalt not eat bread, and thou shalt not drink water there ; thou shalt not ¹⁸ go back by the way thou camest. He said to him : I also am a prophet, as thou art. And an angel spoke to me by the word of Jehovah, saying : Bring him back with thee to thy house, that he may eat bread and drink water. He lied to ¹⁹ him. So he went back with him, and ate bread in his house, and drank water.

²⁰ And it came to pass, as they sat at the table, that the word of Jehovah came to the prophet that brought him back. ²¹ And he cried to the man of God that came from Judah, saying : Thus says Jehovah : Because thou hast disobeyed the voice of Jehovah, and hast not kept the commandment ²² which Jehovah thy God commanded thee ; and didst come back, and eat bread and drink water in the place, where he said to thee thou shalt not eat bread, and shalt not drink water ; thy corpse shall not come unto the sepulchre of thy fathers. ²³ And it came to pass, after he had eaten bread, and after he had drunken, that he saddled for him the ass, for the ²⁴ prophet whom he brought back. And he went away. And a lion met him by the way, and slew him. And his corpse

V. 14. *The oak.* A well-known feature of that place, and serving as a landmark.

was cast in the way ; and the ass stood by it, and the lion
 25 stood by the corpse. And, behold, men passed by, and saw
 the corpse cast in the way, and the lion standing by the
 corpse. And they came and told it in the city, where the
 26 old prophet dwelt. And the prophet that brought him back
 from the way heard it ; and he said : It is the man of God,
 who disobeyed the voice of Jehovah. And Jehovah has
 delivered him to the lion, and he has torn him, and slain him,
 according to the word of Jehovah, which he spoke to him.
 27 And he spoke to his sons, saying : Saddle for me the ass.
 28 And they saddled him. And he went and found his corpse
 cast in the way, and the ass and the lion standing beside the
 corpse. The lion had not eaten the corpse, and had not torn
 29 the ass. And the prophet took up the corpse of the man of
 God, and laid it upon the ass, and brought it back ; and the
 old prophet came into the city, to mourn and to bury him.
 30 And he laid his corpse in his own grave ; and they mourned
 31 over him, saying : Alas, my brother ! And it came to pass,
 after he had buried him, that he spoke to his sons, saying :
 When I die, bury me in the grave wherein the man of God
 32 is buried ; lay my bones beside his bones. For the saying
 which he cried, by the word of Jehovah, against the altar in
 Beth-el, and against all the houses on high places which are
 in the cities of Samaria, shall surely come to pass.
 33 After this thing Jeroboam turned not from his evil way ;
 and he again made of all the people priests of the high
 places ; whosoever would, him he consecrated, and he was
 34 of the priests of the high places. And in this thing he be-
 came the cause of sin to the house of Jeroboam, to cut off
 and to destroy it, from the face of the earth.

V. 31. The story of these two men is instructive in many points of view. The man of God continued faithful to his commission, resisting the strongest temptations of personal advantage. He was deluded from the right, by what in his weakness he believed to be a message from God. What God had commanded him, he knew ; and against this he weighed his *belief* of a pretended message. His tragic fate was the divine lesson.—To punish the seducer, he was made to communicate to the victim of his deception its fatal consequences ; and the bitterness of remorse found its last expression in the plea, that he might share his victim's grave, and his bones be laid beside his.—V. 33. *Consecrated.* Literally, filled his hand. See the note on Judges 17 : 5.

¹ At that time Abijah, the son of Jeroboam, was sick. And Jeroboam said to his wife: Arise, I pray thee, and disguise thyself, that it may not be known that thou art the wife of Jeroboam, and go to Shiloh. Behold, Ahijah the prophet is there, who told me that I should be king over this people.
³ And take with thee ten loaves, and cracknels, and a cruse of honey, and go to him; he will tell thee how it will fare with
⁴ the child. And the wife of Jeroboam did so; and she arose, and went to Shiloh, and came to the house of Ahijah. And Ahijah could not see; for his eyes were set because of his age.
⁵ And Jehovah said to Ahijah: Behold, the wife of Jeroboam comes to ask a thing of thee concerning her son; for he is sick. Thus and thus shalt thou say to her; for it will be, when she comes in, that she will feign herself to be another.
⁶ And it was so, when Ahijah heard the sound of her feet, as she came in at the door, that he said: Come in, thou wife of Jeroboam; why dost thou feign thyself to be another?
⁷ For I am sent to thee with heavy tidings. Go, tell Jeroboam, thus says Jehovah, God of Israel: Because I exalted thee from among the people, and made thee prince over my
⁸ people Israel; and rent the kingdom away from the house of David, and gave it to thee; and thou hast not been as my servant David, who kept my commandments, and who followed me with all his heart, to do only that which was right
⁹ in mine eyes; and hast done evil above all that were before thee, and hast gone and made for thee other gods, and molten images, to provoke me to anger, and hast cast me behind thy
¹⁰ back; therefore, behold, I will bring evil upon the house of Jeroboam, and will cut off from Jeroboam every male, bond and free in Israel; and will take away the remnant of the house of Jeroboam, as a man takes away dung, till it is all
¹¹ gone. Him that dies of Jeroboam in the city shall the dogs eat; and him that dies in the field shall the fowls of the air
¹² eat; for Jehovah has spoken it. And thou, rise up, go to thy house. When thy feet enter into the city, the child shall
¹³ die. And for him will all Israel mourn, and will bury him;

for he only of Jeroboam shall come to the grave, because in him there is found something good toward Jehovah, God of

¹⁴ Israel, in the house of Jeroboam. And Jehovah will raise up for himself a king over Israel, who shall cut off the house

¹⁵ of Jeroboam in that day ; and what is even now ? And Jehovah will smite Israel, as a reed is shaken in the water ; and he will root out Israel from this good land, which he gave to their fathers, and will scatter them beyond the river ; because they have made their Asheras, provoking Jehovah

¹⁶ to anger. And he will give up Israel because of the sins of Jeroboam, who sinned, and who caused Israel to sin.

¹⁷ And the wife of Jeroboam arose, and departed, and came to Tirzah. As she came to the threshold of the house, the

¹⁸ child died. And they buried him ; and all Israel mourned for him, according to the word of Jehovah, which he spoke

¹⁹ by the hand of his servant, Ahijah the prophet. And the rest of the acts of Jeroboam, how he warred, and how he reigned, behold, they are written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel. And the days which Jeroboam reigned were two and twenty years. And he lay down with his fathers ; and Nadab his son reigned in his stead.

²¹ And Rehoboam the son of Solomon reigned in Judah. Rehoboam was forty and one years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned seventeen years in Jerusalem, the city which Jehovah chose out of all the tribes of Israel, to put his name there. And his mother's name was Naamah the

²² Ammonitess. And Judah did evil in the sight of Jehovah, and they provoked him to jealousy with their sins which they

²³ committed, above all that their fathers had done. And they too built for themselves high places, and images, and Asheras,

²⁴ on every high hill, and under every green tree. And there were also sodomites in the land ; they did according to all the abominations of the nations which Jehovah drove out before the children of Israel.

V. 14. *And what is even now?* What is now taking place, in the extinction of that line, by the death of the most promising heir to the throne ?—V. 15. *Their Asheras.* Ashera was the name of a female idol. See the note on Judges 3 : 7.—*The river :* the Euphrates.—*Will scatter them.* For the fulfilment, see 2 Kings 15 : 29; 17 : 6 and 23; 18 : 11; 1 Chr. 5 : 26.

²⁵ And it came to pass in the fifth year of king Rehoboam, that

²⁶ Shishak king of Egypt came up against Jerusalem. And he took away the treasures of the house of Jehovah, and the treasures of the king's house ; and he took away all ; and he

²⁷ took away all the shields of gold which Solomon made. And king Rehoboam made in their stead brazen shields, and committed them to the hand of the chiefs of the guard, who kept

²⁸ the door of the king's house. And it was so, when the king went into the house of Jehovah, that the guard bore them, and brought them back into the guard-chamber.

²⁹ Now the rest of the acts of Rehoboam, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the

³⁰ kings of Judah ? And there was war between Rehoboam

³¹ and Jeroboam all the time. And Rehoboam lay down with his fathers ; and he was buried with his fathers in the city of David. And his mother's name was Naamah the Ammonitess. And Abijam his son reigned in his stead.

¹ AND in the eighteenth year of king Jeroboam, the son of

² Nebat, Abijam reigned over Judah. Three years he reigned in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Maachah, the

³ daughter of Abishalom. And he walked in all the sins of his father, which he had done before him ; and his heart was not wholly with Jehovah his God, as was the heart of David

⁴ his father. But for David's sake Jehovah his God gave him a light in Jerusalem, in that he set up his son after him, and

⁵ established Jerusalem ; because David did that which was right in the eyes of Jehovah, and turned not aside from anything that he commanded him, all the days of his life, save

⁶ only in the matter of Uriah the Hittite. And there was war between Rehoboam and Jeroboam all the days of his life.

⁷ Now the rest of the acts of Abijam, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah ? And there was war between Abijam and Jero-

⁸ boam. And Abijam lay down with his fathers ; and they buried him in the city of David. And Asa his son reigned in his stead.

⁹ And in the twentieth year of Jeroboam, king of Israel,
¹⁰ Asa reigned over Judah. And forty and one years reigned he in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Maachah, the
¹¹ daughter of Abishalom. And Asa did that which was right
¹² in the eyes of Jehovah, as did David his father. And he put away the sodomites out of the land, and removed all the idols
¹³ that his fathers made. And also Maachah his mother, her he removed from being queen, because she made an idol for Asliera ; and Asa cut down her idol, and burnt it by the
¹⁴ brook Kidron. But the high places were not removed ; yet,
¹⁵ Asa's heart was wholly with Jehovah all his days. And he brought in the things which his father dedicated, and the things which he himself dedicated, into the house of Jehovah, silver, and gold, and vessels.
¹⁶ And there was war between Asa and Baasha king of Israel
¹⁷ all their days. And Baasha king of Israel went up against Judah, and built Ramah, that he might permit no one to go
¹⁸ out or come in to Asa king of Judah. And Asa took all the silver and the gold that were left in the treasures of the house of Jehovah, and the treasures of the king's house, and gave them into the hand of his servants ; and king Asa sent them to Ben-hadad, the son of Tabrimon the son of Hezion, king
¹⁹ of Syria who dwelt at Damascus, saying : Let there be a league between me and thee, as between my father and thy father. Behold, I have sent to thee a present of silver and gold ; go, break thy league with Baasha king of Israel, that
²⁰ he may depart from me. And Ben-hadad hearkened to king Asa ; and he sent the captains of the hosts which he had against the cities of Israel, and smote Ijon, and Dan, and Abel-beth-maachah, and all Chinneroth, with all the land of
²¹ Naphtali. And it came to pass, when Baasha heard of it, that he left off building Ramah, and he remained in Tirzah.
²² And king Asa summoned all Judah, no one was free ; and they took away the stones of Ramah, and the timbers thereof, with which Baasha had builded ; and king Asa built with
²³ them Geba of Benjamin, and Mizpah. The rest of all the acts of Asa, and all his might, and all that he did, and the

cities which he built, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah? Yet, in the time of his
²⁴ old age, he was diseased in his feet. And Asa lay down with his fathers ; and he was buried with his fathers in the city of David his father. And Jehoshaphat his son reigned in his stead.

²⁵ And Nadab, the son of Jeroboam, began to reign over Israel in the second year of Asa king of Judah ; and he
²⁶ reigned over Israel two years. And he did evil in the sight of Jehovah ; and he walked in the way of his father, and in his sins whereby he caused Israel to sin.

²⁷ And Baasha the son of Ahijah, of the house of Issachar, conspired against him. And Baasha smote him at Gibbethon, which belonged to the Philistines ; and Nadab and all Israel
²⁸ were laying siege to Gibbethon. And Baasha slew him in the third year of Asa king of Judah, and reigned in his
²⁹ stead. And it came to pass, when he was king, that he smote all the house of Jeroboam. He left not to Jeroboam any that breathed, until he had destroyed him, according to the saying of Jehovah, which he spoke by his servant
³⁰ Ahijah the Shilonite ; because of the sins of Jeroboam which he sinned, and whereby he caused Israel to sin, in his provocation wherewith he provoked Jehovah, God of Israel, to anger.

³¹ Now the rest of the acts of Nadab, and all that he did, are they not written in the books of the Chronicles of the kings
³² of Israel ? And there was war between Asa and Baasha
³³ king of Israel, all their days. In the third year of Asa, king of Judah, began Baasha the son of Ahijah to reign over all Israel in Tirzah, twenty and four years. And he did evil in the sight of Jehovah ; and he walked in the way of Jeroboam, and in his sins whereby he caused Israel to sin.

¹ And the word of Jehovah came to Jehu, the son of
² Hanani, against Baasha, saying : Forasmuch as I raised thee up out of the dust, and made thee prince over my people Israel ; and thou hast walked in the way of Jeroboam, and hast caused my people Israel to sin, to provoke me to anger

- ³ with their sins ; behold, I will take away the posterity of Baasha, and the posterity of his house ; and I will make thy
⁴ house like the house of Jeroboam the son of Nebat. Him that dies of Baasha in the city shall the dogs eat ; and him that dies of his in the field shall the fowls of the air eat.
⁵ Now the rest of the acts of Baasha, and what he did, and his might, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles
⁶ of the kings of Israel ? And Baasha lay down with his fathers ; and he was buried in Tirzah. And Elah his son
⁷ reigned in his stead. And also, by the hand of the prophet Jehu the son of Hanani, came the word of Jehovah against Baasha and against his house, as well for all the evil that he did in the sight of Jehovah, in provoking him to anger with the work of his hands, in being like the house of Jeroboam, as because he had smitten him.
⁸ In the twenty and sixth year of Asa king of Judah began Elah, the son of Baasha, to reign over Israel in Tirzah, two
⁹ years. And his servant Zimri, captain of half the chariots, conspired against him. And he was in Tirzah, drinking himself drunk in the house of Arza, who was over the house
¹⁰ in Tirzah ; and Zimri came in, and smote him, and killed him, in the twenty and seventh year of Asa king of Judah, and reigned in his stead.
¹¹ And it came to pass, when he began to reign, as soon as he sat on his throne, that he smote all the house of Baasha ; he left him not a male, of his kinsmen, or of his friends.
¹² And Zimri destroyed all the house of Baasha ; according to the word of Jehovah, which he spoke agaist Baasha by
¹³ Jehu the prophet ; for all the sins of Baasha, and the sins of Elah his son, whereby they sinned, and whereby they caused Israel to sin, to provoke Jehovah, God of Israel to anger
¹⁴ with their vanities. Now the rest of the acts of Elah, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel ?
¹⁵ In the twenty and seventh year of Asa, king of Judah,

V. 13. *Vanity* (properly, a breath) is a term often contemptuously applied to the idols of the heathen. Deut. 32 : 21 ; Jer. 8 : 19, and 10 : 8.

did Zimri reign seven days in Tirzah. And the people were encamped against Gibbethon, which belonged to the Philistines. And the people that were encamped heard it said : Zimri has conspired, and has also slain the king. And all Israel made Omri, the captain of the host, king over Israel that day in the camp. And Omri went up from Gibbethon, and all Israel with him, and they besieged Tirzah. And it came to pass, when Zimri saw that the city was taken, that he went to the tower of the king's house, and burned the king's house over him with fire, and he died ; for his sins which he sinned in that he did evil in the sight of Jehovah, and walked in the way of Jeroboam, and in his sin which he did to cause Israel to sin. Now the rest of the acts of Zimri, and his conspiracy that he made, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel ?

Then were the people of Israel divided into two parts ; half of the people followed Tibni the son of Ginath, to make him king, and half followed Omri. And the people that followed Omri prevailed against the people that followed Tibni the son of Ginath. And Tibni died ; and Omri was king.

In the thirty and first year of Asa king of Judah began Omri to reign over Israel, twelve years ; six years he reigned in Tirzah. And he bought the hill Samaria, of Shemer, for two talents of silver. And he built on the hill ; and the name of the city which he built he called Samaria, after the name of Shemer, owner of the hill.

And Omri did evil in the eyes of Jehovah ; and he wrought evil more than all that were before him. And he walked in all the way of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, and in his sins whereby he caused Israel to sin, to provoke Jehovah, God of Israel to anger with their vanities. Now the rest of the acts of Omri which he did, and his might that he showed, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel ? And Omri lay down with his fathers, and was buried in Samaria. And Ahab his son reigned in his stead.

²⁹ And in the thirty and eighth year of Asa, king of Judah, began Ahab the son of Omri to reign over Israel. And Ahab the son of Omri reigned over Israel in Samaria, twenty ³⁰ and two years. And Ahab the son of Omri did evil in the ³¹ sight of Jehovah, more than all that were before him. And it came to pass,—was it a light thing for him to walk in the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat,—that he took for a wife Jezebel, the daughter of Ethbaal king of the Zidonians, and ³² went and served Baal, and worshipped him. And he erected an altar to Baal in the house of Baal, which he built in ³³ Samaria. And Ahab made the Ashera. And Ahab did more to provoke Jehovah, God of Israel to anger, than all the kings of Israel that were before him.
³⁴ In his days did Hiel the Bethelite build Jericho. He laid the foundation thereof in Abiram his first-born, and he set up the gates thereof in his youngest son Segub ; according to the word of Jehovah, which he spoke by Joshua the son of Nun.

¹ AND Elijah the Tishbite, of the sojourners in Gilead, said to Ahab : As Jehovah God of Israel lives, before whom I stand, there shall not be dew nor rain these years, but ² according to my word. And the word of Jehovah came to ³ him, saying : Go hence, and turn eastward, and hide thyself ⁴ by the brook Cherith, that is toward the Jordan. And it shall be, that thou shalt drink of the brook ; and I have ⁵ commanded the ravens to sustain thee there. And he went and did according to the word of Jehovah. And he went and dwelt by the brook Cherith, that is toward the Jordan. ⁶ And the ravens brought him bread and flesh in the morning, and bread and flesh in the evening ; and he drank out of the ⁷ brook. And it came to pass after a time, that the brook dried up, because there had been no rain in the land.

V. 32. *Baal*. See the notes on Judges 2 : 11 and 13, and the writer's note on Gen. 14 : 5, there referred to. Ethbaal is thought to have been a priest of Baal.—V. 33. *The Ashera*; the wooden statue, or pillar, of that female idol. See the note on Judges 3 : 7.—V. 34. See the note on Josh. 6 : 26.

⁸ And the word of Jehovah came to him, saying : Arise, go to Zarephath, which belongs to Zidon, and abide there. Behold, I have commanded a widow woman there to sustain thee. And he arose, and went to Zarephath. And he came to the entrance of the city ; and behold there a widow woman, gathering sticks. And he called to her, and said : Fetch me, I pray thee, a little water in the vessel, that I may drink.

¹¹ And as she was going to fetch it, he called to her, and said :

¹² Bring me, I pray thee, a morsel of bread in thy hand. And she said : As Jehovah thy God lives, I have not a loaf, but a handful of meal in the bucket, and a little oil in the cruse. And, behold, I am gathering a few sticks, that I may go in and prepare it for me and my son, that we may eat it, and die. And Elijah said to her : Fear not ; go in, do as thou hast said. But make me thereof a little cake first, and bring it out to me, and afterward make for thee and for thy son.

¹⁴ For thus says Jehovah, God of Israel : The bucket of meal shall not be spent, nor shall the cruse of oil fail, until the day

¹⁵ that Jehovah shall give rain on the face of the ground. And she went, and did according to the word of Elijah. And he,

¹⁶ and she, and her house, did eat many days. The bucket of meal was not spent, nor did the cruse of oil fail, according to the word of Jehovah, which he spoke by Elijah.

¹⁷ And it came to pass after these things, that the son of the woman, the mistress of the house, was sick ; and his sickness

¹⁸ was very sore, so that there was no breath left in him. And she said to Elijah : What have I to do with thee, thou man of God ? Camest thou to me to bring my sin to remembrance, and to slay my son ? And he said to her : Give me thy son. And he took him from her bosom, and carried him up into the upper-chamber, where he abode, and laid him on

²⁰ his own bed. And he cried to Jehovah, and said : Jehovah my God, hast thou also upon the widow with whom I sojourn

²¹ brought evil, by slaying her son ? And he stretched himself upon the child three times, and cried to Jehovah, and said : Jehovah my God, I pray thee, let this child's soul come into

²² him again. And Jehovah heard the voice of Elijah ; and

the soul of the child came into him again, and he lived.

²³ And Elijah took the child, and brought him down from the upper-chamber into the house, and gave him to his mother;

²⁴ and Elijah said : See, thy son lives. And the woman said to Elijah : Now by this I know that thou art a man of God, and the word of Jehovah in thy mouth is truth.

¹ AND it came to pass after many days, that the word of Jehovah came to Elijah in the third year, saying : Go, show thyself to Ahab ; and I will send rain upon the face of the ² ground. And Elijah went to show himself to Ahab. And ³ the famine was sore in Samaria. And Ahab called Obadiah, who was over the house. Now Obadiah feared Jehovah ⁴ greatly. And it was so, when Jezebel cut off the prophets of Jehovah, that Obadiah took a hundred prophets, and hid them, by fifty men in a cave, and sustained them with bread ⁵ and water. And Ahab said to Obadiah : Go through the land, to all fountains of water, and to all brooks. Perhaps we shall find grass, and save the horses and mules alive, that ⁶ we lose not any of the beasts. And they divided the land between them, to pass through it. Ahab went one way by himself, and Obadiah went another way by himself.

⁷ And as Obadiah was in the way, behold, Elijah met him. And he knew him, and fell on his face, and said : Art thou ⁸ here, my lord Elijah ? And he answered him, I am. Go, ⁹ tell thy lord, behold, Elijah is here. And he said : In what have I sinned, that thou wouldest deliver thy servant into the ¹⁰ hand of Ahab, to slay me ? As Jehovah thy God lives, there is no nation or kingdom, whither my lord has not sent to seek thee ; and when they said : He is not here, he took an oath of the kingdom and nation, that they found thee ¹¹ not. And now thou sayest : Go, tell thy lord, beheld, Elijah ¹² is here. And it will be, when I am gone from thee, that the Spirit of Jehovah will take thee whither I know not ; and when I come and tell Ahab, and he cannot find thee, he will slay me. And I thy servant fear Jehovah from my ¹³ youth. Was it not told my lord what I did, when Jezebel

slew the prophets of Jehovah ; and I hid a hundred men of Jehovah's prophets, by fifty men in a cave, and sustained them with bread and water ? And now thou sayest : Go, tell thy lord, behold, Elijah is here ; and he will slay me. And Elijah said : As Jehovah of hosts lives, before whom I stand, I will surely show myself to him to-day. And Obadiah went to meet Ahab, and told him ; and Ahab went to meet Elijah. And it came to pass, when Ahab saw Elijah, that Ahab said to him : Art thou here, thou troubler of Israel ? And he said : I have not troubled Israel ; but thou, and thy father's house, in that ye have forsaken the commandments of Jehovah, and thou hast gone after the Baals. And now send, gather to me all Israel unto mount Carmel ; and the prophets of Baal four hundred and fifty, and the prophets of Ashera four hundred, who eat at Jezebel's table. And Ahab sent to all the children of Israel, and gathered the prophets together unto mount Carmel. And Elijah came to all the people, and said : How long halt ye between two opinions ? If Jehovah be God, follow him ; and if Baal, then follow him. And the people answered him not a word. And Elijah said to the people : I, I only, remain a prophet of Jehovah ; and Baal's prophets are four hundred and fifty men. Let there be given us two bullocks. And let them choose one bullock for themselves, and cut it in pieces, and lay it on the wood, and put to it no fire ; and I will prepare the other bullock, and lay it on the wood, and put to it no fire. And call ye on the name of your gods, and I will call on the name of Jehovah ; and the God that answers by fire, let him be God. And all the people answered and said : It is well spoken. And Elijah said to the prophets of Baal : Choose

V. 18. *Ye have forsaken ; thou and thy father's house.*—*And thou hast added to their sins the worship of Baal.* The worship of the golden calves, though a virtual denial of Jehovah and subversive of his spiritual service, yet recognized the traditions of a national deliverance, and a bond of national unity. Compare ch. 12 : 28 with Ex. 32 : 4. With the worship of Baal came in a foreign religion, and the contaminations of heathen idolatry ; tending to blot out all trace and remembrance of the national relation to Jehovah, and the nature of his worship. “Jeroboam's calf-worship might still seem to be Jehovah-worship, but the Baal and Astarte [Ashera] worship, never.” Schaff's edition of Lange's Commentary.—*The Baals.* See the note on Judges 2 : 11.---V. 21. *How long halt ye ; like a lame man, limping from side to side.*—*Two opinions ; or, two parties.*

- for you one bullock, and prepare it first, for ye are many ; and call on the name of your gods, and put to it no fire.
- ²⁶ And they took the bullock that was given them, and prepared it ; and they called on the name of Baal from morning and till noon, saying : O Baal, answer us. And there was no voice, and no one answered. And they danced about the
- ²⁷ altar that was made. And it came to pass at noon, that Elijah mocked them, and said : Cry, with a loud voice ; for he is a god. Either he is talking, or he is gone aside, or he is on a journey ; perhaps he is asleep, and must be waked.
- ²⁸ And they cried with a loud voice, and cut themselves after their manner with knives and lances, till the blood gushed
- ²⁹ out upon them. And it was so, when mid-day was past, that they raved till toward the offering of the [evening] sacrifice. And there was no voice, and no one answered, and no one heeded.
- ³⁰ And Elijah said to all the people : Come near to me. And all the people came near to him. And he repaired the altar
- ³¹ of Jehovah that was broken down. And Elijah took twelve stones, according to the number of the tribes of the sons of Jacob,—to whom the word of Jehovah came, saying : Israel
- ³² shall be thy name,—and with the stones he built an altar in the name of Jehovah. And he made a trench about the
- ³³ altar, as great as would contain two seahs of seed. And he put the wood in order, and cut the bullock in pieces, and laid him on the wood. And he said : Fill four buckets with water,
- ³⁴ and pour it on the burnt-offering, and on the wood. And he said : Do it the second time ; and they did it the second time. And he said : Do it the third time ; and they did it the third
- ³⁵ time. And the water ran round about the altar ; and he filled the trench also with water.
- ³⁶ And it came to pass at the time of the offering of the [evening] sacrifice, that Elijah the prophet came near, and said : Jehovah, God of Abraham, Isaac, and Israel ; let it be known this day that thou art God in Israel ; and that I am

V. 22. *Seah* ; a measure holding about three gallons.—V. 36. The evening sacrifice was offered, probably, about three o'clock on the afternoon.

thy servant, and have done all these things at thy word.

³⁷ Answer me, O Jehovah, answer me ; that this people may know that thou Jehovah art God, and thou turnest back their heart. And there fell fire from Jehovah ; and it consumed the burnt-offering, and the wood, and the stones, and the dust, and licked up the water that was in the trench.

³⁸ And all the people saw it, and they fell on their faces ; and ⁴⁰ they said : Jehovah, he is God ; Jehovah, he is God. And Elijah said to them : Seize the prophets of Baal ; let not one of them escape. And they seized them ; and Elijah brought them down to the brook Kishon, and slew them there.

⁴¹ And Elijah said to Ahab : Go up, eat and drink ; for there ⁴² is a sound of abundance of rain. And Ahab went up, to eat and to drink. And Elijah went up to the top of Carmel ; and he cast himself down upon the earth, and put his face ⁴³ between his knees. And he said to his servant : Go up now, look toward the sea. And he went up, and looked ; and he said : There is nothing. And he said : Go again, seven times.

⁴⁴ And it came to pass at the seventh time, that he said : Behold, a little cloud like a man's hand, rising from the sea. And he said, go up, say to Ahab : Prepare thy chariot and go down, ⁴⁵ that the rain stop thee not. And it came to pass meanwhile, that the heavens were black with clouds and wind, and there ⁴⁶ was a great rain. And Ahab rode, and went to Jezreel. And the hand of Jehovah was upon Elijah ; and he girded up his loins, and ran before Ahab to the entrance of Jezreel.

¹ AND Ahab told Jezebel all that Elijah had done ; and all ² how he had slain all the prophets with the sword. And Jezebel sent a messenger to Elijah, saying : So let the gods do to me, and more also, if I make not thy life as the life of ³ one of them, by this time to-morrow. And when he saw

V. 40. *The Kishon* flowed into the Mediterranean at the foot of mount Carmel. When swollen by the heavy rains, it would carry off the dead bodies into the sea.—“Elijah's act is to be justified by the express command of the law, that idolatrous Israelites should be put to death, and by the right of a prophet, under the theocracy, to execute the law when the king failed in his duty.” (*Speaker's Commentary.*)—V. 46. *The hand of Jehovah was upon Elijah.* See the note on Is. 8 : 11.

that, he arose and went for his life ; and he came to Beer-sheba, which belongs to Judah, and left his servant there.

⁴ And he himself went a day's journey into the wilderness. And he came and sat down under a broom-plant ; and he asked for his life, that he might die. And he said : It is enough ; take now my life, O Jehovah, for I am not better than my fathers. And he lay down and slept under a broom-plant ; and, lo ! then an angel touched him, and said to him :

⁶ Arise, eat. And he looked, and behold, at his head a cake baked on heated stones, and a cruse of water. And he ate

⁷ and drank, and lay down again. And the angel of Jehovah came again the second time, and touched him, and said :

⁸ Arise, eat ; for the journey is too great for thee. And he arose, and ate and drank ; and he went in the strength of that meal forty days and forty nights, unto Horeb the mount of God.

⁹ And he came thither to the cave, and passed the night there. And, behold, the word of Jehovah came to him ;
¹⁰ and he said to him : What doest thou here, Elijah ? And he said : I have been very zealous for Jehovah, God of hosts ; for the children of Israel have forsaken thy covenant, thine altars they have thrown down, and thy prophets they have slain with the sword ; and I only am left and they seek my
¹¹ life, to take it away. And he said : Go forth, and stand upon the mount before Jehovah ; and, behold, Jehovah passing by, and a great and strong wind rending the mountains, and breaking in pieces the rocks before Jehovah,—Jehovah was not in the wind ; and after the wind an earthquake,—Jehovah was not in the earthquake ; and after the earthquake a fire,—Jehovah was not in the fire ; and after
¹³ the fire a still, small voice. And it was so, when Elijah heard it, that he wrapped his face in his mantle, and went

V. 3. *Went for his life.* He had no right to presume on divine protection, when safety could be found in flight. But at the call of duty, he fearlessly faced danger and death.—V. 4. *Asked for his life, that he might die;* asked that it might be granted him in that sense, as not to be prolonged. See the writer's note on Jonah 4 : 8.—V. 8. It is not meant, that he took no other food. What he had eaten gave him strength to subsist on the wild fruits and roots found in the fields.

forth, and stood in the entering in of the cave. And, behold, there came a voice to him, and said : What doest thou here,
¹⁴ Elijah ? And he said : I have been very zealous for Jehovah, God of hosts. For the children of Israel have forsaken thy covenant ; thine altars have they thrown down, and thy prophets they have slain with the sword ; and I only am left,
¹⁵ and they seek my life, to take it away. And Jehovah said to him : Go, return on thy way to the wilderness of Damascus. And when thou comest, anoint Hazael to be king over
¹⁶ Syria. And Jehu the son of Nimshi shalt thou anoint to be king over Israel ; and Elisha the son of Shaphat, of Abel-meholah, shalt thou anoint to be prophet in thy place. And it shall be, that him that escapes from the sword of Hazael shall Jehu slay ; and him that escapes from the sword of
¹⁸ Jehu shall Elisha slay. I have yet left me in Israel seven thousand, all the knees that have not bowed to Baal, and every mouth that has not kissed him.
¹⁹ And he departed thence ; and he found Elisha, the son of Shaphat. And he was ploughing with twelve yoke of oxen before him, and he was with the twelfth. And Elijah passed
²⁰ by him, and cast his mantle upon him. And he left the oxen, and ran after Elijah, and said : Let me, I pray thee, kiss my father and my mother, and I will follow thee. And he said
²¹ to him : Go, return ; for what have I done to thee ? And he returned back from him. And he took the yoke of oxen, and slew them, and boiled their flesh with the harness of the oxen ; and he gave to the people, and they ate. And he arose, and went after Elijah, and ministered to him.

¹ AND Ben-hadad, the king of Syria, gathered all his host together ; and thirty and two kings were with him, and horses, and chariots. And he went up and laid siege to
² Samaria, and fought against it. And he sent messengers to Ahab, king of Israel, into the city. And he said to him :
³ Thus says Ben-hadad ; thy silver and thy gold are mine ; and
⁴ thy wives and thy children, the goodliest, they are mine. And the king of Israel answered and said : According to thy say-

⁵ ing, my lord the king, I am thine, and all that I have. And the messengers came again, and said : Thus speaks Ben-hadad, saying ; although I have sent to thee saying, thou shalt give to me thy silver, and thy gold, and thy wives, and thy children ; yet I will send my servants to thee to-morrow about this time, and they shall search thy house, and the houses of thy servants ; and it shall be, that whatsoever is the delight of thine eyes, they shall put it in their hand, and take it away.

⁷ Then the king of Israel called all the elders of the land, and said : Mark, I pray you, and see that this man is seeking mischief. For he sent to me for my wives, and for my children, and for my silver, and for my gold ; and I kept back nothing from him. And all the elders, and all the people, ⁹ said to him : Do not hearken ; and consent not. And he said to the messengers of Ben-hadad : Tell my lord the king, all that thou didst send for to thy servant at the first, I will do ; but this thing I may not do. And the messengers departed, and brought him back word. And Ben-hadad sent to him, and said : The gods do so to me, and more also, if the dust of Samaria shall suffice for handfuls, for all the ¹¹ people that follow me. And the king of Israel answered and said, tell him : Let not him that girds on his armor boast ¹² as he that puts it off. And it came to pass, when he heard this message,—and he was drinking, he and the kings, in the pavilions,—that he said to his servants : Set yourselves in array. And they set themselves in array against the city. ¹³ And, behold, there came a prophet to Ahab king of Israel, saying, thus says Jehovah : Hast thou seen all this great multitude ? Behold, I will give it into thy hand this day ; ¹⁴ and thou shalt know that I am Jehovah. And Ahab said : By whom ? And he said, thus says Jehovah : By the young men of the princes of the provinces. Then he said : Who ¹⁵ shall begin the battle ? And he answered : Thou. Then he numbered the young men of the princes of the provinces, and they were two hundred and thirty-two. And after them he numbered all the people, all the children of Israel, seven

¹⁶ thousand. And they went out at mid-day. And Ben-hadad was drinking himself drunk in the pavilions, he and the kings, ¹⁷ the thirty and two kings that helped him. And the young men of the princes of the provinces went out first. And Ben-hadad sent, and they told him, saying : There are men ¹⁸ coming out from Samaria. And he said : If they come out for peace, seize them alive ; and if they come out for war, ¹⁹ seize them alive. And these young men of the princes of the provinces came out from the city, and the army which ²⁰ followed them. And they smote every one his man ; and the Syrians fled, and Israel pursued them. And Ben-hadad ²¹ the king of Syria escaped on a horse with horsemen. And the king of Israel went out, and smote the horses and the chariots ; and he smote the Syrians with a great slaughter.

²² And the prophet came to the king of Israel, and said to him : Go, strengthen thyself ; and mark, and see what thou must do. For at the return of the year the king of Syria ²³ will come up against thee. And the servants of the king of Syria said to him : Their gods are gods of the hills ; therefore they were stronger than we. But if we fight with them ²⁴ in the plain, we shall surely be stronger than they. And this thing do ; remove the kings, every one from his place, and ²⁵ put governors in their places. And thou shalt number for thee an army, like the army that thou hast lost, horse for horse, and chariot for chariot ; and if we fight them in the plain, we shall surely be stronger than they. And he hearkened to their voice, and did so. And it came to pass at the ²⁶ return of the year, that Ben-hadad numbered the Syrians, ²⁷ and went up to Aphek, to fight against Israel. And the children of Israel were numbered, and were provisioned, and went against them. And the children of Israel encamped before them like two little flocks of kids ; and the Syrians filled the country.

²⁸ And there came a man of God, and spoke to the king of Israel and said, thus says Jehovah : Because the Syrians have said that Jehovah is a god of the hills, and he is not a god of the valleys ; therefore will I deliver all this great

multitude into thy hand, and ye shall know that I am Jehovah.

²⁹ vah. And they encamped, one over against the other, seven days. And so it was, that on the seventh day the battle came on ; and the children of Israel smote of the Syrians a hundred thousand footmen in one day. And the rest fled to Aphek, into the city ; and the wall fell upon twenty and seven thousand men that were left. And Ben-hadad fled, and came into the city, into an inner chamber.

³¹ And his servants said to him : Behold now, we have heard that the kings of the house of Israel are merciful kings. Let us now put sackcloth on our loins, and ropes on our heads, and go out to the king of Israel ; perhaps he will let thee live.

³² And they girded sackcloth on their loins, and put ropes on their heads ; and they came to the king of Israel, and said : Thy servant Ben-hadad says, I pray thee, let me live. And

³³ he said : Is he yet alive ? He is my brother. Now the men watched for some omen ; and they made haste to be assured whether it was from him, and they said : Thy brother Ben-hadad ! And he said : Come in ; bring him. And Ben-hadad came forth to him ; and he caused him to come up into

³⁴ the chariot. And he said to him : The cities, which my father took from thy father, I will restore ; and thou shalt make streets for thee in Damascus, as my father made in Samaria. And I [said Ahab] will with this covenant let thee go. And so he made a covenant with him, and let him go.

³⁵ And a man of the sons of the prophets said to his fellow, by the word of Jehovah : Smite me, I pray thee. And the

³⁶ man refused to smite him. Then he said to him : Because thou hast not hearkened to the voice of Jehovah, behold, when thou art gone from me, a lion shall slay thee. And he went away from him, and a lion found him, and slew him.

³⁷ And he found another man, and said : Smite me, I pray thee.

³⁸ And the man smote him, smiting and wounding him. So the prophet departed, and waited for the king by the way ;

³⁹ and he disguised himself with a bandage over his eyes. And

V. 33. *Whether it was from him.* In other words, whether it was from his heart ; whether he truly meant what he said, and would abide by it.

as the king passed by, he cried to the king, and said : Thy servant went out into the midst of the battle ; and, behold, a man turned aside, and brought a man to me, and said : Keep this man ; if by any means he shall be missing, then shall thy life be for his life, or else thou shalt pay a talent of silver.
⁴⁰ And as thy servant was busy here and there, he was gone. And the king of Israel said to him : So shall thy judgment be ;
⁴¹ thou thyself hast decided it. And he hasted, and put away the bandage from his eyes ; and the king of Israel discerned
⁴² him that he was of the prophets. And he said to him, thus says Jehovah : Because thou hast let go out of thy hand a man devoted by me to destruction, therefore thy life shall be
⁴³ for his life, and thy people for his people. And the king of Israel went to his house sullen and displeased, and came to Samaria.

¹ AND it came to pass after these things, that Naboth the Jezreelite had a vineyard, which was in Jezreel, near by the

² palace of Ahab king of Samaria. And Ahab spoke to Naboth, saying : Give me thy vineyard, that I may have it for a garden of herbs, because it is near by my house ; and I will give thee in place of it a better vineyard than that ; if it seems good to thee, I will give thee the price of it in
³ money. And Naboth said to Ahab : Jehovah forbid it me, that I should give to thee the inheritance of my fathers.

⁴ And Ahab came into his house sullen and displeased, because of the word which Naboth the Jezreelite had spoken to him ; for he had said : I will not give to thee the inheritance of my fathers. And he lay down upon his bed, and turned away his face, and would eat no food.

⁵ And Jezebel his wife came to him, and said to him : Why
⁶ is thy spirit sullen, and thou eatest no food ? And he said to her : Because I spoke to Naboth the Jezreelite, and said to him, give me thy vineyard for money ; or, if it please thee, I will give thee another vineyard in place of it ; and he an-

⁷ swered, I will not give thee my vineyard. And Jezebel his wife said to him : Dost thou now administer the kingdom

over Israel? Arise, eat food, and let thy heart be merry. I
⁸ will give thee the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite. And she wrote letters in Ahab's name, and sealed them with his seal; and she sent the letters to the elders and to the nobles
⁹ that were in his city, who dwelt with Naboth. And she wrote in the letters, saying: Proclaim a fast, and set Naboth
¹⁰ on high among the people; and set two men, base men, before him, and let them bear witness against him, saying: Thou didst renounce God and the king. And carry him out,
¹¹ and stone him, that he may die. And the men of his city, the elders and the nobles who were dwellers in his city, did as Jezebel sent to them, according to what was written in
¹² the letters which she sent to them. They proclaimed a fast,
¹³ and set Naboth on high among the people. And there came two men, the base men, and sat before him. And the base men witnessed against him, against Naboth, in the presence of the people, saying: Naboth did renounce God and the king. And they carried him forth out of the city, and stoned
¹⁴ him with stones, that he died. Then they sent to Jezebel, saying: Naboth is stoned, and is dead.
¹⁵ And it came to pass, when Jezebel heard that Naboth was stoned, and was dead, that Jezebel said to Ahab: Arise, take possession of the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite, which he refused to give thee for money. Because Naboth is not living; for he is dead. And it came to pass, when Ahab heard that Naboth was dead, that Ahab rose up to go down to the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite, to take possession of it.
¹⁷ And the word of Jehovah came to Elijah the Tishbite,
¹⁸ saying: Arise, go down to meet Ahab king of Israel, who is in Samaria. Behold, he is in the vineyard of Naboth, whither

V. 10. *Thou didst renounce God and the king.* Naboth was to be accused of treason against the reigning king, an act by which the authority of God was also disowned. For to renounce the king, that is, to deny allegiance to him, was rebellion against God, whose authority was, in civil matters, represented by the earthly ruler. (See the writer's note on Job 1:5.)—*Base men.* Probably the historian's characterization of the men chosen, and such as she expected to be chosen, for that service. He records what was in her mind, if not in her written letter.—V. 16. *To take possession of it.* To this there was no hindrance, Naboth's sons having been slain (2 Kings 9:26.)—V. 18. *Who is in Samaria.* Not at that moment, see next clause; but it was his capital and his residence.

¹⁹ he has gone down to take possession of it. And thou shalt speak to him, saying : Thus says Jehovah : Hast thou killed, and also taken possession ? And thou shalt speak to him, and say, thus says Jehovah : In the place where dogs licked the blood of Naboth shall dogs lick thy blood, yea thine.

²⁰ And Ahab said to Elijah : Hast thou found me, O my enemy ? And he answered : I have found thee ; because thou hast

²¹ sold thyself to work evil in the sight of Jehovah. Behold, I will bring evil upon thee, and will take away thy posterity, and will cut off from Ahab every male, bond and free, in

²² Israel ; and I will make thy house like the house of Jero-boam the son of Nebat, and like the house of Baasha the son of Abijah ; for the provocation wherewith thou hast provoked

²³ me to anger, and hast caused Israel to sin. And of Jezebel also spoke Jehovah, saying : The dogs shall eat Jezebel by

²⁴ the outer-wall of Jezreel. Him that dies of Ahab in the city the dogs shall eat ; and him that dies in the field shall the fowls of the air eat.

²⁵ But there was none like Ahab, who sold himself to work evil in the sight of Jehovah, whom Jezebel his wife stirred

²⁶ up. And he did many abominations in going after idols, according to all that the Amorites did, whom Jehovah drove out before the children of Israel.

²⁷ And it came to pass, when Ahab heard these words, that he rent his clothes, and put sackcloth on his flesh, and fasted,

²⁸ and lay in sackcloth, and went softly. And the word of

²⁹ Jehovah came to Elijah the Tishbite, saying : Seest thou how Ahab humbles himself before me ? Because he humbles himself before me, I will not bring the evil in his days. In his son's days will I bring the evil upon his house.

¹ AND they were at rest three years. There was no war

² between Syria and Israel. And it came to pass in the third year, that Jehoshaphat, the king of Judah, came down to

³ the king of Israel. And the king of Israel said to his servants : Do ye know that Ramoth in Gilead is ours ? And we are quiet, and do not take it out of the hand of the king of

⁴ Syria. And he said to Jehoshaphat : Wilt thou go with me to battle, to Ramoth-gilead ? And Jehoshaphat said to the king of Israel : I am as thou art, my people as thy people, my horses as thy horses.

⁵ And Jehoshaphat said to the king of Israel : Inquire, I

⁶ pray thee, of the word of Jehovah to-day. Then the king of Israel gathered the prophets together, about four hundred men, and said to them : Shall I go against Ramoth-gilead to battle, or shall I forbear ? And they said : Go up ; and

⁷ the Lord will give it into the hand of the king. And Jehoshaphat said : Is there not here a prophet of Jehovah

⁸ besides, that we may inquire of him ? And the king of Israel said to Jehoshaphat : There is yet one man, Micaiah the son of Imlah, by whom we may inquire of Jehovah. But I hate him ; for he does not prophesy good concerning me, but evil. And Jehoshaphat said : Let not the king say

⁹ so. Then the king of Israel called an officer, and said :

¹⁰ Hasten hither Micaiah the son of Imlah. And the king of Israel, and Jehoshaphat the king of Judah, sat each on his throne, clothed with their robes, in the open space at the entrance of the gate of Samaria ; and all the prophets prophe-

¹¹ sied before them. And Zedekiah the son of Chenaanah made for himself horns of iron ; and he said, thus says Jehovah : With these shalt thou push the Syrians, until thou hast con-

¹² sumed them. And all the prophets prophesied so, saying : Go up to Ramoth-gilead, and prosper ; for Jehovah will give

¹³ it into the king's hand. And the messenger that went to call Micaiah spoke to him, saying : Behold now, the words of the prophets are favorable to the king, as with one mouth. Let thy word, I pray thee, be like the word of one of them, and

¹⁴ speak that which is favorable. And Micaiah said : As Jehovah lives, what Jehovah shall say to me, that will I speak.

¹⁵ And he came to the king. And the king said to him : Micaiah, shall we go to Ramoth-gilead to battle, or shall we forbear ? And he said to him : Go up, and prosper ; for

¹⁶ Jehovah will give it into the hand of the king. And the king said to him : How many times shall I adjure thee, that

¹⁷ thou shalt tell me only truth, in the name of Jehovah? And he said: I saw all Israel scattered upon the hills, as a flock that have no shepherd. And Jehovah said: These have no master; let them return, every man to his house in peace.

¹⁸ And the king of Israel said to Jehoshaphat: Did I not tell thee, that he would prophesy no good concerning me, but

¹⁹ evil? And he said: Therefore hear the word of Jehovah. I saw Jehovah sitting on his throne, and all the host of heaven standing by him, on his right hand and on his left.

²⁰ And Jehovah said: Who shall persuade Ahab, that he may go up, and fall at Ramoth-gilead? And one said after this

²¹ manner, and another said after that manner. And the spirit came forth, and stood before Jehovah, and said: I will per-

²² suade him. And Jehovah said to him: Whereby? And he said: I will go forth, and will be a lying spirit in the mouth of all his prophets. And he said: Thou shalt persuade him,

²³ and shalt also prevail; go forth, and do thus. And now, behold, Jehovah has put a lying spirit in the mouth of all these thy prophets. And Jehovah has spoken evil concerning thee.

²⁴ And Zedekiah the son of Chenaanah went near, and smote Micaiah on the cheek, and said: Which way went the Spirit

²⁵ of Jehovah from me to speak to thee? And Micaiah said: Behold, thou shalt see in that day, when thou shalt go into

²⁶ an inner chamber to hide thyself. And the king of Israel said: Take Micaiah, and carry him back to Amon the gov-

²⁷ ernor of the city, and to Joash the king's son; and say, thus says the king: Put this fellow in the prison-house; and feed

V. 21. *The spirit.* Namely, the one that answered to the call just made; the one who would persuade Ahab to do as he desired.

VV. 20-23. This, it will be observed, was seen in vision, and is to be understood accordingly. "Visions of the invisible world," (says the *Speaker's Commentary*) "can only be a sort of parables; revelations, not of the truth as it actually is, but of so much of the truth as can be shown through such a medium. The details of a vision, therefore, cannot safely be pressed, any more than the details of a parable." Our Savior's parable of the rich man and Lazarus, if interpreted literally, would give very false ideas of the invisible world. Divested of its imagery, it teaches a coming retribution; when the conditions of the prosperous wicked, and the righteous sufferer, will be reversed. The vision, after the manner of a parable, recognizes the fact, taught elsewhere, that there are spirits of evil, lying spirits, ever ready to serve such as desire their aid, and seek it. Jehovah himself, as remarked in the last clause of v. 23, had warned Ahab of the coming evil.

him with bread of affliction and with water of affliction, until
28 I come in peace. And Micaiah said : If thou return at all in peace, Jehovah has not spoken by me. And he said : Hear it, the peoples, all of them.
29 And the king of Israel, and Jehoshaphat the king of
30 Judah, went up to Ramoth-gilead. And the king of Israel said to Jehoshaphat : I will disguise myself, and enter into the battle ; and do thou put on thy robes. And the king of
31 Israel disguised himself, and entered into the battle. And the king of Syria had commanded his thirty and two captains over his chariots, saying : Fight with neither small nor great,
32 save only with the king of Israel. And it came to pass, when the captains of the chariots saw Jehoshaphat, that they said : Surely it is the king of Israel. And they turned to fight
33 against him ; and Jehoshaphat cried out. And it came to pass, when the captains of the chariots perceived that it was not the king of Israel, that they turned back from pursuing
34 him. And a man drew a bow at a venture, and smote the king of Israel between the joints and the coat of mail. And he said to his chariooer : Turn thy hand, and carry me out
35 of the host ; for I am wounded. And the battle increased that day. And the king was stayed up in his chariot against the Syrians ; and he died at evening. And the blood ran
36 out from the wound into the hollow of the chariot. And the joyful cry went through the host, at the going down of the sun, saying : Every man to his city, and every man to his own country.
37 And the king died, and was brought to Samaria ; and they
38 buried the king in Samaria. And they washed the chariot by the pool of Samaria ; and the dogs licked up his blood, and the harlots bathed there ; according to the word of Jeho-
39 vah, which he spoke. Now the rest of the acts of Ahab, and all that he did, and the ivory house which he built, and all the cities that he built, are they not written in the book of
40 the Chronicles of the kings of Israel ? So Ahab lay down with his fathers ; and Ahaziah his son reigned in his stead.

V. 34. *At a venture* ; that is, without knowing any reason for aiming as he did, as he knew not who it was at whom he aimed.

- ⁴¹ And Jehoshaphat, the son of Asa, began to reign over
⁴² Judah in the fourth year of Ahab, king of Israel. Jehoshaphat was thirty and five years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned twenty and five years in Jerusalem. And
⁴³ his mother's name was Azubah, the daughter of Shilhi. And he walked in all the ways of Asa his father ; he turned not aside from it, doing that which was right in the eyes of Jehovah. Yet the high places were not taken away ; the people sacrificed and burned incense yet on the high places.
⁴⁴ And Jehoshaphat was at peace with the king of Israel. Now the rest of the acts of Jehoshaphat, and his might that he showed, and how he warred, are they not written in the book
⁴⁵ of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah ? And the remnant of the sodomites, which were left in the days of his father
⁴⁶ Asa, he put away out of the land. There was then no king
⁴⁷ in Edom ; a deputy was king. Jehoshaphat made ships of Tarshish, to go to Ophir for gold. And they went not ; for
⁴⁸ the ships were broken at Ezion-geber. Then said Ahaziah, the son of Ahab, to Jehoshaphat : Let my servants go with thy servants in the ships. And Jehoshaphat would not.
⁵⁰ And Jehoshaphat lay down with his fathers ; and he was buried with his fathers in the city of David his father. And Jehoram his son reigned in his stead.
⁵¹ Ahaziah, the son of Ahab, began to reign over Israel in Samaria, in the seventeenth year of Jehoshaphat, king of
⁵² Judah ; and he reigned two years over Israel. And he did evil in the sight of Jehovah, and walked in the way of his father, and in the way of his mother, and in the way of
⁵³ Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin. And he served Baal, and worshipped him ; and provoked to anger Jehovah God of Israel, according to all that his father had done.

SECOND BOOK OF THE KINGS.

- ¹ AND Moab rebelled against Israel, after the death of Ahab.
² And Ahaziah fell down through a window-lattice in his upper chamber that was in Samaria, and was sick. And he sent messengers, and said to them : Go, inquire of Baal-zebul the god of Ekron, whether I shall recover from this sickness.
³ And the angel of Jehovah said to Elijah the Tishbite : Arise, go up to meet the messengers of the king of Samaria, and say to them : Is it because there is not a God in Israel, that
⁴ ye go to inquire of Baal-zebul, the god of Ekron ? Now therefore thus says Jehovah : From that bed, to which thou hast gone up, thou shalt not come down ; for thou shalt surely die. And Elijah departed.
⁵ And the messengers turned back to him. And he said to
⁶ them : Why is this, that ye have turned back ? And they said to him : A man came up to meet us ; and he said to us : Go, turn back to the king who sent you, and say to him : Thus says Jehovah : Is it because there is not a God in Israel, that thou sendest to inquire of Baal-zebul, the god of Ekron ? Therefore from that bed, to which thou hast gone up, thou
⁷ shalt not come down ; for thou shalt surely die. And he said to them : What manner of man was he who came up to
⁸ meet you, and told you these words ? And they said to him : He was a hairy man, and girt with a girdle of leather about

Chap. i. The history is here resumed from the close of the first book, and is continued to the extinction of the national independence by the Assyrian and Babylonian conquests.—
V. 1. *Moab rebelled.* For the subjugation of Moab, see 2 Sam. 8 : 2.—V. 2. *Ahaziah,* the son and successor of Ahab. See 1 Kings 22 : 40, and 51–53.—*Baal-zebul.* One of the various local designations of Baal, referred to in the note on Judges 2 : 11. The name means Fly-Baal, Lord of the fly, the fly-destroyer; so named as the protector against the plague of flies, the pest of hot climates.—*Ekron.* A city of the Philistines, near to the royal residence in Samaria.

⁹ his loins. And he said : It is Elijah the Tishbite. Then the king sent to him a captain of fifty, with his fifty. And he went up to him ; and, behold, he was sitting on the top of the mountain. And he spoke to him : Man of God, the ¹⁰ king has said, Come down. And Elijah answered and said to the captain of fifty : If I be a man of God, then let fire come down from heaven, and consume thee and thy fifty. And there came down fire from heaven, and consumed him and ¹¹ his fifty. And again he sent to him, another captain of fifty, with his fifty. And he answered and said to him : Man ¹² of God, thus has the king said : Come down quickly. And Elijah answered and said to them : If I be a man of God, let fire come down from heaven, and consume thee and thy fifty. And the fire of God came down from heaven, and consumed him and his fifty.

¹³ And again he sent a captain of fifty the third time, with his fifty. And the third captain of fifty went up, and came and fell on his knees before Elijah, and besought him, and said to him : Man of God, I pray thee, let my life, and the ¹⁴ life of these fifty thy servants, be precious in thy sight. Behold, there came down fire from heaven, and consumed the two former captains of fifties, with their fifties. And now, let ¹⁵ my life be precious in thy sight. And the angel of Jehovah said to Elijah : Go down with him ; be not afraid of him.

¹⁶ And he arose, and went down with him to the king. And he said to him, thus says Jehovah : Forasmuch as thou hast sent messengers to inquire of Baal-zebub the god of Ekron,—is it not because there is no God in Israel, to inquire of his word,—therefore thou shalt not come down from that bed, to which thou hast gone up, for thou shalt surely die.

¹⁷ And he died according to the word of Jehovah, which Elijah had spoken. And Jehoram reigned in his stead, in the second year of Jehoram the son of Jehoshaphat king of ¹⁸ Judah, because he had no son. Now the rest of the acts

V. 11. *He answered.* On the use of this word, see the writer's note on Job 3 : 2, and on 1 Sam. 9 : 17. Probably the expression of the prophet's countenance, and the fate of the other fifty, moved him to this response, pleading for himself the order of the king.

of Ahaziah which he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel ?

¹ AND it came to pass, when Jehovah caused Elijah to be borne to heaven in a whirlwind, that Elijah went with Elisha
² from Gilgal. And Elijah said to Elisha : Tarry here, I pray thee ; for Jehovah has sent me to Beth-el. And Elisha said : As Jehovah lives, and as thy soul lives, I will not leave thee.
³ So they went down to Beth-el. And the sons of the prophets that were at Beth-el came forth to Elisha ; and they said to him : Knowest thou that Jehovah will take away thy master from thy head to-day ? And he said : Yea, I know it ; hold
⁴ your peace. And Elijah said to him : Elisha, tarry here, I pray thee ; for Jehovah has sent me to Jericho. And he said : As Jehovah lives, and as thy soul lives, I will not
⁵ leave thee. So they came to Jericho. And the sons of the prophets that were at Jericho came to Elisha ; and they said to him : Knowest thou that Jehovah will take away thy master from thy head to-day ? And he answered : Yea, I
⁶ know it ; hold your peace. And Elijah said to him : Tarry, I pray thee, here ; for Jehovah has sent me to the Jordan. And he said : As Jehovah lives, and as thy soul lives, I will
⁷ not leave thee. And they two went on. And fifty men of the sons of the prophets went, and stood over against them
⁸ afar off ; and they two stood by the Jordan. And Elijah took his mantle, and wrapped it together, and smote the waters ; and they were divided hither and thither, and they two passed over on the dry ground.
⁹ And it came to pass, when they were gone over, that Elijah said to Elisha : Ask what I shall do for thee, before I shall be taken away from thee. And Elisha said : I pray
¹⁰ thee, let a double portion of thy spirit be upon me. And he said : Thou hast asked a hard thing. If thou shalt see me when I am taken from thee, it shall be so unto thee ; and if
¹¹ not, it shall not be. And it came to pass, as they still went on and talked, that, behold, a chariot of fire, and horses of fire, and they parted them both asunder ; and Elijah went up in a whirlwind to heaven.

- ¹² And Elisha saw it, and he cried : My father, my father, the chariot of Israel, and the horsemen thereof! And he saw him no more. And he took hold of his own clothes,
- ¹³ and rent them in two pieces. He took up the mantle of Elijah that fell from him ; and he went back, and stood by
- ¹⁴ the bank of the Jordan. And he took the mantle of Elijah that fell from him, and smote the waters, and said : Where is Jehovah, God of Elijah, yea he? And he smote the waters, and they parted hither and thither ; and Elisha
- ¹⁵ passed over. And the sons of the prophets who were at Jericho saw him from the opposite side ; and they said : The spirit of Elijah rests on Elisha. And they came to meet him, and bowed themselves to the ground before him.
- ¹⁶ And they said to him : Behold now, there are with thy servants fifty strong men. Let them go, we pray thee, and seek thy master ; lest the Spirit of Jehovah may have taken him up, and cast him upon some mountain, or into some valley. And he said : Ye shall not send. And they urged him till he was ashamed ; and he said : Send. And they sent fifty
- ¹⁸ men ; and they sought three days, but found him not. And they came back to him, for he remained at Jericho. And he said to them : Did I not say to you, Go not?
- ¹⁹ And the men of the city said to Elisha : Behold, I pray thee, the situation of the city is pleasant, as my lord sees ; but the water is bad, and the locality causes barrenness.
- ²⁰ And he said : Bring me a new cruse, and put salt therein.
- ²¹ And they brought it to him. And he went forth to the fountain of waters, and cast the salt in there, and said, thus says Jehovah : I have healed these waters ; there shall be
- ²² from thence no more death or barrenness. So the waters were healed to this day, according to the word of Elisha which he spoke.
- ²³ And he went up from thence to Beth-el. And as he was going up by the way, there came forth young lads out of the city, and mocked him, and said to him : Go up, bald head ;

V. 14. *Where is Jehovah, God of Elijah?* Will Elijah's God recognize in me the successor of Elijah, and endued with his spirit?

²⁴ go up, bald head. And he turned back, and looked on them, and cursed them in the name of Jehovah. And there came forth two she-bears out of the wood, and tore of them forty ²⁵ and two boys. And he went from thence to mount Carmel ; and from thence he returned to Samaria.

¹ Now Jehoram, the son of Ahab, began to reign over Israel in Samaria, in the eighteenth year of Jehoshaphat king of

² Judah ; and he reigned twelve years. And he did evil in the sight of Jehovah ; only not as his father, and as his mother, and he put away the image of Baal that his father

³ had made. Yet he clave to the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin ; he departed not therefrom.

⁴ And Mesha king of Moab was a sheep-master ; and he rendered to the king of Israel a hundred thousand lambs,

⁵ and the wool of a hundred thousand rams. And it came to pass, when Ahab was dead, that the king of Moab rebelled against the king of Israel.

⁶ And king Jehoram went out from Samaria at that time,

⁷ and numbered all Israel. And he went, and sent to Jehoshaphat the king of Judah, saying : The king of Moab has rebelled against me. Wilt thou go with me against Moab to battle ? And he said : I will go up ; I am as thou art, my

⁸ people as thy people, and my horses as thy horses. And he said : Which way shall we go up ? And he answered : The

⁹ way through the wilderness of Edom. So the king of Israel went, and the king of Judah, and the king of Edom. And they made a circuit of seven days' journey ; and there was no water for the army, and for the cattle that followed them.

¹⁰ And the king of Israel said : Alas, that Jehovah has called these three kings together, to deliver them into the hand of

¹¹ Moab ! And Jehoshaphat said : Is there not here a prophet

VV. 23, 24. These lads had been trained in idolatry. The mockery, with which they greeted the prophet of Jehovah, was not against his person, but against his divine calling ; and he could not let it pass unrebuted, at his approach to the chief seat of idol-worship, without denying, or dissembling, that sacred office. He rebuked their profane scoffs, threatening them with divine judgment, for that is the meaning of the words. The rage and violence of the two she-bears indicates that they had been robbed of their young, and were in pursuit of the plunderers.

of Jehovah, that we may inquire of Jehovah by him? And one of the servants of the king of Israel answered and said : Here is Elisha the son of Shaphat, who poured water on the ¹² hands of Elijah. And Jehoshaphat said : The word of Jehovah is with him. So the king of Israel, and Jehoshaphat, ¹³ and the king of Edom, went down to him. And Elisha said to the king of Israel : What have I to do with thee? Go to the prophets of thy father, and to the prophets of thy mother. And the king of Israel said to him : Nay ; for Jehovah has called these three kings together, to deliver them into the ¹⁴ hand of Moab. And Elisha said : As Jehovah of hosts lives, before whom I stand, surely, were it not that I regard the presence of Jehoshaphat, the king of Judah, I would not ¹⁵ look toward thee, nor see thee. And now bring me a minstrel. And it came to pass, when the minstrel played, that ¹⁶ the hand of Jehovah was upon him. And he said, thus says ¹⁷ Jehovah : Make this valley full of ditches. For thus says Jehovah : Ye shall not see wind, nor shall ye see rain ; and this valley shall be filled with water, that ye may drink, ye, ¹⁸ and your cattle, and your beasts. And this is a light thing in the sight of Jehovah ; he will also give the Moabites into ¹⁹ your hand. And ye shall smite every fenced city, and every choice city, and shall fell every good tree, and stop all fountains of water, and mar every good field with stones. And it came to pass in the morning, at the time of offering sacrifice, that, behold, there came water by the way of Edom, and the country was filled with water.

²¹ And all the Moabites heard that the kings had come up to fight against them ; and they were called together, of all that were able to put on armor and upward, and took their stand ²² on the border. And they rose early in the morning, and the sun had risen upon the water ; and the Moabites saw the ²³ water from the other side, as red as blood. And they said : This is blood. The kings have surely fought together, and

V. 15. He called for a minstrel, that under the influence of the soft and soothing tones of the instrument he might calm his feelings, agitated by the surrounding scenes, and be in a fit state of mind to receive the divine influence.

- have smitten one another ; and now, Moab, to the spoil !
- ²⁴ And they came to the camp of Israel ; and the Israelites rose up and smote the Moabites, who fled before them. And
- ²⁵ they came into it [the land] and smote Moab. And they destroyed the cities, and on every good field they cast every man his stone, and filled it ; and they stopped all the fountains of water, and felled all the good trees ; only in Kir-haraseth were left the stones thereof, and the slingers went about it, and smote it.
- ²⁶ And the king of Moab saw that the battle was too hard for him ; and he took with him seven hundred men that drew swords, to break through to the king of Edom ; and
- ²⁷ they could not. Then he took his eldest son, who would have reigned in his stead, and offered him for a burnt-offering upon the wall. And there was great indignation against Israel ; and they departed from him, and returned to their land.

- ¹ AND a certain woman, of the wives of the sons of the prophets, cried to Elisha, saying : Thy servant my husband is dead ; and thou knowest that thy servant feared Jehovah ; and the creditor has come to take to him my two sons to be
- ² servants. And Elisha said to her : What shall I do for thee ? Tell me, what hast thou in the house ? And she said : Thy handmaid has not anything in the house, except a cruse of
- ³ oil. And he said : Go, borrow for thee vessels abroad from
- ⁴ all thy neighbors, empty vessels ; borrow not a few. And go in, and shut the door upon thee and upon thy sons, and pour out into all those vessels ; and thou shalt set aside that
- ⁵ which is full. And she went from him, and shut the door upon her and upon her sons ; they brought the vessels to her,
- ⁶ while she poured out. And it came to pass, when the ves-

V. 27. Offered him for a *Burnt-offering* ; to Chemosh, the abomination of Moab (1 Kings 11 : 7). This horrible device of heathen superstition was to propitiate the idol god, by the costly sacrifice of what was most precious and most beloved. It brought great indignation upon Israel, who shared the superstition, and who were the cause of this shocking manifestation of it — V. 1. *The creditor has come to take my two sons.* For the law on this subject, see Lev. 25 : 39-41. He did not claim his right under this law, till after the death of the debtor.

sels were full, that she said to her son : Bring me yet another vessel. And he said to her : There is not a vessel more.

⁷ And the oil stayed. Then she came and told the man of God. And he said : Go, sell the oil, and pay thy debt ; and live thou and thy children on the rest.

⁸ And so it was on a day, that Elisha passed over to Shunem. And there was a wealthy woman there ; and she constrained him to eat food. And so it was, that as often as he passed ⁹ by, he turned aside thither to eat food. And she said to her husband : Behold now, I perceive that this is a holy man of ¹⁰ God, who passes by us continually. Let us, I pray thee, make a small upper-chamber on the wall ; and let us set for him there a bed, and a table, and a chair, and a candlestick. And it shall be, when he comes to us, that he shall turn ¹¹ aside thither. And so it was on a day, that he came thither ; and he turned aside into the upper-chamber, and lay there.

¹² And he said to Gehazi his servant : Call this Shunammite. ¹³ And he called her, and she stood before him. And he said to him, say now to her : Behold, thou hast been careful for us with all this care ; what is to be done for thee ? Is there anything to be said for thee to the king, or to the captain of the host ? And she answered : I dwell among my own ¹⁴ people. And he said : What then is to be done for her ? And Gehazi answered : Verily she has no child, and her husband is old. And he said : Call her. And he called her, ¹⁶ and she stood in the door. And he said : At this set time, in the reviving season, thou shalt embrace a son. And she said : Nay, my lord, thou man of God, do not lie to thy ¹⁷ handmaid. And the woman conceived, and bore a son, at that set time in the reviving season, of which Elisha spoke to her.

¹⁸ And the child grew. And so it was on a day, that he ¹⁹ went out to his father, to the reapers. And he said to his

V. 10. *Upper-chamber on the wall*; projecting like a balcony, as often in the East.—V. 12. *Before him*; before Gehazi.—V. 13. *He said to him*; to Gehazi.—V. 16. *This set time*; fixed in the divine purpose.—*In the reviving season*; when this season revives, returns again. The seasons of the year are conceived as dying out and passing away with it, and as reviving again with the succeeding one. (The writer's note on Gen. 18:10.)

father : My head, my head ! And he said to the lad : Carry
²⁰ him to his mother. And he took him, and brought him to
his mother ; and he sat on her knees till noon, and then died.
²¹ And she went up, and laid him on the bed of the man of
²² God, and shut the door upon him, and went out. And she
called to her husband, and said : Send me, I pray thee, one
of the young men, and one of the asses, that I may run to
²³ the man of God, and come again. And he said : Wherefore
wilt thou go to him to-day ? It is not new-moon, nor sab-
²⁴ bath. And she said : It shall be well. And she saddled the
ass, and said to her servant, Drive on, and go forward ;
²⁵ detain me not in riding, except I bid thee. And she went,
and came to the man of God, to mount Carmel. And it
came to pass, when the man of God saw her afar off, that he
said to Gehazi his servant : Behold, the Shunammite there !
²⁶ Run now to meet her, and say to her : Is it well with thee ?
Is it well with thy husband ? Is it well with the child ? And
²⁷ she answered : It is well. And she came to the man of God,
to the mountain ; and she laid hold of his feet. And Gehazi
came near, to thrust her away. And the man of God said :
Let her alone ; for her soul is vexed within her ; and Jehovah
²⁸ has hid it from me, and has not told me. And she said :
Have I asked a son of my lord ? Did I not say : Deceive
²⁹ me not ? Then he said to Gehazi : Gird up thy loins, and
take my staff in thy hand, and go. If thou meetest any
man, salute him not ; and if any man salutes thee, answer
³⁰ him not ; and lay my staff on the face of the child. And the
mother of the child said : As Jehovah lives, and as thy soul
lives, I will not leave thee. And he arose, and followed her.
³¹ And Gehazi passed on before them, and laid the staff on the
face of the child ; and there was no voice, and no heed. And
he went back to meet him, and told him, saying : - The child
³² is not awaked. And Elisha came into the house ; and be-
³³ hold, the child was dead, laid upon his bed. And he went
in, and shut the door upon them both, and prayed to Jeho-
³⁴ vah. And he went up [on the bed] and lay upon the child,
and put his mouth upon his mouth, and his eyes upon his

eyes, and his hands upon his hands, and bowed himself upon him ; and the flesh of the child became warm. Then he returned, and walked in the house to and fro. And he went up, and bowed himself upon him, and the child sneezed seven times ; and the child opened his eyes. And he called to Gehazi, and said : Call to this Shunammite. And he called to her. And she came to him, and he said : Take up thy son. And she went in, and fell at his feet, and bowed herself to the ground ; and she took up her son, and went out.

38 And Elisha came again to Gilgal. And the famine was in the land ; and the sons of the prophets were sitting before him. And he said to his servant : Set on the great pot, and boil pottage for the sons of the prophets. And one went out into the field to gather herbs ; and he found a wild vine, and gathered thereof wild gourds, his mantle full. And he came and shred them into the pot of pottage ; for they knew them not. And they poured out for the men to eat. And it came to pass, as they were eating of the pottage, that they cried out, and said : O man of God, there is death in the pot.

41 And they could not eat of it. And he said : Then bring meal. And he cast it into the pot. And he said : Pour out for the people, that they may eat. And there was no harm in the pot.

42 And there came a man from Baal-shalisha. And he brought to the man of God bread of the first-fruits, twenty loaves of barley, and fresh ears of grain in his sack. And he said : Give to the people, that they may eat. And his assistant said : How should I set this before a hundred men ? He said again : Give to the people, that they may eat. For thus says Jehovah : They shall eat, and shall leave thereof.

44 And he set it before them ; and they ate, and left thereof, according to the word of Jehovah.

V. 36. *She came to him ; to Gehazi, in the outer room. On his saying to her, "take up thy son," intimating his recovery, she went into the prophet's chamber, and fell at his feet ; and she took up her son.*—V. 38. *The famine : as foretold by Elisha. See ch. 8 . 1.*—V. 42. *First-fruits. See Num. 18 : 12, 13 ; Deut. 18 : 1-4. The Levites had left Israel (2 Chron. 11 : 13, 14) ; and pious Israelites gave the first-fruits to Jehovah's prophets.*

¹ Now Naaman, captain of the host of the king of Syria, was a great man with his lord, and honored ; because by him Jehovah had given deliverance to Syria. And the man, a ² mighty warrior, was leprous. And Syrians had gone out by bands, and had brought away captive out of the land of ³ Israel a little maid ; and she waited on Naaman's wife. And she said to her mistress : O that my lord were with the prophet who is in Samaria ! Then would he recover him ⁴ from his leprosy. And he went in, and told his lord, saying : Thus and thus said the maid, that is from the land of Israel. ⁵ And the king of Syria said : Go indeed ; and I will send a letter to the king of Israel. And he went. And he took with him ten talents of silver, and six thousand shekels of ⁶ gold, and ten changes of raiment. And he brought to the king of Israel the letter, saying : Now when this letter is come to thee, behold, I have sent Naaman my servant to ⁷ thee, that thou mayest recover him from his leprosy. And it came to pass, when the king of Israel had read the letter, that he rent his clothes, and said : Am I God, to kill and to make alive, that this man sends to me to recover a man from his leprosy ? For only mark, I pray you, and see how he seeks occasion against me.

⁸ And it was so, when Elisha the man of God heard that the king of Israel rent his clothes, that he sent to the king, saying : Wherefore hast thou rent thy clothes ? Let him come now to me, and he shall know that there is a prophet in ⁹ Israel. And Naaman came, with his horses, and with his chariot ; and he stood at the door of the house of Elisha. ¹⁰ And Elisha sent a messenger to him, saying : Go, and bathe in the Jordan seven times ; and thy flesh shall come again ¹¹ to thee, and thou shalt be clean. And Naaman was wroth,

V. 1. *Given deliverance to Syria.* In a war of independence of which the Assyrian monuments have preserved the only account. This incidental allusion is an interesting corroboration of the minute accuracy of the sacred record.—V. 3. *The prophet who is in Samaria* ; where Elisha was living (ch. 6:32).—V. 10. *Bathe.* So the common version translates the Hebrew word in Lev. 15:5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 18, 21, 22, 27; 16:26, 28; 17:15, 16; Num. 19:7, 8, 19.

and went away. And he said : Behold, I thought, he will surely come out to me, and stand, and call on the name of Jehovah his God, and move his hand over the place, and recover the leper. Are not Abana and Pharpar, rivers of Damascus, better than all the waters of Israel ? May I not bathe in them, and be clean ? And he turned, and went away in a rage. And his servants came near, and spoke to him, and said : My father, if the prophet had bid thee do some great thing, wouldest thou not have done it ? How much more, when he says to thee : Bathe, and be clean ? Then he went down, and dipped himself seven times in the Jordan, according to the saying of the man of God. And his flesh came again, as the flesh of a little child, and he was clean.

15 And he returned to the man of God, he and all his company ; and he came, and stood before him. And he said : Behold, now I know that there is no God in all the earth, but in Israel. And now take, I pray thee, a present from thy servant. But he said : As Jehovah lives, before whom I stand, I will receive none. And he urged him to take it ; but he refused. And Naaman said : Shall there not then, I pray thee, be given to thy servant two mules' burden of earth ? For thy servant will no more offer burnt-offering or sacrifice to other gods, but to Jehovah. In this thing Jehovah pardon thy servant ; when my master goes into the house of Rimmon to worship there, and he leans on my hand, and I bow myself in the house of Rimmon ; when I bow myself in the house of Rimmon, Jehovah pardon thy servant in this thing. And he said to him : Go in peace.

20 And he had gone from him a little way. And Gehazi, the servant of Elisha the man of God, said : Behold, my master has spared Naaman, this Syrian, in not taking from his hand

V. 17. *Two mules' burden of earth.* That he might sacrifice to Jehovah on soil consecrated to him.—V. 18. *To worship there,* by bowing himself. *And I bow myself,*—bodily, not as an act of worship, nor with the homage of the heart. This, he trusted, Jehovah would permit. He bore in his person the proof, to king and people, of Jehovah's supremacy; and he would acknowledge no other in his own public religious rites. He hoped to be pardoned for a simply official act, which to him was otherwise an unmeaning ceremony, and was so understood by others.

that which he brought. As Jehovah lives, I will run after
²¹ him, and take somewhat from him. And Gehazi hastened
 after Naaman. And Naaman saw one running after him,
 and he alighted from the chariot to meet him ; and he said :
²² Is all well ? And he said : All is well. My master has sent
 me, and says : Behold, there have just now come to me, from
 mount Ephraim, two young men of the sons of the prophets ;
 give them, I pray thee, a talent of silver, and two changes
²³ of raiment. And Naaman said : Let it please thee, take two
 talents. And he urged him ; and he bound two talents of
 silver in two bags, and two changes of raiment, and gave
 them to two of his servants ; and they bore them before him.
²⁴ And he came to the hill ; and he took them from their hand,
 and laid them up in the house. And he let the men go, and
²⁵ they departed. And he came in, and stood before his master.
 And Elisha said to him : From whence, Gehazi ? And he
²⁶ said : Thy servant went not any-whither. And he said to
 him : Went not my heart, when the man turned back from
 his chariot to meet thee ? Was it a time to take silver, and
 to take garments, and olive-trees, and vineyards, and sheep,
²⁷ and oxen, and men-servants, and maid-servants ? And the
 leprosy of Naaman shall cleave to thce, and to thy seed for-
 ever. And he went out from his presence leprous, white as
 snow.

¹ AND the sons of the prophets said to Elisha : Behold now,
² the place where we dwell with thee is too strait for us. Let
 us go, we pray thee, to the Jordan, and take thence every
 man a beam ; and let us there make for us a place, that we
³ may dwell there. And he answered : Go. And one said :
 Be pleased, I pray thee, to go with thy servants. And he
⁴ answered : I will go. And he went with them. And they
⁵ came to the Jordan, and cut down trees. And as one was
 felling a beam, the axe-head fell into the water. And he
 cried out, and said : Alas, master ! For it was borrowed.
⁶ And the man of God said : Where fell it ? And he showed
 him the place. And he cut down a stick, and cast it in

⁷ thither, and made the iron swim. And he said : Raise it up to thee. And he put out his hand, and took it.

⁸ And the king of Syria was warring against Israel. And he took counsel with his servants, saying : In such and such

⁹ a place shall be my camp. And the man of God sent to the king of Israel, saying : Beware that thou pass not this place ;

¹⁰ for thither the Syrians are coming down. And the king of Israel sent to the place, of which the man of God told him and warned him, and protected himself there, not once nor

¹¹ twice. And the heart of the king of Syria was troubled by this thing. And he called his servants, and said to them : Will ye not show me, who of them that belong to us are for

¹² the king of Israel ? And one of his servants said : Not so, my lord, the king. But Elisha, the prophet that is in Israel, tells the king of Israel the words that thou speakest in thy bed-chamber.

¹³ And he said : Go, and see where he is, that I may send and fetch him. And it was told him, saying : Behold, he is

¹⁴ in Dothan. And he sent thither horses, and chariots, and a great host. And they came by night, and encompassed the

¹⁵ city. And the servant of the man of God rose early, and went forth ; and, behold, a host encompassed the city, and horses and chariots. And his servant said to him : Alas, my

¹⁶ master ! How shall we do ? And he answered : Fear not ; for more are they that are with us than they that are with

¹⁷ them. And Elisha prayed, and said : Jehovah, I pray thee, open his eyes, that he may see. And Jehovah opened the eyes of the young man ; and he saw and, behold, the hill was full of horses and chariots of fire round about Elisha.

¹⁸ And they came down to him. And Elisha prayed to Jehovah, and said : Smite this people, I pray thee, with blindness. And he smote them with blindness, according to the word of Elisha.

¹⁹ And Elisha said to them : This is not the way, nor is this

V. 18. *And they came down to him ; from the opposite heights.*—V. 19. There was deception here, justifiable in dealing with an enemy, but no falsehood. It was not his city that they had come to; and to that he led them, and to the man they were seeking. It was a clever stratagem, and turned out to the injury of no one; only thwarting the wicked design of the Syrian king.

the city. Follow me, and I will bring you to the man whom
²⁰ ye seek. And he led them to Samaria. And it came to pass, when they were come to Samaria, that Elisha said : Jehovah, open the eyes of these men, that they may see. And Jehovah opened their eyes, and they saw ; and, behold, they were
²¹ in the midst of Samaria. And the king of Israel said to Elisha, when he saw them : My father, shall I smite them,
²² smite them ? And he answered : Thou shalt not smite them. Thou smitest those whom thou hast taken captive with thy sword and with thy bow. Set bread and water before them,
²³ that they may eat and drink, and go to their master. And he prepared a great feast for them. And they ate and drank, and he let them go, and they went to their master. And the bands of Syria came no more into the land of Israel.
²⁴ And it came to pass after this, that Ben-hadad king of Syria gathered all his host, and went up, and laid siege to
²⁵ Samaria. And there was a great famine in Samaria. And, behold, they laid siege to it, until an ass's head was sold for fourscore shekels of silver, and the fourth part of a cab of
²⁶ dove's dung for five shekels of silver. And the king of Israel was passing along upon the wall, and a woman cried
²⁷ to him, saying : Help, my lord, the king. And he said : If Jehovah do not help thee, whence shall I help thee ? Out
²⁸ of the threshing-floor, or out of the wine-press ? And the king said to her : What wilt thou ? And she answered : This woman said to me : Give thy son, that we may eat him
²⁹ to-day ; and we will eat my son to-morrow. And we boiled my son, and did eat him. And I said to her on the next day : Give thy son, that we may eat him ; and she has hid her son.
³⁰ And it came to pass, when the king heard the words of the woman, that he rent his clothes. And he was passing along upon the wall ; and the people saw, and, behold, he had
³¹ sackcloth within upon his flesh. And he said : God do so and more also to me, if the head of Elisha the son of Shaphat
³² shall stand on him this day. And Elisha was sitting in his

V. 25. Cab. A measure, supposed to hold about two quarts.

house, and the elders were sitting with him. And the king sent a man from before him. The messenger had not yet come to him ; and he said to the elders : See, how this son of a murderer has sent to take away my head ? Look, when the messenger comes, shut the door, and hold him fast at the door. Is not the sound of his master's feet behind him ?

³³ He was yet talking with them, and, behold, the messenger came down to him. And he [the king] said : Behold, this evil is from Jehovah ; why should I wait for Jehovah any longer ?

¹ And Elisha said : Hear ye the word of Jehovah. Thus says Jehovah : To-morrow, about this time, shall a seah of fine flour be sold for a shekel, and two seahs of barley for a ² shekel, in the gate of Sainaria. And the officer, on whose hand the king leaned, answered the man of God, and said : Behold, if Jehovah should make windows in heaven, could this thing be ? And he said : Behold, thou shalt see it with thine eyes, but shalt not eat thereof.

³ And there were four leprous men at the entering in of the gate. And they said one to another : Why sit we here until ⁴ we die ? If we say : We will enter into the city ; the famine is in the city, and we shall die there ; and if we sit here, we shall die. Now then, come ; and let us go over to the camp of the Syrians. If they let us live, we shall live ; and if they ⁵ kill us, we shall but die. And they rose up in the twilight, to go to the camp of the Syrians. And they came to the outskirts of the camp of Syria, and, behold, there was no ⁶ man there. For the Lord had caused the host of the Syrians to hear a noise of chariots, and a noise of horses, the noise of a great army. And they said one to another : Lo ! the king of Israel has hired against us the kings of the Hittites,

V 32. *The elders* ; namely, of the city of Samaria, ch. 10 : 1, 5 ; or, perhaps, of the whole land, once before assembled in a like emergency, 1 Kin's 20 : 7.—*Hold him fast at the door.* Detain him there, till the arrival of his master ; the sound of whose feet is anticipated by Elisha's prophetic ear.—V. 33. *And he [the king] said.* That he was present, and heard the prophet's answer to these words, is shown by the two following verses, and by v. 18 of the next chapter, “as the man of God had spoken to the king.”—*Why should I wait for Jehovah?* In these words there is a glimmering of hope, that Jehovah may yet interpose.—V. 1. *Seah.* A measure of quantity, containing nearly three gallons.

7 and the kings of the Egyptians, to come upon us. And they rose up, and fled in the twilight. And they left their tents, and their horses, and their asses, and the camp as it was, and
 8 fled for their life. And these lepers came to the outskirts of the camp. And they went into a tent, and ate and drank ; and they carried thence silver, and gold, and raiment, and went and hid it. And they came again, and entered into
 9 another tent, and carried thence, and went and hid it. And they said one to another : We do not well. This day is a day of good tidings, and we hold our peace. If we wait till the morning light, punishment will overtake us. Now then,
 10 come ; let us go, and tell it in the house of the king. And they came, and called the gate-keeper of the city. And they told them, saying : We came to the camp of the Syrians, and, behold, there was no man, nor sound of man ; but horses
 11 tied, and asses tied, and the tents as they were. And he called the gate-keepers ; and they told it within the king's house.
 12 And the king arose in the night, and said to his servants : Let me tell you now what the Syrians have done to us. They know that we are famished ; and they go out of the camp to hide themselves in the field, saying : When they come out of the city, we shall seize them alive, and get into
 13 the city. And one of his servants answered and said : Let some take, I pray thee, five of the horses left, that are left in it,—behold, they are as all the multitude of Israel that are left in it, behold, as all the multitude of Israel that are con-
 14 sumed,—and let us send, and see. And they took two chariots with horses ; and the king sent them after the host
 15 of the Syrians, saying : Go, and see. And they went after them to the Jordan. And, lo ! all the way was full of garments and vessels, which the Syrians cast away in their hasty flight. And the messengers returned, and told it to the king.
 16 And the people went out, and plundered the camp of the

V. 13 *They are as all the multitude of Israel.* They cannot fare worse, whatever they may suffer from the enemy, than all whom they leave behind to perish of hunger, or all the multitude who have already perished.

Syrians. So a seah of fine flour was sold for a shekel, and two seahs of barley for a shekel, according to the word of Jehovah.

¹⁷ And the king appointed the officer, on whose hand he leaned, to have charge of the gate. And the people trode upon him in the gate, and he died ; as the man of God had said, who spoke when the king came down to him. And it came to pass as the man of God had spoken to the king, saying : Two seahs of barley for a shekel, and a seah of fine flour for a shekel, shall be to-morrow about this time in the gate of Samaria. And that officer answered the man of God, and said : Now, behold, if Jehovah should make windows in heaven, could such a thing be ? And he said : Behold, thou shalt see it with thine eyes, but shalt not eat thereof. And so it befell him ; for the people trode upon him in the gate, and he died.

¹ AND Elisha spoke to the woman, whose son he restored to life, saying : Arise and go, thou and thy household, and sojourn wheresoever thou canst sojourn. For Jehovah has called for a famine ; and it shall come upon the land seven years. And the woman arose, and did according to the word of the man of God. And she went, she and her household, and sojourned in the land of the Philistines, seven years. ³ And it came to pass at the end of the seven years, that the woman returned out of the land of the Philistines ; and she went forth to cry unto the king, for her house and for her land. And the king was talking with Gehazi, the servant of the man of God, saying : Tell me, I pray thee, all the great things that Elisha has done. And it came to pass, as he was relating to the king that he restored a dead body to life, that behold, the woman, whose son he restored to life, cried to the king for her house and for her land. And Gehazi said : My lord, the king, this is the woman, and this is her

V. 1. What follows occurred before that which is related in the fifth chapter.—*Whose son he restored to life.* See ch. 4 : 8-37.—*A famine.* See ch. 4 : 98.—V. 3. *For her house and for her land* (compare ch. 4 : 8, 18), of which some one had taken possession in her seven years' absence.

⁶ son, whom Elisha restored to life. And the king inquired of the woman ; and she related it to him. And the king granted to her an officer, saying : Restore all that was hers, and all the fruits of the field from the day that she left the land, and until now.

⁷ And Elisha came to Damascus. And Ben-hadad, the king of Syria, was sick ; and it was told him, saying : The man ⁸ of God is come hither. And the king said to Hazael : Take a present in thy hand, and go, meet the man of God ; and inquire of Jehovah by him, saying : Shall I recover from ⁹ this disease ? And Hazael went to meet him. And he took a present with him, and every good thing of Damascus, forty camels' burden, and came and stood before him, and said : Thy son Ben-hadad, king of Syria, has sent me to thee, saying : Shall I recover from this disease ? And Elisha said to him : Go, say to him : Thou mayest certainly recover. But ¹¹ Jehovah has showed me, that he shall surely die. And he settled his countenance steadily upon him, until he was ashamed ; ¹² and the man of God wept. And Hazael said : Why weeps my lord ? And he answered : Because I know the evil that thou wilt do to the children of Israel. Their strong-holds thou wilt set on fire, and their young men thou wilt slay with the sword, and wilt dash in pieces their children, and rip up ¹³ their women with child. And Hazael said : What then is thy servant, the dog, that he should do this great thing ? And Elisha answered : Jehovah has showed me that thou shalt be ¹⁴ king over Syria. And he departed from Elisha, and came to his lord. And he said to him : What said Elisha to thee ? And he answered : He told me that thou shouldst surely

V. 10. *Thou mayest recover* ; namely, from this disease ; it will not be the cause of death. This was true; see v. 15.—The earlier English versions (Coverdale, Matthews, Cranmer, Taverner, Genevan, Bishops') translate, “*Thou shalt recover*.” The Bishops' version, following the Genevan, has the marginal note, “Meaning that he should not die of that disease ; yet he should die by the hand of Hazael the messenger.”—Some Hebraists now translate, “Say to him, thou shalt surely live ; but [to Hazael] Jehovah has showed me, that he shall surely die.” The message to the king is an answer to his question, “shall I recover from this disease” ; and the message means, this illness is not unto death. That he should die by other means, was no answer to the question ; but it concerned Hazael, as showing him that Jehovah read his most secret thoughts. That the king was in the way of recovery, is evident from Hazael's haste to remove him.—V. 13. *Thou shall be king over Syria*. See 1 Kings 19 : 15-17.

¹⁵ recover. And it came to pass on the morrow, that he took the thick-woven cover, and dipped it in the water, and spread it on his face, so that he died. And Hazael reigned in his stead.

¹⁶ And in the fifth year of Joram, the son of Ahab king of Israel, Jehoshaphat being then king of Judah, Jehoram the ¹⁷ son of Jehoshaphat king of Judah began to reign. Thirty and two years old was he when he began to reign ; and he ¹⁸ reigned eight years in Jerusalem. And he walked in the way of the kings of Israel, as did the house of Ahab ; for he had a daughter of Ahab for a wife ; and he did evil in the ¹⁹ sight of Jehovah. Yet Jehovah would not destroy Judah for the sake of David his servant ; as he said to him, that he would give him a light at all times in his offspring.

²⁰ In his days Edom revolted from under the hand of Judah, ²¹ and made a king over themselves. And Jehoram went over to Zair, and all the chariots with him. And he rose up by night, and smote the Edomites who had surrounded him, and the captains of the chariots ; and the people fled to their tents.

²² And Edom revolted from under the hand of Judah to this ²³ day. Then Libnah revolted, at the same time. And the rest of the acts of Jehoram, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah ?

²⁴ And Jehoram lay down with his fathers. And he was buried with his fathers in the city of David. And Ahaziah his son reigned in his stead.

²⁵ In the twelfth year of Joram, the son of Ahab king of Israel, did Ahaziah the son of Jehoram king of Judah begin ²⁶ to reign. Two and twenty years old was Ahaziah, when he began to reign ; and he reigned one year in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Athaliah, the daughter of Omri king

V. 16. The most probable solution of the chronological difficulty is that of Keil: "Jehoram became king in the fifth year of Joram king of Israel (Jehoshaphat having while yet king made over to him the government) and reigned eight years, two before his father's death, and eight years after it." (*Keil, on the passage.*)—V. 21. He seems to have penetrated to the interior of Edom, and was there surrounded. In a night attack he broke through the enemy, and retreated to his own land.—V. 26. *Daughter* (granddaughter) of *Omri*. She was a daughter of Ahab (v. 18); but is here called the daughter (descendant) of *Omri*, because he was the more renowned of the two.

²⁷ of Israel. And he walked in the way of the house of Ahab, and did evil in the sight of Jehovah, as did the house of Ahab ; for he was connected by marriage with the house of Ahab.

²⁸ And he went with Joram, the son of Ahab, to the war against Hazael king of Syria, in Ramoth-gilead ; and the

²⁹ Syrians wounded Joram. And Joram the king went back, to be healed in Jezreel of the wounds which the Syrians gave him at Ramah, when he fought against Hazael king of Syria. And Ahaziah, the son of Jehoram king of Judah, went down to see Joram the son of Ahab in Jezreel, because he was sick.

¹ AND Elisha the prophet called one of the sons of the prophets, and said to him : Gird up thy loins, and take this
² vial of oil in thy hand, and go to Ramoth-gilead. And when thou comest thither, look there for Jehu the son of Jehosaphat the son of Nimshi ; and go in, and have him rise up from among his fellows, and lead him into an inner chamber ;
³ and take the vial of oil, and pour it on his head, and say, thus says Jehovah : I anoint thee king over Israel. Then open the door and flee, and tarry not.

⁴ And the young man, the servant of the prophet, went to
⁵ Ramoth-gilead. And when he came, behold, the captains of the host were sitting. And he said : I have an errand to thee, Captain. And Jehu said : To which of us all ? And
⁶ he said : To thee, Captain. And he arose, and went into the house. And he poured the oil on his head, and said to him, thus says Jehovah, God of Israel : I anoint thee king over
⁷ the people of Jehovah, over Israel. And thou shalt smite the house of Ahab thy lord. And I will avenge the blood

V. 27. Compare 2 Chron. 22 : 3, 4.—V. 2. *Jehu*. The personal character, and the extraordinary official career, of this remarkable man are well exhibited in the article *Jehu*, of Smith's *Bible Dictionary*. He is first made known in history as one of the body-guard of Ahab, when with his comrade Bidkar (v. 25) he heard the warning of Elijah, 1 Kings 21 : 23. His early youth had marked him for important service in the State; and Elijah was directed to anoint him to be king over Israel, 1 Kings 19 : 16, which from some cause was deferred. In the interval he rose to great distinction in the army, and at the siege of Ramoth-gilead was captain of the host. His personal character is represented as a "union of intrepid daring, profound secrecy and dissimulation, with a stern, fanatic, wayward zeal; an instrument for accomplishing great purposes, rather than as great or good in himself."

of my servants the prophets, and the blood of all the servants of Jehovah, at the hand of Jezebel. And all the house of Ahab shall perish ; and I will cut off from Ahab every male, bond and free, in Israel. And I will make the house of Ahab like the house of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, and like the house of Baasha the son of Ahijah. And the dogs shall eat Jezebel in the field of Jezreel, and none shall bury her. And he opened the door, and fled.

11 And Jehu came forth to the servants of his lord. And one said to him : Is all well ? Wherefore came this mad fellow to thee ? And he said to them : Ye know the man, and 12 his errand. And they said : Deception ! Tell us now. And he said, thus and thus he spoke to me, saying : Thus says 13 Jehovah, I anoint thee king over Israel. Then they hasted, and took every man his garment, and put it under him on the bare steps ; and they blew with the trumpet, saying : 14 Jehu is king. So Jehu, the son of Jehoshaphat the son of Nimshi, conspired against Joram.—Now Joram had kept Ramoth-gilead, he and all Israel, against Hazael king of 15 Syria. But king Joram returned to be healed in Jezreel of the wounds which the Syrians gave him, when he fought with Hazael king of Syria.—And Jehu said : If it be your mind, let no fugitive go forth out of the city, to go and tell 16 it in Jezreel. And Jehu rode in a chariot, and went to Jezreel ; for Joram lay there, and Ahaziah king of Judah had 17 come down to see Joram. And the watchman stood on the tower in Jezreel. And he spied the company of Jehu as he came, and said : I see a company. And Joram said : Take a horseman, and send to meet them, and let him say : Is it 18 peace ? And there went one on horseback to meet him, and said, thus says the king : Is it peace ? And Jehu said : What hast thou to do with peace ? Turn thee behind me. And the watchman told, saying : The messenger came to them ; 19 and he comes not back. Then he sent out a second on horse-

V. 11. *Ye know the man, and his errand :* suspecting that they had some part in it.—

V. 12. *Deception !* In their turn, suspecting some secret plot, withheld from them for reasons of his own. The next verse shows their confidence in him as a leader.

back, who came to them, and said, thus says the king : Is it peace ? And Jehu answered : What hast thou to do with
 20 peace ? Turn thee behind me. And the watchman told, saying : He came even unto them ; and he comes not back. And the driving is like the driving of Jehu the son of Nimshi ; for he drives furiously. And Joram said : Make ready. And his chariot was made ready. And Joram king of Israel and Ahaziah king of Judah went out, each in his chariot ; and they went out to meet Jehu, and they found him in the
 21 field of Naboth the Jezreelite. And it came to pass, when Joram saw Jehu, that he said : Is it peace, Jehu ? And he answered : What peace, during the harlotries of Jezebel thy
 22 mother, and her many sorceries ? And Joram turned his hands, and fled ; and he said to Ahaziah : Treachery, Aha-
 23 ziah ! And Jehu grasped the bow with his full hand ; and he smote Joram between his arms, and the arrow went
 24 out at his heart, and he sunk down in his chariot. And he said to Bidkar his captain : Take up, and cast him into the portion of the field of Naboth the Jezreelite. For remember, when I and thou were riding two by two after Ahab his
 25 father, and Jehovah laid this burden upon him :—Surely I have yesterday seen the blood of Naboth, and the blood of his sons, says Jehovah ; and I will requite thee in this field, says Jehovah. And now take up, and cast him into the field, according to the word of Jehovah.
 26
 27 And Ahaziah the king of Judah saw it, and he fled by the way of the garden-house. And Jehu followed after him, and said : Him also ! Smite him in the chariot at the ascent of Gur (which is by Ibleam). And he fled to Megiddo, and
 28 died there. And his servants carried him in a chariot to Jerusalem ; and they buried him in his sepulchre with his
 29 fathers, in the city of David.—And in the eleventh year of Joram, the son of Ahab, began Ahaziah to reign over Judah.—

V. 24. *With his full hand.* The bow (belonging to the chariot) filled his hand, showing its great size and strength.—V. 27. *At the ascent of Gur;* where his flight would be retarded.—*Which is by Ibleam;* the historian's explanation.

³⁰ And Jehu came to Jezreel. And Jezebel heard of it ; and she painted her eyes, and attired her head, and looked ³¹ out at the window. And Jehu came in at the gate. And ³² she said : Had Zimri peace, who slew his lord ? And he raised his face toward the window, and said : Who is on my side ? Who ? And there looked out to him two, three ³³ eunuchs. And he said : Throw her down. And they threw her down. And some of her blood was sprinkled on the ³⁴ wall, and on the horses, and he trode her under foot. And he came in, and ate and drank. And he said : Go, see now to this cursed woman, and bury her ; for she is a king's ³⁵ daughter. And they went to bury her. And they found no more of her than the skull, and the feet, and the palms ³⁶ of the hands. And they came back, and told it to him. And he said : This is the word of Jehovah, which he spoke by his servant Elijah the Tishbite, saying : In the field of ³⁷ Jezreel shall the dogs eat the flesh of Jezebel. And the carcass of Jezebel shall be as dung upon the face of the ground in the field of Jezreel ; so that they shall not say : This is Jezebel.

¹ AND Ahab had seventy sons in Samaria. And Jehu wrote letters, and sent them to Samaria, to the rulers of Jezreel, the elders, and to the guardians of Ahab's children, ² saying : Now when this letter comes to you, as your lord's sons are with you, and there are with you chariots and ³ horses, a fenced city also, and armour ; look out the best and fittest of the sons of your lord, and set him on the throne ⁴ of his father, and fight for your master's house. And they were exceedingly afraid. And they said : Behold, two kings ⁵ did not stand before him ; how then shall we stand ? And he that was over the house, and he that was over the city, the elders also, and the guardians, sent to Jehu, saying : We are

V. 30. *Painted her eyes* ; around or upon the eyes, to give them more expression, still practiced in the East, and common among the ancient Egyptians. She purposed to overawe the plain warrior, by her queenly aspect and demeanor.—V. 31. *Zimri*. 1 Kings 16: 9-18. —V. 32. *Two, three eunuchs* ; two at one moment, and at another three.—V. 34. *She is a king's daughter* ; 1 Kings 16: 31.—V. 36. See 1 Kings 21: 29.

thy servants ; and all that thou shalt say to us we will do. We will not make any one king ; do thou that which is good ⁶ in thine eyes. Then he wrote to them a second letter, saying : If ye are for me, and will hearken to my voice, take the heads of the men your master's sons, and come to me to Jezreel, about this time to-morrow. Now the king's sons, seventy persons, were with the great men of the city, who ⁷ brought them up. And so it was, when the letter came to them, that they took the king's sons, and slew seventy persons ; and they put their heads in baskets, and sent them to him to Jezreel.

⁸ And the messenger came, and told him, saying : They have brought the heads of the king's sons. And he said : Lay them in two heaps, at the entrance of the gate, until the ⁹ morning. And it came to pass in the morning, that he went out, and stood, and said to all the people : Ye are just. Behold, I conspired against my lord, and slew him ; and who ¹⁰ has slaiu all these ? Know now that there shall not fall to the earth any part of Jechovah's word, which Jechovah has spoken concerning the house of Ahab. For Jechovah has ¹¹ done that which he spoke by his servant Elijah. And Jehu slew all that remained of the house of Ahab in Jezreel ; and all his great men, and his acquaintance, and his priests, until he left him none remaining.

¹² And he arose and departed, and came to Samaria. He ¹³ was at the shearing-house on the way ; and Jehu met with the brethren of Ahaziah, king of Judah, and he said : Who are ye ? And they answered : We are the brethren of Ahaziah ; and we go down to salute the children of the king, ¹⁴ and the children of the queen. And he said : Seize them alive. And they seized them alive, and slew them at the pit by the shearing-house, two and forty men ; and he left not one of them.

¹⁵ And he departed thence ; and he found Jehonadab the

V. 15. *Jehonadab the son of Rechab.* He was the founder of the austere sect of the Rechabites, commemorated by Jeremiah (ch. 35 : 2-19). "As the head of a religious community, it was of great importance for Jehu to have him on his side, and to be accompanied by him to

son of Rechab coming to meet him. And he saluted him, and said to him : Is thy heart sincere, as my heart is with thy heart ? And Jehonadab answered : It is, it is ; give me thy hand. And he gave him his hand, and made him come ¹⁶ up to him into the chariot. And he said : Go with me, and see my zeal for Jehovah. So they made him ride in his ¹⁷ chariot. And he came to Samaria. And he slew all that remained to Ahab in Samaria, till he had destroyed him, according to the saying of Jehovah, which he spoke to Elijah.

¹⁸ And Jehu gathered all the people together, and said to them : Ahab served Baal a little ; Jehu will serve him much.

¹⁹ And now call to me all the prophets of Baal, all his servants, and all his priests ; let none be wanting. For I have a great sacrifice to make to Baal ; whosoever shall be wanting, he shall not live. And Jehu did it in subtilty, to the intent that he

²⁰ might destroy the worshippers of Baal. And Jehu said : Proclaim a solemn assembly for Baal. And they proclaimed

²¹ it. And Jehu sent through all Israel ; and all the worshippers of Baal came, so that there was not a man left that came not. And they came into the house of Baal ; and the

²² house of Baal was full, from one end to the other. And he said to him who was over the wardrobe : Bring out clothing for all the worshippers of Baal. And he brought out raiment for

²³ them. And Jehu went, and Jehonadab the son of Rechab, into the house of Baal. And he said to the worshippers of Baal : Search, and see that there are none here with you of the worshippers of Jehovah, but the worshippers of Baal ²⁴ only. And they went in to offer sacrifices and burnt-offerings.

And Jehu had fourscore men stationed for him without. And he said : The man who lets one escape, of the men I bring into your hands, his life shall answer for the life of ²⁵ him. And it came to pass, when he had made an end of offering the burnt-offering, that Jehu said to the guard and

Samaria." (Baehr, in *Lange's Commentary*.)—*To meet him.* This expression, as in Judges 11 : 31 (see the note on the passage), does not in itself imply a purpose or intention of meeting, but only a concurrence, accidental or intended.—V. 24. *And they went in;* namely, Baal's priests.

to the captains : Go in, slay them ; let not a man go out. And they smote them with the edge of the sword ; and the guard and the captains cast them out. And they went to
²⁶ the sanctuary of the house of Baal. And they brought out
²⁷ the images out of the house of Baal, and burned them. And they broke down the image of Baal ; and they broke down
²⁸ the house of Baal, and made it a dunghill unto this day. And
²⁹ Jehu cut off Baal from Israel. But the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin, Jehu turned not from following them, the golden calves that were in Beth-el, and that were in Dan.

³⁰ And Jehovah said to Jehu : Because thou hast well executed that which was right in mine eyes, hast done to the house of Ahab according to all that was in my heart, therefore thy children of the fourth generation shall sit on the
³¹ throne of Israel. But Jehu took not heed to walk in the law of Jehovah, God of Israel, with all his heart. He departed not from the sins of Jeroboam, who caused Israel to sin.

³² In those days Jehovah began to cut off parts of Israel.
³³ And Hazael smote them in all the borders of Israel ; from the Jordan toward the sun-rising, all the land of Gilead, the Gadites, and the Reubenites, and the Manassites, from Aroer which is by the river Arnon, even Gilead and Bashan.

³⁴ Now the rest of the acts of Jehu, and all that he did, and all his might, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel ? And Jehu lay down with his fathers ; and they buried him in Samaria. And Jehoahaz
³⁵ his son reigned in his stead. And the time that Jehu reigned over Israel was twenty and eight years, in Samaria.

- ¹ AND when Athaliah the mother of Ahaziah saw that her son was dead, she arose and destroyed all the seed royal.
² But Jechosheba, the daughter of king Joram, sister of Ahaziah, took Jehoash the son of Ahaziah, and stole him from

V. 25. *Sanctuary* ; the temple proper, containing the images of the idol-gods, in distinction from the outer courts, together constituting the house of Baal.

among the king's sons who were slain, and put him and his nurse in the store-room ; and they hid him from Athaliah,
² so that he was not slain. And he was with her hid in the house of Jehovah six years. And Athaliah reigned over the land.

⁴ And in the seventh year Jehoiada sent and fetched the rulers over centurions of the executioners and the guard, and brought them to him into the house of Jehovah. And he made a covenant with them, and took an oath of them in the house of Jehovah, and showed them the king's son.
⁵ And he commanded them, saying : This is the thing that ye shall do. A third part of those of you that enter in on the sabbath shall be keepers of the watch of the king's house ;
⁶ and a third part shall be at the gate Sur ; and a third part at the gate behind the guard. And ye shall keep the watch
⁷ of the house, to ward off. And two divisions of all you that go forth on the sabbath, they shall keep the watch of the
⁸ house of Jehovah about the king. And ye shall compass the king round about, every man with his weapons in his hand ; and he that comes within the ranks, let him be slain ; and be ye with the king as he goes out and as he comes in.
⁹ And the centurions did according to all that Jehoiada the priest commanded. And they took each his men that were to come in on the sabbath, with them that should go out on
¹⁰ the sabbath, and came to Jehoiada the priest. And to the centurions the priest gave king David's spears and shields,
¹¹ that were in the temple of Jehovah. And the guard stood, every man with his weapons in his hand, from the right wing of the house unto the left wing of the house, to the altar and
¹² to the temple, round about the king. And he brought out the king's son, and put upon him the crown and the testi-

VV. 5-8. "Jehoiada's plan was to take military possession of the two places, which were of prime importance, the palace and the temple. In the latter was the young prince, who was then to be crowned and anointed ; in the former was the throne, of which he was to take possession. Vers. 5 and 6 treat of taking possession of the palace ; vers. 7 and 8 of that of the temple." (Buehr in *Lange's Commentary*).—V. 11. Two lines of soldiers, one from each wing of the palace, extended across the court to the altar and to the temple, there surrounding the king's son as he was brought out (v. 12).—V. 12. *The testimony.* Probably a copy of the law or portion of it, kept in the ark of the covenant ; Ex. 25 : 21 ; Deut. 31 : 26.

mony. And they made him king, and anointed him ; and they clapped their hands, and said : Long live the king.

¹³ And Athaliah heard the noise of the guard and of the people ; and she came to the people, into the house of Jeho-

¹⁴ vah. And she looked, and, behold, the king stood on the platform, as was the custom, and the captains and the trumpeters by the king ; and all the people of the land were rejoicing, and blowing with trumpets. And Athaliah rent her

¹⁵ clothes, and cried : Treason, treason. And Jehoiada the priest commanded the centurions, the officers of the host, and said to them : Bring her out between the ranks ; and him that follows her kill with the sword. For the priest

¹⁶ said : Let her not be slain in the house of Jehovah. And they made way for her on either hand ; and she went by the way of the horses' entrance into the king's house. And there she was slain.

¹⁷ And Jehoiada made the covenant between Jehovah and the king and the people, that they should be Jehovah's

¹⁸ people ; and between the king and the people. And all the people of the land went into the house of Baal, and tore it down ; his altars and his images they broke in pieces wholly ; and they slew Mattan the priest of Baal before the altars. And the priest placed a watch over the house of Jehovah.

¹⁹ And he took the centurions, and the executioners, and the guard, and all the people of the land ; and they brought down the king from the house of Jehovah, and came by the way of the gate of the guard to the king's house. And he

²⁰ sat on the throne of the kings. And all the people of the land rejoiced, and the city was quiet. And Athaliah, they had slain with the sword, at the king's house.

²¹ Seven years old was Jehoash when he began to reign.

¹ IN the seventh year of Jehu, Jehoash began to reign ; and he reigned forty years in Jerusalem. And his

² mother's name was Zibiah of Beer-sheba. And Jehoash did that which was right in the sight of Jehovah, all his

³ days during which Jehoiada the priest instructed him. But the high places were not taken away. The people still sacrificed, and burned incense, in the high places.

⁴ And Jehoash said to the priests: All the money from things dedicated that is brought into the house of Jehovah, the money of every one numbered, the money at which any one is estimated, and all the money that it comes into any man's ⁵ heart to bring into the house of Jehovah, let the priests take it to them, every man from his acquaintance ; and let them repair any breach in the house, wheresoever a breach shall ⁶ be found. And it was so, that in the three and twentieth year of king Jehoash, the priests had not repaired the ⁷ breaches of the house. Then king Jehoash called for Jehoiada the priest, and the other priests, and said to them : Why do ye not repair the breaches of the house ? And now ye shall take no money from your acquaintance, but ⁸ ye shall give it for the breaches of the house. And the priests consented not to receive money from the people, nor ⁹ to repair the breaches of the house. And Jehoiada the priest took a chest, and bored a hole in the lid thereof, and set it beside the altar, on the right side as one comes into the house of Jehovah. And the priests that guarded the threshold put therein all the money that was brought into the house ¹⁰ of Jehovah. And it was so, when they saw that there was much money in the chest, that the king's scribe and the high-priest came up, and they bound together, and counted, the ¹¹ money that was found in the house of Jehovah. And they gave the money, weighed, into the hands of them that did the work, that had the oversight of the house of Jehovah ; and they brought it out to the carpenters and builders, that ¹² wrought upon the house of Jehovah ; and to masons, and hewers of stone, and to buy timber and hewn stone to repair the breaches of the house of Jehovah, and for all that ¹³ was laid out for the house to repair it. But there were not

V. 3. *High places.* See the note on 1 Kings 11 : 7.—V. 4. *The money of every one numbered.* The yearly half-shekel required of every one numbered among the people, Ex. 30 : 12-14.—*Is estimated;* in fulfillment of a vow. See Lev. 27 : 2-8.

made for the house of Jehovah bowls of silver, snuffers, basins, trumpets, any vessels of gold, or vessels of silver, from the money that was brought into the house of Jehovah ;
 14 but they gave it to the workmen, and repaired therewith the house of Jehovah. And they reckoned not with the men, into whose hand they gave the money to give it to the workmen ; for they dealt faithfully. Money for trespass-offering, and money for sin-offering, were not brought into the house of Jehovah ; they belonged to the priests.
 17 Then Hazael king of Syria went up, and fought against Gath, and took it. And Hazael set his face to go up against Jerusalem. And Jehoash king of Judah took all the hallowed things that Jehoshaphat, and Jehoram, and Ahaziah, his fathers, kings of Judah, had dedicated, and his own hallowed things, and all the gold that was found in the treasures of the house of Jehovah, and in the king's house, and sent them to Hazael king of Syria. And he went away from Jerusalem.
 19 And the rest of the acts of Jehoash, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings
 20 of Judah ? And his servants rose up and made a conspiracy ; and they slew Jehoash in the house of Millo, which goes
 21 down to Silla. For Jozachar the son of Shimeath, and Je-hozabad the son of Shomer, his servants, smote him, and he died. And they buried him with his fathers, in the city of David ; and Amaziah his son reigned in his stead.

¹ In the three and twentieth year of Jehoash, the son of Ahaziah king of Judah, began Jehoahaz, the son of Jehu, to reign over Israel in Samaria ; and he reigned seventeen
² years. And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah, and followed the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin. He departed not therefrom.
³ And the anger of Jehovah was kindled against Israel. And he gave them into the hand of Hazael king of Syria,

and into the hand of Ben-hadad the son of Hazael, continually. And Jehoahaz besought Jehovah;—and Jehovah hearkened unto him, for he saw the oppression of Israel, how the king of Syria oppressed them; and Jehovah gave Israel a deliverer, so that they went out from under the hand of the Syrians, and the children of Israel dwelt in their tents, as beforetime; yet they departed not from the sins of the house of Jeroboam, who caused Israel to sin, but walked therein; and the Ashera also remained in Samaria;—for he left of the people to Jehoahaz but fifty horsemen, and ten chariots, and ten thousand footmen; for the king of Syria had destroyed them, and had made them as the dust in threshing.

Now the rest of the acts of Jehoahaz, and all that he did, and his might, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel? And Jehoahaz lay down with his fathers; and they buried him in Samaria. And Jeroash his son reigned in his stead.

In the thirty and seventh year of Jeroash king of Judah, began Jeroash, the son of Jehoahaz, to reign over Israel in Samaria; and he reigned sixteen years. And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah. He departed not from all the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin; he walked therein. And the rest of the acts of Jeroash, and all that he did, and his might wherewith he fought against Amaziah king of Judah, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel? And Jeroash lay down with his fathers; and Jeroboam sat upon his throne. And Jeroash was buried in Samaria, with the kings of Israel.

Now Elisha was sick, with his sickness of which he died. And Jeroash the king of Israel came down to him, and wept upon his face, and said: O my father, my father; the

V. 3. Continually; namely, during the whole reign of Jehoahaz. See v. 22.—V. 5. Gave Israel a deliverer; namely, Jeroash the son of Jehoahaz (see v. 25), and afterward Jeroboam the son of Jeroash (14: 25-27).—V. 6. Ashera; statue of a female idol of that name, the goddess of concupiscence. See the note on Judges 3: 7.—V. 7 stands in connection with the first clause of v. 4; the intervening words are parenthetical, stating the effect of the intercession, which is fully shown in the passages referred to above.—For he, Jehovah.

¹⁵ chariot of Israel, and the horsemen thereof! And Elisha said to him: Take a bow and arrows. And he took to himself a bow and arrows. And he said to the king of Israel: Put thy hand upon the bow. And he put his hand upon it, ¹⁷ and Elisha put his hands upon the king's hands. And he said: Open the window eastward. And he opened it. Then Elisha said: Shoot. And he shot. And he said: An arrow of deliverance from Jehovah, and an arrow of deliverance against Syria ; for thou shalt smite the Syrians in Aphek, ¹⁸ even to consuming them. And he said: Take the arrows. And he took them. And he said to the king of Israel: Smite ¹⁹ the ground. And he smote thrice, and stayed. And the man of God was wroth with him, and said: Thou shouldest have smitten five or six times ; then wouldest thou have smitten Syria, even to consuming ; and now thou shalt smite Syria thrice.

²⁰ And Elisha died, and they buried him. And bands of the ²¹ Moabites invaded the land at the coming in of the year. And it came to pass, as they were burying a man, that, behold, they saw the band, and they cast the man into the sepulchre of Elisha. And the man came and touched the bones of Elisha, and he revived, and stood up on his feet.

²² And Hazael, king of Syria, oppressed Israel all the days ²³ of Jehoahaz. And Jehovah was gracious to them, and had compassion on them, and had respect to them, because of his covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob ; and he would not destroy them, and he cast them not from his presence ²⁴ as yet. And Hazael king of Syria died ; and Ben-hadad his

V. 16. *Put his hands upon the king's hands;* “indicating by this symbolical act that the successes, typified by the shooting, were not to come from human skill, or strength, or daring, but from the presence and power of God.”—(*Speaker's Commentary.*) —V. 18. *Smite the ground.* Direct the arrow downward, to the ground.—V. 19. *Thou shalt smite Syria thrice.* See the fulfillment in v. 25.

V. 21. The miracle wrought by contact with the prophet's bones. Compare the miracles of healing wrought by the touch of handkerchiefs, and aprons, from the person of the Apostle Paul, Acts 19 : 11, 12. “All miraculous working,” says Dean Alford, “is an exertion of the direct power of the All-powerful; a suspension by him of his ordinary laws; and whether he will use *any* instrument, or *what* instrument, must depend altogether on his purpose in the miracle—the effect to be produced on the recipients, beholders, or hearers.” (*Greek Testament, Vol. II. p. 196.*) In this case, there was a fitting occasion for miraculous agency, to perpetuate the influence of Elisha's teaching and example.

²⁵ son reigned in his stead. And Jehoash the son of Jehoahaz took again, out of the hand of Ben-hadad the son of Hazaël, the cities which he had taken out of the hand of Jehoahaz his father in war. Three times did Jehoash beat him, and he recovered the cities of Israel.

¹ In the second year of Jehoash, son of Jehoahaz king of Israel, reigned Amaziah, the son of Jehoash king of Judah.

² He was twenty and five years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned twenty and nine years in Jerusalem. And

³ his mother's name was Jehoaddan of Jerusalem. And he did that which was right in the sight of Jehovah ; but not as David his father. He did, in all things, as Jehoash his

⁴ father had done. But the high places were not taken away ; the people still sacrificed and burned incense on the high places.

⁵ And it came to pass, when the kingdom was confirmed in his hand, that he slew his servants who had slain the king

⁶ his father. And the children of the murderers he did not put to death ; according to that which is written in the book of the law of Moses, which Jehovah commanded, saying : The fathers shall not be put to death for the children, nor the children be put to death for the fathers ; but every man ⁷ shall die for his own sin. He slew of Edom in the valley of salt ten thousand ; and he took Selah in war, and called the name of it Joktheel, unto this day.

⁸ Then Amaziah sent messengers to Jehoash, the son of Jehoahaz son of Jehu, king of Israel, saying : Come, let us

⁹ look one another in the face. And Jehoash the king of Israel sent to Amaziah king of Judah, saying : The thorn-bush that was in Lebanon sent to the cedar that was in Lebanon, saying : Give thy daughter to my son for a wife ; and there passed by a wild beast that was in Lebanon, and trode

V. 6. *Written in the book of the law of Moses.* See the law in Deut. 21 : 16.—The case recorded in Josh. 7 : 19-26 is a special one. It is highly improbable (as shown by Keil on the passage) that the articles, taken in violation of a direct Divine command, were hidden under the earth in the midst of the tent, without the knowledge and connivance of members of the family. The circumstances of the time required the strictest enforcement of the Divine will.

- ¹⁰ down the thorn-bush. Thou hast indeed smitten Edom, and thy heart has lifted thee up. Take the honor, and remain at home. For why shouldst thou provoke evil, that thou mayest
- ¹¹ fall, thou and Judah with thee? But Amaziah would not hear. And Jehoash king of Israel went up; and he, and Amaziah king of Judah, looked one another in the face at
- ¹² Beth-shemesh, which belongs to Judah. And Judah was beaten before Israel; and they fled, every man, to their tents.
- ¹³ And Jehoash king of Israel took Amaziah king of Judah, the son of Jehoash the son of Ahaziah, captive at Beth-she-mesh, and came to Jerusalem. And he broke down the wall of Jerusalem, from the gate of Ephraim to the corner
- ¹⁴ gate, four hundred cubits. And he took all the gold and silver, and all the vessels that were found in the house of Jehovah, and in the treasures of the king's house, and hostages, and returned to Samaria.
- ¹⁵ Now the rest of the acts of Jehoash which he did, and his might, and how he fought with Amaziah king of Judah, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the
- ¹⁶ kings of Israel? And Jehoash lay down with his fathers; and he was buried in Samaria with the kings of Israel. And Jeroboam his son reigned in his stead.
- ¹⁷ And Amaziah the son of Jehoash, king of Judah, lived after the death of Jehoash son of Jehoahaz, king of Israel,
- ¹⁸ fifteen years. And the rest of the acts of Amaziah, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of
- ¹⁹ Judah? And they made a conspiracy against him in Jerusalem; and he fled to Lachish. And they sent after him to
- ²⁰ Lachish, and slew him there. And they brought him on the horses; and he was buried at Jerusalem with his fathers, in the city of David.
- ²¹ And all the people of Judah took Azariah,—and he was sixteen years old,—and made him king instead of his father
- ²² Amaziah. He built Elath, and restored it to J^udah, after that the king lay down with his fathers.

V. 20. *Brought him on the horses; his royal chariot and steeds, used in his flight; a mark of respect to his rank.*

- ²³ In the fifteenth year of Amaziah the son of Jehoash, king of Judah, Jeroboam the son of Jehoash, king of Israel, began to reign in Samaria ; and he reigned forty and one years.
- ²⁴ And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah. He departed not from all the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat,
- ²⁵ who caused Israel to sin. He restored the border of Israel from the entering in of Hamath unto the sea of the plain ; according to the word of Jehovah, God of Israel, which he spoke by the hand of his servant Jonah, the son of Amitai,
- ²⁶ the prophet, who was of Gath-hepher. For Jehovah saw the affliction of Israel, bitter exceedingly ; none left of bond
- ²⁷ or free, nor any helper for Israel. And Jehovah had not said that he would blot out the name of Israel from under heaven ; and he delivered them, by the hand of Jeroboam the son of Jehoash.
- ²⁸ Now the rest of the acts of Jeroboam, and all that he did, and his might ; how he warred, and how he recovered Damascus, and Hamath, which belonged to Judah, for Israel ; are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the
- ²⁹ kings of Israel ? And Jeroboam lay down with his fathers, with the kings of Israel ; and Zachariah his son reigned in his stead.

- ¹ IN the twenty and seventh year of Jeroboam, king of Israel, Azariah son of Amaziah, king of Judah, began to reign. Sixteen years old was he when he began to reign ; and he reigned two and fifty years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Jecholiah of Jerusalem. And he did that which was right in the sight of Jehovah, according to all that his father Amaziah had done ; except that the high places were not removed ; the people sacrificed and burned incense still on the high places.
- ⁵ And Jehovah smote the king, and he was leprous to the

V 25. *The entering in of Hamath* ; the extreme northern boundary of the kingdom, in its widest extent under Solomon, 1 Kings 8 : 65.—*The plain*. See the writer's description of this wonderful chasm, in his revised version of Genesis, pages 79, 80.—*Sea of the plain* ; so named in Deut. 3 : 17.—*Jonah, the son of Amitai*. See the Introduction to the Book of the Prophet Jonah.

day of his death, and dwelt in a separate house. And Jotham the king's son was over the house, judging the people
⁶ of the land. And the rest of the acts of Azariah, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah? And Azariah lay down with his fathers; and they buried him with his fathers in the city of David. And Jotham his son reigned in his stead.

⁸ In the thirty and eighth year of Azariah king of Judah, did Zachariah, the son of Jeroboam, reign over Israel in Samaria
⁹ six months. And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah, as his fathers had done. He departed not from the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin.
¹⁰ And Shallum the son of Jabesh conspired against him, and smote him before the people, and slew him, and reigned in
¹¹ his stead. And the rest of the acts of Zachariah, behold, they are written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings
¹² of Israel. This was the word of Jehovah, which he spoke to Jehu, saying: Thy sons shall sit on the throne of Israel unto the fourth generation. And so it came to pass.

¹³ Shallum the son of Jabesh began to reign, in the nine and thirtieth year of Uzziah king of Judah; and he reigned a
¹⁴ full month in Samaria. And Menahem the son of Gadi went up from Tirzah, and came to Samaria; and he smote Shallum the son of Jabesh in Samaria, and slew him, and reigned in
¹⁵ his stead. And the rest of the acts of Shallum, and his conspiracy which he made, behold, they are written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel.

¹⁶ Then Menahem smote Tiphsah, and all that were therein, and the borders thereof from Tirzah; because they opened not to him, therefore he smote it; all the women therein
¹⁷ that were with child he ripped up. In the nine and thirtieth year of Azariah, king of Judah, began Menahem the son of Gadi to reign over Israel; and he reigned ten years in Samaria. And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah.

V. 5. For a more full account of the reign of Uzziah, and the offense for which he was punished with leprosy, see 2 Chron. ch. xxvi.—Dwelt in a separate house. Compare the requirement of the Mosaic law in such cases, Lev. 13:46.—V. 12. This was the word of Jehovah, which he spoke to Jehu. See ch. 10:30.

He departed not, all his days, from the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin. Pul, the king of Assyria, came against the land. And Menahem gave to Pul a thousand talents of silver, that his hand might be with him, to confirm the kingdom in his hand. And Menahem exacted the money from Israel, from all the mighty men in wealth, from each man fifty shekels of silver, to give to the king of Assyria. And the king of Assyria turned back, and stayed not there in the land.

²¹ And the rest of the acts of Menahem, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel ? And Menahem lay down with his fathers ; and Pekahiah his son reigned in his stead.

²³ In the fiftieth year of Azariah, the king of Judah, Pekahiah the son of Menahem began to reign over Israel in Samaria :

²⁴ and he reigned two years. And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah. He departed not from the sins of

²⁵ Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin. And Pekah the son of Remaliah, his captain, conspired against him, and he smote him in Samaria in the citadel of the king's house with Argob and Arieh. And with him were fifty men of the

²⁶ Gileadites ; and he killed him, and reigned in his stead. And the rest of the acts of Pekahiah, and all that he did, behold, they are written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel.

²⁷ In the two and fiftieth year of Azariah, king of Judah, Pekah the son of Remaliah began to reign over Israel in

²⁸ Samaria ; and he reigned twenty years. And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah. He departed not from the sins of Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused

²⁹ Israel to sin. In the days of Pekah, king of Israel, came Tiglath-pileser king of Assyria. And he took Ijon, and

V. 19. *Pul, the king of Assyria, came against the land.* This is the first-named Assyrian invasion of the country ; though it is not certain that it was by the Assyria proper, referred to in v. 26, and in the following chapters. The name Pul is not yet identified on the monuments of the great Assyrian monarchy.

V. 29. “Tiglath-pileser stands among the Assyrian monarchs of Scripture where Shishak does among the Egyptian ones—he is the first whom we can certainly identify with a known monumental king. The Assyrian Canon gives us Tiglat-pal-zira as reigning from B. C. 745 to

Abel-beth-maachah, and Janoah, and Kedesh, and Hazor,
and Gilead, and Galilee, all the land of Naphtali, and carried
³⁰ them captive to Assyria. And Hoshea, the son of Elah,
made a conspiracy against Pekah the son of Remaliah ; and
he smote him, and slew him, and reigned in his stead, in the
³¹ twentieth year of Jotham the son of Uzziah. And the rest
of the acts of Pekah, and all that he did, behold, they are
written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Israel.
³² In the second year of Pekah the son of Remaliah, king of
Israel, Jotham the son of Uzziah, king of Judah, began to
³³ reign. Five and twenty years old was he when he began to
reign, and he reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem. And his
³⁴ mother's name was Jerusha, the daughter of Zadok. And
he did that which was right in the sight of Jehovah. He did
³⁵ according to all that his father Uzziah had done. But the
high places were not removed. The people still sacrificed
and burned incense on the high places. He built the upper
gate of the house of Jehovah.
³⁶ Now the rest of the acts of Jotham, and all that he did,
are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the
³⁷ kings of Judah ? In those days Jehovah began to send
against Judah, Rezin the king of Syria, and Pekah the son
³⁸ of Remaliah. And Jotham lay down with his fathers. And
he was buried with his fathers in the city of David his father;
and Ahaz his son reigned in his stead.

- ¹ IN the seventeenth year of Pekah the son of Remaliah,
Ahaz the son of Jotham, king of Judah, began to reign.
- ² Twenty years old was Ahaz when he began to reign, and he
reigned sixteen years in Jerusalem. And he did not that
which was right in the sight of Jehovah his God, like David
³ his father. And he walked in the way of the kings of Israel ;

B. C. 727." (*Speaker's Commentary*.)—His conquests are recounted by Mr. Smith, in his *Ancient History from the Monuments* (Assyria, pp. 77-94). In his war with Azariah (Uzziah) king of Judah (p. 82), he conquered Calno, referred to in Is. 10 : 9 (see the writer's notes on vers. 9-15). The policy of transporting captives of the conquered countries (v. 29 ; 17 : 6), is referred to on pp. 83, 88, and 94.—V. 30. *Uzziah*; an abbreviated form of Azariah, vers. 1, 7, etc.

yea, and he made his son pass through the fire, according to the abominations of the heathen, whom Jehovah drove out from before the children of Israel. And he sacrificed, and burned incense, in the high places, and on the hills, and under every green tree.

Then Rezin king of Syria, and Pekah son of Remaliah king of Israel, went up to Jerusalem to war. And they laid siege to Ahaz, but were unable to wage war.—At that time Rezin king of Syria recovered Elath to Syria, and drove out the Jews from Elath ; and the Syrians came to Elath, and they dwell there to this day.—And Ahaz sent messengers to Tiglath-pileser, king of Assyria, saying : I am thy servant and thy son. Come up, and deliver me from the hand of the king of Syria, and from the hand of the king of Israel, who have risen up against me. And Ahaz took the silver and the gold that were found in the house of Jehovah, and in the treasures of the king's house, and sent a present to the king of Assyria. And the king of Assyria hearkened to him. And the king of Assyria went up against Damascus, and took it. And he carried the people captive to Kir ; and Rezin he slew.

And king Ahaz went to Damascus, to meet Tiglath-pileser king of Assyria. And he saw the altar that was at Damascus. And king Ahaz sent to Urijah the priest the fashion of the altar, and the pattern of it, according to all the workmanship thereof. And Urijah the priest built the altar, according to all that king Ahaz sent from Damascus ; so Urijah the priest made it, against the coming of king Ahaz from Damascus. And the king came from Damascus. And the king saw the altar ; and the king approached the altar, and offered thereon. And he burned his burnt-offering and his meat-offering, and poured out his drink-offering, and sprinkled the blood of his peace-offerings, upon the altar.

V. 5. *Unable to wage war* ; from some unlooked for hindrance. Though the arrangements for the siego were complete, they were unable to carry on the war. See the writer's note on Isa. 7 : 1.—V. 10. *The altar that was at Damascus*. Compare 2 Chron. 28 : 23, “he sacrificed to the gods of Damascus.” Less probably it may have been the Assyrian altar, which all subject provinces were required to use. Two forms of it are represented in Smith's *Bible Dictionary*, articlo *Allar*.

- ¹⁴ And he brought the brazen altar, which was before Jehovah, from the forefront of the house, from between the [new] altar and the house of Jehovah, and put it on the north side of the altar. And king Ahaz commanded Urijah the priest, saying: Upon the great altar burn the morning burnt-offering, and the evening meat-offering, and the king's burnt-offering, and his meat-offering, and the burnt-offering of all the people of the land, and their meat-offering, and their drink-offerings; and sprinkle upon it all the blood of the burnt-offering, and all the blood of the sacrifice. And the brazen altar shall be for me to consider. Thus did Urijah the priest, according to all that king Ahaz commanded.
- ¹⁷ And king Ahaz cut off the panels of the bases, and removed the laver from upon them. And he took down the sea from the brazen oxen that were under it, and put it upon a pavement of stones. And the covered-way for the sabbath which they built in the house, and the king's outer entrance, he removed into the house of Jehovah, for fear of the king of Assyria.
- ¹⁹ Now the rest of the acts of Ahaz which he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah? And Ahaz lay down with his fathers; and he was buried with his fathers in the city of David. And Hezekiah his son reigned in his stead.

¹ IN the twelfth year of Ahaz, king of Judah, began Hoshea the son of Elah to reign in Samaria over Israel nine years.

V. 15. *The great altar*; the one fashioned after that seen at Damascus. This, by the king's directions, was to take the place of the one built by Solomon, for all the offerings required under the Mosaic law. See Ex. 29:38-42; Num. 28:3-31; 29:2-39.—*For me to consider*; to consider further, what use shall be made of it.—V. 17. *Panels of the bases*: of the bases that supported the ten lavers. See 1 Kings 7:27-39.—V. 17. *Took down the sea from the brazen oxen*. See the description in 1 Kings 7:23-26.—V. 18. *Covered-way*. Or perhaps, *canopied seat*; namely, for the royal family in their attendance on the Sabbath service.—*For fear of the king of Assyria*; of exciting his cupidity, or that of his officials.—V. 19. *Chronicles of the kings of Judah*. See also Isaiah, chs. vii-xii., prophecies in the reign of Ahaz, and the writer's notes on them.

Ch. xvii. The record of Israel's nationality here comes to an end. Founded and perpetuated in idolatry, and every resource of moral influence and punitive restraint having failed; the time had now come for a vindication of the divine government, and an example to coming ages.—*Shalmaneser*, according to the Assyrian monuments, reigned from B. C. 727-722.

- ² And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah, but not as the kings of Israel that were before him.
- ³ Against him came up Shalmaneser king of Assyria ; and ⁴ Hoshea became his servant, and paid him tribute. And the king of Assyria discovered conspiracy in Hoshea, who sent messengers to So king of Egypt, and brought no tribute to the king of Assyria, as before year by year. And the king of Assyria shut him up, and bound him in prison.
- ⁵ And the king of Assyria came up through all the land ; and he went up to Samaria, and laid siege to it three years.
- ⁶ In the ninth year of Hoshea, the king of Assyria took Samaria. And he carried Israel away captive into Assyria, and placed them in Halah, and on the Habor the river of Gozan, and in the cities of the Medes.
- ⁷ For so it was, that the children of Israel had sinned against Jehovah their God, who brought them up out of the land of Egypt, from under the hand of Pharaoh king of Egypt, and ⁸ feared other gods ; and they walked in the customs of the heathen, whom Jehovah drove out from before the children ⁹ of Israel, and of the kings of Israel, which they made. And the children of Israel did covertly things that were not right against Jehovah, their God. And they built for themselves high places in all their cities, from the tower of the watchmen to the fenced city. And they set up for themselves images and Asheras on every high hill, and under every ¹¹ green tree ; and there they burned incense on all the high places, as did the heathen whom Jehovah drove away before them. And they wrought evil deeds, to provoke Jehovah ¹² to anger, and served the idols, whereof Jehovah said to ¹³ them : Ye shall not do this thing. And Jehovah testified against Israel, and against Judah, by all the prophets, and by all the seers, saying : Turn ye from your evil ways, and

V. 4. *So* (or as the Hebrew name may be pronounced, *Sede*) is thought to have been *Shobek* (the *Sabaco* of Herodotus), of the twenty-fifth dynasty, about 728 B. C.—V. 6. *The king of Assyria took Samaria.* According to the records on the Assyrian monuments, this king was Sargon ; who succeeded Shalmaneser in B. C. 722, and completed the siege begun by his predecessor.—VV. 7-23. *Summary of the grounds for the final rejection of Israel, and removal from their land.*—V. 9. *Did covertly ;* under cover of worshipping the true God, and calling it Jehovah-worship.—V. 10. *Asheras.* See the note on 13 : 6.

keep my commandments and my statutes, according to all the law which I commanded your fathers, and which I sent to
¹⁴ you by my servants the prophets. And they hearkened not, and hardened their neck like the neck of their fathers, who
¹⁵ believed not in Jehovah their God. And they despised his statutes, and his covenant that he made with their fathers, and his testimonies wherewith he testified against them ; and they followed vanity and acted vainly, and went after the heathen that were round about them, concerning whom
¹⁶ Jehovah commanded them, not to do like them. And they forsook all the commandments of Jehovah their God ; and they made for themselves molten images, the two calves ; and they made an Ashera, and they worshipped all the host
¹⁷ of heaven, and served Baal. And they caused their sons and their daughters to pass through the fire. And they used divination and enchantments, and sold themselves to do evil
¹⁸ in the sight of Jehovah, to provoke him to anger. And Jehovah was very angry with Israel. And he removed them away from his presence. There was none left but the tribe
¹⁹ of Judah only.—Also Judah kept not the commandments of Jehovah their God, but walked in the statutes of Israel
²⁰ which they made.—And Jehovah rejected all the seed of Israel, and afflicted them, and gave them into the hand of
²¹ spoilers, until he had cast them out before him. For he rent Israel from the house of David ; and they made Jeroboam the son of Nebat king ; and Jeroboam withdrew Israel from
²² following Jehovah, and caused them to sin a great sin. And the children of Israel walked in all the sins of Jeroboam
²³ which he did ; they departed not from them, until Jehovah removed Israel from his presence, as he had said by all his servants the prophets. And Israel was carried away captive, out of their own land to Assyria, unto this day.

V. 13. *By my servants the prophets.* Besides the numerous prophets and seers, mentioned by name in the books of Kings and Chronicles, were the prophets Hosea, Amos, Joel, Micah, Isaiah, whose remonstrances and warnings are on record.—V. 15. *Vanity.* Properly, a breath; as unsubstantial and as impotent, a term of contempt for idols. See references in the note on 1 Kings 16 : 13.—*Acted vainly;* acted in that vain trust.—V. 16. *An Ashera:* a statue of the goddess of concupiscence (13 : 15), erected by Ahab, and of such national interest as to require the special notice of the historian, 1 Kings 16 : 33.

24 And the king of Assyria brought men from Babylon, and from Cuthah, and from Ava, and from Hamath, and from Sepharvaim, and placed them in the cities of Samaria in place of the children of Israel. And they took possession
 25 of Samaria, and dwelt in the cities thereof. And so it was, at the beginning of their dwelling there, that they feared not Jehovah ; and Jehovah sent lions among them, which slew
 26 some of them. And they spoke to the king of Assyria, saying : The nations which thou hast removed, and placed in the cities of Samaria, know not the custom of the God of the land. And he has sent lions among them ; and, behold, they slay them, because they know not the custom of the God of
 27 the land. Then the king of Assyria commanded, saying : Carry thither one of the priests whom ye brought from thence ; and let them go and dwell there, and let him teach
 28 them the custom of the God of the land. And one of the priests, whom they had carried away captive from Samaria, came and dwelt in Beth-el ; and he taught them how they
 29 should fear Jehovah. But every nation made its own god ; and they put them in the houses on the high places which the Samaritans had made, every nation in their cities wherein
 30 they dwelt. And the men of Babylon made Succoth-benoth, and the men of Cuth made Nergal, and the men of Hamath
 31 made Ashima, and the Avites made Nibhaz and Tartak, and the Sepharvites burned their children in fire to Adrammelech
 32 and Anammelech, the gods of Sepharvaim. So they feared Jehovah, and made to themselves from all of them priests of the high places ; and they sacrificed for them in the houses
 33 on the high places. They feared Jehovah, and served their own gods, after the manner of the nations from which they
 34 were brought away. Unto this day they do after the former customs ; they fear not Jehovah. And they do not after

V. 27. *Let them go ; the priest, and his necessary attendants and assistants.*—V. 28. *Bethel.* One of the places where Jeroboam set up the golden calves, as Israel's gods who brought them up out of Egypt, 1 Kings 12 : 28.—V. 30. *Succoth-benoth,* the name of their god. Or, as it may be translated, *daughters' tents*, for the impure rites connected with the worship of some idol deities.—V. 32. *Feared Jehovah ; professedly, as in the worship of the golden calves, calling it Jehovah-worship,* 2 Kings 17 : 9.—*From all of them.* See 1 Kings 12 : 31.—V. 34. *They do ; the colonists.—They do not ; the remnant of the Israelites.* See the last clause.

their statutes, or after their ordinances, or after the law, and after the commandment which Jehovah commanded the children of Jacob, whom he named Israel ; with whom Jehovah made a covenant, and commanded them, saying : Ye shall not fear other gods, nor bow yourselves to them, nor serve them, nor sacrifice to them ; but Jehovah, who brought you up out of the land of Egypt, with great power and with an outstretched arm, him shall ye fear, and to him shall ye bow yourselves, and to him shall ye sacrifice. And the statutes, and the ordinances, and the law, and the commandment, which he wrote for you, ye shall observe to do for evermore ; and ye shall not fear other gods. And the covenant that I have made with you ye shall not forget ; nor shall ye fear other gods ; but Jehovah your God ye shall fear ; and he will deliver you out of the hand of all your enemies. And they did not hearken, but did after their former manner. So these nations feared Jehovah, and served their graven images, both their children, and their children's children. As did their fathers, so do they unto this day.

¹ Now it came to pass in the third year of Hoshea son of Elah, king of Israel, that Hezekiah the son of Ahaz, king of Judah, ² began to reign. Twenty and five years old was he when he began to reign ; and he reigned twenty and nine years in Jerusalem. His mother's name also was Abi, the daughter ³ of Zachariah. And he did that which was right in the sight of Jehovah, according to all that David his father did.

⁴ He removed the high places, and broke the images, and cut down the Ashera, and broke in pieces the brazen serpent that Moses made. For unto those days the children of Israel ⁵ burned incense to it ; and it was called Nehushtan. He trusted in Jehovah, God of Israel ; and after him there was none like him among all the kings of Judah, nor of them ⁶ that were before him. And he clave to Jehovah. He

V. 41. *These nations.* Collectively ; the colonists, and the remnants of Israel. They feared Jehovah, so-called, by maintaining the Bethel worship, and they served their graven images. Chs. xviii.-xx. Compare 2 Chron. xxix.-xxxii., and Is. xxxvi.-xxxix. —V. 4. *Brazen serpent.* Num. 21 : 8, 9.—*Nehushtan*; its name, so called from being made of brass.

- turned not away from following him, and kept his commandments, which Jehovah commanded Moses. And Jehovah was with him ; he prospered whithersoever he went forth ; and he rebelled against the king of Assyria, and served him not. He smote the Philistines, even unto Gaza, and the borders thereof, from the tower of the watchmen to the fenced city.
- And it came to pass in the fourth year of king Hezekiah, which was the seventh year of Hoshea son of Elah king of Israel, that Shalmaneser king of Assyria came up against Samaria, and laid siege to it. And at the end of three years they captured it ; in the sixth year of Hezekiah, that is the ninth year of Hoshea king of Israel, was Samaria captured.
- And the king of Assyria carried Israel away captive to Assyria, and put them in Halah and on the Habor the river of Gozan, and in the cities of the Medes ; because they obeyed not the voice of Jehovah their God, and transgressed his covenant, all that Moses the servant of Jehovah commanded, and would not hearken, nor do them.
- Now in the fourteenth year of king Hezekiah, Sennacherib king of Assyria came up against all the fenced cities of Judah, and took them captive. And Hezekiah, king of Judah, sent to the king of Assyria to Lachish, saying : I have done wrong ; return from me ; that which thou putttest on me will I bear. And the king of Assyria laid upon Hezekiah, king of Judah, three hundred talents of silver, and thirty talents of gold. And Hezekiah gave him all the silver that was found in the house of Jehovah, and in the treasures of the king's house. At that time did Hezekiah cut off the gold from the doors of the temple of Jehovah, and from the pillars, which Hezekiah king of Judah had overlaid, and gave it to the king of Assyria.
- And the king of Assyria sent Tartan, and Rabsaris, and Rab-shakeh, from Lachish to king Hezekiah with a great host, to Jerusalem ; and they went up and came to Jerusa-

V. 13. The statements in this and the following verses are very much abridged, compared with those contained in the Assyrian monuments. But these fully accord with the Biblical account in all essential points.

lem. And they came up, and came and stood by the conduit of the upper pool, which is in the highway of the fuller's field. And they called to the king. And there came out to them Eliakim the son of Hilkiah, who was over the household, and Shebna the scribe, and Joah the son of Asaph the recorder. And Rab-shakeh said to them, speak now to Hezekiah : Thus says the great king, the king of Assyria : What confidence is this wherein thou trustest ? Thou sayest (but they are empty words) : There is counsel and strength for the war. Now on whom dost thou trust, that thou rebellest against me ? Now, behold, thou trustest upon the staff of this bruised reed, upon Egypt, on which if a man lean it will go into his hand, and pierce it. So is Pharaoh, king of Egypt, to all that trust in him. But if ye say to me : We trust in Jehovah our God ; is it not he whose high places, and whose altars, Hezekiah has taken away, and has said to Judah and Jerusalem, ye shall worship before this altar in Jerusalem ? And now, I pray, make an agreement with my lord the king of Assyria, and I will deliver to thee two thousand horses, if thou art able on thy part to set riders upon them. How then wilt thou turn away the face of one captain, among the least of my master's servants ? And thou puttest thy trust in Egypt, for chariots and for horsemen. Am I now come up without Jehovah against this place to destroy it ? Jehovah said to me : Go up against this land, and destroy it. Then said Eliakim the son of Hilkiah, and Shebna, and Joah, to Rab-shakeh : Speak, I pray thee, to thy servants in the Syrian language ; for we understand it ; and talk not with us in the Jews' language, in the ears of the people that are on the wall. And Rab-shakeh said to them : Has my master sent me to thy master, and to thee, to speak these words ? Is it not to the men who sit on the wall, to

V. 17. There was an interval of some time before this second invasion. In the mean time Hezekiah, relying on the support of Egypt (vs. 21, 24), had again thrown off the Assyrian yoke.—*Tartan, Rabsaris, Rab-shakeh* are official titles ; the first of an Assyrian General, the second and third of high officers of the court. *Conduit of the upper pool.* See Is. 7 : 3, and the notes.—*Fuller's field* ; where garments, after cleansing or fulling, were spread to dry.—

V. 18. *Eliakim.* See Is. 22 : 20-22.—*Recorder* ; the king's annalist. See 2 Sam. 8 : 16.

eat their own dung, and drink their own urine with you ?

²⁸ Then Rab-shakeh stood and cried with a loud voice in the Jews' language, and spoke, saying : Hear the word of the great king, the king of Assyria. Thus says the king : Let not Hezekiah deceive you ; for he will not be able to deliver you out of his hand. And let not Hezekiah make you trust in Jehovah, saying : Jehovah will surely deliver us, and this city shall not be given into the hand of the king of Assyria.

³¹ Hearken not to Hezekiah. For thus says the king of Assyria : Make peace with me, and come out to me ; and eat ye every one of his own vine, and every one of his fig-tree, and ³² drink ye every one the waters of his cistern ; until I come and take you away, to a land like your own land ; a land of corn and new wine, a land of bread and of vineyards, a land of oil olive and of honey, that ye may live, and not die ; and hearken not to Hezekiah, when he persuades you, saying : Jehovah will deliver us. Have the gods of the nations delivered [each] his land out of the hand of the king of ³⁴ Assyria ? Where are the gods of Hamath, and of Arpad ? Where are the gods of Sepharvaim, Hena, and Ivah, that ³⁵ they should have delivered Samaria out of my hand. Who are they among all the gods of the countries, that have delivered their country out of my hand, that Jehovah should ³⁶ deliver Jerusalem out of my hand ? And the people held their peace, and answered him not a word. For it was the ³⁷ king's commandment, saying : Answer him not. Then came Eliakim the son of Hilkiah, who was over the household, and Shebna the scribe, and Joah the son of Asaph the recorder, to Hezekiah with garments rent, and told him the words of Rab-shakeh.

¹ AND it came to pass, when king Hezekiah heard it, that he rent his garments, and covered himself with sackcloth, and

² went into the house of Jehovah. And he sent Eliakim, who was over the household, and Shebna the scribe, and the elders of the priests, covered with sackcloth, to Isaiah the

³ prophet, the son of Amoz. And they said to him, thus says

Hezekiah : This day is a day of distress, and of chastisement, and of reproach. For the children are come to the birth,
⁴ and there is not strength to bring forth. It may be that Jehovah, thy God, will hear all the words of Rab-shakeh, whom the king of Assyria his master has sent to reproach the living God ; and will reprove the words which Jehovah, thy God, has heard. Wherefore lift up thy prayer for the
⁵ remnant that are left. And the servants of king Hezekiah came to Isaiah.

⁶ And Isaiah said to them : Thus shall ye say to your master ; thus says Jehovah : Be not afraid because of the words which thou hast heard, with which the servants of the king of Assyria have reproached me. Behold, I will put a spirit in him, and he shall hear tidings, and shall return to his own land ; and I will cause him to fall by the sword, in his own land.

⁸ So Rab-shakeh returned, and found the king of Assyria warring against Libnah ; for he heard that he had removed
⁹ from Lachish. And he heard it said of Tirhakah king of Ethiopia : Behold, he has come out to fight against thee. And
¹⁰ he sent messengers again to Hezekiah, saying, thus shall ye speak to Hezekiah king of Judah, saying : Let not thy God in whom thou trustest deceive thee, saying : Jerusalem shall
¹¹ not be given into the hand of the king of Assyria. Behold, thou hast heard what the kings of Assyria have done to all lands, destroying them utterly ; and shalt thou be delivered ?
¹² Have the gods of the nations delivered them which my fathers have destroyed,—Gozan, and Haran, and Rezeph, and the
¹³ children of Eden which are in Thelasar ? Where is the king of Hamath, and the king of Arpad, and the king of the city Sepharvaim, of Hena, and of Ivah ?
¹⁴ And Hezekiah took the letter from the hand of the messengers, and read it. And Hezekiah went up to the house
¹⁵ of Jehovah, and spread it before Jehovah. And Hezekiah prayed before Jehovah, and said : Jehovah, God of Israel,

V. 7. *I will put a spirit in him ; a spirit of alarm and fear.—Tidings ; of the destruction of his army, vs. 35, 36.—To fall by the sword ; v. 37.*

- who sittest above the cherubim. Thou art the God, thou alone, of all the kingdoms of the earth ; thou hast made the
¹⁶ heavens and the earth. Bow down thine ear, Jehovah, and hear ; open thine eyes, Jehovah, and see ; and hear the words of Sennacherib, which he has sent to reproach the
¹⁷ living God. Of a truth, Jehovah, the kings of Assyria have
¹⁸ destroyed the nations and their lands ; and have cast their gods into the fire ; for they were no gods, but the work of men's hands, wood and stone ; and they have destroyed them.
¹⁹ And now, Jehovah our God, I beseech thee, save us out of his hand, that all the kingdoms of the earth may know, that thou Jehovah art God, thou only.
²⁰ And Isaiah, the son of Amoz, sent to Hezekiah saying, thus says Jehovah God of Israel : That which thou hast prayed to me against Sennacherib king of Assyria I have
²¹ heard. This is the word that Jehovah has spoken concerning him :—

She despises thee, she scorns thee, the virgin, daughter of Zion.
 She shakes her head after thee, the daughter of Jerusalem.
 22 Whom hast thou reproached and reviled?
 Against whom hast thou lifted up the voice?
 Thou hast raised thine eyes on high,
 Against the Holy one of Israel.
 23 By thy messengers thou hast reproached the Lord, and said :
 I come up, with my chariots upon chariots,
 To the height of the mountains,
 To the sides of Lebanon.
 And I cut down its loftiest cedars,
 And its choicest cypresses ;
 I come to its utmost height, to its garden forest.
 24 I dig, and I drink the waters of strange nations,
 And dry up with the sole of my feet all the streams of Egypt.

V. 21. *Virgin, daughter of Zion.* Daughter of a city or country is put poetically for the people of the place ; and thus the whole body of inhabitants is personified as a female, also called a virgin,—as in the text. It is the opinion of some critics, that by *virgin daughter* is meant a people that remain inviolate, having never been subjected to a foreign power, and that this may properly be said of Zion, the city of David, in distinction from Jerusalem. But this opinion needs corroboration.—Some translate, “the virgin daughter, Zion ;” but the rendering in the text is more probably the correct one.—*Shakes her head* ; a gesture of mockery, Ps. 22 : 7; 109 : 25.—*After thee* ; as already put to flight.

VV. 23, 24. To him there are no obstacles ; neither inaccessible mountains, nor lands without water, nor impassable rivers.

- 25 Hast thou not heard? From far off time have I done it,
From days of old, and formed it.
Now have I brought it to pass;
That thou shouldst be to lay waste
Fenced cities, in heaps of ruins.
- 26 And their inhabitants were weak-handed,
They were dismayed, and they were confounded;
They were as grass of the field, and as the green herb;
As grass on the house-tops, as blighted corn before the stalk.
- 27 And thy sitting down, and thy going out, and thy coming in, I know,
And thy raging against me.
- 28 Because thy raging against me, and thine arrogance,
Have come up into mine ears;
I will put my hook in thy nose, and my bit in thy lips,
And will turn thee back, by the way in which thou camest.
- 29 And this shall be the sign to thee.
Eat, this year, that which grows of itself;
And in the second year, that which springs up from the same;
And in the third year, sow and reap,
And plant vineyards, and eat the fruit thereof.
- 30 And the escaped of the house of Judah that are left,
Shall again take root downward,
And bear fruit upward.
- 31 For from Jerusalem shall go forth a remnant,
And escaped ones from mount Zion.
The zeal of Jehovah will do this.
- 32 Therefore, thus says Jehovah concerning the king of Assyria :—
He shall not come into this city.
He shall not shoot an arrow thereto,
Nor bring a shield before it,
Nor cast up a mound against it.
- 33 By the way by which he came shall he return,
And into this city he shall not come, says Jehovah.
- 34 And I will protect this city, to save it,
For my sake, and for my servant David's sake.

V. 25. *Have I done it;* enacted it, in the divine purpose.—*And formed it;* shaped and directed it, in the divine mind and purpose.

V. 28. *Hook.* Or, as the word may be translated, ring; such as was put into the nostrils of refractory animals, to lead them. It is shown by sculptures on the Assyrian monuments, that prisoners of rank were thus led like beasts, by rings inserted in the lip or the nostrils.

V. 29. *Sign.* Much has been written on what is here given as a sign, to show what is meant by the sign itself, and how such a sign could be a pledge of the promised deliverance. (See the discussions in Dr. Schaff's edition of Lange's Commentary). It seems clear, however, that it must be of the same nature as that given to Moses in Ex. 3:12. See Is. 7:14, and the writer's notes on his revised version, and on the Hebrew text.—*Grows of itself;* without planting, from seed dropped in harvests of the previous year.—*Springs up from the same;* an after-growth from the roots.

³⁵ And it came to pass that night, that the angel of Jehovah went forth, and smote in the camp of the Assyrians a hundred fourscore and five thousand ; and when men rose early

³⁶ in the morning, behold, they were all dead corpses. And Sennacherib king of Assyria departed, and went and returned,

³⁷ and dwelt at Nineveh. And it came to pass, as he was worshipping in the house of Nisroch his god, that Adrammelech and Sharezer his sons smote him with the sword ; and they escaped into the land of Ararat. And Esar-haddon his son reigned in his stead.

¹ IN those days was Hezekiah sick unto death. And the prophet Isaiah the son of Amoz came to him, and said to him, thus says Jehovah : Set thy house in order ; for thou

² shalt die, and shalt not live. Then he turned his face to the

³ wall, and prayed to Jehovah, saying : I beseech thee, Jehovah, remember now, how I have walked before thee in truth and with a perfect heart, and have done that which is good

⁴ in thy sight. And Hezekiah wept bitterly. And it came to pass, that Isaiah had not yet gone out into the midst of the

⁵ city, when the word of Jehovah came to him, saying : Turn again, and say to Hezekiah the prince of my people, thus says Jehovah, the God of David thy father : I have heard thy prayer, I have seen thy tears. Behold, I will heal thee ; on the third day thou shalt go up to the house of Jehovah.

⁶ And I will add to thy days fifteen years ; and I will deliver thee, and this city, out of the hand of the king of Assyria ; and I will protect this city, for my sake and for my servant

⁷ David's sake. And Isaiah said : Bring a cake of figs. And they brought and laid it on the boil, and he recovered.

⁸ And Hezekiah said to Isaiah : What is the sign that Jehovah will heal me, and that I shall go up to the house of

⁹ Jehovah the third day ? And Isaiah said : This sign shalt thou have from Jehovah, that Jehovah will do the thing that he has spoken. Shall the shadow go forward ten degrees,

¹⁰ or go back ten degrees ? And Hezekiah answered : It is a light thing for the shadow to go down ten degrees.

- ¹¹ Nay, but let the shadow return backward ten degrees. And Isaiah the prophet cried to Jehovah ; and he caused the shadow to return, on the dial where it had gone down, on the dial of Ahaz, ten degrees backward.
- ¹² At that time Berodach-baladan, the son of Baladan, king of Babylon, sent letters and a present to Hezekiah ; for he
- ¹³ heard that Hezekiah was sick. And Hezekiah hearkened to them ; and he showed them all his treasure-house, the silver, and the gold, and the spices, and the precious ointment, and all the house of his armor, and all that was found in his treasures. There was nothing in his house, nor in all his realm, that Hezekiah showed them not.
- ¹⁴ Then came Isaiah the prophet to king Hezekiah, and said to him : What said these men ? And from whence came they to thee ? And Hezekiah said : They came from a far
- ¹⁵ country, from Babylon. And he said : What have they seen in thy house ? And Hezekiah answered : All that is in my house have they seen ; there is nothing among my treasures,
- ¹⁶ that I have not showed them. And Isaiah said to Hezekiah :
- ¹⁷ Hear the word of Jehovah. Behold, the days come, that all that is in thy house, and that which thy fathers have laid up in store unto this day, shall be carried to Babylon ; nothing shall be left, says Jehovah. And of thy sons that shall issue from thee, which thou shalt beget, shall they take away ; and they shall be eunuchs in the palace of the king of Babylon.
- ¹⁹ And Hezekiah said to Isaiah : Good is the word of Jehovah, which thou hast spoken. And he said : Is it not, if peace and security be in my days ?
- ²⁰ And the rest of the acts of Hezekiah, and all his might, and how he made the pool, and the conduit, and brought water into the city, are they not written in the book of the
- ²¹ Chronicles of the kings of Judah ? And Hezekiah lay down with his fathers ; and Manasseh his son reigned in his stead.

¹ MANASSEH was twelve years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned fifty and five years in Jerusalem. And his

² mother's name was Hephzi-bah. And he did that which was

evil in the sight of Jehovah, after the abominations of the heathen, whom Jehovah drove out before the children of ³ Israel. For he built up again the high places, which Hezekiah his father destroyed ; and he reared up altars for Baal, and made an Ashera, as did Ahab king of Israel ; and he ⁴ worshipped all the host of heaven, and served them. And he built altars in the house of Jehovah, of which Jehovah ⁵ said : In Jerusalem will I put my name. And he built altars for all the host of heaven, in the two courts of the ⁶ house of Jehovah. And he made his son pass through the fire ; and he used magic, and divination, and dealt with divining spirits and wizards. He wrought much wickedness in the ⁷ sight of Jehovah, to provoke him to anger. And a carved image of Ashera, that he had made, he set up in the house of which Jehovah said to David, and to Solomon his son : In this house, and in Jerusalem, which I have chosen out of all ⁸ the tribes of Israel, will I put my name forever. And I will not make the feet of Israel wander any more from the land which I gave to their fathers ; if only they will take heed to do according to all that I have commanded them, and according to all the law that my servant Moses commanded them. ⁹ And they hearkened not ; and Manasseh seduced them to do more evil, than did the nations whom Jehovah destroyed before the children of Israel.

¹⁰ And Jehovah spoke by his servants the prophets, saying : ¹¹ Because Manasseh, king of Judah, has done these abominations, has done wickedly above all that the Amorites did who were before him, and has caused Judah also to sin with his ¹² idols ; therefore thus says Jehovah, God of Israel : Behold, I bring evil upon Jerusalem and Judah, that whosoever ¹³ hears of it, both his ears shall tingle. And I will stretch over Jerusalem the line of Samaria, and the plummet of the house

V. 3. *Worshipped all the host of heaven.* From this time Sabaeism, or star-worship, became prevalent among the Jews. See ch 23 : 5, 11; and compare Jer. 19 : 13; Ezek. 8 : 16; Zeph. 1 : 5.—V. 6. *Divining-spirits.* See Is. 8 : 19, and the writer's notes on his revised version and the Hebrew text.—V. 13. In architecture, the *line* and the *plummet* determine the horizontal level, and the perpendicular direction, of any structure. What varies from either is contrary to right rule, and will not stand. When God says (Is. 28 : 17), “I will put justice for

- of Ahab ; and I will wipe out Jerusalem as one wipes a dish,
¹⁴ wiping it, and turning it upside down. And I will cast off
 the remnant of my inheritance, and give them into the hand
 of their enemies ; and they shall become a prey and a spoil
¹⁵ to all their enemies ; because they have done that which was
 evil in my sight, and have provoked me to anger, since the
 day their fathers came forth out of Egypt, even unto this
 day.
- ¹⁶ Moreover, Manasseh shed innocent blood very much, till
 he had filled Jerusalem from one end to the other ; besides
 his sin wherewith he caused Judah to sin, in doing that
 which was evil in the sight of Jehovah.
- ¹⁷ Now the rest of the acts of Manasseh, and all that he did,
 and his sin that he sinned, are they not written in the book
¹⁸ of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah ? And Manasseh
 lay down with his fathers ; and he was buried in the garden
 of his own house, in the garden of Uzza ; and Amon his son
 reigned in his stead.
- ¹⁹ Amon was twenty and two years old when he began to
 reign ; and he reigned two years in Jerusalem. And his
 mother's name was Meshullemeth, the daughter of Haruz of
²⁰ Jotbah. And he did that which was evil in the sight of
²¹ Jehovah, as his father Manasseh had done. And he walked
 in all the way that his father walked in, and served the idols
²² that his father served, and worshipped them. And he for-
 sook Jehovah, the God of his fathers, and walked not in the
 way of Jehovah.
- ²³ And the servants of Amon conspired against him, and slew
²⁴ the king in his own house. And the people of the land slew
 all that conspired against king Amon ; and the people of the
²⁵ land made Josiah his son king in his stead. Now the rest
 of the acts of Amon which he did, are they not written in
²⁶ the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah ? And he
 was buried in his sepulchre, in the garden of Uzza. And
 Josiah his son reigned in his stead.

a line, and righteousness for a plummet," he means that he will exact strict conformity to what is just and right. The same rule, by which Samaria and Ahab were judged, shall be applied to Jerusalem.

- ¹ JOSIAH was eight years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned thirty and one years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Jechidah, the daughter of Adaiah of Boscah. And he did that which was right in the sight of Jehovah, and walked in all the way of David his father, and turned not aside to the right hand or to the left.
- ² And it came to pass in the eighteenth year of king Josiah, that the king sent Shaphan, the son of Azaliah the son of Meshullam, the scribe, to the house of Jehovah, saying : Go up to Hilkiah the high-priest, that he may sum up the money which has been brought into the house of Jehovah, which ³ the keepers of the door have gathered from the people, and may give it into the hand of them that do the work, having the oversight of the house of Jehovah ; and that they may give it to the doers of the work who are in the house ⁴ of Jehovah, to repair the breaches of the house ; to carpenters, and builders, and masons, and to buy timber and hewn ⁵ stone to repair the house. But let there be no reckoning with them of the money that is delivered into their hand, for they deal faithfully.
- ⁶ And Hilkiah the high-priest said to Shaphan the scribe : I have found the book of the law in the house of Jehovah. And Hilkiah gave the book to Shaphan, and he read it.
- ⁷ And Shaphan the scribe came to the king, and brought back word to the king, and said : Thy servants have emptied out the money that was found in the house, and have given it into the hand of them that do the work, having the over-⁸ sight of the house of Jehovah. And Shaphan the scribe told the king, saying : Hilkiah the priest has delivered to me ⁹ a book. And Shaphan read it before the king. And it came to pass, when the king had heard the words of the book of ¹⁰ the law, that he rent his clothes. And the king commanded Hilkiah the priest, and Ahikam the son of Shaphan, and Achbor the son of Michaiah, and Shaphan the scribe, and ¹¹ Asahiah a servant of the king, saying : Go ye, inquire of Jehovah on my behalf, and on behalf of the people, and on

behalf of all Judah, on account of the words of this book that is found. For great is the wrath of Jehovah that is kindled against us, because our fathers have not hearkened to the words of this book, to do according to all that which

¹⁴ is written concerning us. And Hilkiah the priest, and Ahikam, and Achbor, and Shaphan, and Asahiah, went to Huldah the prophetess, the wife of Shallum, the son of Tikvah the son of Harhas, keeper of the wardrobe. And she dwelt in Jerusalem in the lower city ; and they talked with her.

¹⁵ And she said to them, thus says Jehovah, God of Israel :
¹⁶ Tell the man who sent you to me, thus says Jehovah : Behold, I bring evil upon this place, and upon the inhabitants thereof, all the words of the book which the king of Judah
¹⁷ has read. Because they have forsaken me, and have burned incense to other gods, that they might provoke me to anger with all the works of their hands ; and my wrath is kindled
¹⁸ against this place, and shall not be quenched. And to the king of Judah, who sent you to inquire of Jehovah, thus shall ye say to him : Thus says Jehovah, God of Israel, As
¹⁹ to the words which thou hast heard,—because thy heart was tender, and thou didst humble thyself before Jehovah, when thou heardst what I had spoken against this place, and against the inhabitants thereof, that they should become a desolation and accursed, and hast rent thy clothes, and wept
²⁰ before me ; I also have heard, says Jehovah. Therefore behold, I will gather thee unto thy fathers, and thou shalt be gathered to thy graves in peace ; and thine eyes shall not look on all the evil which I will bring upon this place. And they brought back word to the king.

¹ AND the king sent, and they gathered to him all the elders
² of Judah, and of Jerusalem. And the king went up to the house of Jehovah, and all the men of Judah and all the inhabitants of Jerusalem with him, and the priests, and the

V. 20. *Thy graves, graves of thine ancestors ; thine in that sense, and thine as thou shalt be gathered among them.*—Observe that *gathered to one's fathers* is here, as elsewhere, distinguished from *gathered to their graves* ; an intimation among many of a belief in a continued existence beyond the grave. See Gen. 25 : 8 (and the writer's notes), and 33 : 23.

prophets, and all the people, both small and great ; and he read in their ears all the words of the book of the covenant, which was found in the house of Jehovah.

- ³ And the king stood on the platform, and made the covenant before Jehovah, to walk after Jehovah, and to keep his commandments and his testimonies and his statutes with all the heart and all the soul, to perform the words of this covenant that were written in this book. And all the people joined in
- ⁴ the covenant. And the king commanded Hilkiah the high-priest, and the priests of the second order, and the keepers of the door, to bring forth out of the temple of Jehovah all the vessels that were made for Baal, and for Ashera, and for all the host of heaven ; and he burned them outside of Jerusalem in the fields of Kidron, and carried the dust thereof to
- ⁵ Beth-el. And he put away the idol-priests, whom the kings of Judah had appointed, and they burned incense on the high places in the cities of Judah, and round about Jerusalem ; then also that burned incense to Baal, to the sun, and to the moon, and to the constellations, and to all the host of
- ⁶ heaven. And he brought out the Ashera from the house of Jehovah, outside of Jerusalem, to the brook Kidron. And he burned it at the brook Kidron, and stamped it small to powder, and cast the powder thereof upon the graves of the
- ⁷ common people. And he tore down the houses of the sodomites, that were by the house of Jehovah, where the women
- ⁸ wove tents for the Ashera. And he brought all the priests out of the cities of Judah, and defiled the high places where the priests had burned incense, from Geba to Beer-sheba. And he tore down the high places of the gates ; that at the entrance of the gate of Joshua the governor of the city, that
- ⁹ on one's left hand at the gate of the city. Yet the priests of the high places offered not on the altar of Jehovah in Jeru-

V. 3. *The platform* : 2 Chron. 6:13, and the note.—*Made the covenant*, renewed it ; the covenant made in *Horeb* (Deut. 5:2), and in *Moab* (Deut. 29:1, and 10-15).—V. 5. *Round about Jerusalem*. Compare v. 13.—*The Ashera* ; statue of the idol, set up by *Manasseh* in the temple of Jehovah, ch. 21:7. Compare the note on ch. 17:16, and references there given.—V. 6. *Common people* ; as properly translated in Jer. 26:23. Their graves were in the open fields ; and the ashes of the idol cast on them would pollute no one, since graves were shunned as unclean.

salem ; but they ate unleavened bread among their brethren.

¹⁰ And he defiled Topheth, which is in the valley of the sons of Hinnom, that no man might make his son or his daughter pass through the fire to Molech. And he took away the horses that the kings of Judah had given to the sun, from the entering into the house of Jehovah to the chamber of Nathan-melech the chamberlain, which was in the colonnade,

¹¹ and burned the chariots of the sun with fire. And the altars that were on the roof of the upper chamber of Ahaz, which the kings of Judah had made, and the altars which Manasseh had made in the two courts of the house of Jehovah, did the king tear down, and broke them down thence, and cast the dust thereof into the brook Kidron. And the high places that were before Jerusalem, which were on the right hand of the mount of corruption, which Solomon the king of Israel built for Ashtoreth the abomination of the Zidonians, and for Chemosh the abomination of the Moabites, and for Milcom the abomination of the children of Ammon, did the king defile. And he broke in pieces the images, and cut down the Asheras, and filled their place with the bones of men.

¹² And also the altar that was at Beth-el, the high place which Jeroboam the son of Nebat, who caused Israel to sin, had made, both that altar and the high place he tore down, and burned the high place, stamped it small to powder, and burned the Ashera. And Josiah looked about him, and saw the sepulchres that were there in the mount. And he sent, and took the bones out of the sepulchres, and burned them on the altar, and polluted it ; according to the word of Jehovah, which the man of God proclaimed, who proclaimed these things. And he said : What pillar is this that I see ? And the men of the city said to him : It is the sepulchre of the man of God, who came from Judah, and proclaimed these things which thou hast done, against the altar of Beth-el.

V. 16. *Saw the sepulchres.* “Beth-el stands upon a low hill, between the courses of two shallow wadys. . . . The sepulchres were probably in the rocky sides of this valley.” (*Speaker’s Commentary*).—According to the word of Jehovah. See 1 Kings 13 : 2 — V. 17. *Pillar*; a short column, marking the place of a grave, like the pillar set up by Jacob over Rachel’s grave, Gen. 35 : 20.

- ¹⁸ And he said : Let him alone ; let no man move his bones. So they rescued his bones, with the bones of the prophet who
¹⁹ came out of Samaria. And also all the houses on the high places that were in the cities of Samaria, which the kings of Israel had made to provoke [Jehovah] to anger, Josiah took away, and did to them according to all the acts that he had
²⁰ done in Beth-el. And he slew all the priests of the high places that were there, upon the altars, and burned men's bones upon them. And he returned to Jerusalem.
- ²¹ And the king commanded all the people, saying : Keep the passover to Jehovah your God, as is written in this book of
²² the covenant. For there had not been held such a passover from the days of the judges who judged Israel, nor in all the
²³ days of the kings of Israel, nor of the kings of Judah ; but in the eighteenth year of king Josiah, was this passover held to Jehovah in Jerusalem.
- ²⁴ And also the divining-spirits, and the wizards, and the household images, and the idols, and all the abominations that were seen in the land of Judah and in Jerusalem, did Josiah put away ; that he might perform the words of the law, which were written in the book that Hilkiah the priest
²⁵ found in the house of Jehovah. And like to him was there no king before him, who turned to Jehovah with all his heart, and with all his soul, and with all his might, according to all the law of Moses ; nor after him arose there any like him.
- ²⁶ Yet Jehovah turned not from the fierceness of his great anger, wherewith his anger was kindled against Judah, because of all the provocations with which Manasseh had
²⁷ provoked him. And Jehovah said : I will remove Judah also out of my sight, as I have removed Israel ; and I will cast off this city Jerusalem which I have chosen, and the

V. 18. *Samaria.* Not the city, but the country. He was an Israelitish prophet.—V. 24. *Household images.* Literally, *teraphim*. See Judges 17 : 5, and 1 Sam. 19 : 13, 16.—V. 26. Notwithstanding the vigorous and thorough measures of the government, the people were not reclaimed. False religions had struck their roots too deep in the minds of the people, to be rooted out by external reforms, and enforced outward obedience. This was shown in the succeeding reign. Compare Jer. 3 : 6-11.)

²⁸ house of which I said : My name shall be there. Now the rest of the acts of Josiah, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah ?

²⁹ In his days Pharaoh-necho, king of Egypt, went up against the king of Assyria, to the river Euphrates. And king Josiah went against him ; and he slew him at Megiddo,

³⁰ when he saw him. And his servants conveyed him dead in a chariot from Megiddo ; and they brought him to Jerusalem, and buried him in his own sepulchre. And the people of the land took Jehoahaz, the son of Josiah, and anointed him, and made him king in his father's stead.

³¹ Jehoahaz was twenty and three years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned three months in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Hamutal, the daughter of Jeremiah

³² of Libnah. And he did that which was evil in the sight of

³³ Jehovah, according to all that his fathers had done. And Pharaoh-necho put him in prison at Riblah in the land of Hamath, that he might not reign in Jerusalem ; and he laid upon the land a tribute of a hundred talents of silver, and a

³⁴ talent of gold. And Pharaoh-necho made Eliakim, the son of Josiah, king in place of Josiah his father ; and he changed his name to Jehoiakim, and took Jehoahaz away. And he

³⁵ came to Egypt, and died there. And Jehoiakim gave the silver and the gold to Pharaoh ; but he assessed the land in order to give the money at the command of Pharaoh. He exacted the silver and the gold of the people of the land, of each one according to his assessment, to give it to Pharaoh-necho.

³⁶ Jehoiakim was twenty and five years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned eleven years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Zebudah, the daughter of Pedaiah of

³⁷ Rumah. And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah, according to all that his fathers had done.

¹ In his days Nebuchadnezzar King of Babylon came up,

V. 1. *In his days.* In his third year (Dan. 1 : 1); or his fourth year (Jer. 25 : 1). ‘ By comparing Berossus with the Canon of Ptolemy, we can fix the date to B. C. 605, which was the third completed, and fourth commencing year of this king.’ (Speaker’s Commentary.)—

and Jehoiakim became his servant three years ; then he turned, and rebelled against him. And Jehovah sent against him bands of the Chaldaens, and bands of the Syrians, and bands of the Moabites, and bands of the children of Ammon ; and he sent them against Judah to destroy it, according to the word of Jehovah, which he spoke by his servants the prophets. Only at the command of Jehovah came this upon Judah, to remove them out of his sight, for the sins of Manasseh, in all that he did ; and also for the innocent blood that he shed, and filled Jerusalem with innocent blood, and Jehovah would not pardon.

Now the rest of the acts of Jehoiakim, and all that he did, are they not written in the book of the Chronicles of the kings of Judah ? And Jehoiakim lay down with his fathers ; and Jehoiachin his son reigned in his stead. And the king of Egypt came no more out of his land ; for the king of Babylon had taken all, from the river of Egypt to the river Euphrates, that belonged to the king of Egypt.

Jehoiachin was eighteen years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned in Jerusalem three months. And his mother's name was Nehushta, the daughter of Elnathan of Jerusalem.

And he did that which was evil in the sight of Jehovah, according to all that his father had done.

At that time the servants of Nebuchadnezzar, king of Babylon, came up to Jerusalem, and the city was besieged.

And Nebuchadnezzar, king of Babylon, came against the city ; and his servants laid siege to it. And Jehoiachin the king of Judah went out to the king of Babylon, he, and his mother, and his servants, and his nobles, and his officers ; and the king of Babylon took him in the eighth year of his reign. And he carried out thence all the treasures of the house of Jehovah, and the treasures of the king's house, and cut in pieces all the vessels of gold, which Solomon king of Israel had made in the temple of Jehovah, as Jehovah had

Rebelled against him. Probably relying on the king of Egypt, whose army was routed by Nebuchadnezzar at Carchemish, as described by Jeremiah, ch. 46 : 2-13. Compare v. 7 of this chapter.—V. 12. *Went out* ; to surrender, without terms of submission.—*In the eighth year of his* (Nebuchadnezzar's) *reign.*

¹⁴ said. And he carried away captive all Jerusalem ; even all the nobles, and all the mighty men in wealth, ten thousand captives, and all the craftsmen and smiths. None remained,
¹⁵ save the poorest sort of the people of the land. And he carried Jehoiachin captive to Babylon ; and the king's mother, and the king's wives, and his officers, and the mighty of the land, carried he into captivity from Jerusalem to Babylon.
¹⁶ And all the men of might, seven thousand, and craftsmen and smiths a thousand, all the strong, apt for war, them the king of Babylon brought captive to Babylon.

¹⁷ And the king of Babylon made Mattaniah, his father's brother, king in his stead, and changed his name to Zedekiah.
¹⁸ Zedekiah was twenty and one years old when he began to reign ; and he reigned eleven years in Jerusalem. And his mother's name was Hamutal, the daughter of Jeremiah of
¹⁹ Libnah. And he did that which was evil in the sight of
²⁰ Jehovah, according to all that Jehoiakim had done. For through the anger of Jehovah was it done in Jerusalem and in Judah, until he cast them out from his presence.

¹ And Zedekiah rebelled against the king of Babylon. And it came to pass in the ninth year of his reign, in the tenth month, on the tenth day of the month, that Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon came, he and all his host, against Jerusalem, and encamped against it ; and they built towers against
² it round about. And the city was besieged unto the eleventh
³ year of king Zedekiah. And on the ninth of the month the famine was sore in the city, and there was no bread for the
⁴ people of the land ; and the city was broken into, and all the men of war fled by night, by the way of the gate between the two walls, which is by the garden of the king ; and the Chaldaens were against the city round about, and he went
⁵ by the way toward the plain. And the army of the Chaldaens pursued after the king ; and they overtook him in the plains of Jericho, and all his army were scattered from him.
⁶ And they seized the king, and brought him up to the king

VV. 3, 4. The date is that of the storming of the city ; the severity of the prevailing famine, weakening the power of resistance, is mentioned in connection with it. Compare Jer. 21 : 1-7.

of Babylon to Riblah ; and they gave judgment upon him.

⁷ And they slew the sons of Zedekiah before his eyes, and he put out the eyes of Zedekiah ; and they bound him with two chains of brass, and brought him to Babylon.

⁸ And in the fifth month, on the seventh day of the month, which is the nineteenth year of king Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon, came Nebuzar-adan, captain of the executioners,

⁹ a servant of the king of Babylon, to Jerusalem. And he burned the house of Jehovah, and the king's house ; and all the houses of Jerusalem, even every great house, burned he

¹⁰ with fire. And all the army of the Chaldaeans, that were with the captain of the executioners, tore down the walls of

¹¹ Jerusalem round about. And the rest of the people that were left in the city, and the fugitives that fell away to the king of Babylon, and the rest of the multitude, did Nebuzar-adan the captain of the executioners carry away captive.

¹² But the captain of the executioners left of the poor of the

¹³ land to be vine-dressers and husbandmen. And the pillars of brass that were in the house of Jehovah, and the bases, and the brazen sea that was in the house of Jehovah, did the Chaldaeans break in pieces, and carried the brass thereof

¹⁴ to Babylon. And the pots, and the shovels, and the snuffers, and the censers, and all the vessels of brass wherewith they

¹⁵ ministered, took they away. And the snuff-dishes, and the basins, what was of gold, in gold, and what was of silver, in

¹⁶ silver, the captain of the executioners took away. The two pillars, the one sea, and the bases, which Solomon made for the house of Jehovah, the brass of all these vessels was with-

¹⁷ out weight. The height of one pillar was eighteen cubits, and the capital upon it was brass ; and the height of the capital was three cubits ; and lattice-work and pomegranates were on the capital round about, all of brass ; and like to these had the second pillar on lattice-work.

¹⁸ And the captain of the executioners took Seraiah the chief

VV. 18-21. Leading and representative men holding official stations, and private men of sufficient account in position and numbers, were selected for exemplary punishment, and as a warning against further attempts at resistance. For the personal character of the agent in this transaction, see Jer. 40 : 1-6.

priest, and Zephaniah the second priest, and three keepers of
¹⁹ the door ; and out of the city he took an officer that was set over the men of war, and five men of them that were in the king's presence, who were found in the city, and the scribe of the captain of the host, who mustered the people of the land, and threescore men of the people of the land that were

²⁰ found in the city. And Nebuzar-adan captain of the executioners took these, and brought them to the king of Babylon ²¹ to Riblah. And the king of Babylon smote them, and slew them at Riblah in the land of Hamath. So Judah was carried away captive out of their land.

²² And the people that remained in the land of Judah, whom Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon had left, over them he made ²³ Gedaliah, the son of Ahikam, the son of Shaphan, ruler. And all the captains of the armies, they and the men, heard that the king of Babylon had made Gedaliah governor. And they came to Gedaliah to Mizpah, Ishmael the son of Nethaniah, and Johanan the son of Careah, and Seraiah the son of Tanhumeth the Netophathite, and Jaaazaniah the son of a Maachathite, they and their men. And Gedaliah swore to them, and to their men, and said to them : Fear not the servants of the Chaldaens. Dwell in the land, and serve the king of Babylon ; and it shall be well with you.

²⁵ And it came to pass in the seventh month, that Ishmael the son of Nethaniah, the son of Elishama, of the seed royal, came, and ten men with him, and smote Gedaliah, that he died, and the Jews and the Chaldaens that were with him ²⁶ at Mizpah. And all the people, both small and great, and the captain of the armies, rose up, and came to Egypt ; for they were afraid of the Chaldaens.

²⁷ And it came to pass in the seven and thirtieth year of the captivity of Jehoiachin king of Judah, in the twelfth month, on the seven and twentieth day of the month, that Evil-

V. 21. *So Judah was carried away captive out of their land.* This transaction completed the work of removing the population of the country, in the year 587 before Christ. None of any account were left in the land. As a provision against anarchy and misrule, the king placed over them a competent ruler, selected from their own people.—VV. 23-25. For a more detailed account, see Jer. 40 : 7-41 : 3.—V. 26. *Rose up and came to Egypt.* See Jer. 42 : 1-43 : 7.

merodach king of Babylon, in the year that he began to reign, lifted up the head of Jehoiachin king of Judah, out of²⁸ prison. And he spoke kindly to him, and set his throne above the throne of the kings that were with him in Babylon.²⁹ And he changed his prison garments, and ate bread continually before him, all the days of his life. And his allowance. there was given him a continual allowance from the king, a daily rate for every day, all the days of his life.

V. 27. *Ezil-merodach*; Nebuchadnezzar's son, and his successor B. C. 561.

Here closes the history of the occupation of Palestine, commenced in the book of Joshua, and continued through the books of Judges, Samuel, and Kings, a period of about eight and a half centuries.

The kingdom of Judah was now annihilated. The city of Jerusalem, and the temple of Jehovah, were leveled to the ground; the consecrated vessels of the sanctuary were borne away for use in an idol temple; the population of the country was dispersed in other lands. Not a vestige of the nation, or of its institutions, remained. The name of the true God was blotted out, in the only place on earth where he had been known and worshipped; and the only people, among whom he had been acknowledged as God, were scattered through nations knowing only idol-gods. To all human foresight, the institutions for the maintenance of Jehovah's worship were now extinct, and their restoration hopeless. The light which had illumined Palestine was extinguished, and darkness settled down on all the earth.

But only in part was the Divine purpose thus terminated. It had a wider field than Palestine, and a wider scope than that which now came to an end. The dispensation of law, do this and live, had been fully tried, under circumstances the most favorable, and by every means consistent with human freedom and moral accountability. All had failed; and in their failure had left a lesson of instruction for all mankind.

But the continuity of the Divine purpose was unbroken. The promise to the world through Abraham, "In thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed," was yet to be fulfilled. In this hope the dispersed exiles were encouraged to return to their own land; that in them might be completed the Divine purpose, by the coming of the promised Deliverer, the Savior of mankind. That he came in the fullness of time, is abundantly shown in the record of the world's history.

NOTES ON THE HEBREW TEXT.

I. Sam. 13 : 1. Literally, *Saul was the son of a year when he began to reign*. It is conceded by all, that the rendering of the first four words, in our common English version, is a false construction of the Heb. text. It is supposed that a letter, expressing the number of years, has fallen out of the text. There is nothing to indicate what that number was.

Ch. 14 : 32. *The people flew upon*; the reading of the *Keri*.

II. Sam. 2 : 23. *The fifth*. The Heb. word occurs in five places. In Gen. 47 : 26 it means a fifth; a meaning which should not be sacrificed, for an uncertain etymology, in the other four.

Ch. 3 : 24. *Is quite gone*. For this use of the Infin. abs., see Ges. Gram. § 131, Rem. 1, Ewald, Lehrb. 8te Ausg. § 280^b.

Ch. 13 : 16. *There is no cause*. The form in Heb. is deprecatory. The nearest expression of the meaning in English is that of the common version.

Ch. 15 : 7. *Four years*. "Forty years" appears to be a clerical error. See the discussion in Keil, Lange, Speaker's Commentary, and others.

Ch. 21 : 9. *All seven*. The dual form indicates seven-fold; an emphasis best expressed by the *all* of the common version.

Ch. 22 : 51. *Great deliverances, etc.*; as in *Kethib*.

I. Kings 12 : 4. *Somewhat* best expresses the force of the Heb. particle; lighten from it, by taking a part from it.

Ch. 15 : 13. *An idol*. So Gesenius; and without doubt correctly. The ground-meaning of the root is *fear or terror*, and by metonymy that which inspires fear. Gen. 31 : 42, 43. Fürst, in his lexicon, assuming here the signification *horror*, supposes a Phailus-image to be meant. But the horror expressed by a derivative of the verb (Ps. 55 : 5; Ezck. 7 : 18) is that inspired by fear or dread, not by disgust and aversion.

Ch. 19 : 4. *Asked for his life, that he might die*. Ewald's unnatural construction (Lehrb. 8te Ausg. § 336^b) is far less probable.

II. Kings 6 : 5. *The axe-head*. Literally, the iron itself, the part that was iron, in distinction from the wooden handle.

Ch. 10 : 24. *The man who lets one escape*. The verb should be pointed as *Piel*, and not as *Niphal* in the common Heb. text.